STATE OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION MEETING/WORKSHOP AGENDA

Grand Naniloa Hotel, 93 Banyan Drive, Hilo, Hawai'i 96720 Monday, September 24, 2018 at 9:30 a.m. to be continued, if necessary, on Tuesday, September 25, 2018, at 9:00 a.m.

I. ORDER OF BUSINESS

- A. Roll Call
- B. Approval of Agenda
- C. Approval of Minutes for February 2018, February 2015
- D. Public Testimony on Agendized Items

II. ITEMS FOR DECISION MAKING

CONSENT AGENDA

Homestead Services Division

- D-3 Approval of Consent to Mortgage (see exhibit)
- D-4 Approval of Streamline Refinance of Loans (see exhibit)
- D-5 Approval to Schedule Loan Delinquency Contested Case Hearings (see exhibit)
- D-6 Approval of Homestead Application / Cancellations (see exhibit)
- D-7 Approval of Designation of Successors to Leasehold Interest and Designation of Persons to Receive the Net Proceeds (see exhibit)
- D-8 Approval of Assignment to Leasehold Interest (see exhibit)
- D-9 Approval of Amendment of Leasehold Interest (see exhibit)
- D-10 Approval to Issue Non-Exclusive Licenses for Rooftop Photovoltaic Systems for Certain Lessees (see exhibit)
- D-11 Commission Designation of Successor **RICHARD H.E. PELFREY**, Residential Lease No. 2688z, Lot No. 66, Kuhio Village, Kamuela, Hawai'i

III. ITEMS FOR INFORMATION (on Action Items)

Office of the Chairman

C-2 For Information Only - Beneficiary Consultation Report on Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Proposed Amendments to Title 10, Hawaii Administrative Rules for DCCRs; Multi-Family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing; and Supplemental Dwelling Units

Planning Office

G-3 For Information Only--Draft Environmental Assessment for the DHHL Honomü Subsistence Agricultural Homestead Community, Honomū, District of South Hilo, Hawai'i Island and Anticipated Finding of No Significant Impact (AFONSI) TMKs (3)2-8-011:009, 011, 019, and 999

IV. ITEMS FOR DECISION MAKING

REGULAR AGENDA

Office of the Chair Masagatani

C-1 Acceptance of Beneficiary Consultation Report on Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Proposed Amendments to Title 10, Hawaii Administrative Rules for DCCRs; Multi-Family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing; and Supplemental Dwelling Units

Land Management Division

- F-1 Annual Renewal of Right of Entry Permits, East, Central and South Hawaii Island (see exhibit)
- F-2 Status and Approval to Disburse Fund Balance in accordance with the Memorandum of Agreement ("MOA") between DHHL and the East Hawaii Island Hawaiian Homes Community Associations, pursuant to the Community Benefit Contribution as provided by and through General Lease No. 245, Hilo Power Partners, LLC (Waiakea Shopping Mall)

Planning Office

- G-1 Declare a Finding of No Significant Impact for the Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Association & Panaewa Community Alliance Project Kamoleao Master Plan Final Environmental Assessment, TMK (3) 2-2-047:075, Panaewa, Hilo, Hawaii Island
- G-2 Acceptance of Beneficiary Consultation Report for DHHL Intergovernmental Agreement with County of Maui Department of Water Supply Related to Mahinahina Treatment Plan, TMK (2) 4-4-002:018 (por.), Honokowai, Maui

Administrative Services Office

- H-1 Transfer of Hawaiian Home Receipts Fund Money at the End of the First Quarter, FY 2019
- V. EXECUTIVE SESSION (discussion to be held during lunch break)

The Commission anticipates convening in executive meeting pursuant to Section 92-5(a)(4), HRS, to consult with its attorney on questions and issues pertaining to the Commission's powers, duties, privileges, immunities, and liabilities on these matters.

1. Progress of land exchanges pursuant to Act 14, Special Session Laws of Hawaii 1995

VI. ITEMS FOR INFORMATION/DISCUSSION

A. GENERAL AGENDA

Requests to Address the Commission

- J-1 Pat Kahawaiolaa Keaukaha Community Association
- J-2 Paula and Lauae Kekahuna Maku'u Farmers Association
- J-3 William Brown Project Kamoleao

- J-5 Bo Kahui La'i'Opua 2020
- J-6 Rodney Bivens Lease Transfer
- J-7 Olani Lilly Ka 'Umeke Kā'eo
- J-8 Kepa Kaolulo 'Ãina Mauna Legacy
- J-9 Hercules Freitas Kurtistown Lessee

B. WORKSHOPS

Land Management Division

F-3 For Information Only – 'Āina Mauna Legacy Program Updates

Planning Office

- G-4 For Information Only East Hawai'i Regional Update to the Hawaiian Homes Commission
- G-5 For Information Only Update on East and South Hawai'i Water Issues and Projects

Administrative Services Office

H-2 DHHL Biennium Budget Requests for Fiscal Biennium 2019-2021 (Sufficient Sums Budget) (relative to H-2)

STATE OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION MEETING/WORKSHOP AGENDA

Grand Naniloa Hotel, 93 Banyan Drive, Hilo, Hawai'i 96720 Tuesday, September 25, 2018, at 9:00 a.m.

I. ORDER OF BUSINESS

- A. Roll Call
- B. Public Testimony on Agendized Items

II. ITEMS FOR DECISION MAKING

A. REGULAR AGENDA

Administrative Services Office

H-3 DHHL Biennium Budget Requests for Fiscal Biennium 2019-2021 (Sufficient Sums Budget)

III. ITEMS FOR INFORMATION/DISCUSSION

A. REGULAR AGENDA

Office of the Chairman

C-3 2018 Draft Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act (NAHASDA) Annual Performance Report

Homestead Services Division

- D-1 HSD Status Reports
 - A Homestead Lease and Application Totals and Monthly Activity Reports B - Delinquency Report
- D-2 For Information Only Status Report for Streamline Refinanced Loans That Were Previously Delinquent

IV. ANNOUNCEMENTS AND ADJOURNMENT

- A. Next Meeting October 15 & 16, 2018, Paukukalo, Maui, Hawai'i
- B. Adjournment

Note: Contested Case Hearings begin at 1:00 p.m.

Jobie MK. Masagatani, Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

COMMISSION MEMBERS

Randy K. Awo, Maui Michael P. Kahikina, Oʻahu David B. Kaʻapu, West Hawaiʻi Vacant, Kauaʻi Zachary Helm, Moloka'i Wallace A. Ishibashi, East Hawai'i Wren Wescoatt, O'ahu Vacant, O'ahu

Next community meeting is scheduled on Monday, September 24, 2017, 6:30 p.m. – 8:30 p.m., Keaukaha Elementary School Cafeteria 240 Desha Avenue, Hilo, Hawai'i 96720

Special Accommodations (such as Sign Language Interpreter, large print, taped material) can be provided, if requested, at least five (5) working days before the scheduled meeting on the respective island by calling the Information & Community Relations Office, on Oahu, (808) 620-9590.

APPROVAL OF CONSENT TO MORTGAGE			
LESSEE	LEASE NO.	AREA	
AINA, Rayland	9817	Puukapu, Hawaii	
ALANA-SWAIM, Jamelyn T.	787	Kewalo, Oahu	
APANA, Virginia L.	6619	Waiahole, Oahu	
BALDADO, Robert G.	9661	Keaukaha, Hawaii	
CHIN, Jeffrey K.	11445	Leialii, Maui	
FRASER, Keoki L. L.	4116	Waimanalo, Oahu	
GRACE, Brandon	12493	Kauluokahai, Oahu	
HALEMANO, Jensen	12492	Kauluokahai, Oahu	
HIGA, Robert	12507	Kauluokahai, Oahu	
HINES, Evelyn	9616	Kalawahine, Oahu	
KAAHANUI, Nicole	12659	Kanehili, Oahu	
KAALOA, Lou Ann M.	1904	Nanakuli, Oahu	
KAAWALOA, Lindsey	12484	Kauluokahai, Oahu	
KAHALIOUMI, Keenan K.	4263	Keaukaha, Hawaii	
KALILIMOKU, Fredrick	12467	Kauluokahai, Oahu	
KALILIMOKU, Oriana	12452	Kauluokahai, Oahu	
KAMAI, Wesley K.	8512	Princess Kahanu Estates, Oahu	
KAPAKU, Virginia M.	9322	Kaniohale, Hawaii	
LOPES, Carolyn	12464	Kauluokahai, Oahu	
LUCRISIA, Naleisha K. P. W.	12477	Kapolei, Oahu	
MAUNAKEA, Buddy V. K.	8589	Nanakuli, Oahu	
NAEOLE, Jaimie K.	4116	Waimanalo, Oahu	
NEEDHAM, Kimo W.	12279	Waiehu 4, Maui	
PAIKAI, Kawailehua K.	12566	Kanehili, Oahu	
PATELESIO, Ka`i`inioku`upuluwai	12387	Kauluokahai, Oahu	
ROBINS, Roy G. M.	10251	Waianae, Oahu	
RODRIGUES, Harry F., Jr.	10339	Waiohuli, Maui	
SANCHEZ, Bonnie Jay	3392A	Puukapu, Hawaii	
TEXEIRA, Lehuanani	8191	Nanakuli, Oahu	
WAIKI, Quincey W.	5076	Keaukaha, Hawaii	
WERNER-CELES, Ronnelle K. E. A.	8373	Princess Kahanu Estates, Oahu	

ITEM D-3 EXHIBIT

<u>ITEM D-4 EXHIBIT</u>

APPROV	APPROVAL OF STREAMLINE REFINANCE OF LOAN		
LESSEE	LEASE NO.	AREA	
KUIA, Jamie L. L.	7741	W	

ITEM D-5 EXHIBIT

Waiohuli, Maui

APPROVAL TO SCHEDULE LOAN DELINQUENCY CONTESTED CASE HEARINGS			
LESSEE	LEASE NO.	AREA	
KAHAUNAELE, Shanon K.	8564	Nanakuli, Oahu	
KAULULAAU, Roy	5279	Waianae, Oahu	

KEALOHA-MEYER, Denise K.	5533	Waianae Kai, Oahu
KEKINO, John K., Jr.	5309	Waianae, Oahu
KUIEE, Winette K. U.	4479	Waianae, Oahu
MARIA, Edward E.	8373	Princess Kahanu Estates, Oahu
TAITAGUE, Danette K.	8564	Nanakuli, Oahu

ITEM D-6 EXHIBIT

APPROVAL OF HOMESTEAD APPLICATION / CANCELLATIONS

APPLICANT

APO, Irene K. ARIAS, Nettie CHUN, Monique A.P. DANIELSON, Melody K. GABRIEL, Chassie M. HOOPII, Carrie K. IRVINE-HALAMA, Destiny KAMANA, Hiram K., Jr. KAUHANE, Harry D. MAKANUI, Lono K. SANBORN, Robert T. SANBORN, Robert T., Jr. YEE HOY, Kui L.

AREA

Oahu IW Res Hawaii IW Agr Oahu IW Res Oahu IW Res Hawaii IW Res Hawaii IW Res Oahu IW Res Maui IW Res to Hawaii IW Res Maui IW Res to Hawaii IW Res Hawaii IW Agr to Hawaii IW Pas Hawaii IW Agr to Hawaii IW Pas Oahu IW Res * IW = Islandwide

ITEM D-7 EXHIBIT

APPROVAL OF DESIGNATION OF SUCCESSORS TO LEASEHOLD INTEREST AND DESIGNATION OF PERSONS TO RECEIVE THE NET PROCEEDS

LESSEE	LEASE NO.	AREA
ANDERSON, Jennie L.K.	7054	Puupulehu, Hawaii
CALLES, Thelma R.	951	Keaukaha, Hawaii
HUEU, Claire K.	10095	Waiehu Kou III, Maui

ITEM D-8 EXHIBIT

APPROVAL OF ASSIGNMENT OF LEASEHOLD INTEREST

LESSEE	LEASE NO.	AREA
GAEA, Stephanie N.	11570	Kanehili, Oahu
HAAE, James	7365	Nanakuli, Oahu
KAHANAOI, Debra J.	8191	Nanakuli, Oahu
KALILIKANE, Steven K.	2077	Hoolehua, Molokai
LEVY, Winona L.	253	Nanakuli, Oahu
MARIA, Edward	8373	PKE, Oahu
MARTIN, Iwalani	6533	Anahola, Kauai
PA, Stanley S.K.	11159	Anahola, Kauai
MOORE, Cecilia L.	7517	Waiohuli, Maui
NAEOLE, Rothwell K.	2967	Nanakuli, Oahu
NAHINU, Carolyn Uilani	4853	Nanakuli, Oahu

NEEDHAM, Barbara N.	4403	Nanakuli, Oahu
APILANDO, Frances L.M.	9000	Puukapu, Hawaii
GALDEIRA, Leonard T.M.	9011	Puukapu, Hawaii
KALILIKANE-KAMAUNU, Matthew K.	7904	Hoolehua, Molokai
KALILIKANE-KAMAUMU, Pihanalani N.E.J.N.G.	6081	Kalamaula, Molokai

ITEM D-9 EXHIBIT APPROVAL OF AMENDMENT OF LEASEHOLD INTEREST

LESSEE	LEASE NO.	AREA
CALLES, Thelma L.	951	Keaukaha, Hawaii
KAALOA, Lou Ann M.	1904	Nanakuli, Oahu
KAHANAOI, Debra J.	8191	Nanakuli, Oahu
KALILIKANE, Steven K.	2077	Hoolehua, Molokai
KAMAI, Lillian M.	2754	Hoolehua, Molokai
KISSEL, Stacie K.	12404	Kauluokahai, Oahu
MONIZ, Crystal Ann H.	10431	Waiohuli, Maui
MOORE, Cecilia L.	7517	Waiohuli, Maui
NAEOLE, Rothwell K.	2967	Nanakuli, Oahu
NAONE, Moses K.	8590	Nanakuli, Oahu
NAONE, Dawnelle H.	8590	Nanakuli, Oahu

ITEM D-10 EXHIBIT

APPROVAL TO ISSUE A NON-EXCLUSIVE LICENSE FOR ROOFTOP PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS FOR CERTAIN LESSEES

LESSEE	LEASE NO.	AREA
AKAU, Derrick K.	2676-B	Kamoku, Hawaii
HAAE-DELA CRUZ, Bernadette L.	7365	Nanakuli, Oahu
KAIMIKAUA, Kevin R.K.	11570	Kanehili, Oahu

ITEM NO. F-1 EXHIBIT

RIGHT OF ENTRY PERMITS EAST, CENTRAL, SOUTH HAWAI'I ISLAND

ACRE	NO.	USE	PERMITTEE	LOCATION	Date Started
280.0	465	Pastoral	Gilbert Medeiros, Jr.	Kamaoa-Puueo	2/9/1998
450.0	469	Pastoral	Daryl K. Kalua'u	Kau	9/7/2000
750.0	471	Pastoral	Daleico Ranch	Kau	4/19/2001
1,500.0	473	Pastoral	Dean Kaniho	Kamaoa-Puueo	7/15/2004
301.00	476	Pastoral	Charles & Jelene Clay	Honomu	7/7/2005
2.0	477	Agricultural	Guy Kaniho	Humuula	2/26/2007
300.0	478	Pastoral	April Awana-Mattos	Honomu	2/1/2010
2.210	481	Landscape	Ginger Patch Center	Waiakea	8/2/2010
1.0	482	Community	Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers Association	Panaew	2/1/2011
0.00	597	Recreation	Hawaii Forest & Trail	Humuula	3/1/2003
5,000.0	610	Pastoral	Native Hawaiian General Services	Kamaoa-Puueo	6/1/2004

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION September 24-25, 2018 Keaukaha, Hawaii

C-ITEMS OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

- FROM: Hokulei Lindsey, Administrative Rules Officer
- SUBJECT: Acceptance of Beneficiary Consultation Report on Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Proposed Amendments to Title 10, Hawaii Administrative Rules for DCCRs; Multi-Family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing; and Supplemental Dwelling Units

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

That the Hawaiian Homes Commission accept the Beneficiary Consultation Report for proposed administrative rules for DCCRs; Multi-Family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing; and Supplemental Dwelling Units.

DISCUSSION:

In accordance with the Administrative Rules Development, Review, and Amendment Process adopted by the Hawaiian Homes Commission in July 2015, the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands conducts Beneficiary Consultation before initiating rulemaking under Ch.91, HRS.

The HHC approved the DHHL's request to proceed with beneficiary consultation regarding proposed administrative rules amendments for DCCRs; and Multi-Family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing at its December 2017 meeting and the request to proceed to beneficiary consultation regarding proposed administrative rule amendments for Supplemental Dwelling Units at its January 2018 meeting. From April 30, 2018 to July 30, 2018, the DHHL conducted statewide beneficiary consultation meetings to discuss with and get feedback from beneficiaries about the proposed rule amendments.

The complete Beneficiary Consultation Report is provided as Item C-2, "For Information Only--Beneficiary Consultation Report on Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Proposed Amendments to

ITEM NO. C-1

1

Title 10, Hawaii Administrative Rules for DCCRs; Multi-Family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing; and Supplemental Dwelling Units," of the September 2018 HHC regular meeting agenda and is incorporated by reference.

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff requests acceptance of the Beneficiary Consultation Report for Proposed Administrative Rules for DCCRs; Multi-Family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing; and Supplemental Dwelling Units.

Acceptance of the Beneficiary Consultation Report does not indicate concurrence or approval of any information or comments that may appear therein.

ITEM NO. C-1

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

- TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
- FROM: Hokulei Lindsey, Administrative Rules Officer Office of the Chairman
- SUBJECT: For Information Only Beneficiary Consultation Report on Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Proposed Amendments to Title 10, Hawaii Administrative Rules for DCCRs; Multi-Family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing; and Supplemental Dwelling Units

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

None. For information only.

DISCUSSION:

Pursuant to Hawaii Revised Statutes section 91-5, each agency is required to adopt and maintain administrative rules. In accordance with the Administrative Rules Development, Review, and Amendment Process adopted by the Hawaiian Homes Commission in July 2015, the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands conducts beneficiary consultation before initiating rulemaking under Ch.91, HRS.

At its December 2017 meeting, the HHC approved the DHHL's request for "Approval to Proceed to Beneficiary Consultation for Draft Administrative Rule Related to Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions (DCCR) Communities, Multi-Family Housing, and Rentals" (see Exhibit A). These proposed amendments to Title 10, Hawaii Administrative Rules, would adopt a new chapter to DHHL's administrative rules. At its January 2018 meeting, the HHC approved the DHHL's request for "Approval to Proceed to Beneficiary Consultation for Draft Administrative Rules Related to Supplemental Dwelling Unites on Hawaiian Home Lands" (see Exhibit B). From April 30, 2018 to July 30, 2018 the DHHL conducted statewide beneficiary consultation meetings to discuss with and get feedback from beneficiaries about the proposed rule amendments.

Summary of Beneficiary Consultation Process

The Department mailed meeting notification flyers to all lessees and beneficiaries on the waitlists with a valid mailing address on file (see Exhibit C). Based on feedback from previous consultations that the meeting notice was received too far in advance, staff staggered the mailout so that each community would receive notice for the meeting nearest their mailing address three to four weeks in advance of the meeting.

Each meeting was held in the evening from 6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. Staff chose meeting venues close to DCCR communities to encourage attendance by those lessees because draft rules for DCCR communities was part of the consultation package and is aimed at improving relations and enforcement within DCCR communities. Because of this, two meetings were held on Maui, one in Paukukalo and one in Lahaina, and the West Hawaii meeting was held in Kailua-Kona instead of Waimea. In all, eight consultation meetings were held and over 380 beneficiaries attended. The chart below shows the meeting location, date, and the number of attendees that signed-in:

Community	Meeting I	Date	Attendees Signed In
Molokai	April 30,	2018	52
Kauai	May 7,	2018	30
Paukukalo	May 21,	2018	72
Lahaina	June 5,	2018	6
Keaukaha	June 25,	2018	74
Kailua-Kona	July 9,	2018	28
Honolulu	July 23,	.2018	46
Kapolei	July 30,	2018	80
		Total	Signed In: 388

At each meeting, a powerpoint presentation was used to provide information about administrative rulemaking and to introduce the content of the proposals (see Exhibit D). Handouts of the powerpoint and Frequently Asked Questions for each topic were provided to attendees (see Exhibit E). After the presentation, facilitated discussions about each topic proposed from rulemaking were conducted. Each topic had a thirty minute block of time dedicated to discussion. One facilitation team member was assigned to take detailed notes during the discussions; these notes comprise the bulk of the record of comments received (see Exhibit F). The format used at the consultation meetings was designed to solicit beneficiary input through facilitated conversation focusing on how the proposed amendments could be made better. The Department posed questions intended to initiate conversation and highlight issues from the Department's perspective. The questions for discussion were:

DCCR Questions:

- The DCCRs are part of your homestead lease. Under the proposed rules, if the DCCRs are not followed, it can lead to lease cancellation. Are there other enforcement measures DHHL should consider in DCCR communities?
- 2. All lessees in DCCRs are required to pay monthly assessments to the association for upkeep of common areas and to keep the association going. What types of common areas are needed in homestead communities?
- 3. DCCRs include design restrictions on how you build your house. What types of design restrictions should/not be part of the DCCRs?

Multi-Family and Rentals Questions:

- 1. Should DHHL do multi-family housing? Leases? Rentals? Both?
- 2. Are there other housing options DHHL should provide or support beyond multi-family, rentals, and single-family homes? How do we keep housing affordable for beneficiaries?
- 3. Who should be allowed to rent on Hawaiian Home Lands?
- 4. What are some criteria that DHHL should consider in selecting a management company? Why?

Supplemental Dwelling Units Questions:

- 1. Do you support supplemental dwelling units on HHL? Why?
- 2. When should SDUs be allowed? What criteria should DHHL use to make that determination?
- 3. The proposal is a pilot project for residential lots on Oahu and Hawaii Island. What do you think about that?
- 4. Who can live in an SDU on HHL?
- 5. Size of an SDU has an impact on the value of the structure. Should DHHL limit the size of the SDU based on an appraisal cap to limit liability for the trust and keep units on HHL affordable?

Beneficiaries were also encouraged to share their thoughts about the proposals, whether in response to the Department's questions or not. The Department created a webpage dedicated to the rules process (<u>http://dhhl.hawaii.gov/po/beneficiary-</u> <u>consultation/dhhl-administrative-rules-dccrs-multi-family-</u> <u>rentals-kupuna-housing-and-supplemental-dwelling-units/</u>) for those beneficiaries that could not attend the meetings or who wanted to access information independently. The information posted on that page includes: the consultation meeting agenda; text of the proposed rule changes; frequently asked questions.¹

In addition to comments collected in the facilitated discussions at the meetings, beneficiaries could submit written comments using green comment sheets provided at the meetings, an online form available on the rules webpage, email, or mail. Three comments were received on the green comment sheets at the meetings. The period to submit written comments closed on August 30, 2018. Two beneficiaries commented by email, two used the online form, and one sent comments by fax (see Exhibit F).

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information only.

¹ The webpage will be updated as the rulemaking process moves forward.

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

December 18, 2017

- TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission FROM: Hokulei Lindsey, Administrative Rules Officer
- SUBJECT: Approval to Proceed to Beneficiary Consultation for Draft Administrative Rules Related to Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions (DCCR) Communities, Multi-Family Housing, and Rentals

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

That the Hawaiian Homes Commission approve proceeding to beneficiary consultation for draft administrative rules related to Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions (DCCR) Communities, Multi-Family Housing, and Rentals.

DISCUSSION:

The department has been working on draft administrative rules that would address section 207.5 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, including DCCR homestead communities as well as multi-family housing and rentals. At the September 2017 Hawaiian Homes Commission meeting, staff presented a workshop about the relationship between DCCR homestead communities and the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands. Later that month, the Department convened a meeting with the DCCR associations' leadership to discuss the same topic and to get input on administrative rules that would govern the relationship between DCCR communities and the Department. At the November 2017 HHC meeting, staff provided the HHC with an update in light of the meeting with DCCR community leadership.

The draft rules that would be presented for beneficiary consultation include provisions specific to the DCCR communities and include provisions for multi-family housing and rental housing. The draft attempts to address challenges identified by the DCCR leadership and create a process inclusive of lessons learned should the Department use the DCCR model for future homestead communities. Staff believes the language is drafted

ITEM NO. C-2

FXHIBIT A

1

to allow various combinations of development and housing types providing greater flexibility in future homestead development. The draft rules are attached as Exhibit A.

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff respectfully requests approval of the motion as stated above.

ITEM NO. C-2

2

EXTHBIT A

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

Adoption of Chapter 10-7 Hawaii Administrative Rules

1

[

1. Chapter 10-7, Hawaii Administrative Rules, entitled "Planned Communities, Multi-Family Complexes, and Rental Housing", is adopted to read as follows:

"HAWAII ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

TITLE 10

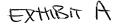
DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

CHAPTER 7

PLANNED COMMUNITIES, MULTI-FAMILY COMPLEXES, AND RENTAL HOUSING

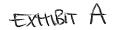
Subchapter 1 General Provisions

\$10-7-1 Definitions \$10-7-2 Applicability of chapter \$10-7-3 Method of disposition \$10-7-4 Native Hawaiian cultural values \$10-7-5 Interpretation \$\$10-7-6 to 10-7-9 (Reserved)



Subchapter 2 The Declaration

§10-7-10 Establishment of the declaration \$10-7-11 Supplemental provisions of the declaration \$\$10-7-12 to 10-7-15 (Reserved) Subchapter 3 The Association \$10-7-16 Establishment of the association \$10-7-17 Period of declarant control \$10-7-18 Membership \$10-7-19 Voting \$10-7-20 Vacant lots \$10-7-21 Unoccupied units §10-7-22 Budget \$\$10-7-23 to 10-7-25 (Reserved) Subchapter 4 Obligations of the Lessee \$10-7-26 Planned community education \$10-7-27 Association membership \$10-7-28 Payment of assessments \$10-7-29 Alteration of the unit prohibited \$\$10-7-30 to 10-7-34 (Reserved) Subchapter 5 Enforcement of Governing Documents §10-7-35 Compliance required \$10-7-36 Enforcement \$10-7-37 Civil action \$\$10-7-38 to 10-7-40 (Reserved) Subchapter 6 Rental Housing \$10-7-41 Rental housing offers \$10-7-42 Kupuna housing \$10-7-43 Rental agreement controlling \$10-7-44 Successorship §10-7-45 Vacant units \$10-7-46 Conversion to lessee



SUBCHAPTER 1

GENERAL PROVISIONS

§10-7-1 Definitions. As used in this chapter and any kānāwai or governing documents unless otherwise required by the context:

"Assessments" means funds collected by an association from association members to operate and manage the association, maintain property within the planned community or multi-family complex for the common use or benefit of association members, or provide services to association members.

"Association" means a nonprofit, incorporated, or unincorporated organization made up of all of the lessees within a Hawaiian home lands planned community or multi-family complex existing pursuant to covenants running with the land. In certain circumstances, the department may be part of the association.

"Board of directors" or "board" means the governing board or other body, regardless of name, designated in the governing documents to act on behalf of the association.

"Declarant" means the department or any person or entity to which the department has assigned any or all of the rights and obligations of the declarant set forth in the governing documents.

"Declaration" means any recorded instrument, however denominated, that creates a Hawaiian home lands planned community or multi-family complex, including any amendments to the instrument.

"Developer" means a person or entity who is contracted by the department to undertake development of a planned community or multi-family complex for, or in partnership with, the department.

"Governing documents" means the articles of incorporation or other document creating the association, the bylaws of the association, the declaration or similar organizational documents and any exhibits thereto, any rules related to use of

Item C-2; Exhibit A

EXHIBIT A

common areas, architectural control, maintenance of units, restrictions on the use of units, or payment of money as regular assessment or otherwise in connection with the provisions, maintenance, or services for the benefit of some or all of the units, the owners, or occupants of the units or common areas, as well as any amendments made to the foregoing documents.

"Lot" means any plot of land designated as a lot upon any recorded subdivision map of the development property and upon which a dwelling unit could be or has been constructed in accordance with all relevant Hawaii law. Lot shall not include the common areas.

"Member" means the lessee of a lot under a homestead lease from the department, or anyone included in the definition of a member under the governing documents.

"Multi-family complex" means a homestead or mixed use development on Hawaiian home lands that is subject to chapter 514A and 514B, HRS, as applicable, insofar as it does not conflict with this title and the act.

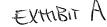
"Planned community" means a homestead or mixed use development on Hawaiian home lands that is subject to chapter 421J, HRS, insofar as it does not conflict with this title and the act.

"Property management company" means a person or entity that is contracted by the department or the developer to enter in to rental agreements with renters and undertake daily operations and management of a Hawaiian home lands rental housing development.

"Record" or "recorded" means to record in the bureau of conveyances in accordance with chapter 502, HRS, or to register in the land court in accordance with chapter 501, HRS, as appropriate.

"Rental agreement" means all written agreements, between a renter and the property management company or department, or both, which establish or modify the terms, conditions, rules, regulations, or any other provisions concerning the use and occupancy of a dwelling unit and premises, and may include an option to purchase.

"Rental housing development" means a Hawaiian home lands housing development, which may be comprised



of single family lots or multi-family housing complex, or both, for which rental agreements govern the terms and conditions of use and occupancy of the units. A rental housing development shall be managed by a property management company.

"Renter" means a native Hawaiian who occupies a dwelling unit for dwelling purposes under a rental agreement as part of a Hawaiian home lands rental housing development.

"Unit" or "dwelling unit" means any portion of property, as improved, intended for use and occupancy as a residence within a planned community or multifamily complex. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

\$10-7-2 Applicability of chapter. (a) This chapter shall apply to all planned community developments on Hawaiian home lands consisting of single-family lots or a multifamily complex, or both for which the declaration is recorded after XX, XX, 2017.

(b) This chapter may apply to an association for which the declaration was recorded before XX, XX, 2017, if adopted by a majority vote of the association. . [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

§10-7-3 Method of disposition. (a) The department may award homestead leases under the authority of this chapter.

(b) Any combination, or all of the department, the developer, and the property management company may enter into contracts of sale or rental agreements with native Hawaiians as verified by the department. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

Item C-2; Exhibit A

EXHIBIT A

§10-7-4 Native Hawaiian cultural values. (a) The governing documents shall take in to account and embody native Hawaiian cultural values as appropriate for the location, development, and lessees.

(b) General parameters and guidelines shall be developed by the department through beneficiary consultation. The finalized document shall be approved by the commission and included in the declaration. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

\$10-7-5 Interpretation This chapter and any governing documents subject hereto shall be implemented and interpreted within the spirit of the act, including to promote native Hawaiian values and sense of place in the best interest of the lessees, renters, and residents living in planned communities, multi-family complexes, or rental housing developments on Hawaiian home lands. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

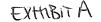
§§10-7-6 to 10-7-9 (Reserved)

SUBCHAPTER 2

THE DECLARATION

§10-7-10 Establishment of the declaration. (a) The declarant shall cause the declaration to be drafted according to the following:

(1) The declaration shall be in conformity with



all relevant Hawaii law; and

(2) The declaration shall include the document developed under subsection 10-7-5(b) and accordingly take in to account and embody native Hawaiian cultural values as appropriate for the location and development.

(b) Upon approval of the declaration by the commission, the declarant shall record the declaration. The declaration shall be recorded prior to the execution of any lease or sales contract.

(c) The declaration shall inhere in the land and shall bind subsequent lessees. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act \$222) (Imp: HHC Act \$207.5)

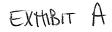
\$10-7-11 Supplemental provisions of the declaration. The declarant is authorized to adopt supplemental provisions in accordance with this chapter to implement and carry out the purposes of this chapter; provided that any of the supplemental provisions adopted shall not conflict with the act and this title. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

\$\$10-7-13 to 10-7-15 (Reserved)

SUBCHAPTER 3

THE ASSOCIATION

\$10-7-16 Establishment of the association. The declarant shall establish the association not later



than the date upon which the first unit in the planned community or a multi-family complex is ready for occupancy. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act \$222) (Imp: HHC Act \$207.5)

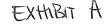
\$10-7-17 Period of declarant control. (a) As appropriate for the development and when provided in the declaration, the declarant may maintain a class B membership in the association for a fixed period while units are being awarded and first occupied. This period shall be known as the period of declarant control and shall terminate not later than the time at which all units or lots have been transferred to lessees.

(b) During the period of declarant control, the declarant may appoint and remove the members of the board.

(c) Not later than four months before the termination of any period of declarant control, the members shall elect a board of directors as provided in the governing documents. The declarant and the department shall coordinate with the newly memberelected board to transition from declarant control in a transparent manner that ensures the member-elected board is equipped and prepared to govern the association. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

§10-7-18 Membership. The association may be made up of lessees and the declarant, and divided in to two membership classes.

- Lessees shall maintain a class A membership.
- (2) The declarant may maintain a class B membership for a fixed period. Class B membership shall terminate and may convert to a class A membership not later than the time at which the period of declarant



```
control terminates. [Eff and
comp ] (Auth: HHC Act §222)
(Imp: HHC Act §207.5)
```

\$10-7-19 Voting. Class A membership and class B membership shall have voting powers as set by the declarant in the declaration, provided each class A member shall have one vote and, during the period of declarant control, class B membership shall have a greater number of votes per lot or unit than class A membership. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act \$222) (Imp: HHC Act \$207.5)

\$10-7-20 Vacant lots. (a) Assessments rates shall be set after the lots have been designed and plotted, number of lots in the development are finalized, and preliminary budget determined. Lots intended to be vacant due to engineering constraints or health and safety concerns shall not be included in calculating the pro-rata assessment amounts. If a lot becomes unsuitable for a residence, assessments shall be recalculated to exclude the unsuitable lot.

(b) Assessments due on vacant lots that are awarded as owner-builder or self-help are the responsibility of the lessee upon the signing of the lease. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act \$222) (Imp: HHC Act \$207.5)

\$10-7-21 Unoccupied units. (a) The department shall use all due diligence to fill developed units that become unoccupied. The department shall not be responsible for assessments due on those units unless the assessments lost due to the number of empty units threatens the viability of the association.

(b) An association with unoccupied units shall report annually to the department regarding income and

Item C-2; Exhibit A EVHIBIT A projected economic viability. If economic viability is threatened, the association may request payment of future assessments from the department until the empty units are filled. Such request is subject to approval by the commission. If approved, amounts due shall accrue from the date of receipt by the department, as indicated on the date and time stamp, of the request from the association. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

§10-7-22 Budget. Each association shall adopt a budget and rate schedule, according to the governing documents, and submit the budget and rate schedule to the department between June 1 and June 30 of each year. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act \$222) (Imp: HHC Act \$207.5)

\$\$10-7-23 to 10-7-25 (Reserved)

SUBCHAPTER 4

OBLIGATIONS OF THE LESSEE

§10-7-26 Planned community education. (a) To facilitate informed decision-making by homestead applicants, before award letters are mailed, the department shall notify the appropriate applicant field of a mandatory planned community orientation. This orientation shall provide an overview of rights, responsibilities, obligations, and benefits of planned community living, as well as possible consequences for non-compliance.

(b) Prior to signing a lease, the future lessee shall attend a planned community education training



program approved by the department, which shall include training specific to the development regarding member and association obligations and rights, and community planning and governance. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

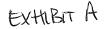
\$10-7-27 Association membership. (a) Upon signing the lease, the lessee shall become a member of the association. By signing the lease, lessee also agrees to abide by the governing documents.

(b) Lessees shall ensure that members of their family who reside with the lessee, and guests and invitees of such lessee, observe and perform the provisions regarding use and occupancy set forth in the governing documents. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

\$10-7-28 Payment of assessments. The lessee shall pay assessments to the association in accordance with the governing documents. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

\$10-7-29 Alteration of the unit prohibited. The lessee shall not construct or alter any improvements on the property except in accordance with the governing documents and with written approval of the department under section 10-3-34. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

\$\$10-7-30 to 10-7-34 (Reserved)



SUBCHAPTER 5

ENFORCEMENT OF GOVERNING DOCUMENTS

\$10-7-35 Compliance required. The association, all lessees, and other persons lawfully in possession and control of any property interest shall comply with the bylaws, any rules lawfully adopted by the association, and any covenant, condition, and restriction set forth in any recorded document to which they are subject. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act \$222) (Imp: HHC Act \$207.5)

§10-7-36 Enforcement. (a) The declaration shall include a formal process for the association to enforce the governing documents, including collection of delinquent assessments and any lease violations.

(b) The association shall adopt a collection policy with formal procedures whereby the lessee shall have the opportunity to settle amounts owed the association, including but not limited to delinquent assessments, penalties, late fees, and associated costs, before private legal action to collect the debt is taken under the authority of the association and section 10-7-37.

(c) If collection of the debt is unsuccessful through private legal action under the authority of the association and section 10-7-37, the association may petition the commission for a contested case hearing for lease cancellation pursuant to this title. The decision and order of a contested case hearing may direct the department to assume the outstanding debt on the unit, including but not limited to delinquent assessments, penalties, late fees, and associated costs.

> Item C-2; Exhibit A FIMBITA

(d) The association shall adopt formal procedures for the enforcement of lease violations other than delinquent assessments whereby the lessee shall have at least 90 days to cure the violation. If the lessee fails to cure the violation within the time provided, the association may petition the commission for a contested case hearing for lease cancellation pursuant to this title. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

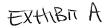
\$10-7-37 Civil action. Any violation is grounds for the association, any lessee, or lawful interest holder to commence a civil action for damages, injunctive relief, or both, and an award of court costs and reasonable attorney's fees in both types of action. The department shall not be party to any civil suit related to the violation of or noncompliance with the bylaws, any rules lawfully adopted by the association, or any covenant, condition, and restriction set forth in any recorded document. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act \$222) (Imp: HHC Act \$207.5)

\$\$10-7-38 to 10-7-40 (Reserved)

SUBCHAPTER 6

RENTAL HOUSING

\$10-7-41 Rental housing offers. If rental
housing is available, the department and the property
management company shall coordinate to offer the
rental housing to native Hawaiians.
 (1) The department shall notify residential



applicants on the respective area or island wide waiting lists of the rental housing opportunity.

- (2) The department shall provide the property management company with the list of native Hawaiians, who replied to the notice in paragraph (1), in rank order according to the appropriate waiting list.
- (3) The property management company shall identify qualified potential renters from the list based upon the rental program parameters and notify the department.
- (4) The department shall verify the application status of those native Hawaiians identified by the property management company as qualified for the rental program. Upon verification, the department or the property management company, or both, shall make the rental housing offers. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

§10-7-42 Kupuna housing. (a) A native Hawaiian, fifty-five years or older may be eligible for kupuna housing. If kupuna housing is available, the department shall notify native Hawaiians that would meet the age requirement for the kupuna housing development. The department and the property management company shall then proceed under section 10-7-41, as applicable.

(b) If a lessee accepts a kupuna housing offer, the lessee shall immediately occupy the kupuna housing unit and, within six months, either transfer or surrender his or her homestead lease. Upon accepting a kupuna housing offer, the lessee becomes a renter and a previous lessee under section 10-3-23.

(c) If the list compiled under subsection (a) has been exhausted and units are still available, the property management company may accept as renters native Hawaiians that are not homestead applicants,

EXHIBIT A

lessees, or previous lessees if the potential renter is:

(1) Verified by the department as eligible

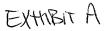
for Hawaiian home lands under the act; and(2) Qualified for the kupuna housing development by the property management company.

(d) The renter's spouse may reside in the unit with the renter. An additional occupant, including an adopted minor or a legal caregiver, may also reside with the renter in the unit as allowed by applicable state or federal law. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

\$10-7-43 Rental agreement controlling. The rental agreement shall control the rights, responsibilities, and obligations, including eviction, between the renter and the property management company. The rental agreement shall comply with the Hawaii landlord and tenant code, chapter 521, HRS, and the Fair Housing Act insofar as they do not conflict with the act. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

\$10-7-44 Successorship. (a) If the renter is a homestead applicant, a successor under section 10-3-8 may succeed to the rental agreement; provided the successor meets the rental program requirements that apply to the specific unit. If the successor does not meet the rental program requirements or refuses the unit, the successor shall succeed to the application as provided in section 10-3-8.

(b) For kupuna housing, a spouse eligible to succeed under section 209 of the act and qualified for the kupuna housing unit may succeed to the kupuna housing rental agreement. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

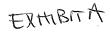


\$10-7-45 Vacant units. To ensure units do not become vacant for unnecessarily long periods of time, the property management company shall request from the department, as appropriate, names of additional potential renters. Upon such request, the department and the property management company shall proceed under section 10-7-41. If parameters of the previous offering have not changed, the department shall provide notice to the list of applicants in rank order from the application date of the last applicant previously contacted for the rental housing development. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

\$10-7-46 Conversion to lessee. A renter who is a homestead applicant shall remain a homestead applicant during the rental period. The renter's homestead application and rank on any waiting list shall be maintained without regard to his or her status as a renter. The renter shall become a lessee upon signing a homestead lease." [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §207.5)

2. The adoption of chapter 10-7, Hawaii Administrative Rules, shall take effect ten days after filing with the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.

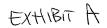
I certify that the foregoing are copies of the rules drafter in the Ramseyer format pursuant to the requirements of section 91-4.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, which were adopted on [] and filed with the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.



JOBIE M. K. MASAGATANI, Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Deputy Attorney General



STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

January 29, 2018

- TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
- FROM: Hokulei Lindsey, Administrative Rules Officer Office of the Chairman
- SUBJECT: Approval to Proceed to Beneficiary Consultation for Draft Administrative Rules Related to Supplemental Dwelling Units on Hawaiian Home Lands

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

That the Hawaiian Homes Commission approve proceeding to beneficiary consultation for draft administrative rules related to supplemental dwelling units on Hawaiian Home Lands.

DISCUSSION:

In March 2017, staff presented a workshop to the Hawaiian Homes Commission about supplemental dwelling units and some of the unique challenges that would be faced by lessees interested in building a second dwelling unit on their lots. Since that time, staff have endeavored to create a supplemental dwelling unit process that is as simple as possible for residential lessees. Although the draft rules rely on the counties' building codes and permitting processes, the department must conduct a review of the lot, lessee compliance, and the proposed occupant or renter because the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act contains specific requirements that must be followed, authorities that cannot be compromised, and processes whose implementation carries consequences for which the department must plan and anticipate.

The text of the draft rules is attached as Exhibit A. In , summary, the draft rules structure the program as follows:

\$10-3-40.03 Pilot Program. The program would commence as a five-year pilot program on the islands of Oahu and Hawaii. These counties were chosen because the department has a working relationship with their permitting and planning offices that can facilitate the process for lessees and help ensure the success

ITEM NO. C-3

EXHIBIT R

of the program. There is a mandatory evaluation for the program after three years. If found to be successful, the department can expand the program by the end of year five or the program will terminate.

\$10-3-40.04 SDU application and review. A completed application would be submitted by the lessee, reviewed by the department, and approved by the commission. The structure and related improvements must be permitted by the county and meet all county building requirements but the language allows the commission to provide otherwise.

§10-3-40.05 Lot requirements. DHHL review of the lot ensures a supplemental dwelling is compatible with the specific lot, the Island Plan, and the Area Plan. Although also requiring the lot meet county regulations for additional dwellings, the language ensures the department has final control over land use decisions by providing that the department may waive certain county requirements based upon the area or site itself.

\$10-3-40.06 Lessee obligations, generally. The lessee must be in good standing at all times.

\$10-3-40.07 Supplemental dwelling units. In addition to setting size limitations, the supplemental dwelling can be categorized as an "ohana SDU" or a "rental SDU." For ohana use, the occupant must be a qualified relative of the lessee under HHCA section 209. For rental use, the HHCA section 208 requires the renter be native Hawaiian. The Department would verify the status of the occupant or the renter. Ohana use is intended to help lessee families who live in crowded conditions such that different generations could reside in different units but still contribute to the household as a single unit. Rental use, however, is intended as an income producing option for lessees and as providing additional housing options for native Hawaiian families.

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff respectfully requests approval of the motion as stated above.

ITEM NO. C-3

FXHIBIT B

TITLE 10

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

CHAPTER 3

NATIVE HAWAIIAN REHABILITATION PROGRAM

SUBCHAPTER 3.1

SUPPLEMENTAL DWELLING UNIT

\$10-3-40.01 Purpose. The purpose of this subchapter is to provide residential lessees who qualify with the option to build a supplementary dwelling unit that could help ease certain housing issues facing native Hawaiian families like need, overcrowding, and financial strain. [Eff and comp _____] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §208)

\$10-3-40.02 Definitions. As used in this subchapter, unless context clearly provides otherwise,

"Dwelling unit renter" means the native Hawaiian who rents, from the lessee, either the primary dwelling unit or SDU individually, or with the native Hawaiian's immediate family, maintaining a common household to the exclusion of others.

"Good-standing" means the status of a lessee who is in compliance with all obligations contained in the residential homestead lease, the act, and this title.

FXMBIT B

"Ohana occupant" means the qualified relative under section 209(a) of the act who resides in either the primary dwelling or the ohana SDU individually or with the ohana occupant's immediate family.

"Supplemental dwelling unit (SDU)" means a dwelling unit that is supplementary to the primary dwelling, is smaller in size, has a separate entry, and includes its own kitchen, bedroom, and bathroom facilities. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §208)

§10-3-40.03 Pilot program. Upon promulgation of this subchapter, the SDU program shall commence as a five-year pilot program on the islands of Oahu and Hawaii. The program shall be evaluated after three years. If deemed successful, the department may continue the program and expand to other islands, or the program shall terminate at the end of the fiveyear pilot period. Any SDU completed under the pilot program shall remain subject to this subchapter and any lease amendments made in furtherance of the program, even though the SDU program is discontinued or not expanded to other islands or both. [Eff and comp -] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §208)

\$10-3-40.04 SDU application and review. (a) The lessee shall complete the application and return it to the department. Within 30 days, the department shall review the application for completeness and notify the lessee whether the application is complete or incomplete. If an application is deemed incomplete, it will be returned to the lessee with further instruction about how to revise. If the lessee fails to revise the application in accordance with the instructions provided and return the application to the department within 30 days, the application shall be cancelled.

Exhibit A

EXMBITB

(b) All applications require written approval from the commission before construction may commence. Such approval shall be considered only after a completed application has been submitted to the department, including a plan as to design, material, probable value of the SDU structure and related improvements, and any other information required by the department. The SDU structure and related improvements shall be permitted by and meet all building codes or other ordinances and regulations of the respective counties, except as otherwise provided by the commission. The department may take up to 60 days to render a decision on a completed application and notify the lessee of placement on the commission agenda or of the reasons for denying the application.

(c) The department shall not be required to finance construction of the SDU nor shall the department be liable for any cost or expense incurred in the processing and obtaining of the necessary county permits and approvals.

(d) The lessee shall complete construction of the SDU within one year after receiving notice that commission approval has been granted. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §208)

\$10-3-40.05 Lot requirements. A residential lot may qualify for the SDU program if it meets the following requirements:

- Constructing an SDU on the lot is compatible with the island plan and the area plan;
- (2) The lot is at least 3,500 SF;
- (3) The lot is not landlocked;
- (4) The lot does not have more than one dwelling unit, attached or detached, already existing on the property;
- (5) Private covenants, conditions, and restrictions do not prohibit SDUs; and
- (6) Respective county requirements for an

additional dwelling unit. The department may, with the approval of the chairman, authorize a waiver of certain county regulatory requirements based upon specific area conditions, unique site characteristics, or other constraints related to the lot. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act \$222) (Imp: HHC Act \$208)

§10-3-40.06 Lessee obligations, generally. (a) To participate in the SDU program, the lessee shall be in good-standing at all times.

(b) The lessee shall reside in either the primary dwelling or in the SDU. If the lessee moves into the SDU, the lessee shall provide the department with an updated mailing address in accordance with section 10-3-10(a).

(c) Failure of the lessee to maintain goodstanding shall be cause for lease cancellation pursuant to section 10-3-28. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §208)

\$10-3-40.07 Supplemental dwelling units. (a) Any SDU shall fall within the following floor area maximums: 400 square feet (for lots with an area of 3,500 to 4,999 square feet) and 800 square feet (for lots with an area of 5,000 square feet or more).

(b) A lessee may apply for one of the following programs at the time of application:

(1) Ohana SDU is specifically for nonrental, ohana use purposes. The ohana occupant shall establish the required biological relationship to the lessee to the satisfaction of the department before taking occupancy. The department may allow the ohana occupant to contribute toward household expenses such as utilities and mortgage payments, if applicable, but rent shall not be charged.

- (2) Rental SDU is specifically for rental purposes, to supplement income for the lessee and potentially help to provide housing for native Hawaiians. The dwelling unit renter shall be qualified under the act by the department but is not required to establish a qualified relationship to the lessee. The department shall prioritize applications from lessees with a verifiable potential tenant currently on a waitlist.
 - (A) The minimum rental period agreement on the unit shall be six months;
 - (B) The lessee shall provide a standard lease agreement to the tenant; and
 - (C) Each agreement shall carry a rider written by the department and signed by the lessee and dwelling unit renter that provides the general obligations of the department, waiver of liability, and guarantees made by the lessee.

(c) The lessee shall submit a request to the department if the lessee wants to change the program use of the unit. The department shall provide a response to the lessee within 30 days of receipt of the request. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §208)

\$10-3-40.08 Landlord-tenant code compliance. The residential landlord and tenant code, HRS ch. 521, is applicable only so far as it does not conflict with the act, this title, and the lease itself. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §208)

Exhibit A

\$10-3-40.09 Fair housing act compliance. Lessee
must remain in compliance with the section 804 of the
fair housing act, 42 U.S.C. \$3604 insofar as it does
not conflict with the act, this title, and the lease.
[Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act \$222)
(Imp: HHC Act \$208)

\$10-3-40.10 Existing structures, non-compliance. If one or more structures that have not been approved by the department or are unpermitted, or both, exist on the lot, the lessee may be allowed to come into compliance through the SDU process. However, if the existing structure or structures are unsafe for human habitation, the lessee may be required to bring the structure into compliance with county building codes, including demolition of the structure at the lessee's expense. [Eff and comp] (Auth: HHC Act §222) (Imp: HHC Act §208)

EXMBIT B



HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION · DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Proposed Rule Changes

You're invited to attend a Beneficiary Consultation meeting in your community to discuss important proposed changes to DHHL's administrative rules:

Declaration of Conditions, Covenants, and Restrictions Communities (DCCR)	Multi-family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing	Supplemental Dwelling Units
Proposes ways for the Department	Proposes to expand residential	Proposes a pilot program on Oahu
to enforce CCRs in existing DCCR	lease offerings to include multi-	and Hawaii for residential lessees
communities and to standardize	family housing. Also proposes	on qualifying lots to build a
the relationship between the	rental, rent with option to	supplemental dwelling unit.
Department and DCCRs.	purchase, and kupuna housing	
	programs.	

Please visit (http://dhhl.hawaii.gov/po/beneficiary-consultation/) for the latest information or call DHHL Administrative Rules at (808) 620-9280. All meetings are subject to change.



HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

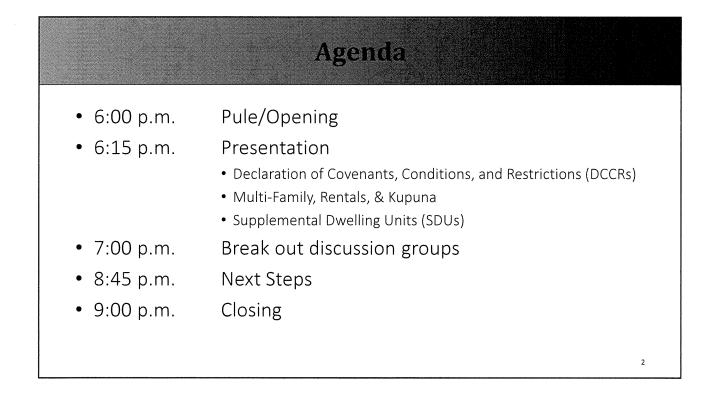
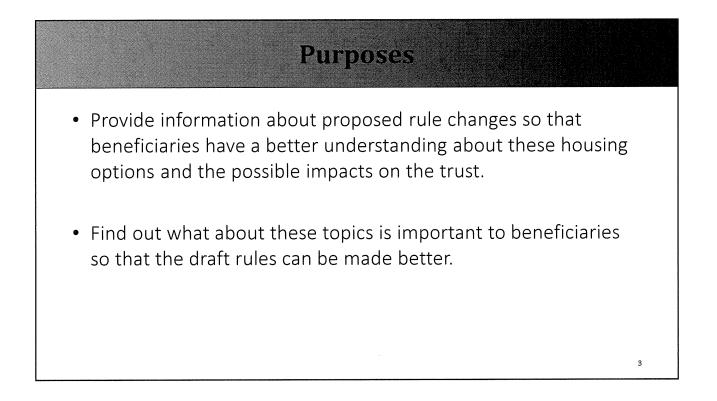
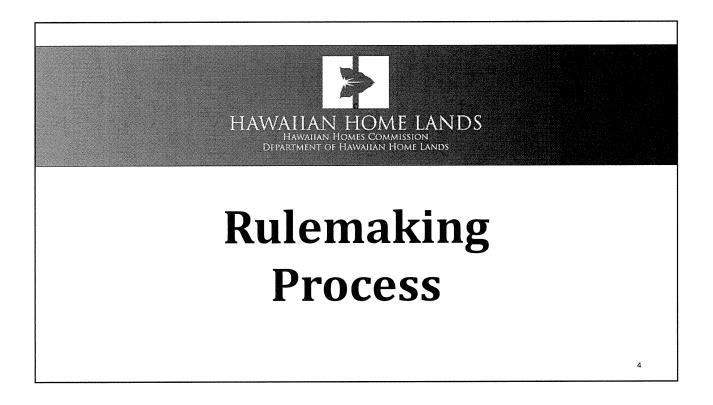


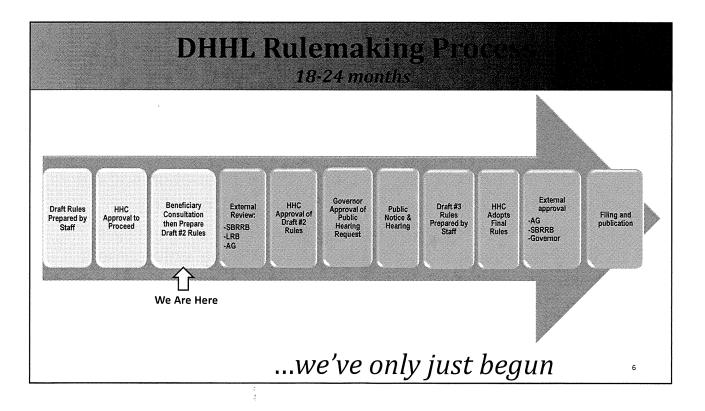
EXHIBIT D

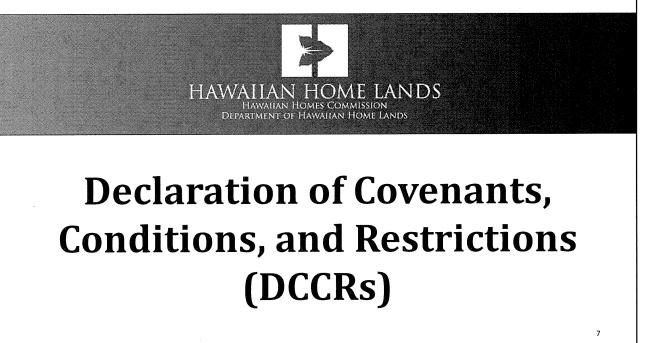




What are Administrative Rule

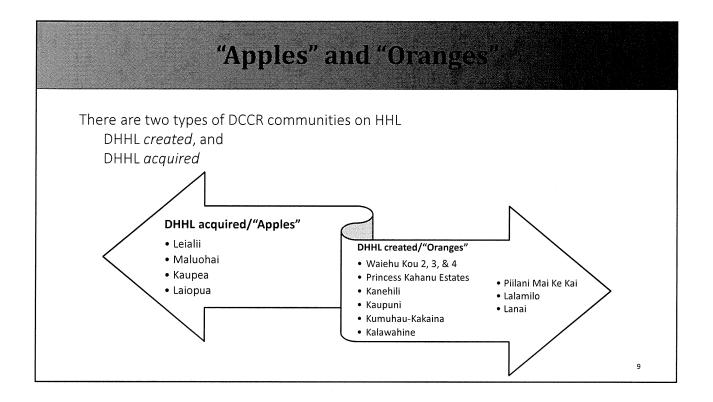
- Every State agency has administrative rules.
- Rules govern how the department implements the HHCA.
- Rules make those operations public.
- DHHL's rules are known as Title 10, Hawaii Administrative Rules.

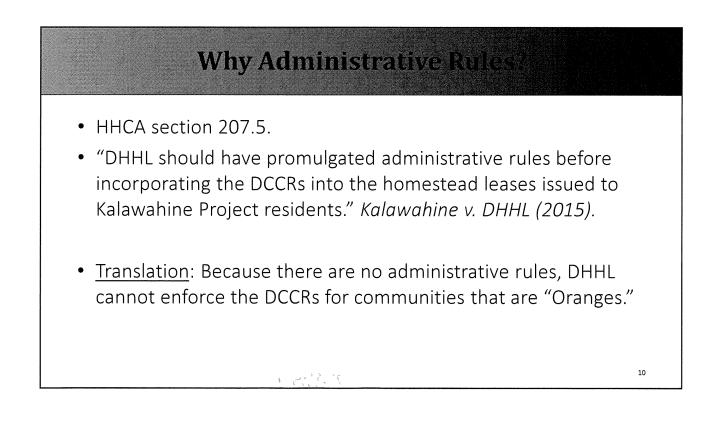




Background

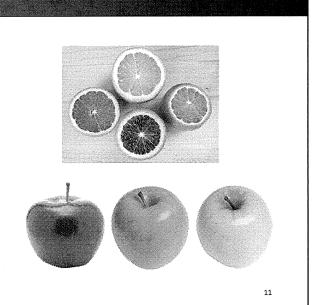
- DCCRs are planned development communities or condominium regimes that are legally organized under HRS.
- Residents are automatically members of the association and are subject to rules about living in that community, including payment of assessments for upkeep of common areas. Failure to follow the rules can lead to fines and additional enforcement measures under the CCRs.
- The association is responsible for enforcement of the CCRs.





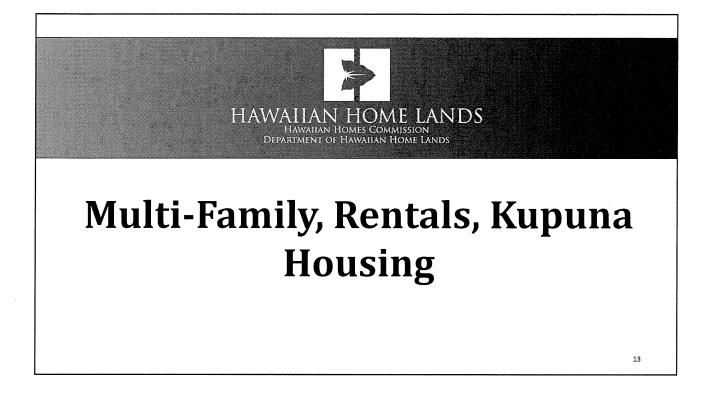
How Would the Rules Work

- Authorize the Department to help DCCR associations enforce their community rules.
- Help current and future lessees understand the obligations of living in a DCCR community.
- Help to ensure uniform relationships between the Department and the DCCR associations.



Your Mana'o

- The DCCRs are part of your homestead lease. Under the proposed rules, if the DCCRs are not followed, it can lead to lease cancellation. Are there other enforcement measures DHHL should consider in DCCR communities?
- All lessees in DCCRs are required to pay monthly assessments to the association for upkeep of common areas and to keep the association going. What types of common areas are needed in homestead communities?
- DCCRs include design restrictions on how you build your house. What types of design restrictions should/not be part of the DCCRs?



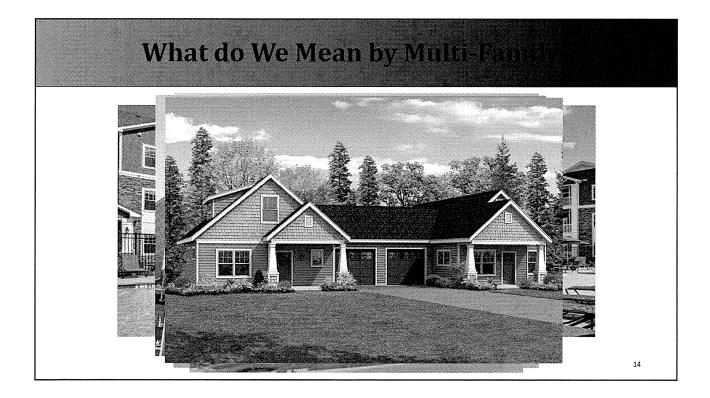
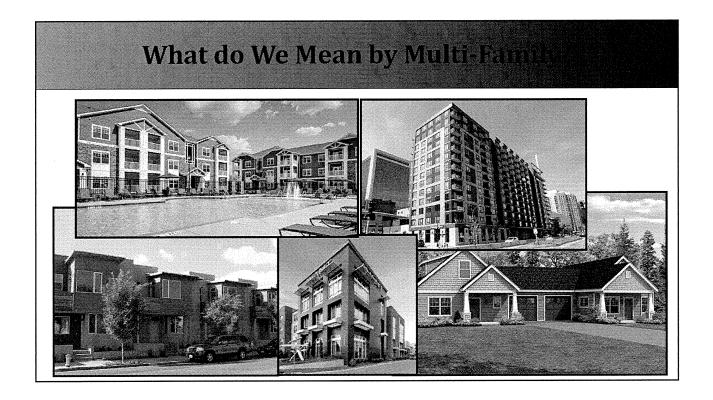


EXHIBIT D



Why Multi-Family?

- HHCA section 207.5.
- There is a need for more housing but space is limited. Multifamily is high-density so we can use less land and provide many families with homes.
- Multi-family can be more affordable than single-family homes.

18

Why Rentals?

- HHCA section 207.5.
- Rentals can be an affordable alternative to owning a home.
- Rentals can offer a smaller, more manageable space for kupuna.
- Affordable rentals can help beneficiary families save and prepare to buy a home.
- Rentals could be multi-family or single-family rent with option to purchase.

How Would the Rules Work

- Offers would be made to residential area or island wide waiting lists based on where the development is located.
- The rental agreement would control the rights and responsibilities between the renter and management company.
- Renters would remain on the waiting list as homestead applicants until they become lessees.
- Successorship would be governed by HAR 10-3-8 (application). A qualified successor can take the rental unit if they meet program requirements or succeed to the application.

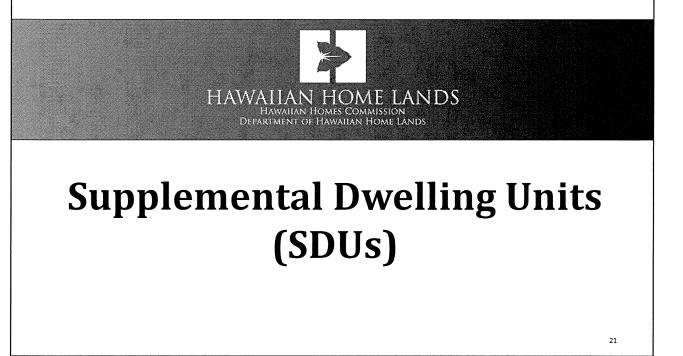
20

How Would the Rules Work?

- Kupuna housing would be offered based on age requirements.
- A kupuna lessee who accepts kupuna housing offer must transfer or surrender the homestead lease and would become a renter.
- A spouse eligible under HHCA section 209 and qualified for the kupuna housing unit, may succeed to the rental agreement.

Your Mana'o

- Should DHHL do multi-family housing? Leases? Rentals? Both?
- Are there other housing options DHHL should provide or support beyond multi-family, rentals, and single-family homes? How do we keep housing affordable for beneficiaries?
- Who should be allowed to rent on Hawaiian Home Lands?
- What are some criteria that DHHL should consider in selecting a management company? Why?



Background

- HHCA 208.
- Improvements like additional living space require Department approval.
- Building another dwelling or adding living space to your existing home without DHHL approval is a lease violation. It can delay a transfer request or result in excluding the unapproved structure from an appraisal for DHHL.

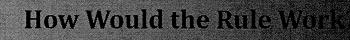
Why Administrative Rules for SDI

- The rules provide a transparent, standard application process for Department approval of building another dwelling on a residential lot.
- More living space can ease crowding that lessee families sometimes face.
- Parity with the counties.

How Would the Rule Work?

- Pilot project for residential lots on Oahu and Hawaii Island.
- Lessee must be in good standing.
- Your lot would need to meet county standards for adding a dwelling and you would need to get all county required approvals and permits.
- DHHL approval would be required before construction could begin.

24



- Lessee must live on the lot in either the main dwelling or in the SDU.
- Ohana purposes:
 - Qualified relative under HHCA 209(a) can live in SDU or main dwelling.
 No rent but can contribute to household expenses.
- Rental purposes:
 - Qualified native Hawaiian can rent for minimum term of six months.
 No short term rentals.

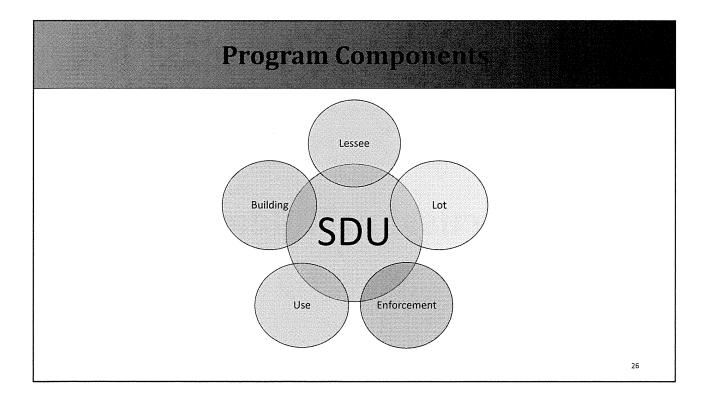
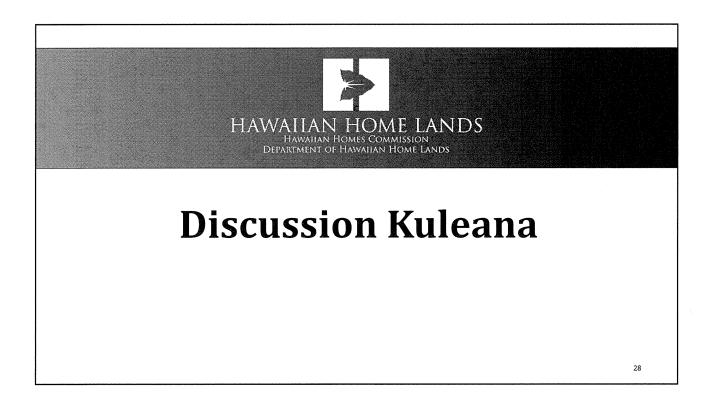


EXHIBIT D

Your Mana'o

- Do you support supplemental dwelling units on HHL? Why?
- When should SDUs be allowed? What criteria should DHHL use to make that determination?
- The proposal is a pilot project for residential lots on Oahu and Hawaii Island. What do you think about that?
- Who can live in an SDU on HHL?
- Size of an SDU has an impact on the value of the structure. Should DHHL limit the size of the SDU based on an appraisal cap to limit liability for the trust and keep units on HHL affordable?



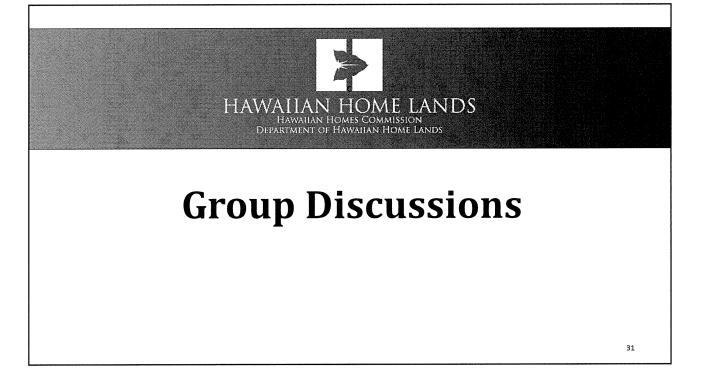
30

Discussion Kuleana

- Be creative!
 - Work toward future solutions/aspirations.
- Disagreement is ok as long as we are respectful of each other.
- Everyone gets a turn first, then repeats.
- Cell phones off or on silent.
 - Take all calls/texting outside.

Discussion Kuleana

- You are personally responsible for:
 - Making sure everyone has equal opportunity to express their ideas;
 - Actively listening;
 - Keeping an open mind and maintaining a positive attitude;
 - Keep side conversations to a minimum.



Next Steps for DHHL

- Review and compile notes from today, and comments received by <u>August 30, 2018;</u>
- Consider suggested and possible changes;
- Prepare and submit a report for the Commission;
- Submit the proposed amendments to the Commission for approval to move forward with the public hearing process.

Next Steps for You

- Think about today's discussion;
- Talk to family, friends, neighbors;
- Submit comments by August 30, 2018;
- Check the website for updates http://dhhl.hawaii.gov/po/beneficiary-consultation/

How to Submit Commen

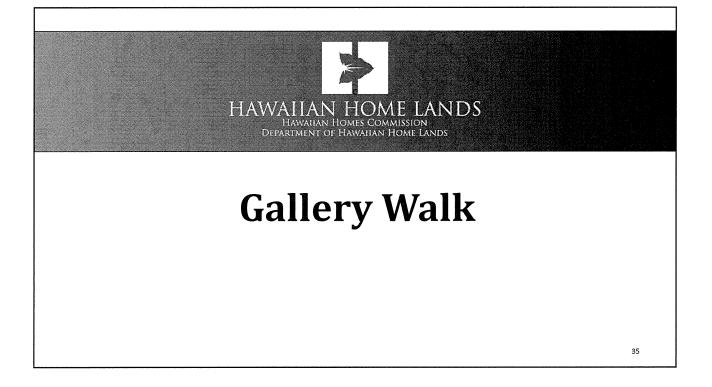
- Green sheets.
- Email: dhhl.rules@hawaiianhomelands.org
- Mail:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands DHHL Administrative Rules P.O. Box 1879 Honolulu, HI 96805

• Call: Hokulei at 620-9280 or your district office.

34

FXHBIT D



FAQs:

Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions (DCCR) communities Proposed Administrative Rules

What are Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions (DCCR) communities?

DCCRs are documents that create what are called "master-planned communities." These communities are organized as Hawaii nonprofit corporations and must comply with Hawaii Revised Statutes chapter 421J. They have their own specific rules intended to keep the neighborhood and lots in it clean, well maintained, and safe. The idea is that with these types of rules in place, the neighborhood becomes a more desirable place to live and property values are maintained for the long term. DCCR communities are governed by an association with an elected board. All owners in the community are members of the association and pay dues or assessments that go toward maintaining common areas or supporting community events. If you live in a DCCR community, you are a member of the association and subject to its rules.

Are all homesteads DCCRs?

No. On Hawaiian Home Lands, there are 15 DCCR communities subject to HRS 421J. Most of these are on Oahu but Maui, Lanai, Kauai, and Hawaii also have DCCRs.

If DCCRs are rules for a specific homestead, why does DHHL need rules for them, too?

There are two basic reasons. The first is that section 207.5 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act requires that rules be adopted for single-family and multi-family DCCR communities, and for rentals owned by the Department. The second reason is that administrative rules govern how the Department interacts with and relates to the beneficiaries and the public. These rules say how the Department will interact with its DCCR associations and lessees in those neighborhoods.

I live in an existing DCCR, how can these rules help us when the DCCRs were in place before these rules?

The draft rules include a provision for existing DCCR associations to "opt-in" by a majority vote of the association. If an association "opts-in," the Department will be able to assist with the enforcement of the governing documents.

If I'm moving into, or thinking about moving into, a DCCR community, how do I know what the rules are? What documents do I need?

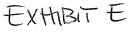
If you are receiving a new award, you will get the governing documents with your lease documents. If you are buying a lease or are getting one as a successor you can get the documents from the seller or you can ask DHHL for the documents during the transfer or succession process. To obtain replacement documents, a lessee should contact the association board.

You need a copy of all the major documents: the Declaration creating the community, the association Bylaws, and any amendments that have been adopted. The Declaration and any amendments will tell you about the community and its rules; the association Bylaws will tell you how the association is organized, what it can do, and your rights as a member.

I'm a DCCR association board member, what documents should we be sure are current?

Associations vary and compliance requirements can be different. However, all associations formed as a Hawaii nonprofit corporation must have the following governing documents, at a minimum:

• <u>Organizing documents:</u> The articles of incorporation and bylaws.



- <u>Managing conflicts of interest:</u> A policy or procedures on managing conflicts of interest.
- <u>Federally required policies that address operational matters and documents</u>: The federal law requires nonprofit corporations to develop policies that (1) address staff complaints and suspected financial impropriety/misuse of resources and that (2) establish standards for document retention and destruction. Typically, the documents that address these matters are referred to as the whistleblower policy and document retention policy.

All these governing documents must be compliant with current federal and State laws.

For nonprofit corporations that are DCCR associations, the documents must also be consistent with Hawaii's Planned Community Associations law, HRS 421J, and the recorded Declaration (or other documentation establishing the association as a planned community).

For nonprofit corporations that have obtained tax-exempt status, the documents must also be compliant with current federal law applicable to the tax-exempt status.

***All governing documents must have been properly approved and filed, as necessary.



FAQs: Multi-Family, Rentals, and Kupuna Housing Proposed Administrative Rules

Are "rentals" about lessees renting their houses out to someone else?

No. Rentals refers only to rental units owned by the Department and managed by the Department or a management company.

Who can rent from the DHHL?

Anyone who is a beneficiary of the HHCA and meets the qualifications of the rental program. Each rental development could have different financial requirements to meet a range of needs. The proposed rule also would allow for a variety of possible rental options like rent with option to purchase, kupuna housing, and multi-family housing.

What is multi-family housing?

Multi-family housing in the proposed rule can be apartment or condominium units in low-rise or high-rise buildings, or town house developments. It is possible that multi-family developments could have rental units or leased units, or both, and could even include some commercial spaces on the lower floors or surrounding area.

Do I lose my place on the waitlist if I decide to rent from the Department?

No. You keep your place on the waitlist until you are awarded a Hawaiian Home Lands lease.

How would kupuna housing work?

Kupuna housing would be provided as a rental option. To be eligible, you need to be a beneficiary under the HHCA and meet the age requirement. Your spouse could live with you and could succeed to the rental agreement if your spouse is eligible under section 209 of the HHCA and qualifies for kupuna housing. Other aspects would be governed by the rental agreement and applicable law.

Would kupuna housing include assisted living residences?

No. Tenants must be able to function and live independently – no medical or other assistance would be offered.

FAQs: Supplemental Dwelling Units (SDU) Proposed Administrative Rules

What is an "SDU"?

SDU stands for "supplemental dwelling unit." It's a second dwelling built on your lot and is smaller than your existing house.

Who can have an SDU on their lot?

For the first 5 years, the program will be a pilot project available only to residential lessees on Oahu and Hawaii who are in good standing, and live on a lot that is big enough and meets county requirements for building another dwelling. The program will be evaluated after 3 years and if it is found to be successful, the program may be expanded to other islands.

What is the process to get approval for an SDU?

You would need to submit a Request for Improvements with an SDU application to the Department, which includes obtaining the necessary county approvals and permits. Once your application is complete and approved, the Department would bring it forward for final approval by the Hawaiian Homes Commission. Construction can begin only after approval from the HHC.

Who can live in the SDU?

There are several options:

- A native Hawaiian, as defined by the HHCA, can rent the SDU;
- 'Ohana qualified under section 209(a) of the HHCA, can live in the SDU;
- You can live in the SDU and a native Hawaiian can rent or qualified 'ohana can live in the primary dwelling.

What are the county requirements?

Please refer to information provided by the City and County of Honolulu and Hawaii County. The City and County has published FAQs about their ADU requirements, which can be found online: <u>http://www.honoluludpp.org/Portals/0/pdfs/construction/ADU_FAQ_Final.pdf</u>. Hawaii County has information on their website: <u>http://www.hawaiicounty.gov/pw-building-guidelines/</u>.



	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
2	Common Area	More parking.	Honolulu
3	Common Area	Bigger road (some folks only have 1 lane).	Honolulu
4	Common Area	A way to keep folks out that shouldn't be there (e.g. electric fence).	Honolulu
5	Common Area	A gathering place where the community can come together.	Honolulu
6	Common Area	Parking limitations on junk cars.	Honolulu
7	Common Area	E.g. River- who cleans the river? Proper maintainence of common areas.	Honolulu
8	Common areas	We are almost completely landlocked, common area is only sidewalk. Would like a community centera multi-functional center on land above Leialii (we can get grants)	Lahaina, Maui
9	Common Areas	No need common areas - have a county park.	Keaukaha, Hilo
10	Common areas	Laundromat, community garden, help people with 5 acres clean the land.	Keaukaha, Hilo
11	Common areas	Kauhale - kapuna care, keiki care, imu.	Keaukaha, Hilo
12	Common areas	Community should design common areas, volunteer time instead of use homeowner dues.	Keaukaha, Hilo
13	Common areas	DHHL should take care of the 'aina.	Keaukaha, Hilo
14	Common Areas	Community center. Health Center. Prison.	Keaukaha, Hilo
15	Common Areas	Put in roads not up to county standards. Homeowners association collects money to maintain roads.	Keaukaha, Hilo
16	Common Areas	Need swimming pool, like Kroc center.	Keaukaha, Hilo
17	Common Areas	Roads should be like Seabees made- Marston-Manning aluminum mesh.	Keaukaha, Hilo
18	Common Areas	Should have good fire protection-sprinkler systems - for common areas/facilities.	Keaukaha, Hilo
19	Common Areas	Fund a hui to take care of kupuna yards, Hawaiian Homes repairs.	Keaukaha, Hilo
20	Common areas	Parks for children. Should always be part of communities. Next generation.	Kona
21	Common areas	Nice landscaping. Sacred area preserves- sidewalks. Frontal (gateway) areas to neighborhoods. Neighborhood pride.	Kona
22	Common areas	Improvements mean association fees increase. Gotta think about that. Can we use grants for these areas.	Kona
23	Common Areas	Lo'i	Kona
24	Common areas	Sometimes in communities, cars encroach on other people's properties. 4 people = 4 cars. Community overflow parking area?	Kona
25	Common Areas	Covered bus stop for kids- public and school buses (so don't have to cross the street, etc.)	Honolulu
26	Common Areas	Drain smells- cleaning of	Honolulu
27	Common Areas	Security to protect homes and community members.	Honolulu

	Α	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
28	Common Areas	Street lights throughout the community for safety.	Honolulu
29	Common Areas	Mixed-use community center.	Honolulu
30	Common Areas	Save \$, don't plant trees (large ones can affect/damage cement).	Honolulu
31	Common Areas	Guest parking.	Honolulu
32	Common Areas	Water for watering yards.	Honolulu
33	Common Areas	Playgrounds and community center.	Honolulu
34	Common Areas	Community garden.	Honolulu
35	Design restrictions	Fence backyard	Molokai
36	Design restrictions	Limit animals (i.e., 2 dogs)	Molokai
37	Design restrictions	Height restrictions for trees/shrubs (safety issues)	Molokai
38	Design restrictions	No canopy tents (permanent)	Molokai
		2 story height limits for Molokai. Where need for more housing,	
39	Design restrictions	maybe 3 stories	Molokai
40	Design restrictions	Number of chickens/animals	Molokai
41	Design restrictions	No drugs	Molokai
42	Design restrictions	Trees and where to plant. Leaves on lawns.	Molokai
43	Design restrictions	Encourage native plants	Molokai
44	Design restrictions	Set color scheme	Molokai
45	Design restrictions	Color conducive to environment	Molokai
46	Design restrictions	Design-Hawaiian	Molokai
47	Design restrictions	Height limit on trees	Molokai
48	Design restrictions	Junk cars off the lot	Molokai
49	Design restrictions	Clean yardif not, looks ugly	Molokai
50	Design restrictions	Limit number of animalsno roosters	Molokai
51	Design restrictions	Two story limit	Molokai
	Design restrictions	Limit color, size, design	Molokai
53	Design restrictions	No limit on size	Molokai
		Maybe height, but if you have acreage and can afford it, then should	
54	Design restrictions	be allowed	Molokai
		Common sense:	
		rules need <u>respect</u> both ways	
	Design restrictions	rules need <u>responsibility</u> both ways	Molokai
	Design restrictions	No "monster" houses/should have size restrictions	Kauai
57	Design restrictions	Should not be a size restriction on how small the house it	Kauai
	Design restrictions	Pigs not in residential area?	Kauai
59	Design restrictions	Lighting (too bright); noise	Kauai
		We should get out of design review businessno design restrictions	Puakukalo,
60	Design restrictions	other than county code; an unecessary function	Maui
			Puakukalo,
61	Design restrictions	We sould have PV w/ DHHL paying for it	Maui
			Puakukalo,
62	Design restrictions	No pigs! Or fighting chickens	Maui
~~			Puakukalo,
63	Design restrictions	Don't block your neighbor's view	Maui

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
			Puakukalo,
64	Design restrictions	Don't block the sidewalkno dead cars!	Maui
		Limits on trees/trimming requirementsmany have broken up the	Puakukalo,
65	Design restrictions	sidewalk (county tells DHHL which trees to plant)	Maui
		Ensure value of propertybetter rules for how we negotiate with out	Puakukalo,
66	Design restrictions	neighbors; too vague now	Maui
			Puakukalo,
67	Design restrictions	Do not regulate where clothes lines go	Maui
		Want:	
		Land for a charter school;	
		Area for retail for cottage industries;	
		Area for community gardens;	
		For every subdivision, provisions for cemetary, golf course,	
		amenities for communitiesnative Hawaiian association could govern;	
		Park;	
		Clotheslines;	
		Two story houses (take out limitation on alteration of units because	
		intergenerational families);	
		Allow farm animals/livestock because to ban them is anti-cultural.	Puakukalo,
68	Design restrictions	We are an agriculture-based culture. Allow if community agrees.	Maui
		Don't Allow:	widdi
		Junk cars;	Puakukalo,
60	Design restrictions	Raising farm animals/livestock	Maui
09		Kula, Waiohuli is zoned for agriculture; it is a community decision not	IVIGUI
		to have large animals	
		Note: residential lease built to rural code (county); lease says "quiet	Puakukalo,
70	Design restrictions	enjoyment"	Maui
70		Note: Height restriction in county codeif build on land that was	Puakukalo,
71	Design restrictions	graded initially, second floor may exceed height restriction	Maui
/ 1			Lahaina,
72	Design restrictions	Obscene colors; we shouldn't have those.	Maui
12			Keaukaha,
72	Design restrictions	Puts more burden on beneficiaries.	Hilo
73		No design requirements - HHCA is the controlling document. Section	пію
		207.5 has not received consent of Congress. Paid us back with land	Kaaukaha
74	Design vestvistions	C C	Keaukaha,
74	Design restrictions	with DCCRs.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
75	Design restrictions	No design restrictions	Hilo
70		W/hu maka restrictions?	Keaukaha,
/6	Design restrictions	Why make restrictions?	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
77	Design restrictions	Should be affordable, doesn't matter what it looks like.	Hilo
		Let us work the land - should always know the rules and regulations -	Keaukaha,
78	Design restrictions	not have to go other places (county, etc.)	Hilo

	Α	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Have more land awards and less residential lots - not DCCR's. People	
		desperate, will take the house anyway. Let beneficiaries have input on	Keaukaha,
79	Design restrictions	design of houses, communities.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
80	Design Restrictions	No monster homes. Kauhale. High density homes are the problem.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
81	Design Restrictions	Consistent w/ homes in area. If no containers, don't allow.	Hilo
01		Restrictive when people tell you what you can have/cannot have in	-
82	Design restrictions	your yard. Hampers living style. Weekly inspections too much.	Kona
02		Do you provide design restrictions? Are there options? How big, how	
83	Design restrictions	high, colors, etc. Construction of home must be within restrictions.	Kona
84	Design Restrictions	Hard to identify where you would draw the line.	Honolulu
04		Some people might not be able to comply (e.g. Kupuna who can't cut	Tionolaid
0 -	Decign Postrictions		Honolulu
85	Design Restrictions	grass as often).	nonoiulu
0.0		Some value in having house colors that work with eachother in	Honolulu
	Design Restrictions	community.	
87	Design Restrictions	If restrictions, there has to be enforcement.	Honolulu
		Should start with president of association- notify first vs. DHHL comes	
	Design Restrictions	to your door and neighborhood pilikia starts.	Honolulu
89	Design Restrictions	Should have alternative dispute resolution process for resolving	Honolulu
		Specify that you can have a wall if houses are too close to each other -	
90	Design restrictions	don't restrict this.	Honolulu
		Restrictions on parking or make more (1 person can't hog all of the	
91	Design Restrictions	guest spots).	Honolulu
		Maybe no need color paint restrictions. Maybe no need restriction on	
92	Design Restrictions	type of fencing (these seemed destructive to community).	Honolulu
93	Design Restrictions	No restrictions!	Honolulu
		Restriction on size of houses (no mega-houses) this affects your	
94	Design Restrictions	neighbors.	Honolulu
95	Design Restrictions	Who determines what is tasteful?	Honolulu
		Restrict parking of unsightly/junk/abandoned cars (affects health and	
96	Design Restrictions	safety). Especially re: access of emergency vehicles.	Honolulu
		Homeless are parking cars in our community and living there (need to	
97	Design Restrictions	be living in community to park there).	Honolulu
		Currently you have to get approval to make design changes? Answer:	
98	Design Restrictions	Yes.	Honolulu
99	Design Restrictions	Community watch/reporting process.	Honolulu
55		Pet-friendly policies. Could be DHHL. Could be property management	
100	Design Restrictions	company.	Honolulu
	Design restrictions	We want things that don't bother, affect neighbors	Kapolei
101		Don't want restrictions on house paint color	Napolei
100			Kanalai
102	Design restrictions	but some people like having a color scheme with some options	Kapolei
			K1-*
	Design restrictions	We want to be "harmonious" with neighborhood (in real estate terms)	
104	Design restrictions	Landscapingdon't restrict	Kapolei

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		We need higher fences for privacy (but this might be county building	
105	Design restrictions	codes)	Kapolei
		Self-help/Habitat houses may not have fencesyou have to get on	
106	Design restrictions	your ownthis should be a requirement for privacy purposes	Kapolei
		Work with association to ensure that issues are addressed and	
107	Design restrictions	community members needs are heard and met	Kapolei
108	Design restrictions	Fences for Kaupea	Kapolei
		Some people like restrictions on house colors, some doen't like	
109	Design restrictions	restrictionshow about a range of options	Kapolei
110	Design restrictions	Kaupeadon't restrict native plants for each area	Kapolei
		Get rid of restrictions on clotheslines (but maybe enclose within your	
111	Design restrictions	fence)	Kapolei
112	Design restrictions	Clotheslinesmaybe in backyard (but with sight line guidelines)	Kapolei
		Colors may affect value of other houses	
113	Design restrictions	counterpoint: western mentality is to make money vs ohana home	Kapolei
114	Design restrictions	Allowances for fruit trees/food providing	Kapolei
115	Design restrictions	Minimal design restrictionseach individual pays for own home	Kapolei
		Often the developer determines the design guidelinesyou choose	
		this when you decide to move in thereyou take pride in your	
116	Design restrictions	homestead	Kapolei
		DCCRs can be amendedcommunity needs to come together to	•
117	Design restrictions	decide on changescome to association meetings	Kapolei
		Each association should control design guidelines, no in administrative	•
118	Design restrictions	rules	Kapolei
		DCCRs can be amended as community evolvescommunity needs to	•
119	Design restrictions	come together to discuss	Kapolei
		Some people don't want to have to ask/talk with others about what I	•
120	Design restrictions	can do with my home	Kapolei
	Design restrictions	Some like rules	Kapolei
	5	Habitat homes are not same color and design. We'd like to have a say	•
122	Design restrictions	in these decisions, not just DHHL	Kapolei
	5	Design guidelines are important to lessees who plan to sell home; may	
		affect "comps" in neighborhood (clarification that DHHL does not	
123	Design restrictions	value homes based on comps)	Kapolei
	Enforcement	Get together with family and see how you can help them	Molokai
	Enforcement	Cars (6-8) parked in other's driveway, trash cans	Molokai
	Enforcement	3 strikes, you are out	Molokai
	Enforcement	Severitydepends on thatshouldn't be straight to lease cancellations	Molokai
	Enforcement	Penalties and fines before lease cancellation	Molokai
	Enforcement	Noise issuesrule for quiet hours	Molokai
		If we create rules, will it affect existing communities? A: no, would be	
130	Enforcement	new homesteads	Molokai
.50		Will the rules be retroactive to the existing 14? (A: Existing DCCR	
121	Enforcement	communities would need to opt-in)	Molokai
121	LINDICEMENT	communities would need to opt-inj	WUUKdi

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Due diligence3 notices/3strikes	
		First, contact/assessment/check-in	
		Letter with deadline (warning)	
		Second letter (fine)	
		Third certified (lease violation)	
132	Enforcement	Also send letters by email	Molokai
133	Enforcement	What about kupuna that may not know?	Molokai
		Statewide implications. No DCCRs on Molokai, so why discuss on	
134	Enforcement	Molokai?	Molokai
135	Enforcement	No habitual violations	Molokai
		For kupuna, have a point of contact if thru the letters, kupuna does	
136	Enforcement	not respond, contact point person	Molokai
		If association is big, then rules are good; if small community (46 in	
		Kapaakea) not all are part of association, but if there are rules, then	
137	Enforcement	maybe issues, want Kapaakea to stay as is.	Molokai
	Enforcement	So its for planned communities	Molokai
		Have all current rules so equal opportunity to know rules/policies that	
139	Enforcement	affect native Hawaiians	Molokai
		Is there any violations now and what are you doing about it? A: need	
140	Enforcement	rules to enforce	Molokai
	Enforcement	Is this for new communities or existing?	Molokai
	Enforcement	What are the larger problems the existing communities are having?	Molokai
		HHC take the responsibility to enforce the rules not the association	
143	Enforcement	make the rules part of the lease	Molokai
145		Parkingassociation can work with County to deal with those issues	
111	Enforcement	follow up	Molokai
		PMKKwho is collecting funds?/where?/how?/why? What are the	
		common areas? Who is management company? We need to know	
1/5	Enforcement	this first.	Kauai
145		Q: Is DHHL deciding not to take responsibility for enforcement of	
		DCCRs and letting associations do it themselves?	
		A: We are late to the game but rules would lay out steps for	
		consitency from community to community; e.g. cultural valueswe	
116	Enforcement	want the rules to be appropriate to HHL	Kauai
140		Q: Are all DCCRs different?	Ruuur
117	Enforcement	A: yes	Kauai
147	Linorcement	Q: Board manages/directs management company. The association can	
1 1 0	Enforcement	fire the management company if they're not working out.	Kauai
148	Emorcement	C: PMKK reduced dues to minimalsmall common areas for now;	Kauai
1 4 0	Enforcement		Kauai
149	Enforcement	might go up later if bigger/more common areas	Naual
		Have steps:	
		-Notice: written 30 days to pay with fine	
		-Notice: written 60 days increase fine	K
150	Enforcement	-Notice: written 90 days increase fine	Kauai

	Α	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Q: what is appeal process upon cancellation of lease?	
151	Enforcement	A: There is a contested case process	Kauai
152	Enforcement	Due processletter of correction with time frame	Kauai
		Q: who will enforce? Association can't. DHHL? Not enough staff on	
153	Enforcement	island to enforce	Kauai
		Neighbors can't enforce on neighbors. Need reasonable rules we can	
154	Enforcement	live with. DHHL or management company needs to be the "hammer"	Kauai
		It would be helpful to have examples of current processes. The	
155	Enforcement	association doesn't have power to remove neighbors	Kauai
156	Enforcement	Contested case process can't enforce until we have admin rules	Kauai
157	Enforcement	We don't want to see anyone kicked out for \$500	Kauai
		Give opportunity to pass lease on to another qualified lessee (family	
158	Enforcement	member)	Kauai
		Q: why does there have to be an association? Is there another option?	
		Why these rules necessary? What if we don't have family to pass on	
		to? I don't really understand. Generally, we act with common	
		courtesy. Shouldn't this be an option household by household?	
		A: DCCR's can be changed over time and can evolve over time. Some	
		people like rules to protect, for example, from raising pigs next door,	
159	Enforcement	for safety purposes, to keep value of land up, for quality of life	Kauai
		Q: does PMKK have option to opt out of DCCRs? Unwind the process	
160	Enforcement	and not be a DCCR community?	Kauai
100		Q: Are DCCRs same for all associations? A: No, depends on	Puakukalo,
161	Enforcement	community; may vary. Lease cancellation would be the same	Maui
101		Q: If we're an "orange" can't enforce right now, right? A: Currently,	- Triadi
		yes. Administrative rules could change that so that DHHL can help	Puakukalo,
162	Enforcement	enforce	Maui
102	Linoreement	Q: Does this mean all projects going forward will have DCCCRs? A: No,	Puakukalo,
163	Enforcement	not necessarily	Maui
105			Puakukalo,
161	Enforcement	If you don't follow the rules, then your lease should be cancelled	Maui
104	Linorcement	In Waiehu Kou 3 signed contract between association and lessee.	Maul
		Phase 4 disbanded. 40% delinquency rate right now. DHHL can't	
		enforce now. But with adminstrative rules, you can opt-in. I'm going to	
		recommend we don't opt-in. DHHL doesn't have capacity. We can file	Dueloulu
1.00	F	civil suit but we would rather incentivize vs. becoming the hammer.	Puakukalo,
165	Enforcement	Phase 2 took hammer approach.	Maui
		To opt-in, we would need to provide reporting information to DHHL, if	D
	- - - -	I understand correctly. Also, we may need to be a $501(c)(3)$? Is that	Puakukalo,
166	Enforcement	what they're saying? This is too burdensome on associations.	Maui
			Puakukalo,
167	Enforcement	Associations meant to empower associations	Maui
	_	Currently there is option to have civil action before lease is cancelled. I	Puakukalo,
168	Enforcement	support this.	Maui

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		If you're an orange, DHHL can't currently cancel lease because no	Puakukalo,
69	Enforcement	administrative rules in place. I'm not in favor of hammer approach.	Maui
		IncentivesWaiehu Kou 4if you're fully compliant, you get plot of	Puakukalo,
70	Enforcement	land to do whatever you like, garden, etc.	Maui
		Give options. It causes problems between neighbors to have to	Puakukalo,
71	Enforcement	enforce	Maui
			Puakukalo,
72	Enforcement	Let them know what money is foreducation	, Maui
			Puakukalo,
173	Enforcement	Payment planstill need to pay but over time	Maui
15		Waiehu Kou 4 does not have an association; would like to have an	
		association. Now it is just any kine; we would like to revisit having an	
		association	
		all the young ones no like step in but kupunas would like an	
		association	Puakukalo,
74	Enforcement	needs to come from membership	Maui
/4	Emorcement	We established a collection policy and have a management team, 3rd	iviaui
		person enforce (we had a law firm research and see what power	
		board has). Letters first, we know what each procedure costs (\$50-	
		180); we are sensitive to our neighbors, we use laws but apply with	
		logic, mercy, gracetake case by case by the board; there may be	Puakukalo,
75	Enforcement	extenuating circumstances	Maui
	_	Q: what's effective date for administrative rules?	Puakukalo,
76	Enforcement	A: we need to ask Hokulei	Maui
		My concern is what about the fees, specifics, etcwill these be	
		general and applied to all of us? Or will they be customized base on each individual community?	
		A: DCCRs are applied specific to community and should evolve as	
		community evolves; they can be amended. Assessments depend on	
		size of community and based on common areas. What is common	
1		across all DCCRs would be what options should be in place other than	Puakukalo,
77	Enforcement	lease cancellation	Maui
		Declarant needs to incorporate educating those getting lease during	Maar
		the building of the community so that they are fully aware of DCCRs	Puakukalo
70	Enforcement	by the time they move in	Maui
/0		All community members should be convened and have training before	
70	F a fa va a va a va t		
19	Enforcement	they move in but also get to influence DCCRs	Maui Buakukalo
~~	F uferrerst		Puakukalo,
80	Enforcement	DCCRs should evolve as community changes, they need to change	Maui
			Puakukalo,
81	Enforcement	People sign documents and don't realize what they're agreeing to	Maui
		In contract, people should know there is an existing association and	Puakukalo,
182	Enforcement	they should get bylaws when they sign the lease	Maui

	A	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Beyond orientation, board members need to have real board	
		trainingIf they don't fully understand roles and responsibilities, we	Puakukalo,
183	Enforcement	have screwed up communities (especially around enforcement)	Maui
		Q: What happens to Waiohuli leases awardeddo these DCCRS affect	
		undivided interest awards?	Puakukalo,
184	Enforcement	A: No. They are forming a non-profit and will be governed by bylaws	Maui
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Keaukaha,
185	Enforcement	No enforcement.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
186	Enforcement	3-6 months to become current. Give them a certain time to pay.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
187	Enforcement	First offense, one smaller penalty, then 2nd, 3rd it gets tougher.	Hilo
	Enforcement	Take money from the budget to pay dues.	Keaukaha,
100	Linoicement	Take money nom the budget to pay dues.	Keaukana,
		DCCPs should be in alignment with native howaiian values and	Kapukaha
100	Enforcement	DCCRs should be in alignment with native hawaiian values - not	Keaukaha, Hilo
189	Enforcement	working for the way we live.	
100		Criminal to cancel leasees if they don't pay assessment. There should	Keaukaha,
190	Enforcement	be help for them.	Hilo
	F C .		Keaukaha,
191	Enforcement	Enforcement of rules that aren't right for native Hawaiians is wrong.	Hilo
	_	Why have people paying the homeowners association when the	Keaukaha,
192	Enforcement	money should go to the trust? HHCA is what we should follow.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
193	Enforcement	Don't want O'ahu people coming here and telling us what to do.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
194	Enforcement	Fees in Laiopina are high- causing hakaka.	Hilo
		What about fixed income? Any drastic increase could impact them.	Keaukaha,
195	Enforcement	Limit the amount of increase.	Hilo
		How can you take lease away for non-payment of dues if everything	Keaukaha,
196	Enforcement	else is ok?	Hilo
		Like idea of getting everyone involved- self-policing- association helps	Keaukaha,
197	Enforcement	everyone correct problems.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
198	Enforcement	Warning, then fines.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
199	Enforcement	Reasonable time period, every 30 days.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
200	Enforcement	Put money into an escrow account.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
201	Enforcement	Concerned about how often dues are increased.	Hilo
		Other issues besides dwelling units not being paid? Ex. Cars on streets,	
202	Enforcement	etc.	Kona
202		Proposed rules? Are there existing rules that govern DCCRs? People	NUIIa
	[nfore-re-	already past due. Not fair that those in compliance subsidizing those	Kon-
203	Enforcement	not. Who is supposed to enforce?	Kona

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
.04	Enforcement	How does board communicate with community?	Kona
		Shock and disappointment to hear that people agree with cancelling	
		leases for non-compliance suggestion: Find away to help- e.g.	
		repayment plan as a last ditch effort. Shouldn't kick people out right	
205	Enforcement	off the bat- department mission is to house Hawaiians.	Kona
206	Enforcement	Why isn't DHHL stepping in to enforce?	Kona
		Rules will hopefully allow DHHL to enforce, however communities	
207	Enforcement	must opt in to rules.	Kona
		Association board has authority to enforce payment of dues?	
208	Enforcement	Association has 1st authority to enforce.	Kona
		Struggle w/ DCCRs now 18 years later finding out that department	
		could not help enforce. Frustrating. Cart before the horse. On our own	
		to enforce against neighbors. Not fair that some pay while others	
209	Enforcement	don't.	Kona
		Lease cancellation for non-compliance is a good idea. Effective and	
210	Enforcement	fair.	Kona
	Enforcement	Just like any other bill. Responsibility for homeowners.	Kona
		Who is responsible for developing rules? Rules being made by people	
		not living there. This should change- awardees sign to accept DCCRs	
212	Enforcement	without even reading them first.	Kona
		La'i Opua DCCRs already made, there would be more ownership of	
		rules if lessees involved in rulemaking. Hawaiians with opportunity to	
213	Enforcement	live there making rules.	Kona
		Problem is no one comes to association meetings. Which would allow	
214	Enforcement	changes/votes to be made. People are complacent.	Kona
	Enforcement	Could it be that Board is disconnected? Can they be more accessible?	Kona
	Enforcement	Who elects board? People need to be present to vote?	Kona
	Enforcement	Plan non-threatening event. Meet people's needs.	Kona
<u> </u>		Need to address/create a process for talking story with neighbors	Konu
218	Enforcement	where privacy isn't violated To find out circumstances.	Honolulu
	Enforcement	Need 3rd party to assist with enforcement- like DHHL.	Honolulu
219		Ability to kick off crappy association president that acts as a barrier to	Tionolaia
		getting things done (non-profit law applies here)- in the government	
າວດ	Enforcement	documents.	Honolulu
220	Linorcement	No nepotism with choices of property management company- avoid	nonoidid
771	Enforcement	conflict of interest.	Honolulu
221	Linorcement	Charge daily fees for violations and have fee come back into	nonolulu
		community. This has to be transparent in the reporting from property	 If you may a major many set of you may a major man Here a major many set of you may a major many set of you many
	Enforcement		Honolulu
222	Enforcement	management company.	טווטווטנו
	F	Are you comforatable with everyone in the community knowing your	Honelulu
223	Enforcement	business? This has to be clear at the outset.	Honolulu
	F . f	Currently only HHC is authorized to cancel lease. Hearing before	11
224	Enforcement	hearing officer. Time from start to finish can vary.	Honolulu

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Kalawahine- 2 Committees- Design Committee (within association)>	
		DHHL, worked well. Management specialists- annual assessment;	
225	Enforcement	management specialists would pursue violations.	Honolulu
226	Enforcement	Someone to monitor and enforce- not neighbor to neighbor.	Honolulu
		Create a fair process with time between notice of violation and next	
		step so there is an opportunity to correct violation (also for evidence	
227	Enforcement	gathering if we are taking it to HHC).	Honolulu
		Ho'oponopono- opportunity to help fellow lessees (these are previous	
228	Enforcement	assets).	Honolulu
		A process for the community to come together to support individuals	
229	Enforcement	who need help.	Honolulu
225		A representative in community to talk with people who are in	nonoidid
220	Enforcement	violation.	Honolulu
250		We need to know who our neighbors are and help them. But also	nonolulu
		respect privacy issues, we need to have insight into issues but also	
224	Enforcement		Hanalulu
231		know limits of sharing info.	Honolulu
	Enforcement	As new people move into community who weren't there when	
232	Enforcement	established, it can be challenging- they might not be as engaged.	Honolulu
		Create projects within community that could incentivize participation	
		(e.g. clean up river, help kokua neighbors). Would be different for	
233	Enforcement	each community.	Honolulu
		How do you come up with monthly assessment? Answer: Depends on	
	Enforcement	activities community wants- \$ ÷ by # of leases	Honolulu
235	Enforcement	A mediation process for disputes (alternative dispute resolution).	Honolulu
		Warnings sent but informal process to talk story first and see if it can	
236	Enforcement	be resolved. As more warnings given, less flexibility.	Honolulu
		Association could step in to help, but we'd need to have some rules	
	Enforcement	about how much authority association would have.	Honolulu
238	Enforcement	Requires support to enforce- need to be enforceable DCCRs.	Honolulu
239	Enforcement	How many enforcement officers does DHHL have?	Honolulu
		Letters (board first, then attorney sends). How long do you do this	
240	Enforcement	before you enforce?	Kapolei
		Grant or other financial assistance for families who might be unable to	
241	Enforcement	pay temporarily	Kapolei
242	Enforcement	HRS 514B tells you what steps you/association can take	Kapolei
		May depend on whether we are "apples" or "oranges"When lessee	
		changes out and property manager doesn't know, makes it hard for	
243	Enforcement	them to enforce	Kapolei
-		DHHL could have classes on this topichelp each other to learn (how	
244	Enforcement	to read the documents)	Kapolei
		Some people feel DCCRs are too restrictive, others feel it helps keep	
		the property nice and values up. Note: you are signing an agreement;	
245	Enforcement	don't sign if it doesn't work for you!	Kapolei
	Enforcement	Need neighbors to be more harmonious	Kapolei
	Enforcement	Continuing education	
241	Linoicement		Kapolei

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Our board was given DCCRs but now we are working on	
		modifying/amending them (e.g. use of garage as living area	
248	Enforcement	prohibited)	Kapolei
		Technical assistance, financial literacy, and outreach to lessee about	
249	Enforcement	their particular situation and work with them	Kapolei
		Part of VOKAdifferent situations	
		if dues aren't paid to VOKA, DHHL "makes whole"	
		homestead associationsif dues aren't paid, DHHL doesn't pay for	
		that	
250	Enforcement	*this is an issue we need to talk about	Kapolei
		In documents for Maluohai, it says if we don't pay fees, we can be	
251	Enforcement	taken to contested case hearing	Kapolei
		Can DHHL look for other options to support lessees if they have	
		circumstances that provent them from paying? Not imposing non-	
252	Enforcement	Hawaiian agencies/rules on us, which further disempowers us	Kapolei
253	Enforcement	When you sign your lease, you agree to certain termscontractual	Kapolei
		Have a noncompliance "court" assistance; some associations take care	
254	Enforcement	of this	Kapolei
		Come together as a community to resolve differences; how hard is it	
		to discuss issues? Instead of fees, courts, penalties, etcmany people	
		move to Hawaiian Home Lands because they have financial	
		challenges/issuesa more informal way to resolve and help each	
255	Enforcement	other	Kapolei
		Be allowed to explore other ways; otherwise just distancing native	
256	Enforcement	Hawaiians from empowerment	Kapolei
		In some circumstances, 75% of community follows rules but 25%	
		doesn't, it is challengingwe try to talk with them but they have	
257	Enforcement	different priorities	Kapolei
		When unexpected challenges occur, talk with VOKA (Kaupea example)	
258	Enforcement	and figure out how to work with lessee to make a plan	Kapolei
		Kaupea deals with DHHL and VOKA (puts number of violations per	
259	Enforcement	community into newsletter)	Kapolei
		Nanakuli doesn't have association and DCCRssometimes I wish we	
		had some rules to help with community pride (keep clean, etc) and	
		help each otherwould like to have some rules community would	
	Enforcement	abide by	Kapolei
261	Enforcement	We want to see what's being done with our dues	Kapolei
		Community association is an additional expense and someone is	.,
262	Enforcement	mandating what I can/can't doI don't see the benefit	Kapolei
		With association, we can give lessees leewaycommunity is different	12 . I.I
263	Enforcement	in how they deal with violations	Kapolei
		Some "body" that oversees/inspects for violations hard when	1/
264	Enforcement	neighbors have to police other neighbors	Kapolei
	Needed common		
265	areas	Community center/communtiy garden	Molokai

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
	Needed common		
266	areas	Garbage fees	Molokai
	Needed common		
267	areas	Maintenance of landscapes	Molokai
	Needed common		
268	areas	Parks	Molokai
	Needed common		
269	areas	Open space for parking (boats, etc.)	Molokai
	Needed common		
270	areas	Play yard	Molokai
	Needed common		
271	areas	Gathering place	Molokai
	Needed common		
272	areas	TheaterMolokai style	Molokai
	Needed common		
	areas	Park	Molokai
	Needed common		
	areas	Weight room	Molokai
	Needed common		
1	areas	Community center	Molokai
	Needed common		Wielekai
1 1	areas	Kitchen	Molokai
270	Needed common		MOIORAI
277	areas	Exercise walkway	Molokai
	Needed common		WOOKAI
	areas	Concerns with liabilityno common areas	Molokai
	Needed common		WOOKAI
		Park boautification, work with County to share casts for maintenance	Malakai
	areas	Parkbeautification; work with County to share costs for maintenance	моюка
	Needed common	Streem	
280	areas	Stream	Molokai
	Needed common	Community contor	Malaket
	areas	Community center	Molokai
	Needed common		N de le le la la
282	areas	Ball field	Molokai
	Needed common		
	areas	Playground for kids	Molokai
	Needed common		
	areas	Park with a community center and kitchen	Kauai
	Needed common	Park and playground (can be passive parkdoesn't need community	
285	areas	center)	Kauai
		Small park for kids to play and sports (baseball, soccer, basketball) and	
	Needed common	neighborhood center. We understand these require upkeep. Look at	
	areas	military model-3rd party contract for enforcement	Kauai
	Needed common		
287	areas	Our ancestors designed villages so that every part had a purpose	Kauai

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
	Needed common	Q: is it worthwhile to have common areas? Do people use? Is it worth	
288	areas	it for the assessments we would have to pay?	Kauai
		Sidewalks, fencingcan add costs to upkeep; we can keep it super	
	Needed common	simple and cost effective or it can be more extravagent; depends on	
289	areas	what the community wants	Kauai
	Needed common	Also maintenance? Community members might have to supplement	
290	areas	do the work	Kauai
	Needed common		
291	areas	Rent out space to others but consider liability issues with this model	Kauai
	Needed common		Puakukalo,
292	areas	Park	Maui
	Needed common	Tree trimming for sidewalks (would like to have voice in what trees	Puakukalo,
293	areas	are planted)	Maui
	Needed common	Community centers (but not saddled on lessees) so maybe separate	Puakukalo,
294	areas	from common areas	Maui
	Needed common		Puakukalo,
295	areas	Abandoned vehicles (county) removal	Maui
		Money should be focused on common good of community programs,	
	Needed common	etc. Not always physical space. All our money goes to paying insurance	Puakukalo,
296	areas	on these small strips of grass	Maui
		Waiehu Kou 1, 2, 3, 4no coomunity centers; no place for kids to run	
	Needed common	and play; they have to run in bushes and road. We need recreation	Puakukalo,
297	areas	area for kids.	Maui
		Q: who owns land between 3 and 4, Kope Gulch? Can we acquire for	
		community center? For playground? Maybe otherside of the highway?	
		No building because would require flood insurance. What about a	
		basketball court?	
		A: Under FEMA, it's a 100 year flood zone. Liability for that would be	
		on HHL trust. When we had to develop the area, high water mark and	
		Federal requirementsif it gets blocked, water could flood Waiehu	
		Kou 3. We were trying to make it pono with a process for folks to ask	
	Needed common	DHHL to use it but with proposal and would hold harmless clause and	Puakukalo,
298	areas	have insurance.	Maui
		Q: what about in front of Waiehu Kou 2?	
	Needed common	A: drainage area; DHHL looked at filling it up and building more houses	
	areas	but iwi are all around the area and it's needed as a retention basin	Maui
	Needed common	Something needs to be done with heavy rains, it gets crazy. There has	Puakukalo,
300	areas	to be consideration re: drainage	Maui
	Needed common		Puakukalo,
301	areas	Q: what about a training centerskills training for community?	Maui
	Needed common		Puakukalo,
302	areas	In our community, people who use the facility pay	Maui
	Needed common	Parksviable area, not flood zone. There should always be land for	Puakukalo,
303	areas	parks	Maui

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Note: I don't think DHHL should make DCCR communities because it	
	Needed common	isn't culturally appropriate. We are all individuals, it is difficult to apply	Puakukalo,
304	areas	general rules to everyone.	Maui
	Needed common		Puakukalo,
305	areas	Community should get to decide it's own rules.	Maui
	Needed common	Community center should be up to the community. There are grants	Puakukalo,
306	areas	available.	Maui
	Needed common	Area for parking. Fees would be covered by monthly assessment	Puakukalo,
307	areas	(administered by association)	Maui
	Needed common	Incorporating Hawaiian valuesactivitiesan area where we can meet	
308	areas	to do these things. (cultural practices have been changing over time)	Kapolei
	Needed common		
309	areas	Sidewalks (whose kuleana are they? DHHL?)	Kapolei
	Needed common		
310	areas	Green area and trees	Kapolei
	Needed common	Community garden to grow kaloalso where people could unite,	napolei
311	areas	meet, for keiki to connect to aina	Kapolei
511	Needed common		Rupolei
212	areas	Park for kids to come together	Kapolei
512	Needed common		Rupolei
212	areas	Community imu	Kapolei
212	Needed common		каронен
214		Strong leadershipin context of communitywhat works best	Kanalai
514	areas Needed common	Strong leadershipin context of communitywhat works best	Kapolei
215		Having a park for the kids	Kanalai
315	areas	Having a park for the kids	Kapolei
210	Needed common	Community center and office for associationand come together for	Kanala:
316	areas	meetings and classes	Kapolei
		Only lessees should be able to commentother perspective is	
~	Needed common	sometimes spouse who should have a say since they're payingbut	
317	areas	can't vote	Kapolei
	Needed common		
318	areas	Neighborhood policing	Kapolei
		Multi-family homes is a slippery slopeit may lead to being the only	
319	Other	thing offered-not the original intent of the trust	Kauai
		The more options there are, the more requirements on the lessee	
		who might want simple property to grow kalo, etc., like original intent.	
		Ag award not done on Kauai in 30 years. Why? A: If you're on the	
		residential list, you'll get those offers. Our Chairman is working on ag	
		awards, subsistence ag; 3 acre lots, starting in Honomu on Hawaii	
320	Other	Island	Kauai
		Q: why pilot program? Why not on Kauai already? A: we have land on	
321	Other	Hawaii Island. Don't have staff capacity currently.	Kauai
		Q: Kalawahine case, 207.5 controls. A: different interpretations of	
222	Other	sections of the HHCA	Kauai

	Α	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Can we get DHHL to buy-out the telephone company? We have junk	Puakukalo,
323	Other	phone service right now.	Maui
		Develop training curriculum so that lessees can become property	Puakukalo,
324	Other	managers	Maui
		Q: What are the reserve sections in rules?	
		A: Reserve sections can be used to add new sections in the future.	
		Basically, if it turns out later that we forgot something or	
		circumstances require something totally new, we can use the reserve	Puakukalo,
325	Other	sections to amend and add the new stuff.	Maui
			Keaukaha,
326	Other	Don't do DCCR's - don't like.	Hilo
		Need examples- a model of what DCCR's look like. We don't know	Keaukaha,
227	Other	enough to say.	Hilo
		Don't like accepting DCCR communities (apples) just to keep	Keaukaha,
220	Other	surrounding property values high.	Hilo
520	Other	Not starting at the beginning- why are we talking about something	Keaukaha,
220	Othor	that shouldn't have been allowed to happen.	Hilo
329	Other		Keaukaha,
	Other	Applies to other types of leases with larger late?	Hilo
330	Other	Applies to other types of leases with larger lots?	
			Keaukaha,
331	Other	It's an insult.	Hilo
		DHHL should provide families with financial challenges with help -	Keaukaha,
332	Other	someone from the office to help. (101 Financial)	Hilo
		Where is the money from the shopping centers? We should all have	
		nice homes? Our houses are falling down. Arizona houses. DHHL not	Keaukaha,
333	Other	helping us.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
334	Other	Where's the money for Panaewa + Keaukaha?	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
335	Other	Need more self-help programs, where families help each other.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
336	Other	Partner with habitat for humanity - blitz homes.	Hilo
		Why is revenue from Walmart etc. filtering back to build lots +	Keaukaha,
337	Other	homes? Infrastructure?	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
338	Other	Our families not supposed to be living in chicken coops.	Hilo
			Keaukaha,
339	Other	Purpose of HHCA is to rehabilitate native Hawaiians. Purpose of Act.	Hilo
		· · ·	Keaukaha,
340	Other	Can we get copies of other communities comments?	Hilo
		Kuleana fits the concept of 'Aina Ho'opulapula- lots of wait listers out	Keaukaha,
2∕11	Other	there- need to help.	Hilo
ı 4 ر			Keaukaha,
- 4	Othor	But nowarnaint an wahrita	Hilo
542	Other	Put powerpoint on website.	UIII

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Clarify what is acquired vs. created.	
		It refers to how the land parcel was acquired and the DCCRs	
343	Other	established.	Kona
		Would like to know how many unts DHHL actually has/can turn	
344	Other	around and in what timeframe? Really	Honolulu
		Can someone grow and or use pakalolo on lot (for medical reasons)?	
345	Other	Answer: Special circumstances re: medical marijuana	Honolulu
		What will you learn from (SDU) pilot? Do with information	
		found/learned?	
346	Other	A: need rules firstwill try to work out kinks	Molokai
		Q: You're working on administrative rules and we're recipients of the	
		Act, when we give information, will it lead to actual changes?	
		A: Yes. Each round of rulemaking we've done, we've made changes	
		based on beneficiary input. It is a balance tho, between beneficiary	
		input and what DHHL has to factor in as a matter of law and policy.	
		For example, we did consultation for water rules last year and we	
		asked beneficiaries if you're delinquent on paying your water bill,	
		what should the department do other than shutting off your water.	
		Beneficiaries on Molokai suggested making payment in ways other	
		than cash, like with produce from their farms. The HHC agreed to try	
		but only up to 5% of the unpaid amount can be paid through goods or	Lahaina,
347		services. The rule was changed because of the consultation process.	Maui
		Q: When you make amendments, do we have a say, again?	
		A: Yes, you can get involved. There's a section in the rules that	Lahaina,
348		describe how amendments can be submitted.	Maui
		Q: Other meetings sometimes they come with decisions already	
		made; they're only there because it's required by law. Is this like that?	Lahaina,
349		A: No. We want to take your input and actually do something with it.	Maui
		Q: Leialii is an "apple"/DHHL acquired DCCR. Because Kalawahine	
		lawsuit took so long, DHHL hasn't helped us. Is the department willing	
		to help us in court cases with folks who aren't paying dues?	
		A: Once the rules are in place, DHHL will be able to help enforce the	
		CCRs but we can't help the DCCR communities until the adminsitrative	Lahaina,
350		rules are in place	Maui
		Q: Will you help with the financial partthe court cases, etc.?	
		A: The draft rules say the association must try to collect first but after	Lahaina,
351		that process, the association can come to DHHL for help	Maui
		Q: So you're saying there weren't any rules in place before? That's	
		absurd!	
		A: Correctthere were no administrative rules for DCCRs because	
		there were two interpretations of how to implement sections in the	
		Act related to housing development. Kalawahine clarified those	Lahaina,
352		questions.	Maui

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Where do you come in? We need the help, financial help and	
		enforcement help, and back up! We don't control the leases. But we	
		have to take legal action and we have to foot the bill. We can only go	Lahaina,
53		so far. We don't want to have to do this.	Maui
		You should have someone from Hawaiian Homes come out every few	Lahaina,
54		months and check on conditions of homes and yards. That would help.	
		Before, we had no input. We were just told what to do. It is good to	
		have this opportunity now, but how long do we have to wait for help?	
		A: Princess Kahanu was first DCCR community. The department	
		instituted because it seemed like a good idea at the time to increase	
		the value of the homes and community. It is helpful to hear now what	Lahaina.
55		wasn't done right so we can address it.	Maui
		Q: Why do we need an association?	Lahaina,
56		A: To help make sure the rules are adhered to	Maui
50		Hawaiian Homes is not doing its duty to support beneficiaries. You just	
57		make it and drop us.	Maui
57		Create a special department to make loans to us. We don't qualify at	Lahaina,
58		outside institutions	Maui
-00		Your DCCRs are not made for the Hawaiian people. It's for the people	IVIGUI
		living around us. Not in alignment with our values. You're looking at	
		expanding and putting in particular neighborhoods. You can't tell us	
		you're doing it for the Hawaiians; it's not increasing the property value	Lahaina
- 0		for us. Our houses are depreciating.	Maui
59		The rules aren't made for the people who are going to occupy the	IVIAUI
		property.	
		A: You can amend the DCCRs and should amend them to make sense	Lahaina,
~		for your community's needs.	Maui
60			IVIAUI
		When we got our leases, the book with rules was there but many	Labaina
~ 1		people never opened it. It's those folks' fault for not reading but	Lahaina, Maui
51		maybe they can't read as well. We need to help them understand.	IVIAUI
		What you need is to provide money. HHL doesn't have anything.	
		You're putting in all these subdivisions but many people are not going	
		to live there. They would go the bushes. You have to think as the	
		department how to build in those areas and make communities where	
		these people want to live. What do we really know about design	
		guidelines? No HRS that says HHL have to get regulations from the	
		county (e.g., electricitywhy not do your own power on your own	Lahaina,
52		lands)	Maui
		The designs of these houses are terrible. E.g., garage is bigger than the	
63		living room. Who designed these?	Maui
			Lahaina,
64		Leialiithey squished houses on the lots	Maui
		There's a real problem. It took Hawaiians to sue the state to get even	
		the \$1 HHL has. Not enough. No wonder you can't help. We need to	Lahaina,
65		get more money from ceded lands.	Maui

.

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Q: Why do we need an association?	
		A: You're a planned community.	
		C: I didn't know we were a planned community. You're forcing us to	
		follow a lot of rules.	Lahaina,
366		A: Association is a powerful toolyou can work to change DCCRs	Maui
		Park for the children. Can DHHL get it from the statework together	Lahaina,
367		to get an exchange of land.	Maui
		With Hawaian Homes, there's no choice. What if I don't want to be in	
		a planned community? Planned communities have gates, this is an	Lahaina,
368		"American style" thing.	Maui
		Number of people at meetings is dwindling over time. We're aging.	
		We don't want our grandchildren to inherit all these problems, e.g.,	
		what are we paying for perimeter wall? Shouldn't be lessees, should	Lahaina,
369		be DHHLs	Maui
		If there was no association, would DHHL take care? No, they wouldn't	
		do anything. When people don't pay, we put a lien on them. They	And any second se
		shouldn't be kicked out; we're not kicking them out. I don't need an	Lahaina,
370		association; I don't need someone telling me how to live.	Maui

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
	Housing options &	Multi-family: older children lives with can take advantage to pass	
2	affordability	to children	Molokai
	Housing options &		
3	affordability	Kupuna move into housing has to give up and succeed to children	Molokai
	Housing options &		
4	affordability	I like rent to own	Molokai
	Housing options &		
5	affordability	Rental: first priority should be the Hawaiians	Molokai
	Housing options &	Should be subsidized. Ex: Kalae USDA rents around \$100, that's	
6	affordability	good	Molokai
	Housing options &		
7	affordability	Waitlist should be a priority for every listfirst priority	Molokai
	Housing options &		
8	affordability	One on list should be able to get first	Molokai
	Housing options &		· · · · ·
9	affordability	Target the waitlist	Molokai
	Housing options &		
10	affordability	Rent towards homeownership	Molokai
	Housing options &	Senior center kupuna apartments during Gov Cayetano's	
11	affordability	administration	Molokai
	Housing options &	Q: does DHHL have rules for selling their homes? Because how	
12	affordability	will multi-family be treated?	Molokai
	Housing options &		
13	affordability	Keeping things affordable as it affects the affordability	Molokai
	Housing options &	Follow the lease who qualifies and educate those on the list to	
14	affordability	buy a house	Molokai
	Housing options &	Administrative rules: put in that you cannot transfer lease and	
15	affordability	keep unit affordable even in transfers	Molokai
	Housing options &	Rule by DHHL purchase house but cannot sell for a certain	
16	affordability	number of years	Molokai
	Housing options &		
17	affordability	Rent-50% on the list then 25% next (grandchildren) AGREE	Molokai
	Housing options &		
18	affordability	Q: Kupuna housingwhy didn't it work? 15 years	Kauai
		Should not just be restricted to DHHL. Homestead associations	
		that are 501(c)(3)s and housing authorities, we should have best	
		interests of community in mind. We can do it for less. We can	
	Housing options &	bring the products to people in an affordable way. Need to allow	
19	affordability	us to sit at the table and help. You're taking too long.	Kauai
		We have products that plenty people would appreciate but we	
		can't even talk about it. Instead of saying "should <u>DHHL</u> ," can we	
	Housing options &	say "Should DHHL and native Hawaiian organizations and	
20	affordability	authorities and NPOs together do multi-family housing?"	Kauai

	A	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Q: How does this idea fit in with HHCA-99 year leases at the rate	
		of \$1? A 99 year lease on an apartment? A: Not quite as simple	
	Housing options &	with multi-family units. DHHL has to consider how it would work.	
21	affordability	Some folks do want condo/apartment options. Younger folks.	Kauai
	Housing options &	Allow other types of construction: tiny homes; container; 3D	Paukukalo,
22	affordability	printsuper affordable; pre-fab50% up for materials	Maui
	Housing options &	· ·	Paukukalo,
3	affordability	Cost of containers: 12x20 size; 12x40 size	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
4	affordability	Banks not financing on DHHL; in house with stipulations	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
5	affordability	DHHL should develop their own financing	Maui
-	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
6	affordability	Get legislature	Maui
-	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
7	affordability	What happened to the self-help program? Owner builder?	Maui
. 1	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
8	affordability	Train homesteaders	Maui
0	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
9	affordability	Where is program for Big Island and Oahu?	Maui
9	•	Using DHHL, stick to mandate for our people first. Pre-rental and	Paukukalo,
~	Housing options &		Maui
0	affordability	pre-ownership financial literacy	
	Housing options &	Condexing the list first	Paukukalo,
1	affordability	Go down the list first	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
2	affordability	DHHL offers three times, no responses, placed of deferred list	Maui
	Housing options &	Called Oahu DHHL for change for Kihei, on list for a long time, no	Paukukalo,
3	affordability	address change, house built in 1968, number was up there.	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
4	affordability	Qualifying for DHHL incubation center to prepare	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
5	affordability	Affordable housing doesn't work on Maui	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
6	affordability	HUD guidelines do not work; DHHL should have its own	Maui
		Vertical, who can afford that?	
	Housing options &	Public-private partnership; look at community development	Paukukalo,
7	affordability	corporation	Maui
		"Big houses" is that what we're going to be?	
	Housing options &	DCCR should come into "big houses"	Paukukalo,
8	affordability	Families with kupuna at home with medical assistance	Maui
	Housing options &	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Paukukalo,
9	affordability	Fill up vacant lots	Maui
_	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
0	affordability	You can put storage on agriculture lots	Maui

Administrative Rules BC Transcribed Meeting Notes

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		DHHL purchase existing houses	
		Need more "kupuna housing" include medical assisted	
		Improvement to existing houses of kupunas like mow yards,	
	Housing options &	ADA access, assist homestead associations, DHHL to help ADA	Paukukalo,
41	affordability	compliance	Maui
	Housing options &	Training along lines of assisted purchase properties to expand	Paukukalo,
42	affordability	inventory	Maui
	Housing options &	DHHL options: money makingwhy don't we generate income to	Paukukalo,
43	affordability	get native Hawaiians on the land	Maui
	Housing options &	5	Paukukalo,
44	affordability	Put on house lot, don't want "ghetto"	Maui
<u> </u>	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
45	affordability	Build townhouses for families they are beautiful	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
46	affordability	Do organic farm then sue them aftersorry	
40			Maui
47	Housing options &	Is DHHL going to open Waiehu Kou IV? Do we have any more	Paukukalo,
47	affordability	land?	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
48	affordability	Need community center	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
49	affordability	DHHL has to acquire more land	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
50	affordability	Take that mac nut farm and do something with itPURCHASE	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
51	affordability	We need water, see if we can take that back	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
52	affordability	Should not supercede Royal Order	Maui
	Housing options &		Paukukalo,
53	affordability	Drill our own well for water	Maui
	Housing options &	Financing, monies have to come from our own, not borrow from	
54	affordability	outside	Lahaina, Maui
	Housing options &		
55	affordability	Based on income for kupuna housing	Lahaina, Maui
	Housing options &	DHHL moving at a snail's pace, it's frustrating. DHHL should have	
56	affordability	built 2,000 houses	Lahaina, Maui
	Housing options &	Hawaiian-owned companies should bid for these jobs. Create job	Lanana, Maar
57	affordability	opportunities for them to bid	Lahaina, Maui
57	Housing options &		Lanania, Iviaui
F 0		Dent te europeene in Keneleij	Kaauluska Ilila
58	affordability	Rent to own was success in Kapolei?	Keaukaha, Hilo
		\$212,000 mortgage in Keaukaha- all built by student and other	
_	Housing options &	free labor. How is that? (Answer: Davis bacon nothing to do with	
59	affordability	us)	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Housing options &		
60	affordability	Affordable what you're able to pay	Keaukaha, Hilo

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
	Housing options &		
61	affordability	DHHL supplement kupuna, it would help.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Why didn't DHHL step in and help us? In order to have Hawaiian	
	Housing options &	home lands you have to have lots of money. Self help/no interest	
62	affordability	rate/no down payument/ see never awarded that.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Housing options &		
63	affordability	Rent to own good idea. Like idea and village up there is waiting.	Kona
		How was the credit in Kapolei, single family?	
		A: Has been successful. A: 85 families converted after 15 years.	
	Housing options &	Took time and why DHHL did it. Lots of families couldn't do it.	
64	affordability	Learning process renters differ prospective than owner.	Kona
		Where did that take place?	
	Housing options &	A: Kapolei. Lots comes down to financial stacking private	
65	affordability	developer. Negotiating with developer to make rents affordable.	Kona
	Housing Options &		
66	Affordability	Is DHHL planning Kupuna Housing?	Kona
	Housing Options &		
67	Affordability	Location- Waimanalo project too far out.	Kona
	Housing Options &	Transportation- Kupuna can't drive. Waimanalo project was a	
68	Affordability	"BIG DOWNER."	Kona
	Housing Options &	Duplex housing. Good planning. Need to know. Meetings and	
69	Affordability	picture wasn't what it was.	Kona
	Housing Options &		
70	Affordability	10741 Rental Housing offer?	Kona
<u> </u>	Housing Options &		
71	Affordability	Whole thing needs to be revised. People need to know.	Kona
	Housing options &		
72	affordability	Is rental parameters included?	Kona
	Housing options &	Not included and should have been verified and included prior to	
73	affordability	not after.	Kona
		"Piggy-back" Palolo Valley 1970 Program, if you paid rent, state	
	Housing options &	would provide extra to family so they can move up to another	
74	affordability	house.	Honolulu
	Housing options &		
75	affordability	Rent-to-own Maluohai model is good.	Honolulu
	Housing options &		
76	affordability	Multi-family units would keep it more affordable.	Honolulu
	Housing options &		
77	affordability	Rent-to-own model is good. Do that more.	Honolulu
<u> </u>	Housing Options &		
78	Affordability	My siblings live with me. I have good credit. They do not.	Honolulu
	Housing Options &	Issue for lots of families is that they do not qualify for mortgage.	
79	Affordability	Rent-to-own good solution.	Honolulu
	Housing Options &		\
80	Affordability	Why doesn't DHHL give out loans at lower interest? 3%	Honolulu

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
	Housing Options &		
81	Affordability	Do more rent-to-own on Oahu. Jobs are here.	Honolulu
		I was a renter and luck to get turn key house. It was a struggle but	
	Housing options &	I got to understand the federal government rules and it worked	
82	affordability	for us at Hoolimalima	Kapolei
	Housing options &		
83	affordability	Tiny homes	Kapolei
	Housing options &	7	£
84	affordability	Why does it have to be SDU, why not tiny homes?	Kapolei
	Housing options &	Rapid changes have taken place. I'm from Nanakuli and the	
85	affordability	beauty of the place has changed from when I was a child	Kapolei
	Housing options &	Not paying for infrastructure, return to DHHL instead of selling	
86	affordability	and making profits. It should go to next one on the list.	Kapolei
	Housing options &		
87	affordability	Has DHHL ever considered pre-fabricated houses?	Kapolei
	Housing options &	DHHL should purchase existing buildings and renovate for	
88	affordability	beneficiaires	Kapolei
	Housing options &	Compare to cost of preparing structure. DHHL might purchase.	
89	affordability	There are a lot of buildings out there	Kapolei
	Housing options &	RV's, trailers with nice parts to consider that. Like a trailer park.	-
90	affordability	Affordable cost.	Kapolei
	Housing options &		-
91	affordability	Building close to rail, kupuna can give up cars and visit family	Kapolei
·	Housing options &		•
92	affordability	Is there a height restriction along the rail?	Kapolei
	Housing options &	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
93	affordability	Ownership, condo style to buy in (design) people can buy in	Kapolei
		I want to be able to buy fee simple, what can DHHL do? Oahu has	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Housing options &	least amount of land. Look at DHHL to help applicants to get into	
94	affordability	a home that's affordable	Kapolei
	Housing options &		•
95	affordability	DHHL give financial help to buy a home	Kapolei
	Housing options &		•
96	affordability	Would that mean I would get off the DHHL waiting list?	Kapolei
	Housing options &	Don't go with tiny homes, it's not acceptable. DHHL has land,	•
97	affordability	should have homes	Kapolei
	, Housing options &	All individual choice, there should be options to housing by	
98	affordability	beneficiary choice	Kapolei
	Housing options &	Is there a vision of rehabilitated state? Have a conversation with	•
99	affordability	beneficiaries about vision of rehabilitation	Kapolei
	Housing options &	Financial advising. Kupuna can't afford to get house but they're	
100	affordability	still on the waiting list so a small house can be an option	Kapolei
	Housing options &		
101	affordability	An option should be a house that's affordable	Kapolei
.01			Nupulu

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
	Housing options &		
02	affordability	Is more land available to get a lot? Option to get a bigger lot	Kapolei
	Housing options and	Disagree with getting lease and turning around and selling. It's a	
03	affordability	privilege. Should not be buying and selling, buying and selling.	Kapolei
	Housing options and		
04	affordability	Should have a 10-15 year period before you can sell.	Kapolei
	Housing options and		
05	affordability	Buying lots to profit and using it to live on aina.	Kapolei
		Yes, should be able to lease, beneficial for financing a house on a	
	Housing options and	lot beause could help the family with equity. Smaller home,	
	affordability	become lessee, and it's a benefit to them	Kapolei
	Housing options and		
	affordability	DHHL can't do any equity on their home	Kapolei
	, Housing options and	Can people give a cultural thing in exchange for rent? Or students	
08	affordability	give back; give freee rent during their studies like a free voucher	Kapolei
	Housing options and		•
	affordability	What was Waimanalo experience?	Kapolei
	Management company	DHHL creates their own management company	Molokai
	Management company		Molokai
	Management company	Create jobs	Molokai
	Management company	Laws not good on our Hawaiian people	Molokai
		DHHL to hire and set the rules for management company to	
14	Management company		Molokai
	indiagenient company	People skills to manage and accounting skills, capability, and	
15	Management company	ALOHA, and compassion	Molokai
	Management company		Molokai
		Be Hawaiian and compatible	Molokai
	Management company		Molokai
	_	Concept of Native Hawaiian managing and in good standing	Molokai
	Management company	Handle overall management	Molokai
	Management company		Molokai
	Management company	Don't get anyone from the mainland. From island where land is.	Kauai
22		Q: If DHHL is landlord, doesn't it have to follow existing rules? A:	
		Nanakuli housing example; DHHL controls land, someone else	
122	Management company	manages	Kauai
25		Q: what if neighborhood association becomes landlord vs DHHL?	Kuuui
		Is this an option or is lease just for individuals? Can DHHL lease to	
		NH beneficiary organization who can then be landlord? How	
24	Managament company		Kauai
24	Management company	שטמות שמותווובא בר שמור: סומונא נמג כובמונא:	Paukukalo,
25	Managamant	Hawaiians should do the management	Maui
125	ivianagement company	Hawaiians should do the management	Paukukalo,
		Freuch finances and a license to de it	
126	ivianagement company	Enough finances and a license to do it	Maui Baukukalo
		Why would DUUL him a management company?	Paukukalo,
127	ivianagement company	Why would DHHL hire a management company?	Maui

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
			Paukukalo,
128	Management company	Bid for property management	Maui
		Waiehu Kou II handles common area fronting homes	Paukukalo,
129	Management company	C	, Maui
	,		Paukukalo,
130	Management company	Broken sprinkler charges to homeowner	Maui
			Paukukalo,
131	Management company	Striping roads	Maui
			Paukukalo,
132	Management company	Speed bumps	Maui
			Paukukalo,
133	Management company	Mowing common areas	Maui
			Paukukalo,
134	Management company	Went after DHHL for vacant lots lack of maintenance	Maui
	management company		Paukukalo,
135	Management company	Association buffers with management company	Maui
	management company	resolution barrers with management company	Paukukalo,
136	Management company	Rentals should be association and more supportive	Maui
150			Paukukalo,
127	Management company	Helps along line of native values	Maui
157			Paukukalo,
120	Management company	Coordinate with DHHL for support on homestead issues	Maui
	Management Company		Keaukaha, Hilo
		Work state/DHHL the get money.	
			Keaukaha, Hilo Keaukaha, Hilo
141	Management Company		Keaukana, Hilo
1 4 2	Managamant Campany	You get 2 landlords, but just adding another layer. Have	Kaauluaha 1111a
		management- other kick them out.	Keaukaha, Hilo
143	Management Company		Keaukaha, Hilo
		Is there evaluation of management company? What is the criteria	12 1 1 1.11
L	Management Company	for selecting.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Management company	No, why hire outside?	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Management company	Habitat for humanities.	Keaukaha, Hilo
147	Management company	If multi-family is build, who is responsible for that complex?	Kapolei
		Is DHHL going to maintain multi-family complex? Is it lessee or	
		renter?	Kapolei
	Management company	DHHL should have their own property management company	Kapolei
	Management company	Years of experience	Kapolei
	Management company	Keep management company honest and engaged with company	Kapolei
152	Management company	Company that has complassion and cares "better one now"	Kapolei
		Why can't DHHL manage their own instead of paying a	
		management company?	Kapolei
154	Management company	Who's going to manage it	Kapolei
155	Management company	Is the department going after federal monies?	Kapolei
		Issues within development should be managed by those living in	
156	Management company	it and oversight by DHHL, with capacity	Kapolei

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Is DHHL going after tax credits?	
157	Management company	not as an agency	Kapolei
		Look for beneficiary owned management company. We have 15	
158	Management company	years to build capacity and instill in communities	Kapolei
159	Management company	Cultural accordance, preserve the culture	Kapolei
	Management Company		
160	Criteria	Has to be some kind of cultural awareness.	Kona
	Management Company	Address people's needs and move faster than molasses on a cold	
161	Criteria	day.	Kona
	Management Company	Hawaiians need to take care of each other. Got to be local in	
162	Criteria	heart.	Kona
	Management Company		
163	Criteria	Who should be responsible?	Kona
	Management Company		
164	Criteria	Management company should work alongside associations.	Honolulu
	Management Company		
165	Criteria	Cultural aspect should come from DHHL.	Honolulu
	Management Company		
166	Criteria	Should be professional.	Honolulu
	Management Company		
167	Criteria	Hawaiian-owned company- prioritize.	Honolulu
	Management Company	Enforcement should come from outside community. Neighbor	
168	Criteria	shouldn't enforce on neighbor.	Honolulu
	Management Company	Be respectful of tenants. Treat tenants well. There is stigma of	
169	Criteria	low-income, they need to treat with respect.	Honolulu
	Management Company	Understand responsibilities of homestead trust operation. Should	
170	Criteria	understand DHHL purpose.	Honolulu
	Management Company		
171	Criteria	A reputable company. Sensitivity to Hawaiian culture.	Honolulu
	Management Company	Would be nice if native Hawaiian owned, but don't know if that	
172	Criteria	exist. Should at least have cultural sensitivity.	Honolulu
	Management Company		
173	Criteria	Experts that understand home loans.	Honolulu
		People that work with the community, good relationship with the	
	Management Company	community. Property management should answer to the board	
174	Criteria	of community.	Honolulu
	Management Company	Management company should have experience in affordable	
175	Criteria	housing management in Hawaii.	Honolulu
		Newsletter on status statewide to beneficiaries/waitlist	
176	Other	applicants	Molokai
177	Other	Need land in Kauai, too. Not only Honomu	Kauai
		Who boards up the houses?	Paukukalo,
178	Other	A: DHHL enforcement or Sheriff's	Maui
		Vacant lot, who can get and what is the process?	Paukukalo,
179	Other	Where are lands?	Maui

	A	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Is it possible on DHHL lands: 20 capable Hawaiians approach land	
		use authority and use emminent domain for Waiehu private	
		lands. Have a coop partner, authority of native Hawaiian	Paukukalo,
180	Other	beneficiaries, a community development entity.	Maui
		Undivided interest? Infrastructure needed for residentialwater,	Paukukalo,
181	Other	sewage, lights, roads are expensive	Maui
		Keokea, Waiohuliadvance notice; DHHL needs to address	Paukukalo,
182	Other	timeline, 1 year	Maui
			Paukukalo,
183	Other	Need to have DHHL enforce the rules	Maui
		DHHL has to look at ways to make money. Get around legislative	
184	Other	rules, make money, Big Money	Lahaina, Maui
	Other	The state controls us too much	Lahaina, Maui
	Other	Rehabilitation process- how does it affect my children?	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Other	Where is DHHL monies going? Got plenty of land.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Other	To finance, is money cmoing from DHHL selling land?	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Other	Nanakuli 2nd road how are they doing?	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Other	Does DHHL have land near resort? Lands close to the jobs.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Other	What is awarded that?	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Other	For each of the lots what island is awarded that.	
192			Keaukaha, Hilo
		Build your own house. Owner builder. Start with studio. Get them	
		on the land. Kit minimum order 25. Homes can withstand 165	1.4 1 1 1.11
193	Other	miles land.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Nice if agency to define what's good for its people. Not HUD	
194	Other	standards.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		DHHL does 50% below & tracked by DHHL, Fed funding does	
195	Other	come into play.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		201 says who you are on land. 50% successors on the land. Don't	
	Other	fiddle with the act.	Keaukaha, Hilo
197	Other	l agree (to comment above).	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Why do they need us? Why didn't you do rules? Can we make	
198	Other	rules?	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Why should we be paying? Give the people free. We deserve free	
		and give us free. Not small kind old timer. Houses from Arizona.	*
	Other	Fix first they need help.	Keaukaha, Hilo
200	Other	Ground zero I have not.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		What is DHHL doing? Was 21 on list now 59. Have one child	
		serving in marines. I'm 75%, have not. You guys too slow. More	
201	Other	money. More staff.	Keaukaha, Hilo
202	Other	Still on waiting list. 38 years, come on, we waiting.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Like to know when you going to come with answers. Work with	
203	Other	judiciary. More rules.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Other	Don't make rules so hard/stiff.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		In Waimanalo, we talked to our council member to address	, - <u>-</u>
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A784.4

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
206	Other	Why not develop in Hau'ula Ko'olau Loa? DHHL no lands there.	Honolulu
		If kupuna wanted to move to kupuna housing how to transfer	
207	Other	home lease to kids?	Honolulu
208	Other	1/32 quantum going to be less than that	Kapolei
209	Other	All these meetings, this last one, do we get a follow up meeting?	Kapolei
		Get a better room and sound system, it's hard to hear, so we	
		don't fight. On these administrative rules, is there a follow up	
210	Other	meeting	Kapolei
	Other	I don't have a computer, how do I get palapala?	Kapolei
		What is the experience of Waimanalo's multi-family? I would like	•
212	Other	to hear lessons learned	Kapolei
	Other	Coming up with rules is so stringent	Kapolei
	Other	Could you bring Waimanalo feedback to us at Kapolei	Kapolei
	Other	If the term is 15 years, what if you want to do it in 10 years?	Kapolei
		Where are we looking possibly doing this? Would it be when the	
216	Other	rules are done that I can come in and get a permit?	Kapolei
	Other	Are we in the process of promulgating these rules?	Kapolei
_ / /		Work from within, get some people who are skilled at property	
218	Property management	management	Lahaina, Maui
_ 10		Management company should be from island, as opposed to the	24114114, 11144
		mainland. Different kind of concepts, understandings, culture.	
210	Property management	Should be offered to Hawaiians.	Lahaina, Maui
215		Support multi-family living due to homelessness:	Lanana, maa
		security for children	
220	To do or not to do	status of Oahu Hawaiian population	Molokai
	To do or not to do	Monies to pay for rent/Molokai multi-family housing	Molokai
	To do or not to do	Caregiver independence	Molokai
	To do or not to do	Homeless. Molokai families don't have to go back on list	Molokai
	To do or not to do	Young people can't afford, help young ones. Land available	Molokai
		DHHL consider	MOIOKUI
		youth meet 50% qualification rarely	
		one point: everybody living in home and friction, agree rental is	
<u>م</u> رد	To do or not to do	different	Molokai
225		Q: kupuna housing. Mom lessee, significant other is not Hawaiian	WORKAI
	To do or not to do	but children have, so spouse has nothing	Molokai
		Leases and multi-family do both	Molokai
	To do or not to do	-	Molokai
228	To do or not to do	We should do multi-family and we support	IVIOIOKAI
	T	Multi-family taking away true ownership rather than single	Malakai
	To do or not to do	ownership Dont to own can be and of the options	Molokai
230	To do or not to do	Rent to own can be one of the options	Molokai
		Keep in spirit of what was formulated by the DHHL Act:	Molekai
	To do or not to do	Commission	Molokai
	To do or not to do	Good plan: multi-family	Molokai
	To do or not to do	Rental association and/or board should be created	Molokai
234	To do or not to do	Don't support multi-family	Molokai

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
235	To do or not to do	Do both multi-family and kupuna	Molokai
236	To do or not to do	Keep it in Hawaii and spirit of Hawaiian Home Commission	Molokai
237	To do or not to do	Can consider it due to cost of building a home	Molokai
		Q: would it bring waitlist down? (A: no, stay on waitlist until a	
238	To do or not to do	homestead lease is issued)	Molokai
239	To do or not to do	Pilot project on Molokai-option to move to-do survey for Molokai	Molokai
240	To do or not to do	Affordable, kupuna are on fixed income	Molokai
241	To do or not to do	I disagree to have rental as a lease	Molokai
242	To do or not to do	Keep bowling alley for income	Molokai
243	To do or not to do	Waitlist already 50%	Molokai
244	To do or not to do	Give alternativetransition from rental to house (lease award)	Molokai
245	To do or not to do	Some units affordable	Molokai
246	To do or not to do	Income criteria: mix income of families	Molokai
247	To do or not to do	Duplex design good pilot project for Molokai	Molokai
248	To do or not to do	Water is concern on Molokai #1 priority	Molokai
	To do or not to do	Puts more Hawaiians in houses	Kauai
		Why put them in rentals? Put them in houses. If want to build, let	
250	To do or not to do	them build.	Kauai
	To do or not to do	Does not pertain to us	Kauai
	To do or not to do	in some cases, yes	Kauai
	To do or not to do	Our family and people need houses	Kauai
	To do or not to do	More manageable for kupuna	Kauai
	To do or not to do	If ohana is together, got land, children got the "kala"	Kauai
	To do or not to do	Got to have the credit, renting builds credit	Kauai
		Great if option (rental) if something in wording if also can grow	Kuuui
257	To do or not to do	kalo or do something on the land	Kauai
		History of DHHL does not bear it outbuild houses with	Kuuui
258	To do or not to do	mortgage. DHHL use most of land for that option	Kauai
	To do or not to do	Concern that options delay the process	Kauai
	To do or not to do	Building well thought out and developedsecurity, etc.	Kauai
200		Concern: is this addressing wait-listers? Commercialization, I'm	Kauai
		not for that. We were restricted once we had to borrow money	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		from <u>banks</u> . Original families in Anahola didn't have to do this. If	
		DHHL can fully go out for Fed money, start giving us homes/land.	
		No one can qualify. There is the land. Don't do multi-family	
		opportunitiesgo back to original optionsno qualification/just	
	T	<u>rehabilitation</u> get us on land (we can go to DHHL and pay back	. ·
261	To do or not to do	vs. paying bank)	Kauai
	-		Paukukalo,
262	To do or not to do	Is it subject to "stipulations"? Rules to adhere to?	Maui
			Paukukalo,
263	To do or not to do		Maui
		· · ·	Paukukalo,
264	To do or not to do	have in all of this?	Maui

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
			Paukukalo,
65	To do or not to do	Do we have to follow county rules?	Maui
		If going to offer rental, how much will it take away leases? From	Paukukalo,
66	To do or not to do	building lease homes?	Maui
		What do they want this agency to agree to do? Do you want to	Paukukalo,
67	To do or not to do	do this? Do you want to try this?	Maui
			Paukukalo,
68	To do or not to do	Not fair to applicants to do this	Maui
			Paukukalo,
69	To do or not to do	Prioritize this. 50 lots in Leialii. Build lease homes first.	Maui
			Paukukalo,
70	To do or not to do	Segregate the priorities	Maui
			Paukukalo,
71	To do or not to do	Leases always priority	Maui
			Paukukalo,
272	To do or not to do	Rentals for those who cannot afford single family house	Maui
		Who's going to build the houses, big houses? Hawaiians or	Paukukalo,
73	To do or not to do	outside? Use Hawaiian developers	Maui
			Paukukalo,
74	To do or not to do	Multi-family option. Rent to own.	Maui
		Group consensus:	
		Tiny houses	Paukukalo,
275	To do or not to do	Tiny landgive me a piece of land	Maui
			Paukukalo,
276	To do or not to do	Trailer homes, why cannot? Only houses for wealthy people	Maui
			Paukukalo,
277	To do or not to do	Do multi-family and award lots to live in house with children.	Maui
			Paukukalo,
278	To do or not to do	Where does land and money come from?	Maui
			Paukukalo,
279	To do or not to do	Do a rental-only proposal	Maui
		Like idea of renting multi-family units	
		Economic arm: 6 top, 6 bottom on vacant land for homestead	
		Revenue generating on association homestead	
		Develop simultaneous rental and lease homes10 vacant in every	
		100	Paukukalo,
280	To do or not to do	Add to mix of home offerings	Maui
			Paukukalo,
281	To do or not to do	Yes, do multi-family, rentals, and kupuna housing	Maui
		Rental poolallocate priority sign up to be notified. Keep	
		separate or a new list	
		Options hits more people. Important not to lose place on DHHL	Paukukalo,
282	To do or not to do	waitlist. Inclusion and increase inventory	Maui
		Project: financial qualification and risk. Do not pass applicants.	Paukukalo,
283	To do or not to do	Design to meet what is affordable, analysis to make ends meet	Maui

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
284	To do or not to do	Sorry, can't put Hawaiians in that	Lahaina, Maui
		Looking at my children, they live in multi-family housing, they	
		aren't yard people. You could build multi-family in our	
		subdivisions. There could be enough land so our kids have a place	
		to live and kupuna could be taken care of all close by in one	
285	To do or not to do	community.	Lahaina, Maui
286	To do or not to do	This is about options for our kids and grandkids.	Lahaina, Maui
287	To do or not to do	Build all the options and we will fill them all	Lahaina, Maui
		Looking at children and grandchildren, multi-family is a good	
		option. Not a ghetto type building but take pride, do it right. Not	
		like Mayor Wright Housing. The concept is for a new generation.	
288	To do or not to do	And can be ownership not just "housing."	Lahaina, Maui
289	To do or not to do	Cannot be just one level	Lahaina, Maui
		Is it exsclusive to DHHL beneficiaries? On ear mark residential?	
290	To do or not to do	General lease.	Keaukaha, Hilo
291	To do or not to do	Still for Hawaiian people?	Keaukaha, Hilo
292	To do or not to do	What land you going to use for that?	Keaukaha, Hilo
293	To do or not to do	Need stats on Nanakuli Village Rentals.	Keaukaha, Hilo
294	To do or not to do	Where will multi family occur?	Keaukaha, Hilo
295	To do or not to do	Lack of land. Bowl-o-drome.	Keaukaha, Hilo
296	To do or not to do	Rehabilitate - Live in high rise apartment/condominiums.	Keaukaha, Hilo
297	To do or not to do	Does act allow to be created? Act does not allow it.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		FYI- Utilize Section 8 - Rent to own from state- 15 year period.	
298	To do or not to do	Problems DCCR. Works in the above situation.	Keaukaha, Hilo
299	To do or not to do	Held to a standard	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Concern- Like kuhio park terrance/major wright housing. How	
300	To do or not to do	does it work? (Answer: No)	Keaukaha, Hilo
301	To do or not to do	Isn't define the rules?	Keaukaha, Hilo
302	To do or not to do	As Hawaiians lot more deserving.	Keaukaha, Hilo
303	To do or not to do	Kauhale wanted it - 2-3 lots for 7 houses went nowhere	Keaukaha, Hilo
304	To do or not to do	Would you get HUD support?	Keaukaha, Hilo
305	To do or not to do	Is rules only for residential? Not pastoral.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Multi-Family common areas- is that tacked on? Sidewalks, county	
306	To do or not to do	garbage road.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Yes, after address issues on current properties (then this is	
	To do or not to do	crossed out and says "no, misleading")	Keaukaha, Hilo
	To do or not to do	Where is that in Hilo?	Keaukaha, Hilo
	To do or not to do	Why ask in the first place? Get the answer. Then bring to us.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	To do or not to do	Good for oahu, not us (Hilo)	Keaukaha, Hilo
311	To do or not to do	DHHL here long time, no such things.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Big island, not for our island. Taking land and gone sell to	
	To do or not to do	someone else.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	To do or not to do	Is it new ones you're going to build? Likes the option.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	To do or not to do	Don't want multi-fmily. Give us homes.	Keaukaha, Hilo
315	To do or not to do	Misleading saying multi-family. No, not for it now.	Keaukaha, Hilo

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
316	To do or not to do	50-60 years. Broken promises. Same song over and over.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		What are you really trying to do, move people on the list? Row	
		home give specific time 10 years. Will you help to secure their	
317	To do or not to do	home?	Keaukaha, Hilo
318	To do or not to do	Yes good idea.	Kona
319	To do or not to do	Some families takes away from doing yard.	Kona
320	To do or not to do	No time.	Kona
321	To do or not to do	Grandma can live next door.	Kona
		Good children can decide what they want to do or where they	
322	To do or not to do	want to live.	Kona
		What would be the biggest you could make it?	
323	To do or not to do	A: Could be 2 or 3 bedrooms. Not to create limitations.	Kona
		I like that DHHL is looking at more options. All options good.	
324	To do or not to do	Good design and consideration to needs of the community. Pride.	Kona
		Would single family homes still be offered?	
		A: HUD housing ladder, small unit. With build up other	
325	To do or not to do	opportunitites and could transfer. Expands opportunities.	Kona
		Concern with high density and noise. Hope DHHL does not build	
326	To do or not to do	close units. Be mindful of closeness, not helpful.	Kona
327	To do or not to do	Single home available as option. I want my home.	Kona
		Individual if DHHL rents them who maintains the building?	
328	To do or not to do	A: Handles by design, not talking about the details.	Kona
		Good idea, go in and quality, rent money can go to mortgage	
329	To do or not to do	now, get mortgage, and get single family home.	Kona
330	To do or not to do	Very much an idea.	Kona
331	To do or not to do	Condominium by Stadium Bowl.	Honolulu
		Is there one in Kapolei? Answer: DHHL did two projects, rent to	
332	To do or not to do	own Kupuna housing (Waimanalo).	Honolulu
333	To do or not to do	I like the idea in general.	Honolulu
334	To do or not to do	Don't want it to be like another KPT Hawaiians can't live like that.	Honolulu
		Papakolea Regional Plan wanted to incorporate bowl-a-drome.	
335	To do or not to do	Bowl-a-drome should have community benefit to Papakolea.	Honolulu
336	To do or not to do	Design multifamily so not boxy.	Honolulu
		There are people renting in Kalawaihine, causing parking	
337	To do or not to do	problem. Too many cars.	Honolulu
		Would description of multifamily be statewide or region specifc?	
338	To do or not to do	Rules could allow for individual region.	Honolulu
339	To do or not to do	Address need for younger beneficiaries provide options for them.	Honolulu
		Development of multi-family should meet characteristic of the	
340	To do or not to do	area.	Honolulu
		Papakolea parking problem. Multi-family would contribute to the	
341	To do or not to do	areas parking problem.	Honolulu
		How long for kupuna housing in Papakolea? PCDC has disposition	
342	To do or not to do	for HHL in Papakolea looking at kupuna housing.	Honolulu
343	To do or not to do	Supportive of multi-family housing (group sentiment).	Honolulu

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Where has DHHL done multi-family? Answer: Kapolei &	
344	To do or not to do	Waimanalo.	Honolulu
345	To do or not to do	We went to DHHL meeting on bowl-a-drome.	Honolulu
		What kind of fees in multi-family? That should determine	
346	To do or not to do	whether lease or rental.	Honolulu
347	To do or not to do	I would allow both rental & homestead lease.	Honolulu
348	To do or not to do	Are you looking at developments like KPT? That would be scary.	Honolulu
349	To do or not to do	All the jobs are in town.	Honolulu
		Would homestead lease in multi-family be same? Answer: Yes, 99	
350	To do or not to do	year lease. Allows you to transfer to family.	Honolulu
		For condominiums, how many units? Answer: That would be	
351	To do or not to do	project specific.	Honolulu
		Where would development be for multi-family? Answer: We	
352	To do or not to do	would need to do more studies.	Honolulu
		Use good quality material, more expensive but if it's going to be	
353	To do or not to do	99 year lease. Worth it.	Honolulu
354	To do or not to do	Is condo or 2 story shared unit multi family? Answer: Yes.	Honolulu
355	To do or not to do	What is minimum unit? Answer: HUD = 4 or more.	Honolulu

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
2	Appraisal cap	Keep cap so Hawaiians on the list can afford	Kapolei
3	Appraisal cap	We should be allowed to sell for full value	Kapolei
4	Appraisal cap	Need administrative rules to control value	Kapolei
5	Appraisal cap	Whatever we invest into the house, we can get out when we sell	Kapolei
6	Appraisal cap	Address the list	Kapolei
7	Appraisal cap	Waiting list first	Kapolei
8	Appraisal cap	I want my successor to have the option to sell	Kapolei
9	Appraisal cap	Have program to help Hawaiians	Kapolei
10	Appraisal cap	Let people sell at market value while DHHL addresses the waitlist	Kapolei
	Appraisal cap and		
11	affordability	If there's no loan, limit SDU to 1,000 sq ft	Molokai
	Appraisal cap and		
12	affordability	What about mobile homes and tiny homes?	Molokai
	Appraisal cap and		
13	affordability	If lots in flood zone, who's going to lend them money?	Molokai
	Appraisal cap and		
14	affordability	Limit value based on an appraised value of what's already there	Molokai
	Appraisal cap and	, , ,	
15	affordability	Financial qualifications	Molokai
	Appraisal cap and	Shouldn't set a monetary value because of inflation. Current	
16	affordability	market value.	Molokai
	Appraisal cap and	SDUs should be counted in appraisal value that DHHL has to cover.	
17	affordability	Is ther a way for family to assume liability instead of DHHL?	Molokai
	Appraisal cap and		
	affordability	Keep it affordable	Molokai
	Appraisal cap and		
	affordability	Take care of parents. Mother-in-laws wait.	Molokai
		Does the department have limitations currently on what they	
		would approve, size-wise?	
		A: Depends on the size of your lot, set backs requirements, etc.	
		Right now hale is restricted to having one kitchen. In DCCR	
		communities, those plans must be approved by the association	
		first. If they approve, as long as it meets county requirements,	
		DHHL would likely be ok.	
	Appraisal cap and	A: Lease says you must follow county, state, federal rules primarily	
	affordability	for safety reasons	Kauai
		Why are you asking this? Because have already had problems?	
		A: Looking ahead; e.g., subsistence ag trying with engineer stamp	
		vs. whole extensive county process. Baby steps. Expanding on	
	Appraisal cap and	discussion with HHC re: high prices, affordability for beneficiaries,	
	affordability	and practical for trust	Kauai
21		Why Oahu centric/Hawaii Island centric? Different on other islands-	
	Appraical can and	-less expensive. Bring pilot here, we can make it work. County	
<u></u>	Appraisal cap and	Coucil is encouraging ADUswhy can't Hawaiian Homes contribute	Kauai
22	affordability	to the problem solving on Kauai; don't start with Oahu	Kauai

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Market rates of housing-why can't we interrupt market since we	
		are only leasing land? Since DHHL, can't you take the market out of	
		it?	
		A: Different kinds of transfers. Very issue going on right now with	
	Appraisal cap and	HHC and transfers. If there are additional units on the lot, there is	
23	affordability	additional value.	Kauai
	,	If appraisal cap, doesn't that take it out of the market? This should	
		have been done already or trust is losing money. Isn't DHHL not	
		supposed to be about buying and selling homes? But about getting	
		Hawaiians into housing?	
		A: yes.	
		A: Some people who have the resources may buy and flip houses;	
		this is an issue that has come up before.	
	Appraisal cap and	A: we use Marshall & Swift/cost to replace model of appraisal.	
24	affordability	Price of house has to match appraisal value.	Kauai
	Appraisal cap and	Why would value of SDU be limited?	Paukukalo,
25	affordability	A: Department liable for value; trust pays net proceeds	Maui
	Appraisal cap and	Types of funding options to be considered in lieu of cap: longer	Paukukalo,
26	affordability	loan amortization, down payment assistance, etc	Maui
	Appraisal cap and	Department needs to exhaust all options to assist beneficiaries,	Paukukalo,
27	affordability	e.g., subsidies	Maui
	Appraisal cap and	Department should offer pre-purchase training three years before	Paukukalo,
28	affordability	awards and flexibility in financing.	Maui
	Appraisal cap and	Q: Does it need to be one or the other; appraisal cap vs no cap? Is	Paukukalo,
29	affordability	there opportunity for flixibility/multiple options?	Maui
	Appraisal cap and	Appraisal cap is good for consistency/parity within neighborhoods	Paukukalo,
30	affordability	(e.g., no mega homes).	Maui
	Appraisal cap and		
31	affordability	Why are we being penalized for building ohana units?	Lahaina, Maui
	Appraisal cap and		
32	affordability	Value of second unit should not exceed value of the original unit.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Appraisal cap and		
33	affordability	No limit on value of the second unit.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Needs to be a formula to take into considertaion the value of	
	Appraisal cap and	existing house and area of lot. Expensive houses taking from	
34	affordability	others.	Kona
	Appraisal cap and		
35	affordability	Implement a cap so if you build above it, you are responsible.	Honolulu
	Appraisal cap and		l la maludu
36	affordability	Should not be bigger than the main house.	Honolulu
	Appraisal cap and		Honolulu
37	affordability	Maybe city will address the issue.	Honolulu
1 20	Appraisal cap and	Tied into city in 2010 for water	Honolulu
38	affordability	Tied into city in 2010 for water.	nonolulu

	inistrative Rules BC scribed Meeting Note	Summer 2018
	A	В
1	Торіс	Comment
	Appraisal cap and	
39	affordability	Lots already are high value.
	Appraisal cap and	
40	affordability	Has to be fair.
	Appraisal cap and	
41	affordability	Use comparables.
	Appraisal cap and	
42	affordability	Kalewahine will be higher
	Appraisal cap and	
43	affordability	Liability and value is different.
	Appraisal cap and	
44	affordability	Pay to the cap.
	Appraisal cap and	
45	affordability	Sell the property for retail value.
	Appraisal cap and	
46	affordability	Publish notice and come back to DHHL if no response.
	Appraisal cap and	
47	affordability	Some compensation to those who put in the improvements.
	Appraisal cap and	
48	affordability	If built illegally, no value for improvements.
	Appraisal cap and	
49	affordability	No caps.
50	Other	Could we do a reverse mortgage on our house?
		Where are the updates to all the laws and rules we have already?
51	Other	Send an update on status of laws and rules to every beneficiary
52	Other	How can we help the department help us?
53	Other	What is the timeline for creating rules?
		Drightly shifty was about gotting poonly off the list and an land but

С

Meeting

Honolulu

Honolulu

Honolulu

Honolulu

Honolulu

	1		
	Appraisal cap and		
44	affordability	Pay to the cap.	Honolulu
	Appraisal cap and		
45	affordability	Sell the property for retail value.	Honolulu
	Appraisal cap and		
46	affordability	Publish notice and come back to DHHL if no response.	Honolulu
	Appraisal cap and		
47	affordability	Some compensation to those who put in the improvements.	Honolulu
	Appraisal cap and		
48	affordability	If built illegally, no value for improvements.	Honolulu
	Appraisal cap and		
49	affordability	No caps.	Honolulu
50	Other	Could we do a reverse mortgage on our house?	Molokai
		Where are the updates to all the laws and rules we have already?	
51	Other	Send an update on status of laws and rules to every beneficiary	Molokai
			Paukukalo,
52	Other	How can we help the department help us?	Maui
			Paukukalo,
53	Other	What is the timeline for creating rules?	Maui
		Priority shift: was about getting people off the list and on land, but	
		now priority should be enforcement. We're on our own and it's	Paukukalo,
54	Other	disappointing and discouraging.	Maui
		Department should lead us, tell us who we can turn to for	Paukukalo,
55	Other	assistance	Maui
			Paukukalo,
56	Other	Is it to our advantage to have DCCRs?	Maui
		DCCRs with no association; how do we change the CCRs if there's	Paukukalo,
57	Other	no association?	Maui
58	Other	Fix our own roads, put gates, no one can come in	Lahaina, Mau
		Beneficiaries should be able to borrow money from Department;	-
59	Other	ceded lands money	Lahaina, Mau
		With all the money the department has gotten, why don't we have	,
		our own bank or credit union available to make loans? We should	
60	Other	have our own.	Lahaina, Mau

	Α	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Suggestion: Send out materials in advance and in addition to	
61	Other	website links for those without computers.	Keaukaha, Hilo
62	Other	Habitat for humanities.	Keaukaha, Hilo
63	Other	What if they're selling it to someone else and DHHL isn't involved?	Kona
64	Pilot project	Work out the kinks on Oahu and Hawaii, then come to Molokai	Molokai
65	Pilot project	Test it out on other islands, then come back to Molokai	Molokai
		Would like to see Molokai part of this 5 year programwe need	
66	Pilot project	the housing	Molokai
67	Pilot project	Add Kauai immediately! Before Oahu and Hawaii Island	Kauai
		Q: should be a 5 year pilot?	
68	Pilot project	A: no, just do it. And include Kauai	Kauai
		Lessees able to work with community to be able to get SDU	Paukukalo,
69	Pilot project	program on Maui	Maui
			Paukukalo,
70	Pilot project	Expand to Maui	Maui
			Paukukalo,
71	Pilot project	Maui wants to be part of the SDU project. Why is Maui left out?	Maui
			Paukukalo,
72	Pilot project	Power of people to convince county to work with DHHL	Maui
	Pilot Project	Proceed, but 5 years may not be enough to obtain permits.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		We never hear about how pilot projects are turning out- full	
74	Pilot project	disclouse (want dates, feedback).	Kona
	Pilot project	Where is it being proposed? (Hawaii Island).	Kona
		Is the SDU not applicable to La'iopine until the pilot program	
76	Pilot project	starts?	Kona
	Pilot Project	Do you have the pilot coming?	Kona
	Pilot Project	Based on relationship with county planning department.	Honolulu
		Kalawahine went through an extensive process to authorize	
79	Pilot Project	improvements.	Honolulu
80	Pilot Project	Planning departments with the best relationship.	Honolulu
		In order to help with the housing crisis, create a way to help	
81	Pilot Project	people through the process.	Honolulu
	Pilot Project	Should be across the state or none.	Honolulu
	Pilot Project	Best working relationship	Honolulu
	Pilot Project	Neighbor islands may feel they are not as important.	Honolulu
	Pilot Project	Consider midway of 5 years.	Honolulu
	Pilot Project	Go for 5 years and review at 3 years.	Honolulu
	Pilot Project	No permit to extend until cesspool connected.	Honolulu
	Pilot project	Add in ag lots	Kapolei
89	Pilot project	As rules move, internally develop processes	Kapolei
60		Why not consider ag and pastoral?	
		Residential lots for houses, ag and pastoral for other uses	
		Can build workers quarters on ag and pastoral	
00	Dilatanaisst		Kanalai
90	Pilot project	So focus is on residential lots	Kapolei

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Takes more to manage ag and pastoral so keeping the ohana	
91	Pilot project	together can help keep lot in compliance	Kapolei
		Limited to Oahu and Hawaii because administrative relationship	
92	Pilot project	with those two counties	Kapolei
		How is DHHL going to work with the counties?	
93	Pilot project	DHHL already reched out to counties is the expectation	Kapolei
		Consideration given to lessees not on Oahu and Hawaii so that if	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
94	Pilot project	program is expanded, their applications given priority	Kapolei
	Pilot project	Allow for ag lots	Kapolei
	Pilot project	Good with pilot the way it is proposed	Kapolei
	Pilot project	Timeline shorter than multi-family	Kapolei
	Pilot project	As soon as we have rules, we have an SDU program	Кароlei
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Who will build the SDU?	hapoter
99	Pilot project	Entirely the lessee's responsibility	Kapolei
	Pilot project	Can the DHHL suggest Hawaiian based contractors?	Kapolei
	Pilot project	Is there a number cap for the pilot project?	Kapolei
	Pilot project	Need a licensed contractor in the family	Kapolei
102		Two houses on a lot is ok on Molokai, so your children and family	Каротет
102	Support or not	can live. Not to rent.	Molokai
105	Support of not		IVIUIUKai
104	Cumpet or not	Can rent for short term. Kids move away; SDU is a way to have	
	Support or not	income.	Molokai
	Support or not	Yes, support on residential	Molokai
106	Support or not	Yes. Age in place. Extended family.	Kauai
		DHHL should take out whole rental "line." Rentals on island already	
107	Support or not	happening but where's the enforcement?	Maui
			Paukukalo,
108	Support or not	SDU not attached	Maui
			Paukukalo,
109	Support or not	If lot is big enough, will two or more dwellings be allowed?	Maui
		If lot is big enough, can I build another bigger house so my original	Paukukalo,
110	Support or not	house is the SDU?	Maui
			Paukukalo,
111	Support or not	Ag lots allow for multiple dwellings (worker's quarters)	Maui
		Can DHHL use ag lands for residential use? Depends on DHHL	Paukukalo,
112	Support or not	Island Plan	Maui
			Paukukalo,
113	Support or not	Waiehu Kou 2, 3, 4 are DCCRs could SDUs be built there?	Maui
		What are the effects of SDUs? More cars, people, etc. County	Paukukalo,
114	Support or not	requirements must be met	Maui
	• • • • • •	What about existing SDUs? If there isn't DHHL approval, it might be	
		a lease violation. Current proposal requires compliance to build	Paukukalo,
115	Support or not	also allows existing to come into compliance.	Maui
		Waiehu Kou requires assocaition approval for improvements	Paukukalo,

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
			Paukukalo,
117	Support or not	Support of SDUs on HHL	Maui
			Paukukalo,
118	Support or not	Benefits: provides housing, keeps ohana together on same lot	Maui
			Paukukalo,
119	Support or not	Allow SDUs now	Maui
			Paukukalo,
120	Support or not	Support SDUs	Maui
			Paukukalo,
121	Support or not	DCCRs should be amended to include SDUs	Maui
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Paukukalo,
122	Support or not	Support SDUs	Maui
	Support or not	County permits are for land taxes	Lahaina, Maui
124	Support or not	Why increase value if taxes will increase?	Lahaina, Mau
		Should allow SDUs. I'm against not getting value from unpermitted	
125	Support or not	improvements.	Lahaina, Mau
		Can you convert garages into living units? Would that be	
126	Support or not	considered an improvement?	Lahaina, Mau
		No one is against SDUs, we don't want the department to work	
		against us. I'm afraid to submit for approval because of losing	
127	Support or not	value.	Lahaina, Mau
	Support or not	Fix the rules to alleviate worry.	Lahaina, Mau
		County doesn't deny connected units so department shouldn't	
129	Support or not	either.	Lahaina, Mau
	Support or not	Additional homesgood	Molokai
	Support or not	Support but need to have on residential and ag	Molokai
	Support or not	Farmworker housing didn't work. Alternative to find housing	Molokai
	Support or not	I'm for SDUs on residential and ag	Molokai
	Support or not	Think of our kids and grandkidsthis will affect them	Molokai
		I have a contractual loan, not a mortgage. How does this affect	
135	Support or not	me?	Molokai
	Support or not	Should be allowed on ag as well as residential	Molokai
		Q: Is there a time period I have to wait for how long I've lived on	
137	Support or not	the lot before I can build an SDU? A: not under the draft.	Molokai
	Support or not	Should be part of the farm plan	Molokai
	Support or not	Facilites on Oahu no brainer. Won't work here (Big Island).	Keaukaha, Hil
		Support of SDU: Proposal for residential yes, but should be	
140	Support or not	expanded to agricultural lots too.	Keaukaha, Hil
		SDUs are expensive due to water meter, electric, sewage because	,
141	Support or not	separate unit.	Keaukaha, Hil
142	Support or not	Isn't this a third party lease? Allowed if third party is 50% hawaiian.	Keaukaha. Hil
1.76		Have we perfected the single housing practice? No, then why are	
	Support ['] or not	we adding more options. Should perfect the primary residence.	Keaukaha, Hil

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Supports SDU, but why limited to residential lots? Why not	
144	Support or not	agricultural lots?	Keaukaha, Hilo
145	Support or not	Yes.	Keaukaha, Hilo
146	Support or not	Smaller residential lot sizes would make SDU impractical.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Support for supplemental dwelling units if financing available.	
147	Support or not	Some not supportive if no financing available.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		We have a housing crisis in this state. Agree- should have on all-	
		residential, agricultural, pastoral. Smaller lots- how are you going	
		to fit? Discriminatory to allow on residential lots. There are	
		residents allowed on pastoral and agricultural lots. Adding another	
		dwelling unit won't diminish what you're doing on the lot (still	
148	Support or not	going to burden).	Kona
149	Support or not	Can we put that in the language now?	
150	Support or not	Only 1 house above us could have another dwelling unit. Too small.	Kona
		Like the idea, where the residential lots permit. Thinking outside	
		the box, couldn't 4 families on 1 acre instead of just one. Like that	
		you have to go through permitting process. DCCRs would allow for	
151	Support or not	that?	Kona
152	Support or not	Makes sense	Honolulu
153	Support or not	More space	Honolulu
154	Support or not	Families that have young adults	Honolulu
155	Support or not	Keep ohana together	Honolulu
156	Support or not	Still a huge list of native hawaiians	Honolulu
157	Support or not	Thinking of the future or mo'opuna	Honolulu
	Support or not	Make sure that mo'opuna taken care of.	Honolulu
159	Support or not	People pool \$ together.	Honolulu
	Support or not	Key issue is parking.	Honolulu
161	Support or not	Planning should consider parking and transportation issues.	Honolulu
162	Support or not	Good that DHHL considering housing options.	Honolulu
163	Support or not	SDU for kupuna.	Honolulu
	Support or not	Yes.	Honolulu
165	Support or not	Yes without size restriction.	Honolulu
166	Support or not	Support because of cost of living.	Honolulu
167	Support or not	Applicant stays on the list even if residing in the SDU.	Honolulu
168	Support or not	Yes	Honolulu
169	Support or not	Support if have parking.	Honolulu
170	Support or not	Already fighting over parking.	Honolulu
171	Support or not	Support SDU for income.	Honolulu
172	Support or not	DCCR already renting.	Honolulu
173	Support or not	Big enforcement problem.	Honolulu
174	Support or not	SDU for aodpted child so may have to build on existing home.	Honolulu
175	Support or not	Pay additional monthly for sewer.	Honolulu
176	Support or not	How to go through permit process.	Honolulu
177	Support or not	Parking garage used for storage so that needs to be considered.	Honolulu

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
178	Support or not	No support.	Honolulu
179	Support or not	Yes	Kapolei
180	Support or not	Add in ag lots	Kapolei
181	Support or not	support because multiple families in the home	Kapolei
182	Support or not	More space	Kapolei
	Support or not	Instead of care home, can care for kupuna. Family together and take care	Kapolei
		DCCR prohibits additional unit DCCRs would have to be amended Follow Kanehili DCCR Need majority	
	Support or not	Good topic for DCCR	Kapolei
185	Support or not	Badly needed for some families	Kapolei
186	Support or not	Kanehili has better change because not locked in to a master association	Kapolei
187	Support or not	Not supplemental if adding on to existing house	Kapolei
188	Support or not	Don't you need certain amount of square feet of land/lot Follow county regulations. Older lots in Waianae, probably not Kapolei	Kapolei
	Support or not	Can't do it in Kapolei	Kapolei
	Support or not	New lots should be big enough to accommodate if lots are bigger, there are less lots to award	Kapolei
101	Support or not	Shopping centers on HHL, what principles does DHHL operate around to determine land uses? DHHL has Island, Regional, and Area Plans	Kapolei
	Support or not	Help ohana	Kapolei
		Yes	Kapolei
	Support or not	Shouldn't be smaller. Allow bigger than original dwelling like in	Kapolei
	Support or not	Nanakuli where homes are smaller but lots are bigger	
	Support or not	Build a bigger house and rent the smaller one	Kapolei Kapolei
	Support or not	Don't allow monster houses like in Kalihi (20 room housing)	Kapolei Kapolei
-	Support or not	4 or 5 bedroom house ok	Kapolei
·····	Support or not	Size shouldn't really matter if you're building up above garage How would rental rules apply? County will look at ADU regulations for the building	•
199	Support or not	How you use it is where DHHL is involved Possible to get or identify construction companies to keep costs down	Kapolei
200	Support or not	If construction company had certain pre-approved models	Kapolei
201	Support or not	Is survey required to put up another dwelling	Kapolei
202	Support or not	Similar to ADUs	Kapolei
203	Support or not	Maximum structure size by lot size	Kapolei
	Support or not	Require either 1 or 2 off street parking depending if ADU or ohana dwelling	Kapolei
205	Support or not	Yes!	Kapolei

	A	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
206	Support or not	If lot is big enough, yes	Kapolei
207	Support or not	Go up if lot is too small	Kapolei
208	Support or not	Concern as a neighbor for privacy and safety so build higher fences	Kapolei
209	Support or not	DHHL already allows extension to existing home	Kapolei
210	Support or not	Check on separate entrance issue	Kapolei
211	Support or not	Even the cost could be too expensive for many to afford	Kapolei
212	When to allow/criteria	Yes, good to comply with County law	Molokai
213	When to allow/criteria	On county water systemhave to comply with county rules	Molokai
214	When to allow/criteria	DHHL should have its own permitting system	Molokai
		DHHL should make the county stop allowing swimming pools	
215	When to allow/criteria	wastes water	Molokai
216	When to allow/criteria	DHHL permitting would require a whole other department	Molokai
		Water is a big issue here. No one shold be issuing new water	
217	When to allow/criteria	meters	Molokai
218	When to allow/criteria	On. Ag. Lots. If the lot is big enough; just needs to be big enough	Molokai
		On ag should be a limit on number of SDUs. Shouldn't interfere	
219	When to allow/criteria	with farming.	Molokai
220	When to allow/criteria	Number should depend on size of ag lot	Molokai
221	When to allow/criteria	I'm on a 1/2 acre.	Molokai
222	When to allow/criteria	In line with area plan, island plan	Molokai
223	When to allow/criteria	Should be enough waternew meter or existing meter	Molokai
224	When to allow/criteria	Only 1 story if you already have a 2 story	Molokai
		What if I elevate in flood zone but then want to occupy bottom	
225	When to allow/criteria	floor?	Molokai
		DHHL should have its own permitting and rules/codes, and fees	
226	When to allow/criteria	can go back to the trust	Molokai
227	When to allow/criteria	Criteriaby acreage	Molokai
228	When to allow/criteria	Sewage and water	Molokai
		Don't think the county should be approving. Keep it in DHHL.	
229	When to allow/criteria	County takes too long.	Molokai
230	When to allow/criteria	Keep it in DHHL. Going thru the county will just confuse things.	Molokai
		When: now.	
		Criteria: go by county laws; if DCCR neighborhood, must pay	
		assessments and be in compliance/be in good standing; tiny homes	
		model/consider size (limit how big but not how small); detached	
		separate entrance/kitchen/ etc.; just park in front of lot; rental	
231	When to allow/criteria	stalls as common area (DCCRs could)	Kauai
		Shouldn't be obligated to county rules re: we should be able to	
232	When to allow/criteria	hook up to the same water meter, etc. (share costs)	Kauai
233	When to allow/criteria	Resources are a concernt	Kauai
234	When to allow/criteria	Space	Kauai
235	When to allow/criteria	Sewageseptic tank upgrade	Kauai
		Have to get a permit from county since they assess and you want	
236	When to allow/criteria	equity, it's a catch 22, unless you're an owner-builder.	Kauai

Administrative Rules BC

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
237	When to allow/criteria	Q: Can you borrow off of HHL? Get your equity? A: Unless you have a NAHASDA loan	Kauai
231		Build traditional hale/solar catchment/composting toilets. State is	
		allowing on Hawaii Island. Not hooked up to city bill, etc.	
238	When to allow/criteria	-	Kauai
			Paukukalo,
239	When to allow/criteria	Should be consistent with county requirements	Maui
		Development standards (zoning and building codes) come into play	
240	When to allow/criteria		, Maui
		Sometimes design of homes, placement, does not allow for SDUs	Paukukalo,
241	When to allow/criteria	that would meet requirements like setbacks	Maui
		SB2524 re: requirements for SDUs. Look at bill language for	Paukukalo,
242	When to allow/criteria		Maui
		DHHL should come up with its own code. County is too stringent.	Paukukalo,
243	When to allow/criteria	They take good lands and shut Hawaiians out. We need prime land.	Maui
		It's good business to work with the County but don't let them	Paukukalo,
244	When to allow/criteria	govern what we do	Maui
			Paukukalo,
245	When to allow/criteria	County building codes are establishedDHHL should look at those.	Maui
			Paukukalo,
246	When to allow/criteria	Maximum square footage? Depends on lot size, follow county rules	Maui
			Paukukalo,
247	When to allow/criteria	Buildings must meet code	Maui
			Paukukalo,
248	When to allow/criteria	County has building code for kauhale type dwellings	Maui
			Paukukalo,
249	When to allow/criteria	DHHL should allow what respective counties allow	Maui
			Paukukalo,
250	When to allow/criteria	Criteria should follow county code/regulations	Maui
		DHHL should explore creating a kanaka codewhich is more	Paukukalo,
251	When to allow/criteria	beneficial for beneficiaries?	Maui
		If a loan is required for constructionn, county regulations should be	
252	When to allow/criteria		Maui
		Example: Kahikinui applies kanaka code. However, design review	
		committee reviews for consistency international building code	Paukukala
252	When to allow (criteria	requires architect stamp, etc. Run the risk of losing assets due to inability to insure if no permit	Paukukalo, Maui
253	when to allow/criteria	Maui countyno building permit and no water; work with the	Paukukalo,
254	When to allow (criteria		Maui
254	When to allow/criteria	county	Paukukalo,
255	When to allow (critoria	DHHL needs to assert claims for water; transmission and lines	Maui
200		Requirement that SDU be smaller should not be considered; some	Paukukalo,
		nequirement that 500 be smaller should not be considered, some	r aukukaio,

277 When to allow/criteria first?

Transcribed Meeting Note С В А Topic Comment Meeting 1 Paukukalo, 257 When to allow/criteria How many SDUs would be allowed? Maui Parking/other impact considerations with SDUs differs by Paukukalo, 258 When to allow/criteria community Maui Paukukalo, 259 When to allow/criteria Permits for street parking Maui Paukukalo, 260 When to allow/criteria Parking areas (DCCR issue; needed common areas) Maui Paukukalo, 261 When to allow/criteria Parking is a consideration Maui Don't always like county rules, some things should be regulated by Paukukalo, 262 When to allow/criteria DHHL Maui Paukukalo, 263 When to allow/criteria DCCRs would apply if DCCR community Maui Paukukalo, 264 When to allow/criteria No enforcement or civic engagement Maui Q: can associations be combined, e.g., Waiehu Kou? Paukukalo, 265 When to allow/criteria Yes, possible also possible to dissolve but can be complex process Maui Have to submit plans to county; proposal is that county rules Paukukalo, 266 When to allow/criteria should be followed Maui DHHL sould develop its own code with beneficiary input. --Affects insurance requirements, etc. --Offer different options for different scenarios; maybe no code Paukukalo, 267 When to allow/criteria requirements for some Maui Paukukalo, 268 When to allow/criteria Q: attached or separate SDUs? A: separate Maui Paukukalo, 269 When to allow/criteria Permit required for self-contained, off grid homes? Maui SDUs change community make up, more people/families, puts neighbors against neighbors for parking, etc. So there are Paukukalo, 270 When to allow/criteria enforcement issues. Maui Paukukalo, 271 When to allow/criteria DCCR communities can control SDU development Maui Paukukalo, 272 When to allow/criteria More rules being made when existing rules not enforced Maui No need go through County (permits, etc.), money should go back 273 When to allow/criteria to Hawaiians. Department approval only. Lahaina, Maui 274 When to allow/criteria Department should develop a building code Lahaina, Maui Size of residential lots will determine per county regulations 275 When to allow/criteria whether can build an SDU. Keaukaha, Hilo DHHL should create a division to approve buildling permits rather 276 When to allow/criteria than go through the county. Keaukaha, Hilo

Keaukaha, Hilo

If houses is old, how do you build second unit not to exceed the

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		What if built upward, would that qualify as an SDU? Whether	
278	When to allow/criteria	funding available to cover cost increases by building up.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Whether DHHL can advocate to the county on behalf on lessees to	
279	When to allow/criteria	obtain exemptions?	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Cesspools no longer being an accepted practice; cost to convert to	
280	When to allow/criteria	septic or connect to a sewer line.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		County or not? DHHL to work with county to advocate for lessees.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	•	Building permits require county approval.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Can SDU be attached to the main unit? (Answer: No, then it would	
283	When to allow/criteria		Keaukaha, Hilo
	•	Size of lot and of SDU is a function of county requirements,	-
284	When to allow/criteria		Keaukaha, Hilo
		Still ongoing concerns about rehabilitating the old houses.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	•	Hawaii County currently not considering Ohana housing requests.	, Keaukaha, Hilo
		DHHL should advocate to county on behalf of lessees.	Keaukaha, Hilo
		Are Kawaihae lots big enough? (Yes- 1 acre)	Kona
200		If you have a mortgage on the 1st house, will there be assistance,	
289	When to allow/criteria	financings to build an SDU?	Kona
205		Is there a height limitation? If 2 story would wipe out neighbor's	
200	When to allow/criteria	view? DHHL won't let until county approves?	Kona
2.50		Department should pay attention to the number of homes going	
		in. How many people and cars, too close together. People don't	
201	When to allow/criteria		Kona
		Is application process for SDU or for getting on the list?	Kona
		Aren't they allowed currently?	Kona
		Is there already a cop on the main houses? (No.)	Kona
		Have list approved with counties.	Honolulu
		Why recreate the wheel	Honolulu
	-	Rules require go to counties.	Honolulu
		Parking/sewer/slope all issues.	Honolulu
		Look at all infrastructure issues. Parking/sewer, etc.	Honolulu
	-	Going up may be an option but cost of foundation is a factor.	Honolulu
		Grandson returning home so timing important.	Honolulu
		Once rules created then process developed.	Honolulu
502		Pre-approved design to follow can make it easier, more affordable;	nonolaid
202	When to allow/criteria		Honolulu
505		Is it possible to make the existing home the SDU and build a larger	Tionolala
204	When to allow/criteria		Honolulu
		Process of subdividing through county.	Honolulu
		Internal procedures to follow.	Honolulu
		Logically the request would come to DHHL first.	Honolulu
		Expensive to build so subdivision the best option.	Honolulu
		Is there a square footage requirement.	Honolulu
			Honolulu
310	When to allow/criteria	Use county criteria.	nonolulu

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Homes in Papakolea already on the slope so SDU may be a	
311	When to allow/criteria	challenge.	Honolulu
312	When to allow/criteria	Look at design of the structure.	Honolulu
313	When to allow/criteria	Why bother sending to county?	Honolulu
314	When to allow/criteria	Department to create its own process but long term.	Honolulu
315	When to allow/criteria	Build up as an option.	Honolulu
		Keep county guidelines but application reviewed in those areas not	
316	When to allow/criteria	approved by the county.	Honolulu
317	When to allow/criteria	Create internal process as rules are approved.	Honolulu
318	When to allow/criteria	Have a process for DHHL to consider SDU.	Honolulu
319	When to allow/criteria	County code and department issue.	Honolulu
320	When to allow/criteria	Start it but control the size of the SDU.	Honolulu
321	When to allow/criteria	Shouldn't control the size of the SDU.	Honolulu
		Multi generations living in the house.	Honolulu
	-	Renovate original house and then SDU.	Honolulu
324	When to allow/criteria	Don't have that money 27,000 square foot properties.	Honolulu
		Work out an option to subdivide larger properties.	Honolulu
326	When to allow/criteria	Parking an issue.	Honolulu
327	When to allow/criteria	Kalawahine is still preservation land.	Honolulu
328	When to allow/criteria	Need to address maps.	Honolulu
329	When to allow/criteria	R5 should be in county records.	Honolulu
		Balance with obligation to service ammenities.	Honolulu
31	When to allow/criteria	DHHL manage influx.	Honolulu
32	When to allow/criteria	Consider tiny homes to address list.	Honolulu
		Tiny home with option istead of condominium.	Honolulu
		What about option to generate income.	Honolulu
335	When to allow/criteria	Figure out enforcement.	Honolulu
		On issue of SDU- for example no Papakolea lot could have one;	
		parking would be an issue.	Honolulu
		Have size/space to build then you should be allowed to build	Kapolei
	-	Whatever size county allows	Kapolei
	·	Criteria is DHHL and lots size	Kapolei
		DHHL should look at value	Kapolei
		Stay low income community	Kapolei
		Ratio between building and land like tiny homes	Kapolei
		One option is tiny home	Kapolei
344	When to allow/criteria	Lessee of the lot is the owner of the SDU	Kapolei
		Is the Department ready to handle permits?	
		Lessee has to be in good standing through Homestead Services	
345	When to allow/criteria	Division and building plans reviewed by Land Development Division	Kapolei
		Why even go to the city?	
		the city issues building permits, which can impact insurance and	
	When to allow/criteria		Kapolei
347	When to allow/criteria	DHHL should get an exemption so dwelling can be larger	Kapolei

	A	В	C
	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
348	When to allow/criteria	Size of home based on size of lot	Kapolei
	When to allow/criteria		Kapolei
350	When to allow/criteria	If lot allows larger dwelling, that should determine size of the SDU	Kapolei
		If you have a named successor, then that successor should be	
351	When to allow/criteria	automatic if they pay for the SDU	Kapolei
352	When to allow/criteria	Do owner-builder for SDU	Kapolei
353	When to allow/criteria	Have parking permits	Kapolei
354	When to allow/criteria	Amendment of county requirements for DHHL	Kapolei
355	When to allow/criteria	Use same plumbing for affordabilityu	Kapolei
356	When to allow/criteria	Cost will be outrageous for separate utilities	Kapolei
357	When to allow/criteria	Share sewer and water costs	Kapolei
358	When to allow/criteria	Extension separate and use existing utilities	Kapolei
359	When to allow/criteria	Build a senior cottage in the back for privacy of the senior couple	Kapolei
360	When to allow/criteria	If allowed to go up, will we be dealing with monster homes?	Kapolei
		Need parking on your lot for SDU no parking in your neighbor's lot	Kapolei
	When to allow/criteria		Kapolei
		Who finances SDU?	
		Lessee is responsible for financing, permitting, and relationship	
363	When to allow/criteria		Kapolei
		I have a concern about a kupuna lessee financing and what will	
		happen with the successor because sometimes the successor	
364	When to allow/criteria	cannot assume the loan	Kapolei
		Follow DCCR to build an extension	Kapolei
366	When to allow/criteria	Financing for construction of the SDU with loan	Kapolei
		The lessee would need a rental agreement and would be	-
367	When to allow/criteria	responsible under landlord/tenant law	Kapolei
368	When to allow/criteria	Limit to Hawaiians because its on HHL	Kapolei
369	When to allow/criteria	Find out blood quantum of the renter	Kapolei
370	When to allow/criteria	Enforcement is a big question	Kapolei
371	When to allow/criteria	This is too risky to allow renters	Kapolei
372	Who can live in SDU	Person in SDU should be on waitlist	Molokai
373	Who can live in SDU	Ohana first. No short term.	Molokai
374	Who can live in SDU	And waitlist	Molokai
375	Who can live in SDU	Ohana ok25%. Ok if not on list as long as 50%.	Molokai
376	Who can live in SDU	Rentalshelp out firefighters, etc.	Molokai
		Want to add ag and pastoral for the kids. Instead, families	
		transferring and jumping the list. Other lots could be for families	
377	Who can live in SDU	that don't have.	Molokai
378	Who can live in SDU	Good to have your family around you as you get older.	Molokai
379	Who can live in SDU	Ohana can all contributeresiding would be more affordable	Molokai
		Molokai is economically deprived of jobs. Family is everything,	
		want to be closer to family. Multiple houses, children all around us.	
		Can't afford homestead on their own. Only 1 employer here now.	
		Homesteaders not leaving this island so we need to help the	
280	Who can live in SDU	homesteaders. Want our kids to stay here.	Molokai

	Α	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
		Keiki and kupunaget everybody to live on the homestead. Be all	
381	Who can live in SDU	together, family celebrations. Get people on the land.	Molokai
382	Who can live in SDU	Family. Don't do short term rentals	Molokai
383	Who can live in SDU	Beneficiaries. Successors. Extended family.	Molokai
		Lineal descendants. But even if spouse is not Hawaiian, spouse is	
384	Who can live in SDU	still ohana	Molokai
385	Who can live in SDU	What about if they (widow) remarry and spouse is not Hawaiian?	Molokai
		Raising everyone together will help everyone get along better and	
386	Who can live in SDU	prevent problems from happening among successors	Molokai
387	Who can live in SDU	If they all get their own house, they'd get along better	Molokai
		Family, broaden to extended familyneices, nephews, cousins,	
388	Who can live in SDU	aunties, uncles of 25%	Kauai
		Q: rent only to 50%?	
		A: doesn't blood quantum apply only to lease? For SDU can't I rent	
		to any Hawaiian?	
		R: the farther we get away from the language of the act the more	
389	Who can live in SDU	we are open to lawsuitswe want to expand by protect	Kauai
		I think we should be able to have anyone live for no rent; to rent,	
390	Who can live in SDU	50%	Kauai
391	Who can live in SDU	We need to define "live"	Kauai
		Q: If we're putting our life savings in to build these things, why	
		can't we rent out to anybody? It is still benefitting native Hawaiian	
		lessees (my husband, my kids)	
392	Who can live in SDU	A: Because act stipulates otherwise	Kauai
		Fourth purpose from Prince Kuhio is merchantilism. Some folks are	
		doing business from home. Self-sufficiency purposes. Have to	
393	Who can live in SDU	consider for supplemental income purposes.	Kauai
		Who enforces 50% living in my house? Lessee rentals in my	-
		neighborhood. Why have rules if cannot enforce current rules?	Paukukalo,
394	Who can live in SDU	How do I find 50% rental under current rules?	Maui
		Some NH blood quantum requirements being decreased. DHHL	Paukukalo,
95	Who can live in SDU	should look at doing same lower blood quantum	Maui
			Paukukalo,
396	Who can live in SDU	Do rentals affect property taxes?	Maui
			Paukukalo,
397	Who can live in SDU	If SDUs to be rented, landlord training should be required	, Maui
		Income from rental should be counted as income for loan	Paukukalo,
98	Who can live in SDU	qualification	Maui
		Rental incentives (HUD vouchers, etc) should be allowed to be	Paukukalo,
399	Who can live in SDU	considered.	Maui
			Paukukalo,
100	Who can live in SDU	SDUs for families or rental or both? What about blook qunatum?	Maui
.00		Definition of ohana is too restrictive. Aloha vs law; self-	Paukukalo,

	А	В	C
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
			Paukukalo,
402	Who can live in SDU	Relation and any amount of Hawaiian should be allowed	Maui
			Paukukalo,
403	Who can live in SDU	I'd like to see the department move towards stronger enforcement	Maui
			Paukukalo,
404	Who can live in SDU	Blood quantum divides us	Maui
		If I move and vacate the house, can someone live there, like a	Paukukalo,
405	Who can live in SDU	caretaker?	, Maui
	Who can live in SDU	Who will enforce?	Lahaina, Maui
	Who can live in SDU	Renters must comply with landlord/tenant code.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Who can live in SDU	Be careful about use/practice of renting.	Keaukaha, Hilo
	Who can live in SDU	Renting require a GE license?	Keaukaha, Hilo
409		If your family is on the waitlist, do they come off if they establish	Kedukana, mo
410	Who can live in SDU	an SDU.	Keaukaha, Hilo
			Keaukaha, Hilo
411	Who can live in SDU	Ohana: Parents, children, siblings, cousins suggested.	Redukana, mio
		Ohana occupant- should be any member of the family- lots of	Kana
412	Who can live in SDU	people aren't 25%. What about rest of family?	Kona
		209(a) refers to the successor lessee. This refers to the occupant.	K
	Who can live in SDU	This need to be further discussed.	Kona
414	Who can live in SDU	I have to rent out to 50% Hawaiian?	Kona
		I have a problem with this question. Opens it up. Too broad- opens	
		up a can of works. Bring it back before us when you have revised	
	Who can live in SDU	draft rules- what to know what's proposed.	Kona
	Who can live in SDU	Generations to follow.	Honolulu
	Who can live in SDU	Standard already set.	Honolulu
	Who can live in SDU	Quantum going down.	Honolulu
	Who can live in SDU	How will this be enforced? Renter or applicant or apply.	Honolulu
	Who can live in SDU	Newsletter for renters/space on website.	Honolulu
421	Who can live in SDU	Any legal ramifications for limiting rentals to native Hawaiians.	Honolulu
422	Who can live in SDU	Only rent to list provided.	Honolulu
423	Who can live in SDU	Anybody.	Honolulu
424	Who can live in SDU	Accommodate adopted, hanai or those living in the home.	Honolulu
425	Who can live in SDU	People living in SDU pay for costs.	Honolulu
426	Who can live in SDU	l open to non-Hawaiian, no title or benefit.	Honolulu
427	Who can live in SDU	Lessee is responsible for what happens on the lot.	Honolulu
428	Who can live in SDU	Qualified Hawaiians	Kapolei
	Who can live in SDU	Ohana living on the lot may not be "qualified"	Kapolei
	Who can live in SDU	Ohana is ohana, not about blood quantum	Kapolei
	Who can live in SDU	Control through genealogy	Kapolei
	Who can live in SDU	Tied to HHCA preserves the intentions	Kapolei
	Who can live in SDU	How will this be monitored?	Kapolei
	Who can live in SDU	Issue continues to divide	Kapolei
		In favor of tying who can live there to the HHCA because the issue	
	1		
435	Who can live in SDU	is before the Commission	Kapolei

	А	В	С
1	Торіс	Comment	Meeting
437	Who can live in SDU	Hawaiian	Kapolei
438	Who can live in SDU	As long as can prove Hawaiian, don't care about blood quantum	Kapolei
439	Who can live in SDU	How will this be enforced?	Kapolei
440	Who can live in SDU	Prince Kuhio's vision was 1/32	Kapolei
441	Who can live in SDU	Start with waitlist	Kapolei
		If Hawaiian needs a place to live then they should be allowed to	
442	Who can live in SDU	rent on HHL	Kapolei
443	Who can live in SDU	l support 25% quantum	Kapolei
444	Who can live in SDU	Landlord/tenant but Department will review	Kapolei
	Who should live in		
445	SDU	25% for ohana.	Honolulu
	Who should live in		
446	SDU	If rent, should go to native Hawaiians.	Honolulu
	Who should live in	Applicant information confidential so need process to inform	
447	SDU	applicants.	Honolulu
	Who should live in		
448	SDU	Consent form for rental purposes.	Honolulu
	Who should live in		
449	SDU	Family means any blood relation as long as Hawaiian	Kapolei
	Who should live in		
450	SDU	Suggestion to allow adopted family	Kapolei
	Who should live in		
451	SDU	Guidelines should not put DHHL at risk	Kapolei
452		Rent to ohana first	Molokai

Date: 5.7.18 Location: Which Kay Marine **COMMENT SHEET PROPOSED ADMINISTRATIVE RULE AMENDMENTS** NAME: Sham anning F. Lihue, 90766 ADDRESS: M COMMENTS: Very importation ed engaged. More of firs is extranely important! Mehab Vai DHHL!! Aad specially Anity Cily Lafa ad Location: Handmaulu Topic: MULT- Smiller Kauq'i DCCRs. Date: / May 2018 COMMENT SHEET ED ADMINISTRATIVE RULE AMENDMENTS NAME: Tom Kanahele Lihue, HI 96766 ADDRESS: **COMMENTS:** No multi-fimily housing, leasing or rentals. This is what section! If this is adapted, then every howalian an list should first housing is for! No. No. No. be offered LAND, not an apprement, and NOT a mortgage. These kind of rule changes are a slipper y slope. Just like how agricultural awards "disappeared," as mortgages come "on line" w/ DHHL, soon, apartments will be all DHHL offer is offering. No. As a multianally "in tect" "kanaka maoli, I want land to plant Kalo, plant mail

Date: 57118

COMMENT SHEET

PUBLIC HEARING FOR PROPOSED ADMINISTRATIVE RULE AMENDMENTS

NAME: Alika Woodward

ADDRESS: Kapac, HI, 96746

COMMENTS: To allow lesses who's descendants (children) also does no meet the blood quantum to inherit what was given. The Because it is something that was given to their parent, they grew up on the homester, it seems unfair to remove them because they dont quite meet that blood quantum f allow about we should be allowed to rent sou to our children and whoever if we want because it is ge great way to allow ar children to have their own dwelling if not them its a great way for hawailans to have supplemental income for them to get ahead.

EXHIBIT F

Beneficiary Consultation Comment on Proposed Admin Rule Changes

JoRina Holland

|--|--|

Tue 5/8/2018 12:09 AM

To:Lindsey, Hokulei <hokulei.lindsey@hawaii.gov>;

Name			
JoRina Holland			
Applicant or Le	ssee?	 	
Lessee			
E-mail			

Comment or Message

1. The Dept NEEDS to always consider due process before lease cancellation.

a) Blood quantum is being diluted therefore the lessee may only have 1/4 successors and to come this far just to get cancelled is WRONG!!!!

b) As members of the DCCR we need to hold them responsible for people throwing their junk into our neighborhood (have pictures if you don't believe me), homeless transplants living on our beaches just 50 feet from our property line (have pictures), and trash on our beaches (have pictures). Who is holding the DCCR accountable? If the association isn't cleaning up the common areas or using the funds responsibly what will the Dept do for the members of the DCCR?

2. Homestead communities always needs a community center with a full kitchen, women's bathroom stalls, men's bathroom stalls, and ohana bathroom. The community center must have a large seating area with tables, chairs, benches, and stage. The center must be equipped with electrical plugs throughout, overhead lighting, and ample parking. A children's playground area. Large grass lawn for outdoor activities such as inflatables for children's birthday party, soccer practice, croquet, etc.

Mail - hokulei.lindsey@hawaii.gov

3. Design restrictions on homes should NOT consist on size, color, shape, or parking. If the lessee can afford it then the Dept should allow it.

4. The Dept MUST develop multi-family housing for lease, rent, and both.

5. Renting on Hawaiian Home Lands would begin with the application list, send out the questionnaire for interested applicants, you know the process.

6. Management Company must be based in the islands. Have Hawaiian personnel on their payroll. Be physically located on the island in which they are being considered. Why? To be given the opportunity to serve for the people one must be a part of the people and know the people. We are Hawaiian NOT a statistic!!

7. I support SDUs on HHL because of family growth, financial necessity, and support.

8. SDUs need to be allowed NOW! Criteria needs to meet county codes which follows health and water safety issues.

9. The proposal pilot NEEDS to include Kauai.

10. The SDU may be occupied by the discretion of the lessee.

11. Since the price of land has raised dramatically, the liability for the Dept has increased exponentially, therefore the Dept NEEDS to consider turning the leasehold to fee simple in order to relinquish the liability.

Sent from Department of Hawaiian Home Lands

(1997) - Alexandra 🖬

EXHIBIT F

Piilani Mai Ke Kai

JoRina Holland

Thu 5/31/2018 7:45 AM

To: Lindsey, Hokulei <hokulei.lindsey@hawaii.gov>;

Aloha,

Noticed a few things at PMKK

1. Kids riding their dirt bikes on our properties.

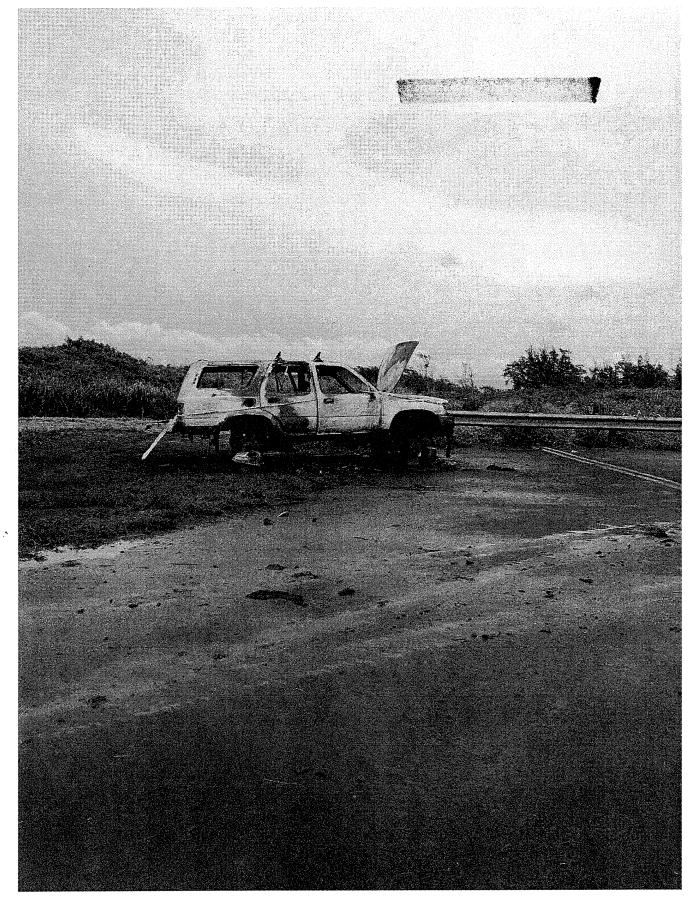
- 2. People driving their cars on our properties.
- 3. Trash left everywhere from on our properties to the beach.
- 4. Abandon vehicles on the road to the beach.

5. PMKK is a DCCR with a \$60 annual fee - who is responsible for holding the DCCR association responsible for their duties?

6. Who holds DHHL responsible for the homeless, abandoned vehicles, and trash from Ehukai Rd to the beach?

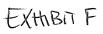
Picture attached.





JoRina Holland Accountant





Proposed rule changes(SDUs)

william aila jr

Wed 8/1/2018 9:23 AM

To: Lindsey, Hokulei < hokulei.lindsey@hawaii.gov>;

Aloha Hokulei, Mahalo for all your hard work in putting together these rule changes. Whatever can help the beneficiaries are greatly needed. As for the SDUs it would be very beneficial to Ag Lots. I understand as the rules stand now we can have a workman's quarter. I guess each case should be on a case by case basis. We do Ag but for now we do not sell what we grow we give it away. We have daytime jobs. A workman's quarters is not what we need. Another home would be what we need. If we need to get permits, funding, put a lot of time in the process. All of that energy would be well invested into a home rather, then a workman's quarter. I didn't get to share more of my input at Monday night's meeting but I am doing so now for the record. I do support SDU's. Mahalo again for your time. Have a nice day,

an nonaioninaooy@nawaii.got

🕷 Ala 👷 👘 🖓 Martin an Angela 👘 🖓

https://outlook.office365.com/owa/?realm=hawaii.gov&exsvurl=1&ll-cc=1033&modurl=0&path=/mail/search

EXHIBIT F

Beneficiary Consultation Comment on Proposed Admin Rule Changes

Lynette Kanani Sang

Orden come



Thu 8/2/2018 3:28 PM

To:Lindsey, Hokulei <hokulei.lindsey@hawaii.gov>;

~~~~~					~	
	Name					
	Numo					
	Lynette Kanani	Sang				
	2	•				
			 	****	*****	
		_				
	Applicant or L	.essee?				
	Lessee					
	Lessee	·				
		· · · ·				
	E-mail					
			 			~~~~

Comment or Message

Aloha mai kakou! I attended the July 30 Kapolei Beneficiary consultation and participated in the break-out groups. Due to time constraints I was not able to discuss the topic of possibly allowing families to lease land where we can gather and live sustainable lives by providing our own food and building our homes. I don't know what the name of this concept is but I have seen it on Kaua'i, private land. A family consisting of 5 brothers & sisters each on a divided parcel of land which they built homes on.

I also wanted to mention that on a larger scale, maybe setting aside some land where families can gather to hold family reunions. Our family struggle to find a location that can hold the mass amount of family (my family in particular between 500-700) to hold such an event. The public parks are limited in size and only allow permits at some public beaches for 100 people and you can only apply for these permits up to 2 weeks prior to the event. This hinders families from planning for these types of events. Maybe if you have access to some beach property that can accommodate families.

EXMBIT F

FW: Proposed Changes to DHHL Administrative Rules

Homelani Schaedel

Tue 9/4/2018 7:38 AM

To:Lindsey, Hokulei <hokulei.lindsey@hawaii.gov>;

Aloha e Hoku:

My cousin Kau'l told me she sent in her comments (below) but it was kicked back as not deliverable. Although the deadline has passed, please include her comments in your review as she addresses some of the same issues we've discussed in the past.

Mahalo piha, Aunty Home

To

From: Kau'ilani Sang Sent: Monday, September 3, 2018 4:53 PM

Subject: Fwd: Proposed Changes to DHHL Administrative Rules

Sent from my iPhone

Begin forwarded message:

From: "Kau'ilani Sang" Date: August 31, 2018 at 3:53:25 PM HST To: <u>dhhl.rules@hawaiianhomelands.org</u> Subject: Proposed Changes to DHHL Administrative Rules

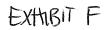
Aloha,

I would like to start of by saying mahalo for providing the opportunity to comment. I realize that these comments are one day beyond deadline but I hope that they may still be considered.

While I was present at the beneficiary consultation held at Hale Pono'ī, I felt strongly that the facilitation process restricted the opportunity to have deeper discussion about the design factors that led to the presentation. My main concern can be identified on Slide 9 in the presentation deck. When taking a look at the process timeline, it is my strong belief that the beneficiary voice should be included in the front of the discussions. The consultation event doesn't show up until after decisions about draft rules are already made.

I would like to propose that the Department re-evaluate its process to take into consideration the beneficiary input as a way to design the draft rules and start the process again. Not only might this help mitigate back end buy-in, it provides for a more authentic, closer to ground, set of rules. Much of the commentary we heard at the convening was driven by something proposed that did not include beneficiary voice. If you move to include beneficiary voice at step one, and use some of the other steps to work towards collectively refining, we might get to a better more concerted effort.

https://outlook.office365.com/owa/?realm=hawaii.gov&exsvurl=1&ll-cc=1033&modurl=0&path=/mail/search



With that, I thank you again for the opportunity to provide comments. If you would like to contact me, you may reach me by email here or by telephone at I strongly urge a reconsideration to restart the process.

Na'u me ke aloha no ka 'āina, Kau'i Sang

1

👔 ya ma 👔 a 🔬 🖞 🐉 🦻

https://outlook.office365.com/owa/?realm=hawaii.gov&exsvurl=1&ll-cc=1033&modurl=0&path=/mail/search

EXHIBIT F

August 30, 2018

TO:Department of Hawaiian Home LandsFROM:M KapuniaiRE:Comments to Proposed Admin Rules

DELETE = () INSERT = <u>UNDERLINE NEW VERBIAGE</u>

CHAPTER 7

PLANNED COMMUNITIES, MULTI-FAMILY COMPLEXES AND RENTAL HOUSING

<u>I am sorry, but not enough has been done to justify admin rules for</u> Planned Communities subject to DCCR, at this point in time.

More research has to be done regarding:

- (1) the reasons for large delinquencies,
- (2) the struggles of the "associations" formed by any one else but those who have to become members and the officers who are trying diligently to be accountable,
- 3) the drafting process of the DCCRs, no participation by those who have to comply, and, recordation of the DCCRs
- 4) the system where the new lessee has had to accept the unseen, already contrived and recorded DCCRs before selecting their lot
 - (I do see that an educational effort ahead of lot selection has been proposed (yeh),

5) dictatorial powers allowed the "declarant",

- 6) need more concerted effort to resolve before imposing enforcement
- 7) formation of the "Association" can not be the responsibility of the "Declarant"

<u>Spend more time with the struggling associations and the causes of the</u> <u>current situation to arrive at positive resolve.</u>

Back to the drawing board - giant issue

Inclusion of 209-(a) is absolutely incorrect -deals with deceased lessee who has not designated a successor, and is another discriminatory move to decrease our rights as a lessee of this "rehabilitation" program.

10-3-40.04 <u>SDU application and review.</u>

(a) last sentence – If the lessee fails to revise . . . return. . . within
(30 days) <u>6 months</u>, the application shall be cancelled.

(It takes you folks years to complete a simple one-lot subdivision, if at all – **STOP BEING UNREASONABLE!!!**

10-3-40.07

Supplemental dwelling units

(b) (1) The only biological relationship is immediate family lineal descendancy as identified in previous subsections.

Sentence #2 (The department may allow ... charged.)

The lessee may request that the obtain occupant contribute toward household expenses such as utilities and mortgage payments.

FXHBN F

The lessee shall set parameters for occupancy.

August 30, 2018

TO:Department of Hawaiian Home LandsFROM:M KapuniaiRE:Comments to Proposed Admin Rules

DELETE = () INSERT = <u>UNDERLINË NEW VERBIAGE</u>

CHAPTER 3, SUBCHAPTER 34

SUPPLEMENTAL DWELLING UNIT

10-3-40.01 <u>Purpose</u>

The purpose of this subchapter is to provide **(residential)** lessees who qualify, with the option to build a supplementary dwelling unit that . . . financíal strain.

THIS OPPROTUNITY SHALL BE AVAILABLE TO ALL PROJECT AREAS, INCLUDING FARM AND PASTORABILI

There is no justification for the discrimination, pilot project or not! All families have the same challenge and can benefit, no matter what type of lease is executed!!!!!!!

YOU, ALL, HAVE BEEN ILL-ADV SED!!!

DELETE ALL " RESIDENTIAL" verbiage!

10-3-40.2 Definitions.

As used in this subchapter, unless context...

"Dwelling unit renter" means (the native Hawaiian) <u>the immediate</u> <u>family member or lineal descendant</u> who rents, from the lessee, ... others

"Good Standing" means... obligations contained in the (residential) homestead lease, the act, and this title.

"Ohana occupant" means the (qualified relative under section 209 (a) of the act) <u>immediate family member or lineal descendant</u> who resides . . .family.

August 30, 2018

TO:Department of Hawaiian Home LandsFROM:M KapuniaiRE:Comments to Proposed Admin Rules

DELETE = () INSERT = <u>UNDERLIN</u> NEW VERBIAGE

10-7-41 Rental Housing Offers

(1) The Department shall notify...

Insert New (2)

(2) The Department shall include with the notification to residential applicants, *The Rental Program Parameters*, which have been reviewed and approved by Housing Beneficiary Organizations, and approved by the Hawaiian Homes Commission.

10-7-42 Kupuna Housing

- (b) If a lessee accepts a kupuna housing offer, the lessee shall (immediately) occupy, within six months, the kupuna housing and, within (six months) <u>12 months</u> either transfer...lease.
- (c) If the list ... still available, the (property management company may accept ... through (1) & (2)) the department shall initiate recruitment, accept qualified applicants for the Kupuna Rental Housing, and notify the Property Management Company of the potential tenants.

(d) as is

10-7-43 Rental Agreement Controlling. The Rental Agreement which has been reviewed by the department and approved by the Hawaiian Homes Commission shall control . . . till the end.

10-7-45 <u>Vacant Units.</u>

To ensure . . . shall proceed under section 10-3 41 as amended.

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 18, 2017

To: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

From: Niniau K. Simmons, NAHASDA Manager

Subject: Native Hawaiian Housing Block Grant Annual Performance Report (APR)

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION:

To accept the 2017 Native Hawaiian Housing Block Grant Annual Performance Report.

DISCUSSION:

Title VIII of the Native American Housing and Self Determination Act requires the Department of Hawaiian Homes Lands, as the sole recipient of Native Hawaiian Housing Block Grant funds, to report annually on activities performed in the past year. The report, disseminated for thirty days of public comment on August 22, 2017, will be finalized and submitted to the U.S. Office of Housing and Urban Development by September 30, 2017. The shaded sections of the APR report on activities approved as the Annual Housing Plan in April 2016.

Highlights:

Spenddown Fourth Year July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2017:

\$19.3 million expended

Spenddown Third Year July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016:

\$11.6 million expended

Spenddown Second Year July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015:

\$14.1 million expended

Spenddown First Year July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2014:

\$5.6 million expended

Fiscal Year 2016 - 2017 Expenditures by AHP Activity:

AHP	1.	2016 Capital Improvement Projects	\$8	,251,681
AHP	2.	Developer Financing	\$	3,548
AHP	3.	HALE Risk Mitigation	\$	612,517
AHP	4.	HALE Loss Mitigation	\$	103,395
AHP	5.	Homeowner Financing	\$7	,653,710
AHP	6.	Energy Retrofits	\$	49,006
AHP	7.	Home Assistance Program	\$	560,000
AHP	8.	Water Improvements	\$	0
AHP	9.	Emergency Financing	\$	56,997
AHP	10.	Land Acquisition	\$	0
AHP	11.	Rental Operating Subsidy	\$	0

NOTE: For AHP 8, Environmental Assessments not yet completed for Anahola and Hoolehua. Awaiting responses from State Historic Preservation Division.

For AHP 10, DHHL did look at some potential land purchases but environmental contamination ruled out said parcels.

For AHP 11, HUD technical assistance came in June 2017, too late to execute the subsidy until this current fiscal year.

Current NAHASDA Balance: \$29,759,152

Encumbered by Contract: \$12,486,103

Available NAHASDA Balance: \$17,273,049

(NHHBG) Exempt from OMB Approval. 5 CFR 1320.3 (c) (4) U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

NHHP/APR

Office of Public and Indian Housing Office of Native American Programs

For DHHL's Use: To cover eligible activities from July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018.

2017 NATIVE HAWAIIAN HOUSING PLAN

(NAHASDA §§ 803(b)(1), 803(c)(1) and 820(a)(2))

This form meets the requirements for a Native Hawaiian Housing Plan (NHHP) and Annual Performance Report (APR) required by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The information requested does not lend itself to confidentiality.

Regulatory and statutory citations are provided throughout this form as applicable. The Department of Hawaiian Home Lands (DHHL) is encouraged to review these citations when completing the NHHP and APR sections of the form.

Under Title VIII of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (NAHASDA) (25 U.S.C. 4101 et seq.), HUD will provide grants under the Native Hawaiian Housing Block Grant (NHHBG) program to DHHL to carry out affordable housing activities for Native Hawaiian families who are eligible to reside on the Hawaiian Home Lands. To be eligible for the grants, DHHL must submit a NHHP that meets the requirements of the Act. To align the NHHBG program with recent improvements made to the Indian Housing Block Grant program, HUD is requiring DHHL to submit the NHHP to HUD at least 75 days prior to the start of its 12-month fiscal year. The APR is due no later than 60 days after the end of DHHL's fiscal year (24 CFR § 1006.410).

The NHHP and the APR (previously two separate forms) are now combined into one form. The sections pertaining to the NHHP are submitted **before** the beginning of the 12-month fiscal year, leaving the APR (shaded) sections blank. If the NHHP has been updated or amended, use the most recent version when preparing the APR. After the 12-month fiscal year, enter the results from the 12-month fiscal year in the shaded sections of the form to complete the APR. More details on how to complete the NHHP and APR sections of the form can be found in the body of this form. In addition, DHHL may find it helpful to refer to the IHP/APR form guidance available at http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/public_indian_housing/ih/codetalk/nahasda/guidance until a guidance specific to the NHHP/APR form is made available.

FORM COMPLETION OPTIONS: The NHHP/APR form may be completed either in hard copy or electronically. Hard copy versions may be completed either by hand or typewriter. Alternatively, the form may be completed electronically as it is a Word document. It is recommended that the form be completed electronically because it is more efficient to complete, submit, and review the form. Furthermore, electronic versions of the form may be submitted to HUD as an email attachment. To document official signatures on the electronic version, you should sign a hard copy of the pages and either fax (808-457-4694) that signed page or email (<u>claudine.c.allen@hud.gov</u>) it as an attachment to the Office of Native American Programs – Attention: Claudine Allen in the HUD Honolulu Field Office. The sections of the NHHP that require an official signature are the Cover Page and Sections 13 and 14, if applicable. For the APR, the Cover Page requires an official signature.

The NHHP data is used to verify that planned activities are eligible, expenditures are reasonable, and DHHL certifies compliance with related requirements. The APR data is used to audit the program accurately and monitor DHHL's progress in completing approved activities, including reported expenditures, outputs, and outcomes. This form is exempt from OMB Approval pursuant to 5 CFR 1320.3(4)(c).

NHHP/APR

Office of Public and Indian Housing Office of Native American Programs

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION

PAGE NUMBER

COVER PAGE	3
SECTION 1: FIVE YEAR PLAN	5
SECTION 2: HOUSING NEEDS	11
SECTION 3: PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS	13
SECTION 4: AFFORDABLE HOUSING RESOURCES	37
SECTION 5: BUDGETS	44
SECTION 6: OTHER SUBMISSION ITEMS	47
SECTION 7: NATIVE HAWAIIAN HOUSING PLAN CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE	49
SECTION 8: SELF-MONITORING	50
SECTION 9: INSPECTIONS	51
SECTION 10: AUDITS	52
SECTION 11: PUBLIC AVAILABILITY	53
SECTION 12: JOBS SUPPORTED BY NAHASDA	54
SECTION 13: NHHP WAIVER REQUESTS	55
SECTION 14: NHHP AMENDMENTS	56

Note: The page numbers in the Table of Contents can update automatically as the NHHP or APR is completed. To update the page numbers, right-click anywhere in the table, select "Update Field" and select "update page numbers only."

NHHP/APR

Office of Public and Indian Housing Office of Native American Programs

COVER PAGE

- (1) Grant Number: 12HBGHI0001; 13HBGHI0001; 14HBGHI0001; 15HBGHI0001; 17HBGHI0001
- (2) Recipient Fiscal Year: 2018
- (3) Federal Fiscal Year: 2017
- (4) Initial Plan (Complete this Cover Page then proceed to Section 1)
- (5) Amended Plan (Complete this Cover Page and Section 14)
- (6) Annual Performance Report (Complete items 24-27 and proceed to Section 3)

(8) Contact Person: Niniau Simmons, NAHASDA Manager

(9) Telephone Number with Area Code: 808-620-9513

(10) Mailing Address: PO Box 1879

(11) City: Honolulu	(12) State: Hawaii	(13) Zip Code: 96805
(14) Fax Number with Area Code (if available): 808-620-9529		
(15) Email Address (if available): Niniau.Simmons@hawaii.gov		

Certification: The information contained in this document is accurate and reflects the activities actually planned or accomplished during the program year. Activities planned and accomplished are eligible under applicable statutes and regulations.

Warning: If you knowingly make a false statement on this form, you may be subject to civil or criminal penalties under 18 U.S.C 1001. In addition, any person who knowingly and materially violates any required disclosure of information, including intentional disclosure, is subject to a civil money penalty not to exceed \$10,000 for each violation.

SECTION 1: FIVE YEAR PLAN

The Five Year Plan is intended to cover the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' (DHHL) long range plans for affordable housing. Each housing plan must contain, for the five-year period beginning with the fiscal year for which the plan is first submitted, the following information.

Five Year Period: 2017 through 2022

MISSION STATEMENT (NAHASDA § 803(b)(2)(A))

A Mission Statement describes the mission of the DHHL to serve the needs of Native Hawaiian low-income families.

Enter the DHHL's Mission Statement here:

To manage the Hawaiian Home Lands Trust effectively and to develop and deliver land to native Hawaiians.

GOALS, OBJECTIVES AND PROGRAMS/ACTIVITIES (NAHASDA § 803(b)(2)(B) and (C))

DHHL must provide a statement of the goals, objectives, and programs/activities planned for the beneficiaries over the five year period. The goals are the intended result of the NHHBG activity and are based on the types of outcomes that the DHHL will report in the APR. The objectives are the means or approach that the DHHL will use to reach the goal. The programs/activities are the specific programs/activities that will be funded in order to achieve the goal and the objective.

Goals May Include:

- (1) Reduce over-crowding
- (2) Assist renters to become homeowners
- (3) Improve quality of substandard units
- (4) Address homelessness
- (5) Create new affordable rental units

Objectives May Include:

- (1) [RESERVED DO NOT USE THIS NUMBER]
- (2) [RESERVED DO NOT USE THIS NUMBER]
- (3) Acquisition of rental housing
- (4) Construction of rental housing
- (5) Rehabilitation of rental housing
- (6) Acquisition of land for rental housing development
- (7) Development of emergency shelters
- (8) Conversion of other structures to affordable housing
- (9) Other rental housing development
- (10) Acquisition of land for homebuyer unit development
- (11) New construction of homebuyer units
- (12) Acquisition of homebuyer units
- (13) Downpayment/Closing cost assistance

- (6) Assist affordable housing for college students
- (7) Provide accessibility for disabled/elderly persons
- (8) Improve energy efficiency
- (9) Reduction in crime reports
- (10) Other
- (14) Lending subsidies for homebuyers
- (15) Other homebuyer assistance activities
- (16) Rehabilitation assistance to existing homeowners
- (17) Tenant based rental assistance
- (18) Other Housing Service
- (19) Housing Management Services
- (20) Operation and maintenance of NHHBG units
- (21) Crime Prevention and Safety
- (22) Model Activities
- (23) [RESERVED DO NOT USE THIS NUMBER]
- (24) Infrastructure to support housing
- (25) [RESERVED DO NOT USE THIS NUMBER]

Use the sections below to describe the DHHL's goals, objectives, and programs/activities during the five year period.

Goal(s) Number: I	(2) Assist renters to become homeowners
Onland from the model listed above	

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s) Number: Ia.(24) Infrastructure to support housing

Select from the objectives listed above.

Program/Activity Description: Infrastructure Development (Statewide)To build infrastructure for lots statewide; water infrastructure improvement for Hoolehua, Molokai and Anahola, Kauai.	Infrastructure
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s) Number: II	(2) Assist renters to become homeowners
-----------------------	-----------------------------------------

Select from the goals listed above.

Г

Objective(s) Number: IIa.	(18) Other Housing Service
------------------------------	----------------------------

Select from the objectives listed above.

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s) Number: III	(2) Assist renters to become homeowners
------------------------	-----------------------------------------

Select from the goals listed above.

	(11) New construction of homebuyer units; (14) Lending subsidies for homebuyers;(13) Downpayment/Closing cost assistance
0 1 1 1 1 1	

Select from the objectives listed above.

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s) Number: IV	(2) Assist renters to become homeowners
-----------------------	-----------------------------------------

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s) Number: IVa.	(8) Conversion of other structures to affordable housing
~ · · · · · · ·	

Select from the objectives listed above.

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s) Number: V.	(5) Create new affordable rental units
-----------------------	----------------------------------------

Select from the goals listed above.

Select from the objectives listed above.

Program/Activity Description:	
Lai Opua Rent with Option to Purchase, Developer Financing	This activity will provide NAHASDA funding as part of a capital stack to conduct vertical construction of 118 units in Village 4 of Lai Opua.

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s) Number: VI.	(5) Create new affordable rental units
------------------------	----------------------------------------

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s) Number: VIa.	(4) Construction of rental housing
------------------------------	------------------------------------

Select from the objectives listed above.

Program/Activity Description:	This activity will support the development of elderly housing for the aging native
Kupuna Housing Development	Hawaiian population. Sites may include the departments land at Isenberg and East Kapolei II.

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s)	
Number:	VII.

(7) Provide accessibility for disabled/elderly persons

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s) Number: VIIa.	(16) Rehabilitation assistance to existing homeowners
O I I I I I I I	

Select from the objectives listed above.

Program/Activity Description: Home Assistance Program (Statewide)	 This activity provides three types of assistance: (1) a deferred, no payment loan up to \$100,000; (2) a small repayment loan (up to \$50,000) for costs exceeding the original \$100,000 amount; and (3) a demolition/new build loan for properties who cost to repair exceed the appraised or tax assessed value. Over 60 families identified for this program are located in: Kalamaula/Hoolehua, Molokai; Keaukaha-Panaewa, Hawaii; Nanakuli/Waianae/Waimanalo/Papakolea,
	Oahu.

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s) Number: VIII.	(3) Improve quality of substandard units
--------------------------	------------------------------------------

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s) Number: VIIIa.	(24) Infrastructure to support housing
o i i i i i i i i i i	

Select from the objectives listed above.

|--|

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

	(1) Reduce over-crowding; (5) Create new affordable rental units; (2) Assist renters to
Number: IX.	become homeowners

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s)	(10) Acquisition of land for homebuyer unit development; (6) Acquisition of land for
Number: IXa.	rental housing development;

Select from the objectives listed above.

Program/Activity Description: Land Acquisition (Oahu – Priority)	This activity will support land purchase(s) for home development.
---------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s) Number: X.(1) Reduce over-crowding	
-----------------------------------------------	--

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s) Number: Xa.	(18) Other Housing Service

Select from the objectives listed above.

Program/Activity Description: Alternative Housing Design	This activity will support the design of alternative housing models, to include multi-family; multi-lease; and culturally-relevant housing models.
-------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s) Number: XI.	(8) Improve energy efficiency
Only of the second second second second	

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s) Number: XIa.(16) Rehabilitation assistance to existing homeowners	
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

Select from the objectives listed above.

Program/Activity Description: Energy Retrofits	This program reduces the high cost of energy in the State by installing solar panels or photovoltaic panels on lessee homes thru the use of subrecipient/vendor and/or new construction loans.
------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s) Number: XII.	(10) Other
-------------------------	------------

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s) Number: XIIa.	(18) Other Housing Service
0 1	

Select from the objectives listed above.

Program/Activity	
Description:	HALE vendors, and/or HUD certified housing agencies, address loss mitigation
Loss Mitigation	efforts for those lessees with guaranteed/insured loans or DHHL direct loans.

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

Goal(s)	
Number: XIII.	

(3) Improve quality of substandard units

Select from the goals listed above.

Objective(s) Number: XIIIa.	(19) Housing Management Services
--------------------------------	----------------------------------

Select from the objectives listed above.

Describe the planned program/activity and indicate how it will enable DHHL to meet its mission, goals, and objectives.

ONE YEAR PLAN & ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

SECTION 2: HOUSING NEEDS

(NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(B))

(1) Type of Need: Check the appropriate box(es) below to describe the estimated types of housing needs and the need for other assistance for <u>low-income Native Hawaiian families</u> (columns B and C) and non-low-income Native Hawaiian families, including non-Native Hawaiian essential families [809(a)(2)(B) and (C)] (column D) eligible to be served by DHHL.

	Check All That Apply			
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	
Type of Need	Low-Income Native Hawaiian Families on Hawaiian Home Lands	Low-Income Native Hawaiian Families on Wait List	Non-Low- Income Native Hawaiian Families	
(1) Overcrowded Households	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
(2) Renters Who Wish to Become Owners		\boxtimes	\boxtimes	
(3) Substandard Units Needing Rehabilitation	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	
(4) Homeless Households	\boxtimes	\boxtimes		
(5) Households Needing Affordable Rental Units		\boxtimes		
(6) College Student Housing		\boxtimes	\boxtimes	
(7) Disabled Households Needing Accessibility	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	
(8) Units Needing Energy Efficiency Upgrades	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	\boxtimes	
(9) Infrastructure to Support Housing		\boxtimes		
(10) Other (specify below)				

(2) Other Needs. (Describe the "Other" needs below. Note: this text is optional for all needs except "Other."):

In the last two housing plans, the DHHL has used this space to recount the history and context from which the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act was founded. In this, the 95th year of the HHCA's signing by President Warren G. Harding, the department rests on its prior years recounting of the efforts made to establish homesteading for native Hawaiians.

(3) Planned Program Benefits. (Describe below how your planned programs and activities will address the needs of low income families identified above. Also describe how your planned programs will address the various types of housing assistance needs. NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(B)):

Over the past three housing plans, the DHHL has developed nearly 400 lots for vertical development. As this current fiscal year enters its final quarter, new lot awards in Anahola, Kauai and Kakaina, Oahu have occurred and anticipated awards in Keokea-Waiohuli will round out the remaining months. HALE has been involved pre-award to provide financial literacy to applicants and the 60/40 split homeowner financing has already seen 7 homes built on Molokai in the first two quarters of this fiscal year. In addition, the department has received technical assistance from HUD providers for the development of this year's housing plan and the use of NAHASDA leveraging with USDA funds for water system improvements in Anahola and Hoolehua.

The activities set forth in the One Year Plan will continue to cover end of project costs for Capital Improvement Projects statewide as subdivision plans, punch list items, and close out construction costs. The major expenditure focus is Homeowner Financing which directly assists new lessees with home construction or home purchase.

(4) Geographic Distribution. (Describe below how the assistance will be distributed throughout the geographic area and how this geographic distribution is consistent with the needs of low income families, including the needs for various categories of housing assistance. NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(B)(i)):

In early 2013, the Department confirmed the Hawaiian Homes Commission's commitment in the \$75 million NAHASDA spend down to addressing new housing opportunities for home ownership. Since the need for housing was statewide, a priority had to be developed that beneficiaries and lessees could readily understand and accept. It was determined that prioritizing based on the homestead mo'okū'auhau would serve as the best methodology in prioritizing NAHASDA funding and the initial first three homesteads of Kalamaula, Ho'olehua and Keaukaha were chosen. The programmatic funding of Home Assistance Program (home rehabilitation); HALE (financial literacy/foreclosure prevention); and Homeowner Financing (60/40 split; Deferred Sales Price; Self Help; IDA; DPA) were utilized in these areas and then expanded to other homestead areas in the last two years. Homeowner Financing are direct loans (or DPA) from the department and the availability is limited to new homestead awards coming online.

NHHP/APR

Office of Public and Indian Housing Office of Native American Programs

SECTION 3: PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

(NAHASDA § [803(c)(2)(A)], [802(c)], [820(b)], 24 CFR §1006.410(b)(2) and (3)])

Planning and Reporting on Program Year Activities

For the NHHP, the purpose of this section is to describe each program that will be operating during the 12month fiscal year. Each program must include the eligible activity, its planned outputs, intended outcome, who will be assisted, and types and levels of assistance. Each of the eligible activities has a specific, measurable output. The first column in the table below lists all eligible activities, the second column identifies the output measure for each eligible activity, and the third column identifies when to consider an output as completed for each eligible activity. Copy and paste text boxes 1.1 through 1.10 as often as needed so that all of your planned programs are included.

For the APR, the purpose of this section is to describe your accomplishments, actual outputs, actual outcomes, and any reasons for delays.

Eligible Activity	Output Measure	Output Completion
(1) RESERVED – DO NOT USE THIS NUMBER		
(2) RESERVED – DO NOT USE THIS NUMBER		
(3) Acquisition of Rental Housing [810(b)(1)]	Units	When recipient takes title to the unit
(4) Construction of Rental Housing [810(b)(1)]	Units	All work completed and unit passed final inspection
(5) Rehabilitation of Rental Housing [810(b)(1)]	Units	All work completed and unit passed final inspection
(6) Acquisition of Land for Rental Housing Development [810(b)(1)]	Acres	When recipient takes title to the land
(7) Development of Emergency Shelters[810(b)(1)]	Households	Number of households served at any one time, based on capacity of the shelter
(8) Conversion of Other Structures to Affordable Housing [810(b)(1)]	Units	All work completed and unit passed final inspection
(9) Other Rental Housing Development [810(b)(1)]	Units	All work completed and unit passed final inspection
(10) Acquisition of Land for Homebuyer Unit Development [810(b)(1)]	Acres	When recipient takes title to the land
(11) New Construction of Homebuyer Units [810(b)(1)]	Units	All work completed and unit passed final inspection
(12) Acquisition of Homebuyer Units [810(b)(1)]	Units	When recipient takes title to the unit
(13) Down Payment/Closing Cost Assistance [810(b)(1)]	Units	When binding commitment signed
(14) Lending Subsidies for Homebuyers (Loan) [810(b)(1)]	Units	When binding commitment signed
(15) Other Homebuyer Assistance Activities [810(b)(1)]	Units	When binding commitment signed

Eligible Activities May Include (citations below reference sections in NAHASDA)

(16) Rehabilitation Assistance to Existing Homeowners [810(b)(1)]	Units	All work completed and unit passed final inspection
(17) Tenant Based Rental Assistance [810(b)(2)]	Households	Count each household once per year
(18) Other Housing Service [810(b)(2)]	Households	Count each household once per year
(19) Housing Management Services [810(b)(3)]	Households	Count each household once per year
(20) Operation and Maintenance of NHHBG- Assisted Units [810(b)(3)]	Units	Number of units in inventory at Fiscal Year End
(21) Crime Prevention and Safety [810(b)(4)]	Dollars	Dollars spent (report in Uses of Funding Table only)
(22) Model Activities [810(b)(5)]	Dollars	Dollars spent (report in Uses of Funding Table only)
(23) RESERVED – DO NOT USE THIS NUMBER		
(24) Infrastructure to Support Housing [810(b)(1)]	Improved Lots	All work completed and lot passed final inspection
(25) RESERVED – DO NOT USE THIS NUMBER		

Outcome May Include:

7) Create new affordable rental units
8) Assist affordable housing for college students
9) Provide accessibility for disabled/elderly persons
10) Improve energy efficiency
11) Reduction in crime reports
12) Other – must provide description in boxes 1.4
NHHP) and 1.5 (APR)

NHHP: PLANNED FISCAL YEAR ACTIVITIES (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(A))

For each planned activity, complete all the non-shaded sections below. It is recommended that for each program name you assign a unique identifier to help distinguish individual programs. This unique number can be any number of your choosing, but it should be simple and clear so that you and HUD can track tasks and results under the program and collect appropriate file documentation tied to this program.

- One way to number your programs is chronologically. For example, you could number your programs 2014-1, 2014-2, 2014-3, etc.
- Or, you may wish to number the programs based on type. For example rental 1, rental 2, homebuyer 1, homebuyer 2, etc. This type of numbering system might be appropriate if you have many programs that last over several years.
- Finally, you may wish to use an outline style of numbering. For example, all programs under your first eligible activity would start with the number 1 and then be consecutively numbered as 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, etc. The programs under the second eligible activity would be numbered as 2.1, 2.2., 2.3, etc.

APR: REPORTING ON PROGRAM YEAR PROGRESS (NAHASDA § 820(b))

Complete the <u>shaded</u> section of text below to describe your completed program tasks and actual results. <u>Only report</u> on activities completed during the 12-month fiscal year. Financial data should be presented using the same basis of accounting as the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) in the annual OMB Circular A-133^{*} audit. For unit accomplishments, only count units when the unit was completed and occupied during the year. For households, only count the household if it received the assistance during the previous 12-month fiscal year.

^{*}DHHL should note that new Federal government regulations on Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements were promulgated on December 26, 2013 at 2 C.F.R. Part 200. HUD intends to update its regulations by December 26, 2014 to implement these new requirements in its programs. In the meantime, applicable OMB Circulars and the regulations at 2 C.F.R. Part 225 will continue to apply to existing grants. After HUD implements the new requirements in 2 C.F.R. Part 200 (after December 26, 2014), all grants will be subject to 2 C.F.R. Part 200, as implemented by HUD.

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: 2017 Capital Improvement Projects (AHP I)

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*):

To build infrastructure for new construction in East Kapolei; Waimanalo; Panaewa and Waiohuli. Previous housing plans listed each CIP project separately but beginning with this housing plan, all CIP will be condensed under one program name/unique identifier.

<u>Kapolei</u>

To construct infrastructure development for 130 lots in IIC.

<u>Waimanalo</u>

To construct infrastructure development for 46 lots in Kakaina. Outstanding claims at the end of construction keeps this project in the housing plan for this next fiscal year.

Waiohuli

To construct onsite drainage mitigation measures and other improvements for 46 lots. Majority of work completed; however, some post-construction expenditures continue.

Panaewa

This activity provides infrastructure and lot development of 16 subsistence ag lots in Panaewa, Hawaii. Draft EA completed and awaiting County approval of DHHL zoning and subdivision request.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(24) Infrastructure to Support Housing [810(b)(1)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.):

(2) Assist renters to become homeowners

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.):

(24) Infrastructure to Support Housing [810(b)(1)]

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.):

Applicant lessees or undivided interest lessees who meet NAHASDA criteria will receive vacant or improved lots for new home construction.

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

This activity covers the cost of the infrastructure for each of the projects at East Kapolei, Waiohuli, Panaewa and Waimanalo.

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*): To build infrastructure for new construction in East Kapolei; Waimanalo; Panaewa and Waiohuli. Previous

housing plans listed each CIP project separately but beginning with this housing plan, all CIP will be condensed under one program name/unique identifier.

Kapolei ONGOING

To construct infrastructure development for 130 lots in IIC. E Kapolei II (Kauluokahai) II-C: Still in Design stage; construction bid expected in early 2019.

Panaewa ONGOING

This activity provides infrastructure and lot development of 16 subsistence ag lots in Panaewa, Hawaii. Draft EA completed and awaiting County approval of DHHL zoning and subdivision request.

Waimanalo COMPLETED

To construct infrastructure development for 46 lots in Kakaina. Outstanding claims at the end of construction keeps this project in the housing plan for this next fiscal year.

Waiohuli COMPLETED

To construct onsite drainage mitigation measures and other improvements for 46 lots. Majority of work completed; however, some post-construction expenditures continue.

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres	APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year
Improved Lots	0

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2)) N/A.

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

N/A

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: Developer Financing (AHP II)

1.2 Program Description (This should be the description of the planned program.):

This activity will provide for funding as part of a capital stack to conduct vertical construction of 70 rent with option to purchase units in Lai Opua, Village 4. Proposals received from developers in late Fall 2016; currently seeking best and final from the top three scores. Actual construction date estimated in the 3rd or 4th quarter of the fiscal year.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(4) Construction of Rental Housing [810(b)(1)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.):

7) Create new affordable rental units

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.):

(11) New Construction of Homebuyer Units [810(b)(1)]

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a separate program within this section.):

Undivided interest lessees meeting the 80% AMI income guidelines will have the opportunity to rent with an option to purchase their unit. NAHASDA guidelines for rental projects keep the unit rents at or below 30% of the tenant's gross monthly income.

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

The assistance being provided will go directly to the developer as part of the capital stack for vertical construction financing.

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)):

The Department utilized this activity for its East Kapolei IIB project to provide assistance to the developer for vertical construction of 100 units for turnkey construction. Developer agreement signed in fourth quarter of state fiscal year with construction beginning in July 2018.

Negotiations with the selected developer in Lai Opua are still ongoing to determine unit mix and AMI count.

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres	Planned Number of Outputs to be completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program	APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year
Units	0	0

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2))

DHHL project staff continue to work with the chosen developer for its Lai Opua project. HUD provided valuable technical assistance in reviewing the selected developer's proposal after selection. DHHL continues to negotiate with selected developer to build the 118 rental with option to purchase units.

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

None.

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: HALE Program – Risk Mitigation (AHP III)

1.2 Program Description (This should be the description of the planned program.):

The HALE Program has two branches: 1) Risk Mitigation, in the form of homebuyer education services; and 2) Loss Mitigation, in the form of lease cancellation/foreclosure prevention services. This first activity will deal with Risk Mitigation.

The department began the HALE program pilot in August 2013 and identified barriers to loan approval and developed risk mitigation efforts to address/remove those barriers.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(18) Other Housing Service [810(b)(2)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.):

(2) Assist renters to become home owners

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (*In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.*): (2) Assist renters to become home owners

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.):

HALE's risk mitigation services will serve the following projects statewide, assisting beneficiaries to become loan qualified:

Kauai: 10 lessees, Piilani Mai Ke Kai

Maui: 6 Undivided Interest lessees

Molokai: 6 Package Home lessees

Molokai: 6 Home Repair lessees

Oahu: 2 Kanehili lessees for turnkey units

Oahu: 4 Kakaina lessees for self-help units

Oahu: 2 Kakaina lessees for Packaged Home units

Oahu: 160 East Kapolei IIB

Hawaii: 10 Lai Opua lessees Blitz Build

Hawaii: 118 Lai Opua lessees, Village 4

Hawaii: 5 Self Help lessees, Kawaihae Mauka

Hawaii: 33 Package Home lessees in Keaukaha

Hawaii: 12 Home Repair lessees in Keaukaha

Hawaii: 38 Discovery Harbor lessees in Kau

Total: 412 lessees

HALE may also assist other families as necessary, statewide.

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

In the past three years, the department has discovered that many lessees who are attempting to qualify for homestead offerings simply do not have the credit to do so. Many of these lessees have taken homebuyer education courses that have had no impact to their behavior and as a result, for example, within six months of pre-qualifying for a self-help loan, they are debt ridden and not on a budget.

The department has moved the two housing specialists into HALE and a new manager promoted to oversee the program. HALE staff now conduct lease awards on projects statewide and under this housing plan, expect to conduct lease awards across the islands.

The following vendors have agreements that will focus on this goal and activity and will be reported as follows in the Annual Performance Report to enhance transparency and facilitate information dissemination:

Executed Agreements:

- Hawaii Home Ownership Center, 2014 Award, \$622,263; bal. \$599,313.83 (Assist families on Hawaii Island & Kauai with homeownership preparation)
- Helen Wai, LLC, 2014 Award, \$498,000; bal. \$442,097 (Assist families on Oahu with homeownership preparation)

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)):

Executed Agreements:

- Hawaii Home Ownership Center, 2014 Award, \$622,263; bal. \$599,314 (Assist families on Hawaii Island & Kauai with homeownership preparation)
- Helen Wai, LLC, 2014 Award, \$498,000; bal. \$105,806 (Assist families on Oahu with homeownership preparation)

All homeowner contracts are expiring and unspent funds will be unencumbered and used for other eligible activities. New procurement under way to use Trust funds instead. NAHASDA staff are providing risk mitigation services for families with NAHASDA loans in Waiohuli in the absence of a HALE provider for Maui County.

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres	Planned Number of Outputs to be completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program	APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year
Households	35	35

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2))

NAHASDA will no longer be used to fund HALE services. The project concept of awarding a lot, linking that family to a HALE provider for assessment and coordination with DHHL loan staff proved difficult to execute.

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

T T	
	one.
- 1	one

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: HALE Program – Loss Mitigation (AHP IV)

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*):

This activity in the second branch of the HALE Program: 2) Loss Mitigation, in the form of lease cancellation/foreclosure prevention services.

At present, the department currently offers two distinct types of loans: external loans (247, 184A, USDA-RD, etc.) and direct loans (with Trust or NHHBG monies). Spurred to action based on the 11/30/14 Delinquency Report compiled by HSD that showed the direct loan portfolio at 26% delinquent (approximately \$16 million), it was the FHA Insured Loan portfolio that caused the greatest consternation: just 11% (307 loans) delinquent but representing approximately \$39 million in external loans that are on the path to defaulting back to the Trust.

As part of its implementation of loss mitigation, the HALE Manager will now be able to refer families at key points in the delinquency continuum at 30-,60-, and 90-days instead of waiting to make the referral to HALE providers. Working with HSD staff, Fiscal and the NAHASDA Manager, HALE will be able to export data from its providers and identify the following outcomes in the APR:

- family remains in home with workout plan
- family remains in home, delinquency refinanced
- family remains in home, mortgage loan refinanced
- family remains in home, contested case hearing scheduled
- family remains in home, contested case hearing ongoing
- family remains in home, lease cancelled/transition plan begins
- family evicted

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.): (18) Other Housing Service [810(b)(2)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.): (12) Other

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.):

(6) Assist affordable housing for low income households

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.): The lessees listed on the department's monthly statewide report who are delinquent 30+ days or more are eligible for loss mitigation services under HALE.

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

- Temporary financial assistance, short term
- Direct loan forbearance, interest rate reduction, and/or deferment
- Counseling and advocacy assistance for external loan lessees
- Counseling and advocacy assistance for direct loan lessees in the lease cancellation process

Executed Agreements:

- Hawaii Community Assets, 2015 Award, \$300,000 (Assist up to 150 lease cancellation families)
- Helen Wai, 2015 Award, \$200,000 (Assist up to 100 lease cancellation families)
- Nanakuli Housing Corporation, 2015 Award, \$100,000 (Assist up to 50 lease cancellation families)

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)):

The department is discontinuing the use of NAHASDA funds for this activity as the existing contracts expire. Executed Agreements:

- Hawaii Community Assets, 2015 Award, \$300,000 (Assist up to 150 lease cancellation families); bal. \$260,398
- Helen Wai, 2015 Award, \$200,000 (Assist up to 100 lease cancellation families); bal. \$108,684
- Nanakuli Housing Corporation, 2015 Award, \$100,000 (Assist up to 50 lease cancellation families); bal. \$49,038

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres	Planned Number of Outputs to be completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program	APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year
Households	75	25

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2))

N/A

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

None.

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: Homeowner Financing (AHP V)

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*):

This activity will utilize statewide contracts with federally insured, federally regulated financial institutions to deploy financing for the housing projects identified in 5.6 above. The deployment of NHHBG monies to federal depository institutions means a high level of compliance with regulatory requirements common in the industry while disseminating loan origination and servicing duties to the communities where the homesteads are located.

Financing will also be provided directly by the department through its Direct Loan Program.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(14) Lending Subsidies for Homebuyers (Loan) [810(b)(1)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.):

(2) Assist renters to become homeowners

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (*In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.*): (2) Assist renters to become homeowners

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.):

Kauai: 10 lessees, Piilani Mai Ke Kai

Maui: 6 Undivided Interest lessees

Molokai: 6 Package Home lessees

Molokai: 6 Home Repair lessees

Oahu: 2 Kanehili lessees for turnkey units

Oahu: 4 Kakaina lessees for self-help units

Oahu: 2 Kakaina lessees for Packaged Home units

Oahu: 160 East Kapolei IIB

Hawaii: 10 Lai Opua lessees Blitz Build

Hawaii: 118 Lai Opua lessees, Village 4

Hawaii: 5 Self Help lessees, Kawaihae Mauka

Hawaii: 33 Package Home lessees in Keaukaha

Hawaii: 12 Home Repair lessees in Keaukaha

Hawaii: 38 Discovery Harbor lessees in Kau

Total: 412 lessees

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.): Financing for home loans statewide utilizing NHHBG funds for projects afore-mentioned.

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)): The department was able to execute \$2.7 million in direct loans this past year.

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres	Planned Number of Outputs to be completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program	APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year
Units	15	17

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2)) N/A.

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

None.

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: Energy Retrofits (AHP VI)

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*):

This program reduces monthly costs to the lessee by providing energy saving retrofits.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(16) Rehabilitation Assistance to Existing Homeowners [810(b)(1)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.):

(10) Improve energy efficiency

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.):

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.):

Eligible lessees residing on department's trust lands are eligible for assistance.

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

The following subrecipients have/will have agreements that will focus on this goal and activity and will be reported as follows in the Annual Performance Report to enhance transparency and facilitate information dissemination:

Executed Agreements:

Council for Native Hawaiian Advancement, 2011 Award: \$453,058; Bal: \$409,547.70 (ex. 01/10/13; 60 families)

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)):

This contract expired this past year and remaining balance unencumbered.

Executed Agreements:

Council for Native Hawaiian Advancement, 2011 Award: \$453,058; Bal: \$379,037 (ex. 01/10/13; 60 families)

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres		APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year
Households	25	11

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR 1006.410(b)(2))

N/A.

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

None.

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: Home Assistance Program (HAP) (AHP VII)

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*):

This program covers the department's attempt to address substandard, aging housing on the homelands. Using its existing partnerships with community agencies, the goal is to service the beneficiary lessees of: Kalamaula/Hoolehua/Kapaakea; Keaukaha-Panaewa; Nanakuli/Waianae; and Papakolea/Waimanalo. There are already 50 families identified or being served at present by the department and another 24 families set to be assisted.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(16) Rehabilitation Assistance to Existing Homeowners [810(b)(1)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.):

(3) Improve quality of substandard units

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.):

(3) Improve quality of substandard units

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.):

Families determined and identified by HAP or subrecipient staff as eligible will be assisted. This includes the 20 families who were waiting for help from the C&C of Honolulu program.

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (*Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.*): Families determined and identified by HAP or subrecipient staff as eligible will be assisted. This includes the 20 families who were waiting for help from the C&C of Honolulu program.

Deferred payment loans, as defined by HAP or the respective subrecipient agreement, will be provided.

The following subrecipients have/will have agreements that will focus on this goal and activity and will be reported as follows in the Annual Performance Report to enhance transparency and facilitate information dissemination:

Executed Agreements:

• Nanakuli Housing Corporation, 2012 Award: \$360,850; bal. \$313,727.67 (Assist 5lessees)

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)):

The department was able to assist the following number of families in completing their home repair: 7.

The contract for this vendor also closed out this past year and completed its target goal of helping five families repair their home.

Executed Agreements:

• Nanakuli Housing Corporation, 2012 Award: \$360,850; bal. \$2.88 (Assist 5lessees)

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres		APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year
Units	5	7

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2))

N/A

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

None.

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: Existing Potable Water Infrastructure Improvements (AHP VIII)

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*):

This activity will utilize NHHBG funding leveraged with USDA to improve potable water infrastructure for systems in, but not limited to, Hoolehua, Molokai and Anahola, Kauai. This activity intends the use of NAHASDA funds as matching for any USDA potable water system application.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(24) Infrastructure to Support Housing [810(b)(1)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.):

(4) Improve quality of existing infrastructure

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.):

(4) Improve quality of existing infrastructure

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.):

New and existing lessees in homestead areas with approved USDA DHHL applications would be assisted with potable water infrastructure improvements.

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

Improved potable water service delivery and/or new potable water service delivery for lessees in homestead areas with an approved DHHL USDA water application.

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)):

This activity was moved from NAHASDA funding to Trust Funds.

This activity will be reported on the Uses of Funding Table

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres	Planned Number of Outputs to be completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program	APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2))

The DHHL will be using non-NAHASDA funding for this activity.

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: Emergency Financing (AHP IX)

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*):

This activity provides emergency funding (CIP, fee for services) for the DHHL to use on behalf of existing lessees. In the instance where health or safety of lessee(s) may be compromised, this activity will allow for the use of NHHBG funds for emergency CIP or contract services to assist eligible families.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(24) Infrastructure to Support Housing [810(b)(1)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.):

(4) Improve quality of existing infrastructure

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.):

(4) Improve quality of existing infrastructure

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.):

Assistance would be for lessees who have need for help on an emergency basis (retaining wall collapse; sewer/septic tank backup; shifting foundation; earthquake/flood/tsunami/lava flow)

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

The DHHL would use NHHBG funds to carry out assistance for lessees who may be in imminent danger or health/sanitation compromised by an existing/new situation.

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)):

The DHHL was able to utilize funds from this activity to assist 80% AMI income eligible families with canal/bridge/retaining wall repairs.

This activity will be reported on the Uses of Funding Table

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres	 APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2))

N/A

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

None.

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: Property Acquisition (AHP X)

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*):

This activity provides funds for the department to purchase vacant land or existing housing for inclusion into Trust inventory.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.): (10) Acquisition of Land for Homebuyer Unit Development [810(b)(1)]

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.): (1) Reduce over-crowding

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.):

(1) Reduce over-crowding

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.):

Applicants on the waitlist will be assisted by having additional affordable housing stock made available to lease by the department.

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

Land identified for acquisition will be considered for purchase for future development to increase affordable housing inventory on DHHL Trust Lands.

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)):

The DHHL continues to look for eligible properties not bogged down by environmental concerns. As the NAHASDA balance is currently too low to support a large land purchase, this activity will likely be phased out in upcoming housing plans.

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres		APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year	
Acres	1	0	

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2))

Property that DHHL considered have been complicated by environmental issues which make long-term residential use unlikely.

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

None.

1.1 Program Name and Unique Identifier: Rental Operating Subsidy (AHP XI)

1.2 Program Description (*This should be the description of the planned program.*):

This activity provides funds for use as a rental operating subsidy to eligible rental housing on Trust Lands in Waimanalo.

1.3 Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activity list. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when housing units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(20) Operation and Maintenance of NHHBG-assisted Units

1.4 Intended Outcome Number (Select one outcome from the Outcome list. Each program can have only one outcome. If more than one outcome applies, create a separate program for each outcome.):

(6) Assist Affordable Housing for Low-Income Households

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.5 Actual Outcome Number (In the APR identify the actual outcome from the Outcome list.):

(6) Assist Affordable Housing for Low-Income Households

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

1.6 Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this section.):

The rental housing project, with up to 85 units, on Trust Lands in Waimanalo will be assisted.

1.7 Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

The project would be assisted with an annual operating subsidy paid directly to the development company. This elderly housing project was first occupied in 2002 and was constructed with funds from the state's Low-Income Housing Trust Fund and Rental Housing Trust Fund along with funds from DHHL and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs.

1.8 APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year in accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3)):

DHHL completed HUD technical assistance in June 2018, too late to execute and MOA with the developer that would provide rental assistance to kupuna at 80% AMI and below. DHHL staff currently working on agreement that would ensure rents do not exceed 30% of their adjusted monthly income while NAHASDA funds are used as a rental subsidy.

1.9: Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Type of Output to be Completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program. Enter <u>one</u> of following choices in accordance with the Eligible Activity: Units; Households; Improved Lots; Acres	Planned Number of Outputs to be completed in Fiscal Year Under this Program	APR: Actual Number of Outputs Completed in Fiscal Year	
Units in Inventory	40	0	

1.10: APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2))

Review of the documents behind the 2002 project took some time by the HUD consultant. Meetings via phone/person/email over the past fiscal year helped to figure out what could be done and how.

1.11: APR: Describe the manner in which DHHL would change its housing plan as a result of its experiences. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(4)). NOTE: It is sufficient to provide one response to this item rather than an individual response for each NHHBG-funded program.

None.

SECTION 4: AFFORDABLE HOUSING RESOURCES

This section of the NHHP is designed to provide the public with basic background information on the characteristics shaping DHHL's affordable housing programs. Each portion of the text below has several required components that must be discussed. DHHL is encouraged to carefully review the instructions for each section and provide text covering all required elements.

Housing Market (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(D)(i) and (ii)) (Describe the key characteristics of the housing market in the State of Hawaii, currently, and in the period of time covered by the plan. Include a description of the availability of housing from other public sources and private market housing, and how this supply of housing affected the DHHL's program/activity choices.):

Wages remain relatively low in Hawai'i making housing affordability a major issue for residents of the state. Because wages remain low, families living in Hawai'i often work more than one job to make ends meet. The SMS Study of 2006 indicated that 44% of all households in the state were at or below 80% of median income. According to the same report, even families with household incomes between 120% and 140% of median income in Hawai'i require affordable housing units given the high costs of housing.

Almost one fourth (22.7%) of all Hawai'i residents pay over 40% of their monthly household income toward their shelter costs and approximately one third (34%) pay over 30% of their monthly household income toward their shelter costs. However, when examined closer it is clear that those households with income levels below 80% of the area median income are more likely to be paying over 30% of their household income toward shelter costs. More specifically, for all households in the state that are at or below 80% of area median income levels, about half (52.22%) pay over 30% of their monthly income toward shelter costs and approximately 38.33% pay over 40% of their monthly income toward shelter costs. As stated previously, shelter to income ratios are higher for native Hawaiian households in that 45.5% pay over 40% of their monthly household income toward their shelter costs.

The department's NHHBG funded mortgage loans provide single family housing for the same or lower price than a studio in a multi-family high rise built by another housing agency in the urban core. Without NHHBG funding, the department would be unable to build or finance housing for the 80% AMI or below target population.

Cooperation (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(D)(iii) (Describe the structure, coordination, and means of cooperation between DHHL and other relevant partners and organizations [including private nonprofit organizations experienced in the planning and development of affordable housing] in the development, submission, or implementation of its housing plan. In addition, DHHL must indicate if it plans to use loan guarantees under Section 184A of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992 and any other housing assistance provided by the Federal Government.):

The department currently partners with a number of housing agencies and organizations either thru subject matter meetings or formal MOUs or agreements. Included in each of the activities of the plan above were the names of the organizations currently or about to receive, monies from the NHHBG.

The Section 184A Loan Guarantee Program, which is similar to the Section 184 Loan Guarantee Program giving Native Americans access to private mortgage financing by providing loan guarantees to lenders, was implemented in 2007. Currently, Home Street Bank and Bank of

Hawai'i are approved lenders for the Section 184 A loan program.

DHHL has been utilizing the FHA 247 loan program since 1987. Almost \$390 million in mortgage loans are outstanding through the FHA 247 loan program to lessees on Hawaiian home lands. Also available is the FHA 203K program for rehabilitation of homes. The Veterans Affairs direct loan, Rural Development (U.S. Department of Agriculture) loan programs, Federal Home Loan Bank (Seattle) Affordable Housing Program grants and low-income housing tax credits are other financing options and tools utilized on Hawaiian home lands.

Demolition and Disposition (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(D)(viii), 24 CFR 1006.101(b)(4)(viii)) (Describe any planned demolition or sale of NHHBG-assisted housing units, or any other demolition or disposition that will be carried out with NHHBG funds. Be certain to include a financial analysis of the proposed demolition, the timetable for any planned demolition or disposition and any other information that is required by HUD with respect to the demolition or disposition.):

There are no 1937 Act housing on Hawaiian home lands. The DHHL does not anticipate demolishing any units funded by the NHHBG.

Coordination (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(D)(ix) (Describe how DHHL will coordinate with partners to promote employment and self-sufficiency opportunities for residents of affordable housing.):

The State of Hawai'i Department of Human Services (DHS) administers individual and family financial assistance programs that provide cash payments to help individuals and families meet their basic needs. The programs include Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), Temporary Assistance to Other Needy Families (TAONF), General Assistance (GA), Aid to the Aged, Blind and Disabled (AABD) and the Food Stamps program. Medical assistance is provided through the Hawai'i QUEST and Medicaid fee-for-services programs. Vocational rehabilitation services are provided to persons with disabilities. Whenever the DHHL staff is made aware of a lessee in need, the families are referred to DHS or to an appropriate non-profit service provider.

Safety (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(D)(x)) (Describe how DHHL will promote crime prevention and resident involvement in affordable housing.):

The DHHL continues to coordinate efforts with the Police Narcotics Division, the Sherriff's Office and the Attorney General's Office—Investigative Division to do surveillance and to evict the offending occupants whenever there is evidence of drug problems or other crimes in the homestead areas. If investigation results in a conviction, the lessee is taken to a contested case hearing for lease cancellation.

Capacity (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(D)(xi)) (Describe the structure, capacity, and key personnel of the entities that will carry out the program/activities of the housing plan.):

The DHHL was created by the State Legislature in 1960 to administer the Hawaiian home lands program and manage the Hawaiian home lands trust. The DHHL is one of eighteen principal agencies of the Executive Branch of the State of Hawai'i.

The DHHL serves native Hawaiians or individuals of at least 50% Hawaiian blood, as defined by the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended, and their successors and assigns. These native Hawaiians are the beneficiaries of the Hawaiian home lands trust consisting of a land trust of over 200,000 acres, settlement monies from the State for the mismanagement of trust lands, funds received from the State general fund for a portion of its operating costs, and revenues and earnings from the land leasing program.

The DHHL is governed by a nine-member board of commissioners headed by the Chairman, who also serves as the executive officer of the DHHL. The Governor of the State of Hawai'i appoints each commissioner and Chairman to a four-year term. The terms of the commissioners are staggered.

Currently, there are 99 full time employees in DHHL with six offices statewide. DHHL's main administrative office is located in Kapolei, Oahu and the five (5) district offices are located on neighbor islands. There are two (2) district offices on the Big Island, one in Hilo (East Hawaii) and one in Waimea (West Hawai'i), Hawai'i; one (1) district office in Lihue, Kauai; one (1) district office in Wailuku, Maui; and one (1) district office in Kalamaula, Molokai. DHHL is organized into five offices and three divisions under the Hawaiian Homes Commission and Office of the Chairman. The various offices and divisions are described as follows:

Office of the Chairman (OCH) — 18 staff members

The Office of the Chairman consists of the Chairman of the Hawaiian Homes Commission, who is also the Director of Department of Hawaiian Home Lands; the Deputy to the Chairman, the Executive Assistant; the NAHASDA Manager, HALE Manager, NAHASDA Program Specialist, NAHASDA Compliance Specialist, NAHASDA Clerk; and executive staff.

Administrative Services Office (ASO) – 7 staff members

The Administrative Services Office provides DHHL staff support in the areas of personnel, budgeting, program evaluation, information and communication systems, risk management, facilities management, clerical services and other administrative services. This office also provides support services in preparation of legislative proposals and testimonies, coordinates the preparation of reports to the legislature and facilitates the rule-making process.

Fiscal Office (FO) – 14 staff members

The Fiscal Office provides accounting support for DHHL. One accountant is dedicated to the NHHBG whose position is currently vacant.

<u>Planning Office (PO)</u> - 8 staff members

The Planning Office conducts research and planning studies required in the development of policies, programs, and projects to benefit native Hawaiians. The PO coordinates and develops the Regional Plans, administers the Native Hawaiian Development Program, provides capacity building training

for homestead organizations, and provides community-based grants for the implementation of Regional priority projects, community based economic development, and membership development.

Information and Community Relations Office (ICRO) – 3 staff members

The Information and Community Relations Office disseminates information to the public on Department issues, oversees community relations with the various homestead communities and coordinates DHHL's ceremonies. They also publish DHHL's annual reports to the State Legislature.

Homestead Services Division (HSD) – 32 staff members

HSD is composed of three branches: 1) Homestead Applications, 2) District Operations, and 3) Loan Services. HSD is the largest division in DHHL, has staff on all islands, and services more than 25,000 applicants and 8,000 lessees on five islands.

Land Management Division (LMD) – 9 staff members

LMD is responsible for managing Hawaiian home lands that are not used for homestead purposes. Unencumbered lands are managed and disposed of for long and short term uses in order to generate revenues and keep the lands productive while minimizing the occurrence of vegetative overgrowth, squatting or illegal dumping. LMD is responsible for properly managing the lands in DHHL's inventory.

Land Development Division (LDD) – 15 staff members

LDD is charged with the responsibility of developing trust lands for homesteading and incomeproducing purposes. This is accomplished through the development of properties for residential, agricultural, pastoral, and economic development uses. LDD has three operating branches: 1) Design and Construction – concentrating on the design and construction of off-site and on-site improvements for the various subdivisions; and 2) Master-Planned Community – expediting the construction of housing options through partnerships with private sector and exploring other housing opportunities; and, 4) Housing Project—awards leases.

The following is a listing of the key personnel responsible for the implementation of DHHL and NAHASDA assisted programs:

Hawaiian Homes Commission (HHC) Jobie M.K. Masagatani, Chairman David Kaapu, West Hawaii Commissioner Wallace "Wally" Ishibashi, East Hawaii Commissioner Doreen Napua Canto, Maui Commissioner Gene Ross Davis, Molokai Commissioner Kahele Richardson, Oahu Commissioner Michael P. Kahikina, Oahu Commissioner Wren Wescoatt, Oahu Commissioner Kathleen Puamae'ole "Pua" Chin, Kauai Commissioner

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Jobie M. K. Masagatani, Director William J. Aila, Jr., Deputy to the Chairman Derek Kimura, HHL Executive Assistant Kamana'o Mills, Special Assistant Rodney Lau, Administrative Services Officer Pearl Teruya, Fiscal Management Officer Kaleo Manuel, Acting Planning Program Manager Francis Apoliona, HHL Compliance and Community Relations Officer Niniau Simmons, Manager (NAHASDA) Trisha Paul, Program Specialist (NAHASDA) Dawnelle Forsythe, Compliance Specialist (NAHASDA) Michelle Hitzeman, HALE Manager Paula Aila, ICRO Manager Juan Garcia, Homestead Services District Supervisor III Louis Hao, East Hawaii Homestead District Supervisor James Du Pont, West Hawaii Homestead District Supervisor II Halealoha Ayau, Molokai Homestead District Supervisor II Dean Oshiro, Housing Services Division Administrator Carol Ann Takeuchi, Housing Specialist (NAHASDA) Nadine Pomroy, Clerk (NAHASDA) Norman Sakamoto, Land Development Division Administrator

SECTION 5: BUDGETS

(1) Sources of Funding (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(C)(i) and 820(b)(1)) (Complete the <u>non-shaded</u> portions of the chart below to describe your estimated or anticipated sources of funding for the 12-month fiscal year. APR Actual Sources of Funding -- Please complete the shaded portions of the chart below to describe your actual funds received. Only report on funds actually received and under a grant agreement or other binding commitment during the 12-month fiscal year.)

	NHHP				APR						
SOURCE	(A) Estimated amount on hand at beginning of fiscal year	(B) Estimated amount to be received during 12- month fiscal year	(C) Estimated total sources of funds (A + B)	(D) Estimated funds to be expended during 12- month fiscal year	(E) Estimated unexpended funds remaining at end of fiscal year (C minus D)	(F) Actual amount on hand at beginning of fiscal year	(G) Actual amount received during 12- month fiscal year	(H) Actual total sources of funding (F + G)	(I) Actual funds expended during 12- month fiscal year	(J) Actual unexpended funds remaining at end of 12- month fiscal year (H minus I)	(K) Actual unexpended funds obligated but not expended at end of 12- month fiscal year
1. NHHBG Funds	23,000,000	2,000,000	25,000,000	6,130,000	18,870,000	29,759,152	2,000,000	31,759,152	17,322,708	14,436,444	8,019,596
2. NHHBG Program Income	0	480,000	480,000	480,000	0	87,664	1,091,987	1,179,651	1,111,182	68,469	
LEVERAGED FUNDS											
3. Other Federal Funds											
4. LIHTC											
5. Non-Federal Funds											
TOTAL	23,000,000	2,480,000	25,480,000	6,610,000	18,870,000	29,846,816	3,091,987	32,938,803	18,433,890	14,504,913	8,019,596

Notes:

a. For the NHHP, fill in columns A, B, C, D, and E (non-shaded columns). For the APR, fill in columns F, G, H, I, J, and K (shaded columns).

b. Total of Column D should match the total of Column N from the Uses Table on the following page.

c. Total of Column I should match the Total of Column Q from the Uses Table on the following page.

d. For the NHHP, describe any estimated leverage in Line 3 below. For the APR, describe actual leverage in Line 4 below (APR).

(2) Uses of Funding (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(C)(ii)) (Note that the budget should not exceed the total funds on hand (Column C) and insert as many rows as needed to include all the programs identified in Section 3. Actual expenditures in the APR section are for the 12-month fiscal year.)

			NHHP		APR			
PROGRAM NAME (tie to program names in Section 3 above)	Unique Identifier	(L) Prior and current year NHHBG (only) funds to be expended in 12- month fiscal year	(M) Total all other funds to be expended in 12- month fiscal year	(N) Total funds to be expended in 12- month fiscal year (L + M)	(O) Total NHHBG (only) funds expended in 12-month fiscal year	(P) Total all other funds expended in 12- month fiscal year	(Q) Total funds expended in 12-month fiscal year (O+P)	
2017 CIP	AHP I	500,000		500,000	776,767	284,199	1,060,966	
Developer Financing – Lai Opua	AHP II	250,000		250,000	10,464,322	0	10,464,322	
HALE Risk Mitigation	AHP III	150,000		150,000	224,238	105,255	329,493	
HALE Loss Mitigation	AHP IV	150,000		150,000	46,317	33,179	79,496	
Homeowner Financing	AHP V	1,500,000	480,000	1,980,000	2,718,869	266,620	2,985,489	
Energy Retrofits	AHP VI	100,000		100,000	24,417	56,934	81,352	
HAP	AHP VII	500,000		500,000	1,077,997	254,190	1,332,187	
Water Improvements	AHP VIII	1,000,000		1,000,000	0	0	0	
Emergency Financing	AHP IX	500,000		500,000	344,795	2821	347,616	
Land Acquisition	AHP X	500,000		500,000	0	0	0	
Rental Operating Subsidy	AHP XI	200,000		200,000	0	0	0	
Planning & Administration		780,000		780,000	1,644,986	107,984	1,752,970	
Loan Repayment – describe in 3 and 4 below.								
TOTAL		6,130,000	480,000	6,610,000	17,322,708	1,111,182	18,433,891	

Notes:

a. Total of Column L cannot exceed the NHHBG funds from Column C, Row 1 from the Sources Table on the previous page.

b. Total of Column M cannot exceed the total from Column C, Rows 2-10 from the Sources Table on the previous page.

c. Total of Column O cannot exceed total NHHBG funds received in Column H, Row 1 from the Sources Table on the previous page.

d. Total of Column P cannot exceed total of Column H, Rows 2-10 of the Sources Table on the previous page.

e. Total of Column Q should equal total of Column I of the Sources Table on the previous page.

Estimated Sources or Uses of Funding (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(C)). (Provide any additional information about the <u>estimated</u> sources or uses of funding, including leverage (if any). You must provide the relevant information for any planned loan repayment. The text must describe which specific loan is planned to be repaid and the NAHASDA-eligible activity and program associated with this loan):

The department will be providing NHHBG funds to the procured developer for the vertical construction described in AHP II but does not know at this time the other resources the vendor may utilize as part of the capital stack. The process to procure the developer has taken some time as the department reviews the prior project done in Kapolei called Hoolimalima. As a result, the Invitation for Bid has yet to be released. It is, however, anticipated that Low Income Tax Credits may be utilized for the project by a developer as the rent with option to purchase program for this project will afford undivided interest lessees who may not qualify immediately for a home loan with the long term option of renting to own.

For AHP VIII, the anticipated total project cost of \$28 million for the Molokai & Anahola Water System improvements will be leveraged with NHHBG and USDA. Estimated NAHASDA share at \$15 million for both Anahola and Hoolehua water systems.

(4) APR (NAHASDA § 820(b)(1)) (Enter any additional information about the <u>actual</u> sources or uses of funding, including leverage (if any).

The DHHL saw a small increase in program income this year, up \$300,000 from last year and a result of the number of NAHASDA loans being originated in the previous fiscal year.

SECTION 6: OTHER SUBMISSION ITEMS

(1) Useful Life/Affordability Period(s) (NAHASDA § 813, 24 CFR § 1006.305) (Describe your plan or system for determining the useful life/affordability period of the housing assisted with NHHBG funds. A record of the current, specific useful life/affordability period for housing units assisted with NHHBG funds must be maintained in DHHL's files and available for review for the useful life/affordability period.):

DHHL has established the following affordability periods to describe the term during which DHHL will keep the unit affordable:

NHHBG Funds Invested	Affordability Period
Up to \$24,999	Six month
\$25,000 to \$50,000	1 years
\$50,001 to \$100,000	10 years
\$100,001 to \$150,000	20 years
\$150,001 and above	30 years

The affordability period is based on the total amount of NHHBG funds invested in the development and/or rehabilitation of a housing unit. Resale and recapture provisions will be included as a condition of the Hawaiian homestead lease to enforce the affordability restriction for each assisted housing unit.

For all NHHBG funded mortgage loans (new construction), the affordability period shall run with the term of the mortgage, which term is not to exceed 60 years.

(2) Model Housing and Over-Income Activities (NAHASDA § 810(b)(5) and 809(a)(2)(B), 24 CFR § 1006.225 and 1006.301(b)) (If you wish to undertake a model housing activity or wish to serve non-low-income households during the 12-month fiscal year, those activities may be described here. Each approved model activity must be included as a separate program in Section 3 (Program Descriptions) and the APR portions of Section 3 must be completed in the APR submission for any approved model activity.):

None.

	: (NHHBG) U.S. Department of Housing	Exempt from OMB Approval. 5 CFR 1320.3 (c) (4) and Urban Development
NHHP/APR	Office of Public and Indian Ho Office of Native American Pro	5

(3) Anticipated Planning and Administration Expenses (NAHASDA § 802(d), 24 CFR § 1006.230) Do you intend to exceed your allowable spending cap for Planning and Administration? Yes No No If yes, describe why the additional funds are needed for Planning and Administration.

(4) Actual Planning and Administration Expenses (NAHASDA § 802(d), 24 CFR § 1006.230) Did you exceed your spending cap for Planning and Administration? Yes No

If yes, did you receive HUD approval to exceed your spending cap on Planning and Administration? Yes 📃 No	on Planning and Administration? Yes No
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------

f you did not receive approval for exceeding your spending cap on Planning and Administration costs, describe the	
reason(s) for exceeding the cap.	

SECTION 7: NATIVE HAWAIIAN HOUSING PLAN CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(E))

By signing the NHHP, you certify that you have all required policies and procedures in place in order to operate any planned NHHBG programs.

(1) In accordance with applicable statutes, the recipient certifies that it will comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.) or with the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.) in carrying out the NHHBG program, to the extent that such Acts are applicable, and other applicable federal statutes.



The following certifications will only apply where applicable based on program activities.

(2) The recipient will require adequate insurance coverage for housing units that are owned and operated or assisted with grant amounts provided under NAHASDA, in compliance with such requirements as may be established by HUD.

Yes	\square	No	Not Applicable	Γ

(3) Policies are in effect and are available for review by HUD and the public governing the eligibility, admission, and occupancy of families for housing assisted with grant amounts provided under NAHASDA.

Yes	\square	No	Not Applicable

(4) Policies are in effect and are available for review by HUD and the public governing rents charged, including the methods by which such rents or homebuyer payments are determined, for housing assisted with grant amounts provided under NAHASDA.

|X|No Not Applicable Yes

- ble | and
- (5) Policies are in effect and are available for review by HUD and the public governing the management and maintenance of housing assisted with grant amounts provided under NAHASDA.

Yes	\bowtie	No	Not Applicable	
-----	-----------	----	----------------	--

SECTION 8: SELF-MONITORING

(NAHASDA § 819(b), 24 CFR § 1006.401)
(1) Do you have a procedure and/or policy for self-monitoring?
Yes 🔀 No 🗌
(2) Did you conduct self-monitoring, including monitoring sub-recipients?
Yes No Not Yet.
(3) Self-Monitoring Results. (Describe the results of the monitoring activities, including inspections for this program year.):
DHHL will be hiring a consultant this year to conduct self-monitoring and will be in Hawaii the last week in September to conduct the review.

SECTION 9: INSPECTIONS

(NAHASDA § 819(b))

(1) Inspection of Units (Use the table below to record the results of inspections of assisted housing.)

			Results of Ins
	(A)	(B)	(C)
	Activity	Total number of units inspected	Total number of units (Inventory)
Rur Yea	HASDA-Assisted Units: nning inventory as of Fiscal ar Beginning (July 1) a 12- nth total.		
a.	New Construction Completed	17	
b.	Rehab/Repair Completed	7	
C.	Rental Assistance (if applicable)	0	
d.	Other (energy retrofits)	9	
Tot	al	33	424

(2) Did you comply with your inspection policy: Yes No:

(3) If no, why not:

SECTION 10: AUDITS

(24 CFR § 1006.375(d))

This section is used to indicate whether an Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133^{*} audit is required, based on a review of your financial records.

Did you expend \$500,000* or more in total Federal awards during the APR reporting period?



If Yes, an audit is required to be submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse and the Office of Native American Programs.

If No, an audit is not required.

^{*}DHHL should note that new Federal government regulations on Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements were promulgated on December 26, 2013 at 2 C.F.R. Part 200. HUD intends to update its regulations by December 26, 2014 to implement these new requirements in its programs. Audits covering recipients' fiscal years that begin in January 2015 will be subject to the revised audit requirements. In the meantime, applicable OMB Circulars and the regulations at 2 C.F.R. Part 225 will continue to apply to grants until implementation of the new requirements.

SECTION 11: PUBLIC AVAILABILITY

(NAHASDA § 820(d), 24 CFR § 1006.410(c))

(1) Did you make this APR available to the beneficiaries of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act before it was submitted to HUD?

(2) If you answered "No" to question #1, provide an explanation as to why not and indicate when you will do so.

(3) Summarize any comments received from the beneficiaries (NAHASDA § 820(d)(2)).

SECTION 12: JOBS SUPPORTED BY NAHASDA (NAHASDA § 820)

Use the table below to record the number of jobs supported with NHHBG funds each year (including DHHL staff, Subrecipient staff, Contractors, etc.).

Native Hawaiian Housing Block Grant Assistance (NHHBG)				
(1) Number of Permanent Jobs Supported				
(2) Number of Temporary Jobs Supported				

(3) Narrative (optional):

NHHP/APR

Office of Public and Indian Housing Office of Native American Programs

SECTION 13: NHHP WAIVER REQUESTS (NAHASDA § 802(b)(2), 24 CFR 1006.20(b))

THIS SECTION IS ONLY REQUIRED IF DHHL IS REQUESTING A WAIVER OF A NHHP SECTION OR A WAIVER OF THE NHHP SUBMISSION DUE DATE. Fill out the form below if you are requesting a waiver of one or more sections of the NHHP. **NOTE**: This is NOT a waiver of the NHHBG program requirements but rather a request to waive some of the NHHP submission items because DHHL cannot comply due to circumstances beyond its control.

(1) List below the sections of the NHHP where you are requesting a waiver and/or a waiver of the NHHP due date. (List the requested waiver sections by name and section number):

(2) Describe the reasons that you are requesting this waiver (Describe completely why you are unable to complete a particular section of the NHHP or could not submit the NHHP by the required due date.):

(3) Describe the actions you will take in order to ensure that you are able to submit a complete NHHP in the future and/or submit the NHHP by the required due date. (*This section should completely describe the procedural, staffing or technical corrections that you will make in order to submit a complete NHHP in the future and/or submit the NHHP by the required due date.*):

(4) Recipient:	
(5) Authorized Official's Name and Title:	
(6) Authorized Official's Signature:	
(7) Date (MM/DD/YYYY):	

NHHP/APR

Office of Public and Indian Housing Office of Native American Programs

SECTION 14: NHHP AMENDMENTS

(24 CFR § 1006.101(d))

Use this section for NHHP amendments only.

Fill out the text below to summarize your NHHP amendment. Copy and paste Section 14 for each amendment. This amendment is only required to be submitted to the HUD Office of Native American Programs when the recipient is adding a new activity that was not described in the current One-Year Plan that has been determined to be in compliance by HUD. All other amendments will be reflected in the APR and do not need to be submitted to HUD.

NOTE: A Cover Page is strongly recommended but not required with a NHHP Amendment submission.

APR: REPORTING ON PROGRAM YEAR PROGRESS (NAHASDA § 820(b))

Complete the <u>shaded</u> section of text below to describe your completed program tasks and actual results. <u>Only report on activities completed during the 12-month fiscal year</u>. Financial data should be presented using the same basis of accounting as the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) in the annual OMB Circular A-133^{*} audit. For unit accomplishments, only count units when the unit was completed and occupied during the year. For households, only count the household if it received the assistance during the previous 12-month fiscal year.

^{*}DHHL should note that new Federal government regulations on Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements were promulgated on December 26, 2013 at 2 C.F.R. Part 200. HUD intends to update its regulations by December 26, 2014 to implement these new requirements in its programs. In the meantime, applicable OMB Circulars and the regulations at 2 C.F.R. Part 225 will continue to apply to existing grants. After HUD implements the new requirements in 2 C.F.R. Part 200 (after December 26, 2014), all grants will be subject to 2 C.F.R. Part 200, as implemented by HUD.

(1) Program Name and Unique Identifier:

(2) Program Description (This should be the description of the planned program.):

(3) Eligible Activity Number (Select one activity from the Eligible Activities list in Section 3. Do not combine homeownership and rental housing in one activity, so that when units are reported in the APR they are correctly identified as homeownership or rental.):

(4) Intended Outcome Number (Select one Outcome from the Outcome list in Section 3.):

Describe Other Intended Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

(5) Actual Outcome Number (Select one Outcome from the Outcome list in Section 3.):

Describe Other Actual Outcome (Only if you selected "Other" above.):

(6) Who Will Be Assisted (Describe the types of households that will be assisted under the program. Please note: assistance made available to families whose incomes exceed 80 percent of the median income should be included as a <u>separate</u> program within this Section.):

(7). Types and Level of Assistance (Describe the types and the level of assistance that will be provided to each household, as applicable.):

(8). APR: (Describe the accomplishments for the APR in the 12-month fiscal year. In accordance with 24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2) and (3), provide an analysis and explanation of cost overruns or high unit costs.):

(9). Planned and Actual Outputs for 12-Month Fiscal Year

Planned Number of Units to be Completed in Year Under this Program	Planned Number of Households To Be Served in Year Under this Program	Planned Number of Acres To Be Purchased in Year Under this Program	APR: Actual Number of Units Completed in Fiscal Year	APR: Actual Number of Households Served in Fiscal Year	APR: Actual Number of Acres Purchased in Fiscal Year

Use this page for NHHP amendments only.

(10). APR: If the program is behind schedule, explain why. (24 CFR § 1006.410(b)(2))

(11) Amended Sources of Funding (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(C)(i)) (Complete the <u>non-shaded</u> portions of the chart below to describe your estimated or anticipated sources of funding for the 12-month fiscal year. APR Actual Sources of Funding -- Please complete the shaded portions of the chart below to describe your actual funds received. Only report on funds actually received and under a grant agreement or other binding commitment during the 12-month fiscal year.)

			NHHP						APR		
SOURCE	(A) Estimated amount on hand at beginning of fiscal year	(B) Estimated amount to be received during 12- month fiscal year	(C) Estimated total sources of funds (A + B)	(D) Estimated funds to be expended during 12- month fiscal year	(E) Estimated unexpended funds remaining at end of fiscal year (C minus D)	(F) Actual amount on hand at beginning of fiscal year	(G) Actual amount received during 12- month fiscal year	(H) Actual total sources of funding (F + G)	(I) Actual funds expended during 12- month fiscal year	(J) Actual unexpended funds remaining at end of 12- month fiscal year (H minus I)	(K) Actual unexpended funds obligated but not expended at end of 12- month fiscal year
6. NHHBG Funds											
7. NHHBG Program Income											
LEVERAGED FUNDS											
8. Other Federal Funds											
9. LIHTC											
10. Non-Federal Funds											
TOTAL											

Notes:

a. For the NHHP, fill in columns A, B, C, D, and E (non-shaded columns). For the APR, fill in columns F, G, H, I, J, and K (shaded columns).

b. Total of Column D should match the total of Column N from the Uses Table on the following page.

c. Total of Column I should match the Total of Column Q from the Uses Table on the following page.

(12) Amended Uses of Funding (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(C)(ii)) (Note that the budget should not exceed the total funds on hand and insert as many rows as needed to include all the programs identified in Section 3. Actual expenditures in the APR section are for the 12-month fiscal year.)

			NHHP			APR	
PROGRAM NAME (tie to program names in Section 3 above)	Unique Identifier	(L) Prior and current year NHHBG (only) funds to be expended in 12- month fiscal year	(M) Total all other funds to be expended in 12- month fiscal year	(N) Total funds to be expended in 12- month fiscal year (L + M)	(O) Total NHHBG (only) funds expended in 12-month fiscal year	(P) Total all other funds expended in 12- month fiscal year	(Q) Total funds expended in 12-month fiscal year (O+P)
Planning and Administration							
Loan repayment							
TOTAL							

Notes:

a. Total of Column L cannot exceed the NHHBG funds from Column C, Row 1 from the Sources Table on the previous page.

b. Total of Column M cannot exceed the total from Column C, Rows 2-10 from the Sources Table on the previous page.

c. Total of Column O cannot exceed total NHHBG funds received in Column H, Row 1 from the Sources Table on the previous page.

d. Total of Column P cannot exceed total of Column H, Rows 2-10 of the Sources Table on the previous page.

e. Total of Column Q should equal total of Column I of the Sources Table on the previous page.

(13) Estimated Sources or Uses of Funding (NAHASDA § 803(c)(2)(C)). (Provide any additional information about the <u>estimated</u> sources or uses of funding, including leverage (if any). You must provide the relevant information for any planned loan repayment listed in the Uses Table on the previous page. The text must describe which specific loan is planned to be repaid and the NAHASDA-eligible activity and program associated with this loan):

(14) APR (NAHASDA § 820(b)(1)) (Enter any additional information about the <u>actual</u> sources or uses of funding, including leverage (if any). You must provide the relevant information for any actual loan repayment listed in the Uses Table on the previous page. The text must describe which loan was repaid and the NAHASDA-eligible activity and program associated with this loan.):

(15) Recipient:		
(16) Authorized Official's Name and Title:		
(17) Authorized Official's Signature:	I certify that all other sections of the NHHP approved on accurate and reflect the activities planned.	are
(18) Date (MM/DD/YYYY):		

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION September 24-25, 2018 Keaukaha, Hawaii

D-ITEMS HOMESTEAD SERVICES DIVISION

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

From: Dean T. Oshiro, Acting HSD Administrator

SUBJECT: Homestead Services Division Status Reports

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

NONE

DISCUSSION

- The following reports are for information only:
- Exhibit A: Homestead Lease & Application Totals and Monthly Activity Reports
- Exhibit B: Delinquency Report

September 24, 2018

SUBJECT: Homestead Lease and Application Totals and Monthly Activity Reports

LEASE ACTIVITY REPORT

Month through August 31, 2018

	As of 7/31/18	Add	Cancel	As of 8/31/18
Residential	8,370	3	4	8,369
Agriculturual	1,096	0	1	1,095
Pastoral	410	0	0	410
Total	9,876	3	5	9,874

The number of Converted Undivided Interest Lessees represents an increase of 423 families moving into homes. Their Undivided Interest lease was converted to a regular homestead lease.

	A f		Rescinded/	A = -4
	As of		Surrendered/	As of
	7/31/18	Converted	Cancelled	8/31/18
Undivided	902	3	0	899
Balance as of 8/31/2018				
Awarded		1,434		
Relocated to UNDV		7		
Rescinded		111		
Surrendered		5		
Cancelled		3		
Converted	_	423		
Balance to Convert		899		

٦.

Lease Report For the Month Ending August 31, 2018

OAHU Hoolimalima Katavahine Kanehilu Kapolei Kaupea Kaupuni Kewalo Kumuhau Luatualei Matu'ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates Warahole	Last Month 70 10 91 358 255 325 19 249 52 149 52 149 156 1,048 64			70 13 91 358 255 325 19	Last Month 0 0 0 0 0 0		ULTURE ancel 0 0 0		.ast Month 0	PAST Add Ca			Last Month		LEASES Cancel	TOTAL
Hoolimalima Kakaina Kalawahine Kapolei Kaupea Kaupuni Kewalo Kumuhau Luatualei Matu'ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	10 91 358 255 325 19 249 52 149 156 1,048	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	13 91 358 255 325	0 0 0	0	0			0	n					
Kakaina Kalawahine Kanchili Kaupua Kaupuni Kewalo Kumuhau Lualualei Malu'ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	10 91 358 255 325 19 249 52 149 156 1,048	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	13 91 358 255 325	0 0 0	0	0			Q	0	0				
Kalawahine Kanehili Kaupolei Kaupoa Kewalo Kumuhau Lualualei Matu'ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	91 358 255 325 19 249 52 149 156 1,048	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	91 358 255 325	0 0 0	Ó		0		~			70	0	0	70
Kanehili Kapolei Kaupuni Kewalo Kumuhau Luatualei Mati/ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	358 255 325 19 249 52 149 156 1,048	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	358 255 325	0 0		U	C	0	0	0	0	10	3	0	13
Kapolei Kaupea Kaupuni Kewalo Kumuhau Luatualei Matu'ohai Matu'ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	255 325 19 249 52 149 156 1,048	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	255 325	0		Ō	с 0	0 0	0	0	0	91 259	0	0	91
Kaupea Kaupuni Kewalo Kumuhau Luatualei Matu'ohai Matu'ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	325 19 249 52 149 156 1,048	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0	325		Ő	0	U Q	U 0	0	0	0	358	0	0	358
Kaupuni Kewalo Kumuhau Lualualei Matu'ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	19 249 52 149 156 1,048	0 0 0 0	0 0			0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 D	255 325	0	0	255
Kewalo Kumuhau Luatualei Mativihai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	249 52 149 156 1,048	0 0 0	0		0	0	۵	0	0	0	0	0	525 19	0 0	0 0	325
Kumuhau Lualualei Malu'ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	52 149 156 1,048	0 0		249	C C	ŏ	õ	ů	ů	0	0	0	249	0	0	19 249
Lualualei Malu'ohai Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	149 156 1,048	-		52	Ŭ	õ	õ	Ď	õ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	52	Ő	0	249
Nanakuli Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	1,048	n	0	149	31	Ō	ō	31	ŏ	ŏ	õ	ů 0	180	ŏ	ő	180
Papakolea Princess Kahanu Estates	•		0	156	0	0	Ō	0	Ő	ō	õ	ů.	156	õ	õ	156
Princess Kahanu Estates	6.4	0	0	1,048	0	Ō	ò	0	ō	ō	õ	ů	1,050	õ	ő	1,048
	04	0	0	64	0	0	Ó	0	Ő	Ō	0	0	64	õ	ŏ	64
1 Mathia ata	271	Û	0	271	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	Û	271	Ō	Ō	271
ivvalandie	0	0	C	C	16	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	16	Ō	Q	16
Waianae	419	0	0	419	11	0	0	11	0	Ó	Ó	Ŭ	430	Ō	ō	430
Waimanalo	735	0	3	732	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	737	Ō	3	734
TOTAL	4,271	3	3	4,271	60	0	0	60	0	0	0	Ď	4,333	3	3	4,331
MAUI				·												
Hikina	30	0	0	30	0	0	0		^	^	~			~	~	
Kahikinui	30 0	0	0	30 0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	30
Keokea	0	0	0	0		-	0	0 EE	75	0	0	75	75	0	0	75
Lealii	104	0	0	104	65 Q	0 0	0 0	65	0	0	0	Û	65 104	0	0	65
Paukukalo	104	0	0	104 180		0	Ŭ	. 0	0	0	0	0	104	0	0	104
Walehu 1	39	0	0	180 39	0	0	Ŭ	0	0	0	0	0	180	0	0	180
Walehu 2	39 109	0	0	39 109		0 0		0	0	0	0	0	39	0	0	39
Walehu 3	109	0 Q	0	109	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	109	0	0	109
Walehu 4	114 97	U O	0	114 97	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	114	0	0	114
Walehu 4	97 593	0	0	97 593	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	0	97	0	0	97
TOTAL	1,265	0	0	593 1,266	65	0	U D	U 65	0 75	0	0 0	0 75	593 1,406	0	0	593
Lan	1400	•		1,200		U	<u> </u>		13	. •		13	1,406		U	1,406
EAST HAWAII																1
Discovery Harbour	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
Kamaoa	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	25	C	0	25	25	0	0	25
Kaumana	42	0	0	42	0	0	0	Û	0	0	0	٥	42	Q	0	42
Keaukaha	473	0	0	473	0	0	0	Q	0	٥	0	0	473	Ó	0	473
Kurtistown	3	0	0	3	0	0	Q	Q	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
Makuu	0	0	0	0	121	0	0	121	0	0	0	0	121	0	0	121
Panaewa	0	0	0	0	262	0	0	262	0	0	0	0	262	0	0	262
Piihonua	17	0	0	17	0	0	0	Û	0	Û	0	0	17	0	Û	. 17
Puueo	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	12
University Heights	4	0	Û	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	٥	4
Walakea	298	0	0	298	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	298	0	0	298
TOTAL	839	0	0	839	395	0	0	395	25	0	0	25	1,259	0	0	1,259
WEST HAWAII																
Honokaia	0	0	٥	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	24	24	0	0	24
Humuula	0	0	0	Ċ	Ō	Ō	Ō	0	5	ů	0	5	5	ŏ	Ő	5
Kamoku	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	Ō	0	16	ō	Õ	16	16	ŏ	õ	16
Kaniohale	224	õ	0	224	ů	ŏ	õ	ů	,0	0 0	õ	0	224	0	0	224
Kawaihae	186	ō	õ	186	Č	õ	õ	0	1	0 0	Ő	1	187	0	0	187
Laiopua	284	õ	õ	284	0	õ	Ö	ů 0	Ö	ů	Ö	0	284	0	0	284
Lalamilo	30	Ō	0	30	Ő	ő	õ	Ő	ŏ	õ	õ	ů ů	30	õ	0	30
Nienie	0	ō	Ő	0	Ő	õ	õ	D	21	õ	õ	21	21	0	õ	21
Puukapu/Waimea/Kuhio Vil	115	ō	ŏ	115	110	ō	ŏ	110	215	õ	0	215	440	0	0 0	440
Puupulehu	33	Ů	Õ	33	0	õ	ŏ	0	215	õ	0	213	33	0	0	33
TOTAL	872	0	õ	872	110	õ	ŏ	110	282	0	Ō	282	1,264	0	Ó	1,264
											-			-	-	
KAUAI		-														
	534	0	0	534	46	0	0	46	0	0	0	0	580	0	0	580
Anahola		0	0	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Û	47	0	٥	47
Hanapepe	47		0	117	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	117	0	0	117
Hanapepe Kekaha	47 117	0			0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae	47 117 0	0 0	0	0		Û	0	46	1	0	0	1	745	0	0	745
Hanapepe Kekaha	47 117	0		0 698	46	v										
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL	47 117 0	0 0	0			•										
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI	47 117 0 698	0 0 0	0	698	46		1	345	21	n	۵	24	50/	0	2	E32
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI Hoolehua	47 117 0 698 157	0 0 0	0	698 156	46 346	0	1	345	21	0	0	21	524 237	0	2	522
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI Hoolehua Kalamaula	47 117 0 698 157 163	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	698 156 163	46 346 71	0	0	71	3	0	0	3	237	0	0	237
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI Hoolehua Kalamaula Kapaakea	47 117 0 698 157 163 47	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0	698 156 163 47	46 346 71 0	0 0 0	0 0	71 0	3 3	0 0	0 0	3 3	237 . 50	0 0	0 0	237 50
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI Hoolehua Kajamaula Kapaakea Moomomi.	47 117 0 698 157 163 47 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0 0	698 156 163 47 0	46 346 71 0 3	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	71 0 3	3 3 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 3 0	237 . 50 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	237 50 3
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI Hoolehua Kalamaula Kapaakea Moomomi.	47 117 0 698 157 163 47	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0	698 156 163 47	46 346 71 0 3 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	71 0 3 0	3 3 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	3 3 0 0	237 . 50 3 28	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	237 50 3 28
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOXAI Hoolehua Kajamaula Kapaakea Moomomi, O'ne Alii TOTAL	47 117 0 698 157 163 47 0 28	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0 0 0	698 156 163 47 0 28	46 346 71 0 3	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	71 0 3	3 3 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 3 0	237 . 50 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	237 50 3
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI Hoolehua Kalamaula Kapaakea Moornomi. O'ne Alii TOTAL LANAI	47 117 0 698 157 163 47 0 28 395	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1	698 156 163 47 0 28 394	46 346 71 0 3 0 420	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	71 0 3 0 419	3 3 0 27	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	3 3 0 27	237 . 50 3 28 842	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 2	237 50 3 28 840
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI Hoolehua Kalamaula Kapaakea Moomomi, O'ne Alii TOTAL LANAI Lanai	47 117 0 698 157 163 47 0 28 395 29		0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1	698 156 163 47 0 28 394 29	46 346 71 0 3 0 420 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	71 0 3 0 419 0	3 3 0 0 27	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	3 0 0 27 0	237 . 50 3 28 842 29	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 2 0	237 50 3 28 840 29
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI Hoolehua Kalamaula Kapaakea Moornomi, O'ne Alii TOTAL LANAI	47 117 0 698 157 163 47 0 28 395	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1	698 156 163 47 0 28 394	46 346 71 0 3 0 420	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	71 0 3 0 419	3 3 0 27	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	3 3 0 27	237 . 50 3 28 842	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 2	237 50 3 28 840
Hanapepe Kekaha Puu Opae TOTAL MOLOKAI Hoolehua Kalamaula Kapaakea Moomomi, O'ne Alii TOTAL LANAI Lanai	47 117 0 698 157 163 47 0 28 395 29		0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1	698 156 163 47 0 28 394 29	46 346 71 0 3 0 420 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	71 0 3 0 419 0	3 3 0 0 27	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	3 0 0 27 0	237 . 50 3 28 842 29	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 2 0	237 50 3 28 840 29

ITEM NO. D-1 EXHIBIT-A

AREA WAITING LIST													
		RESIDENCE	ENCE		4	AGRICULTURE	TURE			PASTURE	RE		
DISTRICT AREA	Last Month	Add	Cancel	TOTAL	Last Month	Add	Cancel	TOTAL	Last Month	Add Cancel	ancel	TOTAL	TOTAL
Oahu District	961	0	0	961	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		961
Maui District	50	0	0	50	4	0	0	4	ŝ	0	0	ŝ	59
Hawaii District	130	0	0	130	28	0	0	28	46	0	0	46	204
Kauai District	51	0	0	51	m	0	0	'n	28	0	0	28	82
Molokai District	20	٥	0	20	18	0	0	18	~	0	0	-	39
TOTAL	1,212	0	0	1,212	53	0	0	53	80	0	0	80	1,345
ISLANDWIDE WAITING LIST													
		RESIDENCE	ENCE			AGRICULTURE	TURE			PASTURE	RE		
ISLAND	Last Month	Add	Add Cancel	TOTAL	Last Month	Add	Add Cancel	TOTAL	Last Month	Add Cancel	ancel	TOTAL	TOTAL
Oahu	9,706	16	7	9,711	3,696	4	2	3,698	0	0	0	0	13.409
Maui	3,798	4	ო	3,799	4,659	·	-	4,659	608	~	-	608	9,066
Hawaii	5,733	ŝ	-	5,737	7,165	9	0	7,171	1,874	-	-	1,874	14,782
Kauai	1,617	-		1,617	2,217	2	0	2,219	299	0	0	299	4,135
Molokai	792	4	0	796	1050	-	0	1051	199	2	0	201	2,048
Lanai	86	0	0	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	86
TOTAL	21,732	30	16	21,746	18,787	14	ę	18,798	2,980	4	2	2,982	43,526
AREA AND ISLANDWIDE LISTS													
			4			L				L			
	20 010		PA SOS	PAS			-			;		CANCELLATIONS	
	7/9'NI		3,098	- ²	14,3/0	2 •	New Applications	ations	40	z	New Lease Awards	Awards	1
	0,044		4,003	613	CZ1'A	α, .	Application I ransfers	I ransters	20	Ā	Application Transfers	ransfers	¢
HAWAII	5,867		7,199	1,920	14,986		ease Rescissions	issions	0	Ø	ucc'd and C	Succ'd and Cancel Own	2
KAUAI	1,668		2,222	327	4,217	∢	App Reinstatements	atements	0	Ē	Public Notice Cancel	e Cancel	0
MOLOKA	816		1,069	202	2,087	I	HHC Adjustments		0	>	oluntary Ca	Voluntary Cancellations	0
LANAI	86		0	0	86			TOTAL	48	Ľ	Lease Successorships	ssorships	0
TOTAL	22,958		18,851	3,062	44,871					I	HHC Adjustments	nents	0
										<u></u>	Decid No Successon	ccessor	0 0
										ζz	Additional Acreage NHO Unnualified	itied	5 C
										:]		TOTAL	21

HOMESTEAD AREA AND ISLANDWIDE APPLICATIONS WAITING LIST MONTHLY REPORT FOR THE MONTH ENDING August 31, 2018

HOMESTEAD AREA AND ISLANDWIDE APPLICATIONS WAITING LIST MONTHLY REPORT FOR THE MONTH ENDING

Add Cancel TOTAL Last Month 0 0 170 0 0 0 0 0 142 0 0 0 0 0 142 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 142 0 0 0 0 0 0 971 126 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Add Cance Add Cance							
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	000000	Cancel To	TOTAL	Last Month	Add	Cancel	TOTAL	TOTAL
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00000		 0	0		0		170
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0000	0	0	0	0	0	0	142
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td>00</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>71</td>	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	71
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	578
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	961
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4		3,698	0	0	0	0	13.409
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4		3,698	0	0	0	0	14,370
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	4	ស	0	0	ŝ	6
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	4	ъ С	0	0	5	69
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	،		4,659	608	-	-	608	9.066
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	F	۲ ۲	4,663	613	-	-	613	9,125
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 <t< td=""><td>c</td><td>c</td><td>c</td><td>C</td><td>C</td><td>c</td><td>c</td><td>69</td></t<>	c	c	c	C	C	c	c	69
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$, c	, c	, f	• c	• c	• c	• -	8 t
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	۰ د	, c	2 0		,	> c	,	2 0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,	5 (2
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <td></td> <td>5</td> <td>- :</td> <td>יכ</td> <td>.</td> <td>5</td> <td>D</td> <td>9</td>		5	- :	יכ	.	5	D	9
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•	D	12	46	0	0	46	103
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0		28	46	0	Ò	46	204
5 1 5,867 1 1 1 1 1 2,867 1 1 1 1 2,867 1 1 1 1 2,867 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2,867 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 4 1 0 0 0 4 2 0 0 8 8 2 0 8 8 8 0 8 1 1	9	0	7,171	1,874	-		1,874	14,782
0 0 0 0 0 43 1 1 1 1 1 4 4 0 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 4 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9		7,199	1,920	÷	÷	1,920	14,986
0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0	ო	21	0	0	21	67
0 0 0 51 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </td <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>7</td> <td>Q</td> <td>0</td> <td>7</td> <td>ŝ</td>		0	0	7	Q	0	7	ŝ
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>ო</td> <td>28</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>28</td> <td>82</td>		0	ო	28	0	0	28	82
1 1,668 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	0	2.219	299	0	0	299	4 135
0 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 0 8 8 4 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			2.22	327	0	6	327	4.217
0 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 7 7 0 0 0 0 20 796 10 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80								
0 0 0 0 0 0 7 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
0 0 0 756 0 0 0 1 10 0 0 816 1,0 816 816 1,0 86 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	C	c	18	*	c	c	-	77
0 0 0 20 1.0 796 1.0 816 1.0 86 86 1.0 8 86 1.0			ļ	· c			· c	-
0 0 0 796 1.0 816 1.0 8 86 88					, c	, c	, c	
4 0 756 1,0 4 0 816 1,0 0 0 86 1,0 0 0 86 36		00	ζ	- C			, ,	- 6
) ~		2.05.4	- 001	, c	0 0	- 100	
				000	ء 1			2,040
0 0 86 0 0 86 0 0 86	-		conti	202	J	5	707	10712
	C	o	c	C	C	C	c	86 RG
	0	0		c	6	6		98
			5	0				1 1 1 1
20 40 JA 740 487	2		0.00	080	•	> (00 50 5	1,345
21,132 30 10 21,140 10,101 22,04 20 46 22,040 49,240	± 2	<u> </u>	10,730 40 0E4	2,000	4 -	N 6	2052	970'54

ITEM NO. D-1

EXHIBIT A

								ـــ م	ж v				% of Totale	tale
	Total Outstanding (00	anding (000s)	Total Delinquency (000s	iquency (000s)	30 Days (low) (000	(S	60 Days (Medium) (000s)		90 Days (High) (000	(High) (000s)	180 Days (Severe) (000	Severe) (000s)	8/31/2018	018
DIRECT LOANS OAHU	411 411	<u>Amt.</u> 35,726	118. 118	Amt. 11,359	23 23	<u>Amt.</u> 2,185	<u>14</u>	<u>Amt.</u> 870	<u>19</u>	Amt. 1,716	<u>8</u> 80	Amt. 6,589	<u>No.</u> 28.7%	31.8
EAST HAWAII	221	13,555	60	4,023	5	131	4	163	1	676	40	3,053	27.1%	29.7
WEST HAWAII	80	7,861	13	839	4	350	-	16	~	130	7	343	16.3%	10.7
MOLOKAI	88	6,641	22	749	0	0	4	61	7	262	11	426	25.0%	11.3
KAUAI	103	7,255	19	1,289	9	556	4	291	ю	34	9	407	18.4%	17.8
MAUI	<u>88</u>	<u>766'6</u>	<u>21</u>	2,792	2	23	~ 	306	ശ	1,033	<u>12</u>	1,431	23.9%	27.9
TOTAL DIRECT	991 100.0%	81,035 100.0%	253 25.5%	21,052 26.0%	40 4.0%	3,246 4.0%	28 2.8%	1,706 2.1%	47 4.7%	3,851 4.8%	138 13.9%	12,249 15.1%	25.5%	26.0
Advances (including RPT)	235	7,681	235	7,681	0	٥	0	0	235	7,681			100%	100
DHHL LOANS & Advances	1,226	88,716	488	28,733	40	3,246	28	1,706	282	11,532	138	12,249	39.8%	32.4
LOAN GUARANTEES as of June 30. 2017 SBA USDA-RD Habitat for Humanity Maui County Nanakuli NHS City & County FHA Interim OHA TOTAL GUARANTEE	0. 2017 1 297 74 5 1 18 18 18 48 48 48	101 39,078 3,295 74 1,334 1,334 481	9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 6,142 1430 7 289 0 289 0 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289	00000000	0000000 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9 2 → 0 7 2 5 0 0 9 2 → 0 7 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6,142 6,142 1,430 7 289 289 0 0 7. 874			0.0% 16.8% 39.2% 0.0% 77.8% 2.1% 2.1%	0.0 43.4 92.3 92.3 0.0 17.6

100%

32.4%

0.0% 15.7% 43.4% 0.0% 92.3% 0.0% 17.6%

3.5% **93.4%** <u>6.0%</u> <u>9.3%</u>

7.2% 10.7%

123 261 261

25,940 26,426

202 206

0 259

0 2

<u>0</u> 739

0 T 0 4

17,539 25,940 44,593

5 128 335

198 **149** 2.788 3,135

HUD REASSIGNED for Recovery

PMI Loans

32,252 **18,773**

430,173 481,198

2.5% **85.9%**

17,169 17,169

123

204 **282**

ŝ

188 71

722

1,114

12.1% 13.2%

14.9%

29,418 29,418

38,151 45,832

348 583

1,965 1,965

8 30

3,985 3,985

4 44

73,519 81,200

683 918

606,916

OVERALL TOTALS(EXC Adv/RP'

ADJUSTED TOTALS

614,597

4,812 4,577

Note: HUD 184A loan program has 441 loans, with a total outstanding principal balance of \$98,859,810.92 as of June 30, 2017. 18 loans, totalling \$4,145,021.64 are delinquent.

ITEM NO D-1

TOTAL INS. LOANS FHA Insured Loans

EXHIBIT B

DELINQUENCY REPORT - STATEWIDE September 24 2018 (\$Thousands)

\$ 31.8%

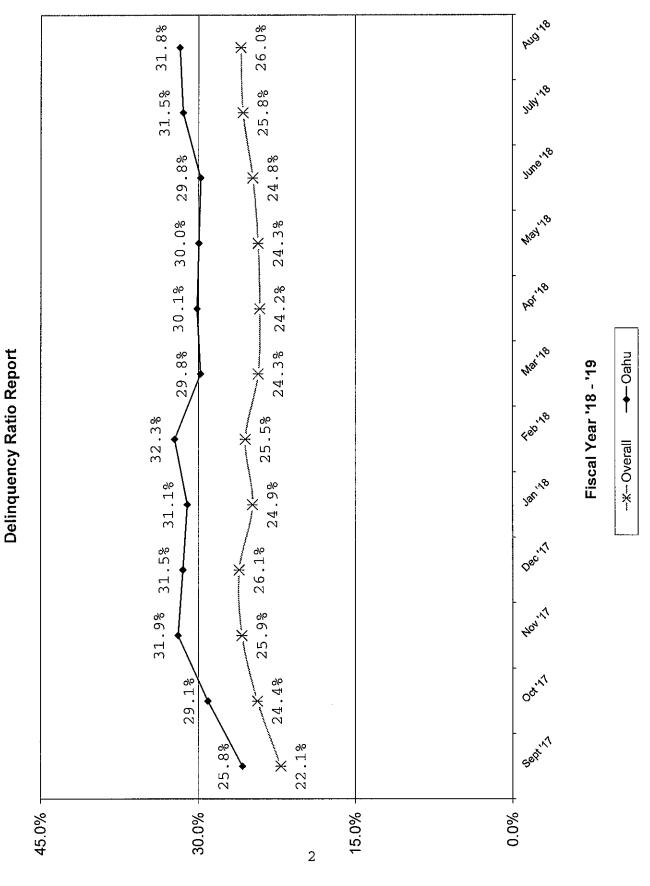
29.7%

10.7%

11.3%

17.8%

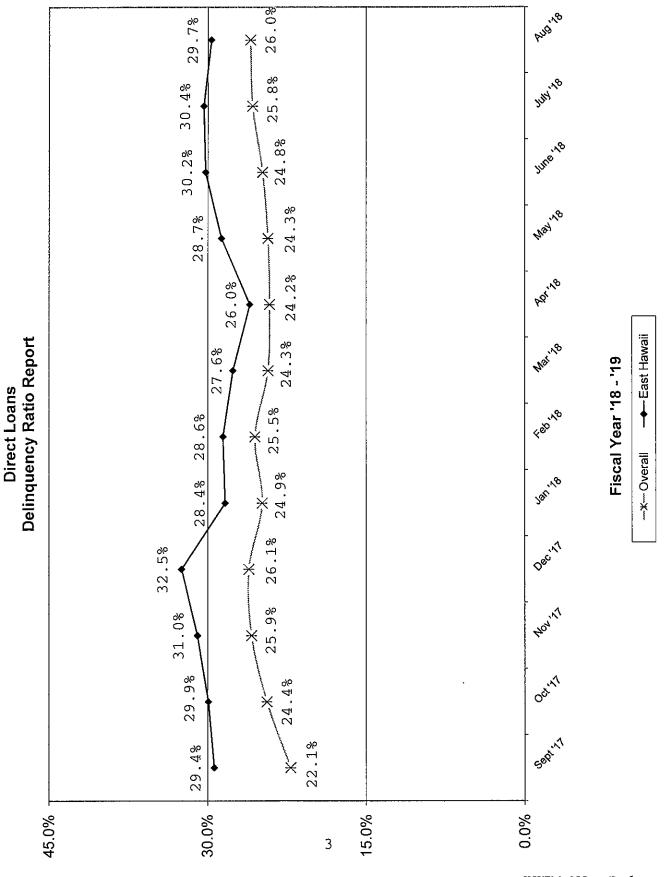
27.9% 26.0%



Direct Loans

OAHU

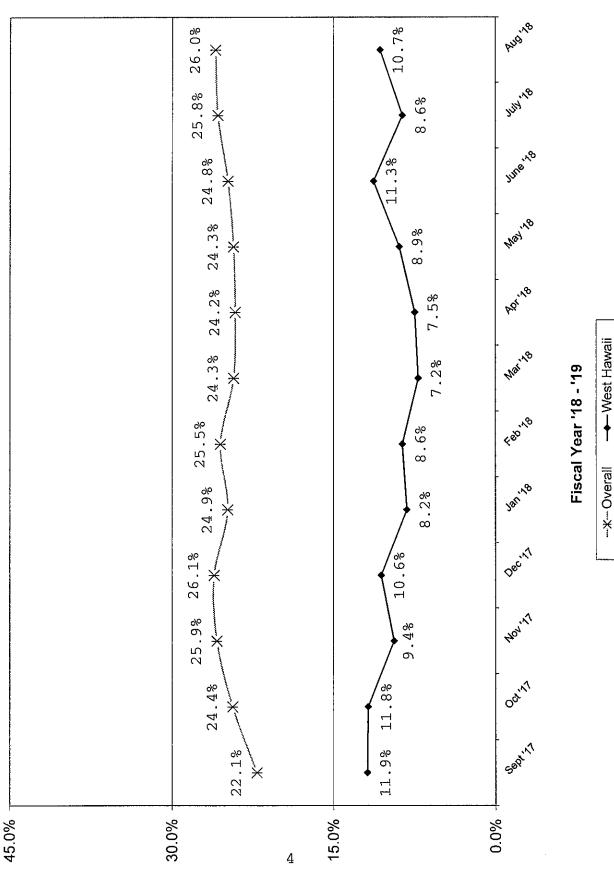
ITEM NO. D-1 EXHIBIT B



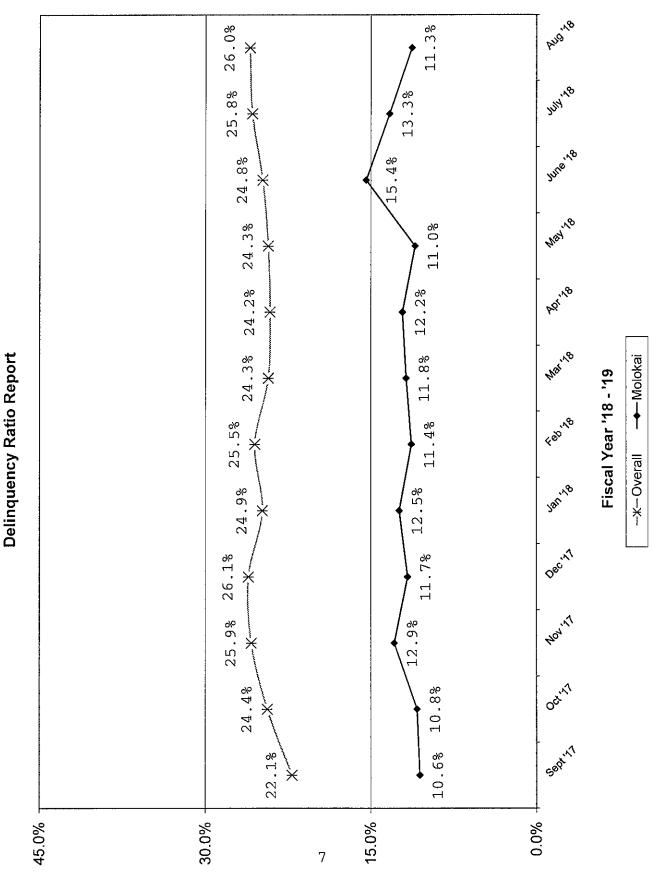
EAST HAWAII

ITEM NO. D-1 EXHIBIT B





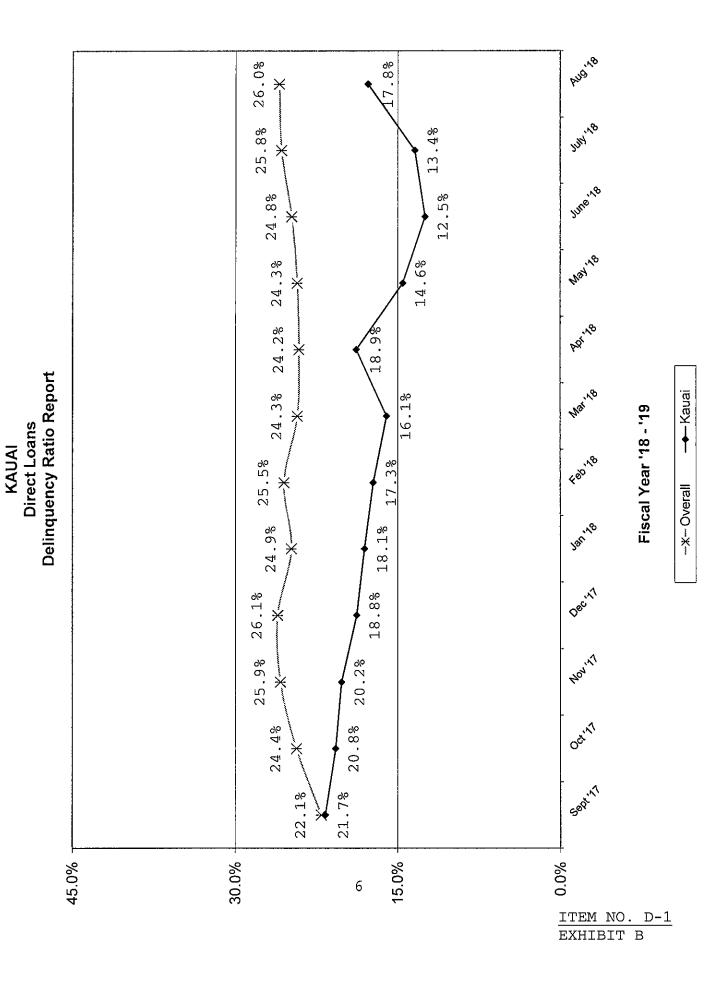
ITEM NO. D-1 EXHIBIT B

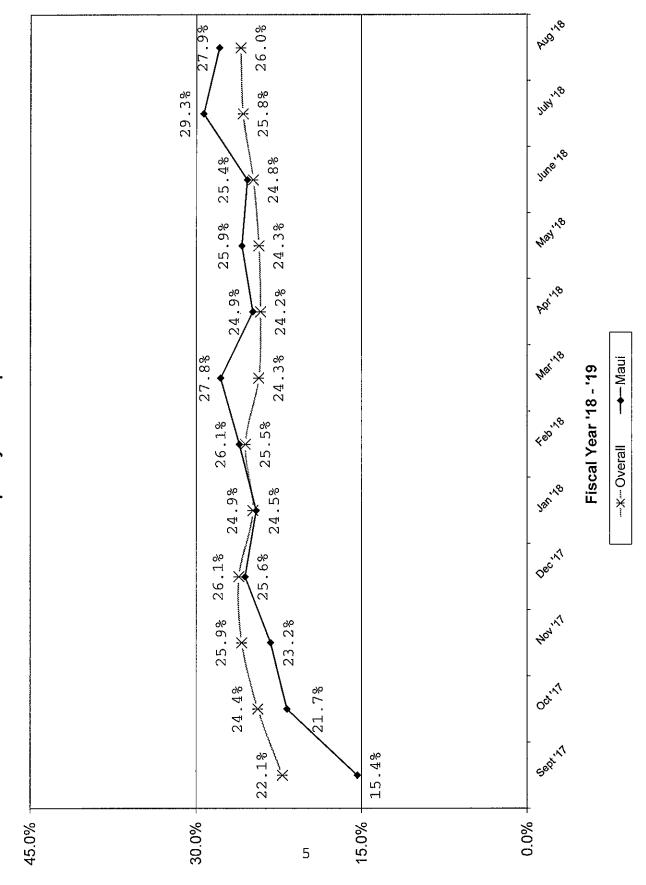


Direct Loans

MOLOKAI

ITEM NO. D-1 EXHIBIT B





ITEM NO. D-1 EXHIBIT B

MAUI Direct Loans Delinquency Ratio Report

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

- TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
- FROM: Dean Oshiro, Acting HSD Administrator Homestead Services Division
- SUBJECT: For Information Only Status Report for Streamline Refinanced Loans That Were Previously Delinquent

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

None - for information only.

DISCUSSION

At its August 19, 2013 Hawaiian Homes Commission ("HHC") meeting, the HHC approved the "Streamline/Interest rate reduction loan" product. The criteria to qualify for this product were that twelve (12) consecutive monthly payments be made, the borrower's current interest rate be higher than the current DHHL interest rate, the borrower's be current with their Homeowners Insurance, Real Property Tax, Lease Rent, county sewer/refuse fees, and that the borrower does not have any advances made by DHHL on the borrowers behalf.

Since August 19, 2013, the HHC has approved a total of 142 loans under this product. The following is a "snapshot" of the accounts as of July 31, 2018:

- 1) 46 accounts were delinquent at the time of approval.
- 2) 1 of the 46 accounts was paid in full via a sale/transfer of the lease.
- 3) 18 of the 46 accounts were in the Contested Case Hearing process prior to being refinanced.
- 4) 4 of the 18 accounts are now delinquent again.
- 5) 11 of the 46 accounts are delinquent as of July 31, 2018.
- 6) 2 of the 11 delinquent accounts are back in the Contested Case Hearing process.

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes_Commission

FROM: Dean Oshiro, Acting HSD Administrator Homestead Services Division

SUBJECT: Approval of Consent to Mortgage

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

To approve the following consents to mortgages for Federal Housing Administration (FHA) insured loans, Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) loans, United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Development (USDA, RD) guaranteed loans, United States Housing and Urban Development (HUD 184A) guaranteed loans and Conventional (CON) loans insured by private mortgage insurers.

DISCUSSION

PROPERTY	LESSEE	LENDER	LOAN AMOUNT
OAHU			
Nanakuli Lease No. 1904 TMK: 1-8-9-009:075	KAALOA, Lou Ann M. (Cash Out Refinance)FHA	Mann Mortgage	\$ 127,674
Princess Kahanu Estates Lease No. 8373 TMK: 1-8-7-043:016	WERNER-CELES, Ronnelle K. E. A. (Purchase)FHA	Guild Mortgage Co.	\$ 349,000
Kewalo Lease No. 787 TMK: 1-2-5-021:010	ALANA-SWAIM, Jamelyn T. (Cash Out Refinance)FHA	Mann Mortgage	\$ 109,880
Kapolei Lease No. 12477 TMK: 1-9-1-017:038	LUCRISIA, Naleisha K. P. W. (Purchase)HUD 184A	Bank of Hawaii	\$ 380,372

OAHU

\$ 282,000 Princess Kahanu Estates KAMAI, Mann Wesley K. (Cash Out Mortgage Lease No. 8512 TMK: 1-8-7-042:127 Refinance) FHA ROBINS, Hightechlend \$ 274,000 Waianae Lease No. 10251 Roy G. M. (Cash Out ing Inc. Refinance)FHA TMK: 1-8-5-036:028 KAAHANUI, HomeStreet \$ 289,314 Kanehili Lease No. 12659 Nicole (Cash Out Bank TMK: 1-9-1-151:038 Refinance) HUD 184A \$ 343,246 Kauluokahai KAAWALOA, HomeStreet Lease No. 12484 Lindsey Bank (Purchase)FHA TMK: 1-9-1-017:075 \$ 385,742 HomeStreet Kauluokahai GRACE, Lease No. 12493 Brandon Bank TMK: 1-9-1-017:074 (Purchase) FHA Kauluokahai HomeStreet \$ 365,686 LOPES, Lease No. 12464 Bank Carolyn (Purchase) HUD 184A TMK: 1-9-1-017:078 \$ 363,045 Kauluokahai PATELESIO, HomeStreet Ka`i`inioku`upuluwa Bank Lease No. 12387 i (Purchase) HUD TMK: 1-9-1-017:079 184A \$ 361,835 HomeStreet Kauluokahai HIGA, Lease No. 12507 Robert Bank TMK: 1-9-1-017:080 (Purchase)HUD 184A \$ 304,679 Kauluokahai HomeStreet KALILIMOKU, Lease No. 12452 Oriana Bank TMK: 1-9-1-017:081 (Purchase) FHA

<u>OAHU</u>

.

Kauluokahai Lease No. 12492 TMK: 1-9-1-017:082	HALEMANO, Jensen (Purchase)FHA	Bank of Hawaii	\$ 357,570
Kauluokahai Lease No. 12467 TMK: 1-9-1-017:076	KALILIMOKU, Fredrick (Purchase)HUD 184A	Bank of Hawaii	\$ 362,033
Waimanalo Lease No. 4116 TMK: 1-4-1-030:019	NAEOLE, Jaimie K. &, FRASER, Keoki L.L. (Cash Out Refinance)FHA	Guild Mortgage Co.	\$ 283,000
Waiahole Lease No. 6619 TMK: 1-4-8-011:044	APANA, Virginia L. (Cash Out Refinance)FHA	Bank of Hawaii	\$ 91,344
Kalawahine Lease No. 9616 TMK: 1-2-4-043:040	HINES, Evelyn (Rate/Term Refinance)FHA	Aries Loans Inc.	\$ 134,000
Nanakuli Lease No. 8589 TMK: 1-8-9-012:031	MAUNAKEA, Buddy V. K. (Cash Out Refinance)FHA	Siwell Inc., dba Capital Mortgage Services of Texas	\$ 365,000
Nanakuli Lease No. 8191 TMK: 1-8-9-012:006	TEXEIRÁ, Lehuanani (Purchase) FHA	Guild Mortgage Co.	\$ 303,000
Kanehili Lease No. 12566 TMK: 1-9-1-153:128	PAIKAI, Kawailehua K. (Cash Out Refinance) HUD 184A	HomeStreet Bank	\$ 378,750

MAUI

Waiohuli Lease No. 10339 TMK: 2-2-2-034:007	RODRIGUES, Harry F., Jr. (1 Step Construction) FHA		\$ 220,367
Leialii Lease No. 11445 TMK: 2-4-5-036:041	CHIN, Jeffrey K. (Cash Out Refinance) FHA	Aries Loans Inc.	\$ 294,000
Waiehu 4 Lease No. 12279 TMK: 2-3-2-025:005	NEEDHAM, Kimo W. (Cash Out Refinance) FHA	Homestreet Bank	\$ 238,221
HAWAII			
Kaniohale Lease No. 9322 TMK: 3-7-4-023:009	KAPAKU, Virginia M. (Purchase)FHA	Siwell Inc., dba Capital Mortgage Services of Texas	\$ 268,000
Puukapu Lease No. 9817 TMK: 1-9-1-119:058	AINA, Rayland (Cash Out Refinance) FHA	Mann Mortgage	\$ 227,146
Keaukaha Lease No. 4263 TMK: 3-2-1-021:070	KAHALIOUMI, Keenan K. (Cash Out Refinance) FHA		\$ 286,000
Keaukaha Lease No. 9661 TMK: 3-2-1-020:088	BALDADO, Robert G. (Cash Out Refinance) FHA	Source Inc.	\$ 262,000
Keaukaha Lease No. 5076 TMK: 3-2-1-020:069	WAIKI, Quincey W. (Rate/Term Refinance) FHA	Siwell Inc., dba Capital Mortgage Services of Texas	\$ 141,000

HAWAII

Puukapu	SANCHEZ,	Mann	\$ 295,000
Lease No. 3392A	Bonnie Jay (Cash	Mortgage	
TMK: 3-6-4-004:055	Out Refinance) FHA		

RECAP	FHA NO. AMOUNT	VA <u>NO.</u> <u>AMOUNT</u>	USDA-RD NO. <u>AMOUNT</u>
FY Ending 6/30/18	298 \$ 77,704,372	13 \$4,914,100	12 \$3,929,543
Prior Months This Month Total FY '18-'19	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	0 0	00
HUD 184A FY Ending 6/30/18	82 \$23,579,214		
Prior Months This Month Total FY '18-'19	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$		

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

FROM: Dean Oshiro, Acting HSD Administrator Homestead Services Division

SUBJECT: Approval of Streamline Refinance of Loans

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

To approve the refinancing of loans from the Hawaiian Home General Loan Fund.

DISCUSSION

The following lessees have met the "Streamline/Interest rate reduction loan" criteria, which was approved by the Hawaiian Homes Commission at its August 19, 2013 meeting. This criteria includes twelve (12) consecutive monthly payments, borrower's current interest rate is higher than the current DHHL interest rate, current with their Homeowners Insurance, Real Property Tax, Lease Rent, county sewer/refuse fees, and does not have any advances made by DHHL on the borrowers behalf.

HSD's recommendation for approval is based on actual payment history, over the past twelve (12) months and the review of the above-mentioned criteria. Streamline/Interest Rate Loan refinancing will provide lessees a chance to simply reduce their interest rate and payments without DHHL having to credit and/or income qualify the borrower.

The following lessee(s) has met the aforementioned criteria and is recommended for Streamline/Interest rate reduction loan refinance program:

LESSEE		LEASE NO. & AREA	
Kuia, Jami	e L.L		REFINANCING LOAN TERMS
	-	7741, Waiohuli	NTE \$236,000 @4.5% interest per annum, NTE \$1,196 monthly, repayable over 30 years.
Loan Purp	Origina 7.25% p repayab	nce ASB buyback loam al loan amount of \$2 per annum, \$1,706 mo le over 30 years. A aring was not held	239,904 at Dnthly,

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

- TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
- FROM: Dean Oshiro, Acting HSD Administrator Homestead Services Division

SUBJECT: Approval to Schedule Loan Delinquency Contested Case Hearings

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

To authorize the scheduling of the following loan delinquency contested case hearings as shown below.

DISCUSSION

The department has been working to resolve the problem of loan delinquencies. The past due delinquent loan status with lessees continues to be a problem for the department; therefore, we recommend that contested case hearings be scheduled:

Lessee	Lease No.	Area	Loan <u>No.</u>	Monthly Payment	Amount at 8/18	Balance At 8/18
<u>Oahu</u>						
Kekino, John K. Jr.	5309	Waianae	19535 (HUD- Buyback)	TBD	TBD	TBD
Kahaunaele, Shanon K. & Taitague, Danette K.	8564	Nanakuli	19462 (HUD- Buyback)	TBD	TBD	$ au_{ ext{BD}}$
Maria, Edward E.	8373	PKE	19536 (HUD- Buyback)	TBD	TBD	TBD
Kuiee, Winette K.U.	4479	Waianae	19336	\$626	\$5,183	\$99,705

ITEM NO. D-5

Lessee	Lease No.	Area	Loan <u>No.</u>	Monthly Payment	Amount at 8/18	Balance At 8/18
<u>Oahu (cont'd)</u>						
Kealoha-Meyer, Denise K.	5533	Waianae Kai	19127	\$658	\$3,985	\$125,974
Kaululaau, Roy	5279	Waianae	14778	\$345	\$3,258	\$20,556
Woolsey, Doris K.	12790	Hoolimalima	19329	\$241	\$2,658	\$85,791
Goshert, Eloise P. & Goshert, Eloise B.	3520	Nanakuli	17707	\$360	\$7,840	\$44,208
Donner, Raynette L.H. & Donner, Robert R., Jr.	7336	Nanakuli	18385	\$799	\$15,645	\$83,263
Naweli, Kawika K. & Brodie, Iwalani M.	10268	Nanakuli	19015	\$781	\$6,920	\$97,696
Mahoe, Wiiliam K.	8138	Nanakuli	14416	\$296	\$2,081	\$15,456
Kuahine, Joseph F.	7280	Nanakuli	17706	\$568	\$3,402	\$91,551
Kong, Mark S.	3038	Nanakuli	19385	\$422	\$71,764	\$117,256
Kamealoha, Dorene O.	3433	Nanakuli	18481	\$774	\$6,719	\$57,606
DeFreitas, Joshua R.W.	8899	Nanakuli	18476	\$906	\$5,676	\$121,297

ITEM NO. D-5

2

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

THROUGH: Dean T. Oshiro, Acting HSD Administrator

FROM: Ross K. Kapeliela, Application Officer

SUBJECT: Approval of Homestead Application Transfers/Cancellations

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

To approve the transfers and cancellations of applications from the Application Waiting Lists for reasons described below:

DISCUSSION

1. Requests of Applicants to Transfer

MAUI ISLANDWIDE RESIDENTIAL LEASE LIST

KAUHANE, Harry D. 08/20/1990 HAWAII RES 02/24/2017

HAWAII ISLANDWIDE AGRICULTURAL LEASE LIST

SANBORN, Robert T.	10/20/1995	HAWAII	PAS	05/18/2018	
SANBORN, Robert T. Jr.	11/24/1995	HAWAII	PAS	05/18/2018	

2. Deceased Applicants

NONE FOR SUBMITTAL

3. Awards of Leases

OAHU ISLANDWIDE RESIDENTIAL LEASE LIST

APO, Irene K.	Assigned Residential Lease #3962, Lot 4 in Waimanalo, Oahu dated 07/11/2018. Remove application dated 04/23/1996.
CHUN, Monique A.P.	Assigned Residential Lease #3078, Lot 47 in Waimanalo, Oahu dated 04/19/2018. Remove application dated 07/03/2014.
IRVINE-HALAMA, Destiny	Assigned Residential Lease #5254, Lot 3 in Waianae, Oahu dated 08/02/2018. Remove application dated 09/09/2015.
YEE HOY, Kui L.	Assigned Residential Lease #12284, Lot 33 in Kewalo, Oahu dated 03/24/2016. Remove application dated 12/01/2014.

MAUI ISLANDWIDE RESIDENTIAL LEASE LIST

KAMANA, Hiram K., Jr.

Assigned Residential Lease #430, Lot 203 in Nanakuli, Oahu dated 05/22/2018. Remove application dated 01/19/1983.

HAWAII ISLANDWIDE RESIDENTIAL LEASE LIST

GABRIEL, Chassie M.	Assigned Residential Lease #1568, Lot 218 in Keaukaha, Hawaii dated 07/05/2018. Remove application dated 12/14/1993.
HOOPII, Carrie K.	Assigned Residential Lease #6296, Lot 27-B in Keaukaha, Hawaii dated 07/12/2018. Remove application dated 11/24/2004.

4. Native Hawaiian Qualification

NONE FOR SUBMITTAL

5. Voluntary Cancellation

HAWAII ISLANDWIDE AGRICULTURAL LEASE LIST

ARIAS, Nettie

Cancel application dated 04/22/1993 at the request of applicant dated 08/16/2018 and received by the DHHL on 08/20/2018.

6. Successorship

OAHU ISLANDWIDE RESIDENTIAL LEASE LIST

DANIELSON, Melody K.

Succeeded to Papakolea/Kewalo Area / Oahu Islandwide Residential application of father, Henry Pang, dated 01/29/1962. Remove application dated 10/24/2005.

MAKANUI, Lono K.

Succeeded to Oahu Islandwide Residential application of grandfather, James T. Taa, Jr., dated 02/06/2006. Remove application dated 03/05/2012.

7. Additional Acreage

NONE FOR SUBMITTAL

8. HHC Adjustments

NONE FOR SUBMITTAL

Last Month's Transaction Total	21
Last Month's Cumulative FY 2018-2019 Transaction Total	26
Transfers from Island to Island	3
Deceased	0
Cancellations:	
Awards of Leases	7
NHQ	0
Voluntary Cancellations	1
Successorship	2
Additional Acreage	0
HHC Adjustments	0
This Month's Transaction Total	13
This Month's Cumulative FY 2018-2019 Transaction Total	39

,

—

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

THROUGH: Dean Oshiro, Acting Administrator

FROM: Juan Garcia, Oahu District Office Supervisor Homestead Services Division

SUBJECT: Approval of Designation of Successors to Leasehold Interest and Designation of Persons to Receive the Net Proceeds

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

To approve the designation of successor to the leasehold interest and person to receive the net proceeds, pursuant to Section 209, Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as amended.

*See attached list of Lessee.

Leasehold Interest:

Ratified for September 2018 Previous FY 2018 - 2019 FY 2018 - 2019 Total to Date	3 <u>16</u> 19
Ratified for FY '17 - '18	87
Net Proceeds Ratified for September 2018 Previous FY 2018 - 2019 FY 2018 - 2019 Total to Date	0 _0 _0
Ratified for FY '17 - '18	1

LIST OF LESSEES WHO DESIGNATED SUCCESSORS TO THEIR LEASEHOLD INTEREST FOR MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 2018

Deceased Lessee

 Jennie L. K. Anderson Lot No.: 28 Area: Puupulehu, Hawaii Lease No. 7054 Designated Successor

PRIMARY: Mark M. M. Marumoto, Son

ALTERNATE: Tenants in Common Adam A. A. Marumoto, Son Ryan M. M. Marumoto, Son Pamela-Jean K. Anderson-Chip, Daughter, Penny M. Yamashita, Daughter, Kimberly Ann K. Embernate, Daughter Omit due to lack of genealogy documents to determine eligibility to successorship.

DESIGNEE TO RECEIVE NET PROCEEDS: N/A

 Thelma R. Calles Lot No.: 133 Area: Keaukaha, Hawaii Lease No. 951 PRIMARY: Tenants in Common Lindy L. Maluo, Granddaughter Peter K. Paulo, Jr., Grandson

ALTERNATE: N/A

DESIGNEE TO RECEIVE NET PROCEEDS: N/A

Deceased Lessee

. .

3. Claire K. Hueu Lot No.: 103 Area: Waiehu Kou III, Maui Lease No. 10098 Designated Successor

PRIMARY: Jordan K. Hueu, Son

ALTERNATE: N/A

DESIGNEE TO RECEIVE NET PROCEEDS: N/A

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

- THROUGH: Dean Oshiro, Acting Administrator (Homestead Services Division
- FROM: Juan Garcia, Oahu District Office Supervisor Homestead Services Division

SUBJECT: Approval of Assignment of Leasehold Interest

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

To approve the assignment of the leasehold interest, pursuant to Section 208, Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as amended, and subject to any applicable terms and conditions of the assignment, including but not limited to the approval of a loan.

DISCUSSION

Sixteen (16) assignments of lease.

LESSEE

TRANSFEREE

1. Name: Stephanie N. Gaea Name: Kevin R. K. Kaimikaua Res. Lease No.: 11570 Relationship: None Lease Date: 2/12/2011 Loan Assump: No Lot No.: 18513 Applicant: Yes, Oahu IW Res., Area/Island: Kanehili, Oahu 7/14/2017 Property Sold: Yes Amount: \$549,000.00 Improvements: 3 bedroom, 2 bath dwelling

Reason for Transfer: "Moving off island." Special Condition: Transferee to obtain funds to pay purchase price.

ITEM NO. D-8

TRANSFEREE

2. Name: James Haae Name: Bernadette L. Haae-Dela Res. Lease No.: 7365 Cruz Lease Date: 10/6/1994 Relationship: Sister Lot No.: 139 Loan Assump: No Area/Island: Nanakuli, Oahu Applicant: No Property Sold: Yes Amount: \$127,119.17 Improvements: 4 bedroom, 2 bath dwelling

Reason for Transfer: "Refinancing - Only Bernadette." Special Condition: Transferee to obtain funds to pay purchase price.

3. Name: Debra J. Kahanaoi Name: Lehuanani Texeira Res. Lease No.: 8191 Relationship: Daughter Lease Date: 3/1/1993 Loan Assump: No Lot No.: 6 Area/Island: Nanakuli, Oahu 7/18/2011 Property Sold: Yes Amount: \$300,000.00 Improvements: 5 bedroom, 3 bath dwelling

Reason for Transfer: "Giving lease to relative." Special Condition: Tansferee to obtain funds to pay purchase price.

4. Name: Steven K. Kalilikane Agr. Lease No.: 2077 Lease Date: 12/22/1948 Lot No.: 126D Area/Island: Hoolehua, Molokai Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: None

Reason for Transfer: "Giving to friend."

TRANSFEREE

Name: Diana R. P. De Lima 5. Name: Winona L. Levy Res. Lease No.: 253 Relationship: Granddaughter Lease Date: 5/13/1930 Loan Assump: No Lot No.: 14 Applicant: No Area/Island: Nanakuli, Oahu Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: 7 bedroom, 3 bath dwelling Reason for Transfer: "Giving lease to relative." 6. Name: Edward Maria Name: Ronnelle K. E. A. Res. Lease No.: 8373 Werner-Celes Lease Date: 6/1/1996 Relationship: Niece Lot No.: 82 Loan Assump: No Area/Island: PKE, Oahu Applicant: Yes, Oahu IW Res., Property Sold: Yes 9/21/2010 Amount: \$350,000.00 Improvements: 3 bedroom, 3 bath dwelling Reason for Transfer: "Giving lease to relative." Special Condition: Tansferee to obtain funds to pay purchase price. 7. Name: Iwalani Martin Name: Stanley S. K. Pa Res. Lease No.: 6533 Relationship: Brother Lease Date: 4/26/1990 Loan Assump: No Lot No.: 3 Applicant: No Area/Island: Anahola, Kauai Property Sold: Yes Amount: \$163,500.00 Improvements: 3 bedroom, 1 bath dwelling

Reason for Transfer: "Stanley will purchase this lease for sale price and transfer his Undivided Lease No. 11159 to Iwalani." Special Condition: Transferees to obtain funds to pay purchase price. See simultaneous transfer below.

TRANSFEREE

8. Name: Stanley S. K. Pa Res. Lease No.: 11159 Lease Date: 5/13/2006 Lot No.: UNDV158 Area/Island: Anahola, Kauai Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: None

Reason for Transfer: "Stanley will transfer his undivided lease to Iwalani upon Iwalani transferring Lease No. 6533 to him."

9. Name: Cecilia L. Moore Name: Virginia K. Vallejo Res. Lease No.: 7517 Relationship: Daughter Lease Date: 2/7/2002 Loan Assump: No Lot No.: 82 Applicant: No Area/Island: Waiohuli, Maui Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: 4 bedroom, 3 bath dwelling

Reason for Transfer: "Giving lease to relative."

10. Name: Rothwell K. Naeole Name: Johnette L. Conselva Res. Lease No.: 2967 Relationship: Sister Lease Date: 9/23/1955 Loan Assump: No Lot No.: 244-B Applicant: Yes, Oahu IW Res., Area/Island: Nanakuli, Oahu 7/26/1985 Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: 4 bedroom, 2 bath dwelling

Reason for Transfer: "Giving lease to relative."

TRANSFEREE

11. Name: Carolyn Uilani Nahinu Name: Zachary J. W. Nahinu Res. Lease No.: 4853 Relationship: Son Lease Date: 7/15/1978 Loan Assump: No Lot No.: 7 Applicant: No Area/Island: Nanakuli, Oahu Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: 5 bedroom, 1 bath dwelling Reason for Transfer: "Giving lease to relative." Name: Barbara P. Wilson 12. Name: Barbara N. Needham Res. Lease No.: 4403 Relationship: Daughter Lease Date: 1/16/1978 Loan Assump: No Lot No.: 33 Applicant: Yes, Oahu IW Res., Area/Island: Nanakuli, Oahu 10/9/1998 Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: 4 bedroom, 2 bath dwelling Reason for Transfer: "Giving lease to relative." 13. Name: Frances L. M. Apilando Name: Maysana A. Lopes Pas. Lease No.: 9000 Relationship: None Lease Date: 2/1/1991 Loan Assump: No Lot No.: 126 Applicant: No Area/Island: Puukapu, Hawaii Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: None

Reason for Transfer: "Medical reasons."

ITEM NO. D-8

	LESSEE	TRANSFEREE	
14.	Name: Leonard T. M. Galdeira Pas. Lease No.: 9011 Lease Date: 2/1/1991 Lot No.: 137 Area/Island: Puukapu, Hawaii Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: None	Name: Justin Lee H Relationship: NepH Loan Assump: No Applicant: No	
	Reason for Transfer: "Giving	lease to relative.	11
15.	Name: Matthew K. Kalilikane- Kamaunu Agr. Lease No.: 7904 Lease Date: 6/1/1987 Lot No.: 8 Area/Island: Hoolehua, Molokai Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: None	Name: Matthew K. H Kamaunu & Pihanala N. G. Kalilikane-H Relationship: Less Loan Assump: No Applicant: No	ani N. E. Kamaunu
	Reason for Transfer: "Adding simultaneous transfer below.	relative to lease.	" See
16.	Name: Pihanalani N. E. J. N. G. Kalilikane-Kamaunu Agr. Lease No.: 6081 Lease Date: 11/1/1985 Lot No.: 12-A-1 Area/Island: Kalamaula, Molokai Property Sold: No Amount: N/A Improvements: None	Name: Pihanalani M G. Kalilikane-Kama Matthew K. Kalili Relationship: Less Husband Loan Assump: No Applicant: No	aunu & kane-Kamau
	Reason for Transfer: "Adding	relative to lease.	**
	gnments for the Month of Septem	nber `18	16
	ious FY '18 - '19 balance 18 - '19 total to date		$\frac{44}{60}$

-6-

ITEM NO. D-8

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

THROUGH: Dean Oshiro, Acting HSD Administratory

FROM: Juan Garcia, Oahu District Office Supervisor Homestead Services Division

SUBJECT: Approval of Amendment of Leasehold Interest

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

To approve the amendment of the leasehold interest listed below.

DISCUSSION

Ten (10) amendments of lease.

1.	Lessee: Res. Lease No.:	Thelma L. Calles 951
	Lot No., Area, Island: Amendment:	133, Keaukaha, Hawaii
2.	Lessee: Res. Lease No.: Lot No., Area, Island: Amendment:	Lou Ann M. Kaaloa 1904 376, Nanakuli, Oahu To amend the lease title and lessor's name, to incorporate the currently used terms, covenants, and conditions in the lease, and to extend the lease term to an

ITEM NO. D-9

aggregate term of 199 years.

- 3. Lessee: Res. Lease No.: Lot No., Area, Island: Amendment:
- 4. Lessee: Agr. Lease No.: Lot No., Area, Island: Amendment:

5. Lessee: Agr. Lease No.: Lot No., Area, Island: Amendment:

- 6. Lessee: Res. Lease No.: Lot No., Area, Island: Amendment:
- 7. Lessee: Res. Lease No.: Lot No., Area, Island: Amendment:

8191
6, Nanakuli, Oahu
To amend the lease to release a reservation of life interest.
Steven K. Kalilikane
2077

Debra J. Kahanaoi

126-D, Hoolehua, Molokai To amend the lease title and lessor's name, to update the property description, and to incorporate the currently used terms, covenants, and conditions in the lease.

Lillian M. Kamai 2754 34-F 1&2, Hoolehua. Molokai To amend the lease title and lessor's name, to updated the property description, and to incorportate the currently used terms, covenants, and conditions to the lease.

Stacie K. Kissel 12404 21, Kauluokahai, Oahu To amend the lease to release a reservation of life interest.

Crystal Ann H. Moniz 10431 d: UNDV, Waiohuli, Oahu To amend the commencement date, lt number, and property description due to final subdivision approval.

Cecilia L. Moore 8. Lessee: 7517 Res. Lease No.: 82, Waiohuli, Oahu Lot No., Area, Island: To amend the lease to release a Amendment: reservation of life interest and to update the property description, lot number, and commencement date due to final subdivision approval. Rothwell K. Naeole 9. Lessee: Res. Lease No.: 2967 244-B, Nanakuli, Oahu Lot No., Area, Island: Amendment: To amend the lease title and lessor's name, to incorporate the currently used terms, covenants, and conditions in the lease, and to extend the lease term to an aggregate term of 199 years. Moses K. & Dawnelle H. Naone 10. Lessee: Res. Lease No.: 8590 21, Nanakuli, Oahu Lot No., Area, Island: Amendment: To amend the tenancy to reflect the death of a tenant by the entirety lessee.

Amendments for the Month of September '18	10
Previous FY '18 - '19 balance	21
FY '18 - '19 total to date	31
Amendments for FY '17 - '18	249

ITEM NO. D-9

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

THROUGH: Dean Oshiro, Acting HSD Administrator

Juan Garcia, Oahu District Office Supervisor FROM: Homestead Services Division

SUBJECT: Approval to Issue a Non-Exclusive License for Rooftop Photovoltaic Systems for Certain Lessees

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

To approve the issuance of a non-exclusive license to allow the Permittee to provide adequate services related to the installation, maintenance, and operation of a photovoltaic system on the premises leased by the respective Lessees.

The non-exclusive license is necessary as the Lessee cannot issue his/her own licenses.

DISCUSSION

Three (3) non-exclusive licenses.

1.	Lessee: Pas. Lease No.: Lot No., Area, Island: Permittee:	Derrick K. Akau 2676-B 7-B, Kamoku, Hawaii Sunrun Inc.
2.	Lessee: Res. Lease No.: Lot No., Area, Island: Permittee:	Bernadette L. Haae-Dela Cruz 7365 139, Nanakuli, Oahu Sunrun Inc.
3.	Lessee: Res. Lease No.: Lot No., Area, Island: Permittee:	Kevin R.K. Kaimikaua 11570 18513, Kanehili, Oahu Sunrun Inc.

ITEM NO. D-10

Non-Exclusive License for the Month of September '18	3
Previous FY '18 - '19 balance	_20
FY '18 - '19 total to date	23
Non-Exclusive License for FY '17 - '18	102

ITEM NO. D-10

.

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24 & 25, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission Hawaiian Homes Commission

THROUGH: Dean Oshiro, Acting Administrator

James W. Du Pont, West Hawaii District Supervisor Homestead Services Division

SUBJECT: Commission Designation of Successor - Richard H.E. Pelfrey, Residential Lease No. 2688Z, Lot No. 66, Kuhio Village, Kamuela, Hawaii

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

To approve the designation of Rebecca Kehaulani Pelfrey, as successor to Residential Lease No. 2688Z, Kuhio Village, Hawaii for the remaining term of the lease.

DISCUSSION

FROM:

Mary K. Pelfrey was awarded Residence and Pastoral Lease No. 26688 to Residential Lot No. 66 (Kuhio Village) and Pastoral Lot No. 6 (Nienie) dated October 13, 1952 but commencing on October 1, 1952.

Mrs. Pelfrey transferred her interest to Residential Lot No. 66 at Kuhio Village and Pastoral Lot No. 6 at Nienie to her son, Rex Pelfrey, effective October 8, 1988.

Richard H.E. Pelfrey was awarded an Undivided (UND) Lease No. 10687 at the Villages of La'i'opua commencing December 3, 2005. Mr. Pelfrey transferred his UND Interest Lease No. 10687 to his daughter, Rebecca K. Pelfrey effective October 13, 2010.

Rex Pelfrey transferred his interest to Residential Lot No. 66 to his brother, Richard H.E. Pelfrey effective December 13, 2010.

On September 9, 2012, Richard H.E. Pelfrey passed away without naming a successor to his interest in the lease.

ITEM NO D-11

In compliance with the Administrative Rules 10-3-63, the Department published legal ads in the Honolulu Star Advertiser, The Hawaii Tribune Herald, The West Hawaii Today, The Maui News, and The Garden Island newspapers on January 29, February 2, 12, 16, 2014, to notify all interested, eligible and qualified heirs of the Decedent, to submit their lease Successorship claims.

Respondents to the Public Notice included the Decedent's nephew, Kirk K. Pelfrey; and daughters, Rebecca Kehaulani Pelfrey and Miechelle Lynn Kanoe Pelfrey Nations.

To be eligible as a claimant to her father's lease, Rebecca Kehaulani Pelfrey, transferred her La'i'opua Residential Lot Lease No. 10687, Lot No. UNDV061, to her sister, Miechelle Lynn Kanoe Pelfrey Nations. Lease Transfer documents were signed by both parties on July 6, 2018, which is currently in process of being finalized.

Pursuant to Section 209 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended (ACT), when a lessee fails to designate a successor, the commission is authorized to terminate this lease or to continue the lease by designating a successor. Section 209 states in part that the department may select from only the following qualified relatives of the decedent:

- 1. Husband or wife; or
- 2. If there is no husband or wife, then the children; or
- 3. If there is no husband, wife, or child, then the grandchildren; or
- 4. If there is no husband, wife, child, or grandchild, then the brothers or sisters; or
- 5. If there is no husband, wife, child, grandchild, brother, or sister, then from the following relatives of the lessee who are native Hawaiian: Father and mother, widows or widowers of the children, widows or widowers of the brothers and sisters, or nieces and nephews.

Improvements to the lot include a 5 bedroom, 2 full baths, open carport and one unapproved structure.

Based on the Act, as daughter, Rebecca Kehaulani Pelfrey, has the highest priority for successorship to the Decedent's leasehold interest. The Department requests approval of its recommendation. DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION September 24-25, 2018 Keaukaha, Hawaii

F-ITEMS LAND MANAGEMENT DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24-25, 2018

To: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

From: Peter "Kahana" Albinio, Jr., Acting Administrator Land Management Division

Subject: Annual Renewal of Right of Entry Permits, East, Central and South Hawaii Island

<u>RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION</u>: That the Hawaiian Homes Commission (HHC) approves the following actions while developing a process to making short-term agricultural and pastoral land dispositions available to beneficiaries:

- A) Renew all East, Central and South Hawaii Island Right of Entry Permits as listed on Exhibit "A" and identified by approximate location on the Hawaii Island Map Exhibit "A-1" that are in compliance and issued temporary approvals, as of October 1, 2018.
- B) The annual renewal period, shall be on a month-to-month basis, for up to twelve (12) months, but no longer than September 30, 2019 or at the next scheduled HHC meeting on East Hawaii island whichever occurs sooner.
- C) Authorize the Chairman to negotiate and set forth other terms and conditions that may be deemed to be appropriate and necessary.

DISCUSSION

This submittal represents annual renewals for all East, Central and South Hawaii Island ROE permit(s) only, which shall effectively expire on September 30, 2018. As a means of maintaining a process by which PERMITEE'S can be assured that their permits have been renewed, notification letters will be transmitted accordingly.

For information purposes Exhibit "A" references all Right of Entry Permits in East, Central and South Hawaii Island by order of commencement date, land use, then by acreage. While Right of Entry Permits generate additional revenue to the Trust, its primary purpose provides DHHL the ability to efficiently manage its lands through the issuance of these short-term dispositions which are typically not needed for longer-term dispositions (such as homesteading or general leases) over a 20-year time period or as dictated by DHHL's respective island plan. DHHL's total Hawaii Island land inventory covers approximately 127,000 acres¹ or 63% of DHHL's statewide

¹ DHHL Hawaii Island Plan – Final Report, PBR Hawaii, May 2002

inventory. The short-term disposition(s) within the Eastern, Central, and Southern portions cover approximately 8,586.0 acres or 7.0% of its inventory.

Right of Entry Permits help in having presence on DHHL lands thereby reducing costs for land management activity functions (i.e. signage, landscaping, fencing, removing trash and derelict vehicles, and prevents trespassing on unencumbered lands) that DHHL would bear if the lands were to sit vacant. Permitee's are required to assume responsibility for the land, post insurance, indemnify the department, and manage and maintain the land.

Until improvements to the Revocable Permit Program can be implemented, this process will be used for Annual Renewals of these month-to-month ROE Permit dispositions.

The table below reflects the revenue generated from ROE permits on Hawaii Island, which is almost 2.0% (\$54,857) of the ROE total revenues (\$2,803,945) that DHHL received statewide. The Eastern, Central, and Southern portions of Hawaii Island holds 11 of the 142 ROE permits Statewide. These permittees fall under a variety of land use purposes with the most being pastoral. Land Management Division (LMD) proposes an average increased rent of 4% to 1 of these 13 permittees whose land use is designated as recreation.

FY 2018		Total	FY 2019		Tota
Agriculture	\$264	1	Agriculture	\$264	1
Caretaker/Landscape	\$1,508	1	Caretaker/Landscape	\$1,508	1
Commercial	\$0	-	Commercial	\$0	-
Community	\$240	1	Community	\$240	1
Industrial	\$0	-	Industrial	\$0	-
Office	\$0	-	Office	\$0	-
Pastoral	\$22,560	7	Pastoral	\$22,560	9
Preservation	\$0	-	Preservation	\$0	-
Recreation	\$30,285	1	Recreation	\$31,496	1
Research	\$0	-	Research	\$0	-
Stabling	\$0	-	Stabling	\$0	-
	\$54,857	11		\$56,068	11

According to research done by Colliers International, (See Exhibit "B") "the Oahu Industrial vacancy rate rose to 1.97% its highest level in two years at year end 2017 ... average asking industrial base rents rose to their highest level in a decade at \$1.30 per square foot per month..." In light of this research, LMD is recommending a 4% increase in rental rates.

For FY 2019, renewals for the 11 Right of Entry Permits located in East, Central, and South Hawaii Island will total an annual rent revenue of \$56,068 as referenced in the table above. Rental fees for agricultural and pastoral use permits vary and are typically established at less than fair market rates (discounted) but not less than \$240/annum due to various site issues such as, insufficient/no infrastructure, no legal access, substandard lot size or irregular shape, etc.

AUTHORITY / LEGAL REFERENCE:

§171-55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended, a "permit on a month-to-month basis may continue for a period not to exceed one year from the date of issuance; provided that the commission may allow the permit to continue on a month-to-month basis for additional one year periods."

RECOMMENDATION:

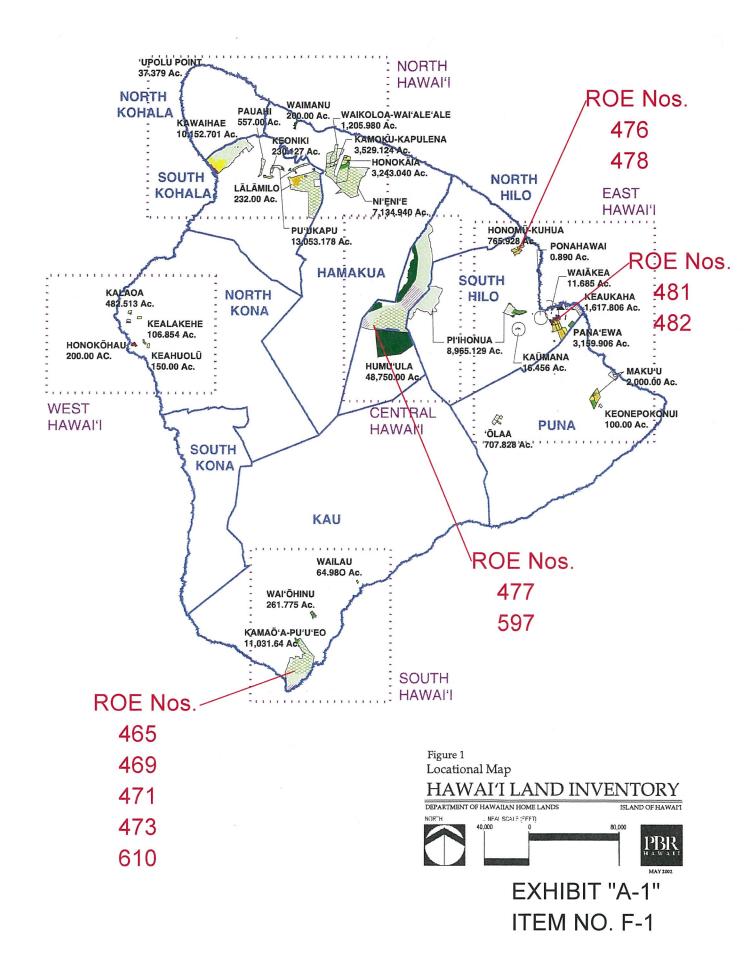
Land Management Division respectfully requests approval of the motion as stated.

Denotes Beneficiary

Exhibit "A"

TYPE	ISLAND	ACRE	NO.	USE	PERMITTEE	LOCATION	ТМК	Date	Current Fees,
								Started	All Right of Entry Permits
ROE	HAWAII	280.000	465	465 Pastoral	Gilbert Medeiros, Jr.	Kamaoa-	(3) 9-3-001:002(P)	2/9/1998	\$504
						Puueo			
ROE	HAWAII	450.000	469	469 Pastoral	Daryl K. Kalua'u	Kau	(3) 9-3-001:002(P)	9/7/2000	\$840
ROE	HAWAII	750.000	471	471 Pastoral	Daleico Ranch	Kau	(3) 9-3-001:002(P)	4/19/2001	\$1,536
ROE	HAWAII	1500.000	473	473 Pastoral	Dean Kaniho	Kamaoa- Puueo	(3) 9-3-001:002(P)	7/15/2004	\$2,100
ROE	HAWAII	301.000	476	476 Pastoral	Charles & Jelena Clay	Honomu	(3) 2-8-011:009	7/7/2005	\$5,796
ROE	HAWAII	2.000	477	477 Agricultural	Guy Kaniho	Humu'ula	(3) 3-8-001:007(P)	2/26/2007	\$264
ROE	HAWAII	300.000	478	478 Pastoral	April Awana-Mattos	Honomu	(3) 2-8-011:011 (p)	2/1/2010	\$5,220
ROE	HAWAII	2.210	481	481 Landscape	Ginger Patch Center	Waiakea	(3) 2-2-060:001	8/2/2010	\$1,508
ROE	HAWAII	1.000	482	482 Community	Keaukaha Panaewa Farmers Association	Panaewa	(3) 2-1-025:091 (p)	2/1/2011	\$240
ROE	HAWAII	0.000	597	Recreation	Hawaii Forest & Trail	Humuula	(3) 3-8-001:007(P)	3/1/2003	\$3.00/visitor
ROE	HAWAII	5000.000	610	610 Pastoral	Native Hawaiian General Services	Kamaoa- Puueo	(3) 9-3-001:002(P)	6/1/2004	\$6,300

RIGHT OF ENTRY PERMITS NORTH & WEST HAWAI'I ISLAND



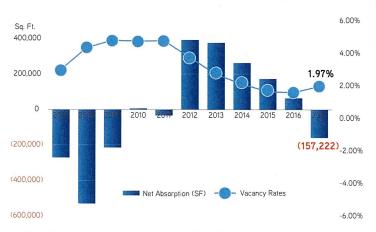
Oahu | Hawaii Research & Forecast Report

INDUSTRIAL MARKET Year-End 2017

Market Summary

Mike Hamasu Director of Research | Hawaii

- > Oahu's industrial market loss of 38,942 square feet of occupancy during the fourth quarter, as vacancy rates rose to 1.97%, its highest level in two years.
- > This is the third consecutive quarterly increase to vacancy rates as more than 157,000 square feet of negative net absorption was recorded for the year.
- > Positive gains in tourism expenditures for the first nine months of 2017 helped to boost wholesale revenues which rebounded strongly with an 18.4% jump over last September's sales revenues.
- > Mirroring wholesale revenues, contracting sales also posted a healthy 3.14% gain over last year's September year-to-date levels.
- > Direct weighted average asking industrial base rents rose to their highest level in a decade at \$1.30 per square foot per month, which reflects a gain of 7.4% over last year's average rent levels.
- > While there are the beginnings of some speculative development that will start in 2018, it is unclear if these development efforts will be enough to create meaningful change to a market with a sub-2% vacancy rate.



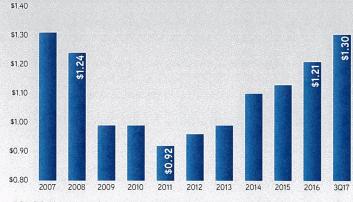
Industrial Net Absorption vs. Vacancy Rate

2018 Colliers International Research and Consulting. All rights reserved.

Summary Statistics		Market Indicators Relative to prior quarter	Year End 2017
4Q2017 Net Absorption	-157,222 SF	VACANCY	1
Vacancy Rate	1.97%	NET ABSORPTION	
Direct Weighted Average Asking Rent	\$1.30 PSF/Mo.	CONSTRUCTION	•
Average Operating Expense	\$0.37 PSF/Mo.	RENTAL RATE	1

Colliers

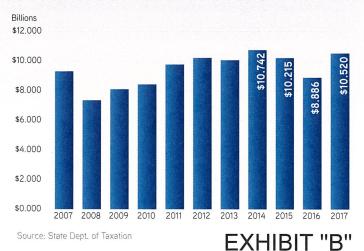
Oahu Industrial Direct Wtd. Avg. Asking NNN Rents



©2018 Colliers International Research and Consulting. All rights reserved.

Wholesale Sales (September YTD)

PSF/Mo



Item No. F-1

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 17-18, 2018

To: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

From: Peter "Kahana" Albinio, Jr., Acting Administrator Land Management Division

Subject: Status and Approval to Disburse Fund Balance in accordance with the Memorandum of Agreement ("MOA") between DHHL and the East Hawaii Island Hawaiian Homes Community Associations, pursuant to the Community Benefit Contribution as provided by and through General Lease No. 245, Hilo Power Partners, LLC (Waiakea Shopping Mall)

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

That the Hawaiian Homes Commission (HHC) grant its approval to respectively allocate a total fund balance disbursement of TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY-SEVEN THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$287,000.00) in accordance with the subject MOA. The respective funds as allocated would make the MOA recipients whole for the SEVEN (7) year period covering FY 2013 – FY 2019.

Based on the Trust Fund Fact Sheet Ledger (See Exhibit "A") the balance reflects a credit of (\$345,333.11). Therefore, after applying the \$287,000 disbursement as proposed the trust fund credit balance would then reflect a total of (\$58,333.11). Credit will continue to be applied as payments are made by the Lessee in accordance with the terms and conditions of GL No. 245. The table below provides pertinent information as to the allocation of funds since inception of the MOA made effective as of July 19, 2013 (See Exhibit "B"), then amended on January 21, 2015 (See Exhibit "C").

		PCA	КРСА	KCA	РННСА	КННСА	MFA	KHHLA	Total Annual Disbursed	Total Annual Disbursement	Outstanding Bal. to be Disbursed
	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	\$0	-\$100k	-\$100k
	14	\$30k	-	\$15k	\$8k	\$8k	\$5k	\$5k	\$71k	-\$100k	-\$29k
Year	15	\$30k		\$15k	\$8k	\$8k	\$5k	\$5k	\$71k	-\$100k	-\$29k
al	16	\$30k	\$29k	-	-		\$5k	-	\$64k	-\$100k	-\$36k
Fiscal	17	\$30k	-	-	-	-	\$5k	\$5k	\$40k	-\$100k	-\$60k
	18	\$30k	\$116k	-	-	\$8k	\$5k	-	\$159k	-\$100k	\$59k
	19	-	-	-	\$8k		-	-	\$8k	-\$100k	-\$92k
	TOTALS Distributed a/o FY 2019		\$413K								
					TC	DTALS D	ue a/o	FY 2019		-\$700k	-\$287k

East Hawaii Island Hawaiian Homestead Associations

Item No. F-2

DISCUSSION

In the effort to support the guiding principles under the MOA, the proposed disbursement of funds will provide MOA recipients with opportunities to satisfy its purposes of promoting community development, educational and/or cultural programs and projects for the benefit of native Hawaiian residents of East Hawaii Island.

The annual Community Benefit Contribution of \$100,000 is allocated (percentage and dollar fund allocation) to the following East Hawaii Island Hawaiian Homes Community Associations recipients:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
1	Panaewa Community Alliance (PCA)	30%	\$30,000
2	Keaukaha/Panaewa Community Alliance (KPCA)	29%	\$29,000
3	Keaukaha Community Association (KCA)	15%	\$15,000
4	Piihonua Hawaiian Homestead Community Assn	8%	\$8,000
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn	8%	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn	5%	\$5,000
	Total	100%	\$100,000

RECOMMENDATION

Land Management Division respectfully requests approval of the motion as stated.

	Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Fiscal Office	3
	Trust Fund Fact Sheet	
	Hilo Power Partners, LLC	
	GL0245	
Date	Particulars	Amount
4/2/2013	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(224,999.99
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(16,666.66
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	<u>(8,333.33</u> (8,333.33
FY '14	Kasukaha Community Assa	15 000 00
	Keaukaha Community Asso Makuu Farmers Asso.	15,000.00 5,000.00
	Panaewa HHLCA	30,000.00
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(16,666.66 (16,666.66
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(16,666.66
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(16,666.66 (16,666.66
6/19/2014	Piihonua HHCA	8,000.00
6/19/2014 FY '15	Kau HHLA	5,000.00
7/16/2014	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(16,666.66
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Piihonua HHCA	(16,666.66) 8,000.00
10/9/2014	Kau HHLA	5,000.00
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33 (8,333.33
12/30/2014	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Kaumana HHCA Makuu Farmers Asso.	8,000.00 5,000.00
2/3/2015	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33) (8,333.33)
	Panaewa CA	30,000.00
	Keaukaha Community Asso Kaumana HHCA	15,000.00 8,000.00
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33)
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33)
6/22/2015 FY '16	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33)
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33) (8,333.33)
10/23/2015	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33)
	Panaewa CA Keaukaha Panaewa CA	30,000.00 29,000.00
	Makauu Farmers Asso.	5,000.00
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33) (8,333.33)
2/3/2016	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33)
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33 (8,333.33
5/6/2016	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33)
6/8/2016 FY '17	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33 (8,333.33
10/7/2016	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Makauu Farmers Asso. Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	5,000.00 (8,333.33
12/30/2016	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	<u>(8,333.33</u> (8,333.33
3/17/2017	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(16,666.66 (8,333.33
6/9/2017	Panaewa CA	30,000.00
	Kau HHLA Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	5,000.00 (8,333.33
FY '18		
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Kaumana HHCA	<mark>(8,333.33)</mark> 8,000.00
9/7/2017	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	<u>(8,333.33</u> (8,333.33
11/14/2017	Makuu Farmers Asso.	5,000.00
	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33 (8,333.33
2/2/2018	Keaukaha Panaewa CA	116,000.00
2/28/2018	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
3/29/2018	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33 (8,333.33
4/26/2018	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Panaewa Community Alliance Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	30,000.00 (8,333.33
6/26/2018	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
FY '19 8/3/2018	Hilo Powers Partners, LLC	(8,333.33
	Piihonua HHCA	8,000.00
	Total Receipts a/o 28-Aug-2018	(758,333.11
	Total Disbursed a/o 28-Aug-2018	413,000.00
Total 7	rust Fund Balance a/o 28-Aug-2018	
Iotal I	TUST FUTU DATATICE A/O 28-AUG-2018	(345,333.11)

Exhibit "A"

Item No. F-2

GL 245 - Memorandum of Agreement Ledger

	C	Keaukaha		Piihonua	Kaumana		Kau			
	Community	Panaewa	Comminity		Hawaiian	Makuu Farmere	Hawallan Home	Total Annual	Total Annual Total Annual	Uutstanding Balance to
		Community		LUILESIERU				Disbursement	Disbursement Disbursement	
	Alliance	Alliance	Association	Community	Community	Association	Lands			be Disbursed
				Association	Association		Association			
≻⊣										
2014	\$30,000	\$29,000	\$15,000	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	(\$100,000)	\$100,000	\$0
2015	\$30,000	I	\$15,000	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	(\$100,000)	\$71,000	(\$29,000)
2016	\$30,000	I	-	-	\$8,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	(\$100,000)	\$48,000	(\$52,000)
2017	\$30,000	I	'	I	I	\$5,000	T	(\$100,000)	\$35,000	(\$65,000)
2018	\$30,000	\$116,000	-	-	I	\$5,000	-	(\$100,000)	\$151,000	\$51,000
2019	I	I	I	\$8,000	I	I	1	(\$100,000)	\$8,000	(\$92,000)
						TOTAL	TOTAL a/o FY 2019	(\$600,000)	\$413,000	\$413,000 (\$187,000)

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS

I. Purpose

The purpose of this Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) is to clarify the respective roles, responsibilities and obligations of the DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS (DHHL) named as primary recipient of the Community Benefit Contribution provided by and through its **General** Lease No. 245 and the RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS named in section II(D) below.

II. Guiding Principles

The following general principles have guided the development of this MOA:

- A. Pursuant to the Third Amendment of General Lease No. 245 DHHL is named as the primary recipient of the annual \$100,000.00 Community Benefit Contribution.
- B. Upon receipt of the annual Community Benefit Contribution, DHHL will disburse allocated funds, as determined by DHHL through its Hawaiian Homes Commission, to RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS subject to conditions more particularly described and established in Part III below.
- C. The funds as disbursed and allocated shall be used for purposes of promoting community development, educational and/or cultural programs and projects for the benefit of native Hawaiian residents of East Hawaii Island.
- D. Fund Allocation as determined by DHHL through its Hawaiian Homes Commission is as follows:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
1	Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Association	30%	\$30,000
2	Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers Association	29%	\$29,000
3	Keaukaha Community Association, Inc.	15%	\$15,000
4	Piihonua Community Association	8%	\$8,000
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn.	8%	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn.	5%	\$5,000
	Total	100%	\$100,000

unless expressly approved in writing by DHHL. If at any time an association determines that use of its allocated fund is inconsistent with this category then expressed written approval from DHHL is required.

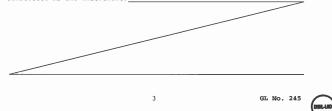
- f. Decisions relating to allocation or expenditures must be made by majority vote of the Board of Directors of each association named as secondary recipients, at a duly noticed meeting of its respective Board.
- g. In the event an Association fails to maintain its nonprofit corporate status and its 501(c)(3) certification, allocates or expends the funds in a manner inconsistent with these conditions or commits any illegal act, the DHHL may terminate disbursement of allocated funds to the Association and provide no further funds to said association.
- h. Each Association must provide an annual accounting to DHHL as to how the community benefit contribution is used and/or invested.

3. If an Association fails to comply with the conditions described and established above, DHHL may require the Association to immediately repay to DHHL any and all funds received that have been used in violation of this MOA or for any other improper or illegal purpose, or may take other action as directed by the Hawaiian Homes Commission.

4. Should any East Hawaii new Homestead Community Association be created and seek an allocation from the Community Benefit Contribution, or if an existing Association shall have been disqualified from receiving funds, DHHL may, upon approval by the Hawaiian Homes Commission and with a consensus of the original seven (7) associations, amend the list of eligible Associations and the allocations of disbursed funds in section II(D), above.

IV. Signage of MOA in counterparts

This MOA may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute as one instrument._____



III. Secondary Recipient Conditions

 Pursuant to the Third Amendment of General Lease No. 245, DHL as the Primary Recipient agrees to disburse the annual Community Benefit Contribution it receives from its LESSEE in a manner that is fair and consistent.

2. Prior to DHHL's disbursement allocation each respective East Hawaii Hawaiian Homes Community Association named in section II(D), above, agrees to the following conditions:

a. DHHL to allocate the \$100,000.00 annual community benefit contribution accordingly for the first year of this agreement. However, for the ensuing years, all Associations receiving contribution funds shall within the twelve (12) month period following the full execution of this agreement and thereafter: (1) meet and maintain the necessary requirements for Hawaii nonprofit corporation status; and (2) obtain and maintain IRS §501(c)(3) certification.

In the event that an Association named in section II(D) fails to meet and maintain the requirements for Hawaii nonprofit corporation status or obtain and maintain IRS § 501(c)(3) certification as required above, all community benefit contribution funds allocated to that Association Shall be forfeited and re-allocated pursuant to section III(4), below, until the Association's Hawaii nonprofit corporation and IRS § 501(c)(3) status is brought into compliance.

- b. Each Association shall provide verification on an annual basis, that a) it is in good standing with the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, b) that it has complied with all reporting requirements with the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs, the IRS and all relevant regulatory agencies, and (c) that it has maintained its 501(c)(3) status, and that there are no tax liens, lawsuits or similar actions pending against it.
- c. Funds as disbursed and allocated shall be used for purposes of promoting community development, educational and/or cultural programs and projects for the benefit of native Hawaiian residents of East Hawaii Island.
- d. Funds must not be used for salaries, wages, compensation or benefits for employees, directors, or officers of each respective association named as secondary recipient, unless expressly approved in writing by DHHL.
- e. Funds may be used for costs and expenses which represent overhead or operating expenses for association matters,

GL No. 245

In agreement thereof, the parties have entered into Memorandum of Agreement on this $\underline{19^{42}}$ day of $\underline{\Im u_{19}}$, 20: this 2013.

By______Jobie_M. K. Chairman

By_

By

Its

State of Hawaii

ASSOCIATION

Print Name

Print Name___

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAITAN HOME LANDS

Masadatani

Thi Margat

Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON June 18, 2012

APPROVED AS TO FORM: C Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS COMMUNITY ASSOCATION

By Its

Print Name

KEAUKAHA/PANAEWA FARMERS ASSOCIATION

Y_____ Its _____ Print Name_____

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

By		
Its _		
Print	Name	

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

Its_	
Print	Na

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Exhibit "B" Item No. F-2

By_____ Its _____ Print Name

GL No. 245

01-10

) SS.

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

244 _ day of _____, 2013, before me On this ____ appeared JOBIE M. K. MASAGATANI, to me personally known, who, being by me duly sworn, did say that she is the Chairman of the Hawaiian Homes Commission and the person who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that she executed the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.



STATE OF HAWAII

COUNTY OF HAWAII

On this

before me appeared Juffre

Document Date:

Notary Name:

Mith

a	all.	Tub	pl-		
Notar	Notary Public,		, State	of	Hawaii
ABIG	AIL L. T	UBE	RA		
Print	Name	of	Notary	Pul	blic

My commission expires: 11.21.16

NOTARY CERTIFICATION	STATEMENT	
Document Identification or Do	escription: Memnandum of	
Agreement between lec	escription: <u>Mennandum of</u> t Hawain Island Hawaine Homes 15	
Community Association	CALL L. TUS	
 Doc. Date:	or 🗹 Undated at time of notarization.	* 04-666 *
No. of Pages: 5	Jurisdiction:Circuit	O PUBLIC
Wait L. Tuber-	(in which notarial act is performed) 07. 24. 13	F OF HAWAMM
Signature of Notary	Date of Notarization and Certification Statement	South Hannes
ABIGAIL L. TUBERA	22	
Printed Name of Notary		

SS

day of

who, being by me duly sworn, did say that, he/she is the President of Kan Harrau an Hume lands Assol, and

the person who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same freely and

PATH Marke La de La Keen Porte Mary Public, State of Hawaii 91-599 Prant Name <u>Madadyn Karn</u> 19-599 Prant Name <u>Madadyn Karn</u>

of Pages:

AH HILL

* 591-599

URI IC

E OF HAN

KAEO

commission expires:

voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.

Undated

Madalyn Kaco

ATE OF HAN

Doc. Description: Memorendum 77

Jaland Hawaii an Homes Con Kre.

Hotary Signature

NOTARY CERTIFICATION

greement Between East Harri

20/3

Kckon, to me personally known,

- 19-15

S 3⁴-Circuit

In agreement thereof, the parties have entered into Memorandum of Agreement on this 10^{46} day of $\underline{J}\nu_{1}\nu_{2}$, 20: this _, 2013. APPROVED BY THE HHC State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS AT ITS MEETING HELD ON June 18, 2012 APPROVED AS TO FORM: Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman <u>C</u> Hawaiian Homes Commission Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii PANAEWA HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY COMMUNITY ASSOCATION ASSOCIATION By_____ Its Its Its _____ Print Name Print Name KEAUKAHA/PANAEWA FARMERS MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION ASSOCIATION By_ By_ Its Its _____ Print Name_ Print Name KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC. KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION y Japping K-koa Its <u>Provident</u> Print Name <u>Tettrey Kekce</u> pending amendments on page 3 item of By_____ Its Print Name_ PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION By_____ Its Print Name_ GL No. 245 In agreement thereof, the parties have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement on this 19^6 day of 3447, 2013. State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON June 18, 2012 APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS COMMUNITY ASSOCATION

By_ Its Print Name

KEAUKAHA/PANAEWA FARMERS ASSOCIATION

Βv Its Print Name

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

By_____ Its____ `~int Print Name

Βv

Its Print Name

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

By______ Jobie M. K. Masagatani

ASSOCIATION

Βv

Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY

with Programment to the to the programment of the top of top of

9

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION

Bv Its Print Name

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Its _____ Print Name_

GL No. 245



STATE OF HAWAII COUNTY OF HAWAII

)) SS

On this $19^{4/2}$ day of $9^{-1/2}$, $20^{1/2}$, before me appeared $\overline{lecguchuc}$ 1. Respective, to me personally known, who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the Vice President/Secretary Keenen Community Association and person who executed the foregoing instrument and the acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth. annihititura

E 1 1	91-599	Junt Name	C, State Of Madalys		
	OF HAN	Ty commission	on expires: _	8-19-15	-
Document Date	e: Urs	laled	# of Pages:	5,	
Notary Name:	94	adalyn Kaeo		3 Circuit	

Doc. Description: MOA Bohreen DHHU & East Hawaii Community tosons OTAR Da.Ct 91-599 dn. N Kiei CIRRY NO tary Signature E OF HAN NOTARY CERTIFICATION

In agreement thereof, the parties have entered into Memorandum of Agreement on this $\underline{19^{42}}$ day of $\underline{ \exists \kappa | y} , 201$ this _, 2013. APPROVED BY THE HHC State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS AT ITS MEETING HELD ON June 18, 2012 APPROVED AS TO FORM: By_____ Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission Ge Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii PANAEWA HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY COMMUNITY ASSOCATION ASSOCIATION By_____ Its By_ Its _____ Print Name Its Print Name MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION By______ KEAUKAHA/PANAEWA FARMERS ASSOCIATION Its <u>President</u> Print Name<u>Paula K. Kekahuna</u> By_ Its _____ Print Name_ KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS INC. ASSOCIATION By_____ Its Pri By_ Its _ Print Name_ Print Name PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION By____ Its Print Name 4 GL No. 245

STATE OF HAWAII)) SS
COUNTY OF HAWAII) 55
On this $\frac{1971}{2000}$ day before me appeared $\frac{1971}{2001} \times \frac{1}{K}$	of July, 2013, akahuka, to me personally known,
who, being by me duly sworr President of Makan For	n, did say that he/she is the mars Ason and
the person who executed	the foregoing instrument and
acknowledged to me that he/sh	ne executed the same freely and
voluntarily for the use and pur	poses therein set forth.
	a 1 vikas

and and

Noters Public 91-58711x Jame	6 6 5
Document Date: Madel	# of Pages: 5
Jast Annan Convinty Asens.	DALYN K
Martin hunger Kacan	91-599 ******
NOTARY CERTIFICATION	OF CONTRACT

In agreement thereof, the parties have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement on this 19^{-5} day of 500, 2013.

4

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON June 18, 2012

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS COMMUNITY ASSOCATION

By_____ Its ~i Print Name_

KEAUKAHA/PANAEWA FARMERS ASSOCIATION

By_____ Its Print Name_

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

By______ Its `~i Print Name

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

By Counted J. Its <u>Vice President</u> Print Name <u>Ronald</u> 7 . Koda State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

By_____ Jobie M. K. Masagatani Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

By. Its _____ Print Name

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

By_ Its Print Name_

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION

By_ Its Print Name



STATE OF HAWAII COUNTY OF HAWAII

SS

day of July On this 19# , 20/3 before me appeared Renald T. Kedan, to me personally known, who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the Vice President of Pillenus Community tassal. and person who executed the foregoing instrument and the acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.

Philip Kies Kies Philip Kies Kies Potar Biary Public State of Hawaii 91-599 phase Name <u>Madalyn Kaso</u> <u>8-1</u> OF HA

Madalel # of Pages: Document Date: 5 3 €ircuit Notary Name: Intadalyn Kaeo Doc. Description: MDA Between ALYN KAE DAAL & East Anwais Community Assas NOTARY 91-599 Rafal) Kra PUBLIC ary Signature E OF HAN NOTARY CERTIFICATION Immel

In agreement thereof, the parties have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement on this -19^{42} day of $-2\pi l_{2}$, 2013. _, 2013 APPROVED BY THE HHC State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS AT ITS MEETING HELD ON June 18, 2012 APPROVED AS TO FORM: Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii PANAEWA HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY COMMUNITY ASSOCATION ASSOCIATION By_ Βv Its _____ Print Name Its Print Name KEAUKAHA/PANAEWA FARMERS MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION ASSOCIATION Byllingold By_ Its Its Vice YVES. Print Name Heward K. Per Print Name KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS INC. ASSOCIATION By_____ Its _____ Print Name__ By_ Its Print Name PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION By_____ Its Print Name_

STATE OF HAWAII SS COUNTY OF HAWAII On this _______ Jale of day before me appeared Howard K. Pen

_, to me personally known, who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the Vice President Keankaha/ Parsura Fairers Ason. and the person who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.

20/3

	DALYN KA Markenley	V Krew
New York	Notary Public,	State of Hawaii
*	91-599prine Name	Inadalyn Kaeo
50,	E OF HAMMING	expires: 8-19-11
Document Date:	Madadad	# of Pages:
Notary Name:	Mada lyn Kaeo	3 ¹⁴ -Circuit
Doc. Description:	MOA Between Dt.	HHL
¿ East Harrain	Community Assas.	ALYN KA
Innes	Sohary Signature	
NOTARY	CERTIFICATION	S OF HEIMIN

In agreement thereof, the parties have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement on this 19^{-10} day of 500^{-1} , 2013. agreement thereof,

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON June 18, 2012

APPROVED AS TO FORM: Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA HAWAITAN HOME LANDS COMMUNITY ASSOCATION 12.5

By Print Name WILLIAM H DRJWH

KEAUKAHA/PANAEWA FARMERS ASSOCIATION

Bv Its Print Name

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

By_____ Its___ Print Name

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Bv Its _____ Print Name State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

GL No. 245

NL-40

By_____ Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Print Name

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

Bv Its Print Name_

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION

By. Print Name

4

GL No. 245

STATE OF HAWAII COUNTY OF HAWAII

))) On this ______

who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the tresident of Panacha Having those lands bonominity toon and the person who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.

SS

MALIN KG Mate has the
A Public, State of Hawaii
* 91-599 Print NameMadalyn Kaeo
Addaty Public, State of Hawaii 91-599 Frint Name <u>Maddatyn Kazo</u> Strong Strong Stron
Document Date: Underteel # of Pages:
Notary Name: Madalyn Kaeo
Doc. Description: MOA Between SALYN Kg
Att & bust Hawais Connant thens NOTARY
Modula Kico
Notary Signalare
NOTARY CERTIFICATION

In agreement thereof, th Memorandum of Agreement on this _	e parties have entered into this 194 day of July 2013.
APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON June 18, 2012	State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS
APPROVED AS TO FORM: Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii	By Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission
PANAEWA HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS COMMUNITY ASSOCATION	KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION
By Its Print Name	Its
KEAUKAHA/PANAEWA FARMERS ASSOCIATION	MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION
By Its Print Name	Print Name
KEAUKANA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC. By HULL (Vor Duilce Its DESDAT Print Name ARTICLE HALL	KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION
PIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION	46 E 8)
By Its Print Name	

4

GL No. 245

)) SS STATE OF HAWAII COUNTY OF HAWAII On this _____ day of _____, 2013, before me appeared Patrick Kakawaich to me personally known, who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the President Community Association date and and the person who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.

ALL	ALYN KA Buch ty	Kne	
	Motory Public,	State of Hav	Vali
≣*	91-599 pr 2 Namo	Aadalyn Kaeo	
STATISTICS IN THE REAL PROPERTY INTERNAL PROPERTY	E OF H	expires: <u>8</u> -	19-15
	annumum mur.		<u> </u>
Document Date:	Undated	# of Pages:	
Notary Name:	I tadalyn Kazo	3	Circuit
Doc. Description:	MOA DHAND & East		
Harrie Commi	with Assicution	ADALYN	SACON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN
Itala ky	el Krev	* 91-599	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
L CA	Notary Signature	197	5
NOTARY	CERTIFICATION	E OF H	Million

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS AMENDMENT NO. 1

THIS AGREEMENT, dated this 10th day of February, 2015, is made by and between the State of Hawaii, by its DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, hereinafter "PRIMARY RECIPIENT," whose principle place of business is 91-5420 Kapolei Parkway, Kapolei, Hawaii, 96707 and whose mailing address is P. O. Box 1879, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805, and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, hereinafter "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS," whose principal places of business and mailing addresses vary, to amend that certain:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, dated July 19, 2013, between the State of Hawaii, by its Hawaiian Homes Commission, as "PRIMARY RECIPIENT", and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, as "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS" unrecorded, but filed with the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands. of Hawaiian Home Lands.

WHEREAS, "PRIMARY RECIPIENT" accepts "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS'" request to amend the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name changes as reflected in the Secondary Recipient list; and

WHEREAS, the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name amendments refer specifically to the following Associations:

ASSOCIATION NAME	AMENDED ASSOCIATION NAME
Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands	PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE
Community Association	
Keaukaha / Panaewa Farmers	KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY
Association	ALLIANCE
Piihonua Community Association	PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD
	COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

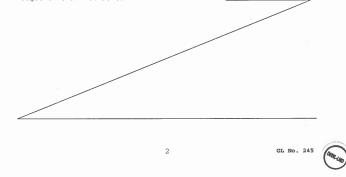
NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing NOW INTERPORT IN and the conditions hereinafter provided, and mutual covenants, terms and conditions hereinafter provided, the parties hereto, for and on behalf of themselves, do hereby agree to amend this MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS as follows:

The Secondary Recipient list shall be amended and read in its entirety as follows:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
1	Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Assocation	30%	\$30,000
2	Keaukaha Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers Association	29%	\$29,000
3	Keaukaha Community Association, Inc.	15%	\$15,000
4	Piihonua Hawaiian Homestead Community Association	8%	\$8,000
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn.	8%	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn.	5%	\$5,000
	Total	100%	\$100,000

All other terms and conditions of the MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS shall continue and remain in full force and effect.

This MOA Amendment may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute as one instrument.



)) SS.

)

appeared JOBIE M. K. MASAGATANI, to me personally known, who,

being by me duly sworn, did say that she is the Chairman of the

Hawaiian Homes Commission and the person who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that she executed

the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein

IN AGREEMENT THEREOF, the parties have entered into this femorandum of Agreement Amendment No. 1 on this <u>109</u> day of <u>Perverve</u>, 2015.

State of Hawaii

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON November 17-18, 2014

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

-0

Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By______ Its ~i Print Name_

KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its Print Name_

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION,

BV Print Name_

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

By. Its _ Print Name DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS Jobie M. K. Mars . K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Зv			
	Its		
	Print	Name	

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

By Its

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

Bv

Print Name

ASSOCIATION

GL No. 245

DHHL-LMD

DHHL-1

Print Name_

set forth. TARY 04-666

Exhibit "C"

Item No. F-2

STATE OF HAWAII

On this ____

DURRLEC

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

1044

agail L Relieven Notary Public, State of Hawaii ABIGAIL L. TUBERA Print Name of Notary Public My commission expires: 11.21.16

____ day of _______, 20_15, before me

between last Hawaii Islan	cription: Mennandum of Agreement L'Aquaciae Homes ammunite	ALL TUS
Associations		* 04-666 *
Doc. Date: 02.10.15 No. of Pages: 4 With Tubune	or \Box Undated at time of notarization. Jurisdiction: $\frac{f_{s_{1}}^{s_{2}}}{c_{1}^{s_{2}}}$ Circuit (in which notarial act is performed) g_{2} . f_{0} . f_{s}	PEOF HANNING
Signature of Notary	Date of Notarization and Certification Statement	
ABIGAIL L. TUBERA		
Printed Name of Notary		

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS AMENDMENT NO. 1

THIS AGREEMENT, dated this 20 M day of Maximum, 20 is made by and between the State of Mawaii, by its DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, hereinafter "PRIMARY RECIPIENT," whose principle place of business is 91-5420 Kapolei Parkway, Kapolei, Hawaii, 96707 and whose mailing address is P. O. Box 1879, HONOLULU, Hawaii 96805, and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, hereinafter "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS," whose principal places of business and mailing addresses vary, to amend that certain:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, dated July 19, 2013, between the State of Hawaii, by its Hawaiian Homes Commission, as "PRIMARY RECIPIENT", and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, as "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS" unrecorded, but filed with the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands. of Hawaiian Home Lands.

WHEREAS, "PRIMARY RECIPIENT" accepts "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS'" request to amend the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name changes as reflected in the Secondary Recipient list; and

WHEREAS, the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name amendments refer specifically to the following Associations:

ASSOCIATION NAME	AMENDED ASSOCIATION NAME
Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Association	PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE
Keaukaha / Panaewa Farmers Association	KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE
Piihonua Community Association	PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

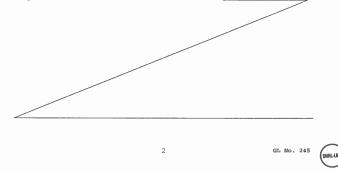
NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing NOW TREASPORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing and mutual covenants, terms and conditions hereinafter provided, the parties hereto, for and on behalf of themselves, do hereby agree to amend this MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN FAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS as follows:

The Secondary Recipient list shall be amended and read in its entirety as follows:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
	Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of		
1	Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Assocation	30%	\$30,000
2	Keaukaha Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers	29%	\$29,000
3	Association		
3	Keaukaha Community Association, Inc.	15%	\$15,000
4	Piihonua Hawaiian Homestead Community Association	8%	\$8,000
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn.	88	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn.	5%	\$5,000
	Total	100%	\$100,000

All other terms and conditions of the MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS shall continue and remain in full force and effect.

3. This MOA Amendment may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute as one instrument.



IN AGREEMENT THEREOF, the parties have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement Amendment No. 1 on this _____ day of _____, 2015.

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON November 17-18, 2014

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

-0 $(\cdot >$

Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

Its Presinent Print Name Incurren H Bizond

KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its Print Name_

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION,

BV Tts Print Name_

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

By_ Its _ Print Name State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

By______ Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Βv Print Name

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

By_____ Its Pri Print Name_

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION

Its Print Name_

STATE OF HAWAII SS COUNTY OF HAWAII 12 10 0

On this day of, 20/	S,
On this day of faturny , 20/- before me appeared hillian term Brits, to me personally know	m,
who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is t	he
PRISEdent a	and
the person who executed the foregoing instrument a	and
acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely a	and
voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.	

	NGRARY Public, State of Hawaii 91-599 Brant Name Madalyn Kaeo	
	De Harden and Commission expires:	-
	Document Date: Jenning 12, 2015 # of Pages: 4	
	Notary Name: Madalyn Kaeo Circuit	
	Doc. Description: HCA Between Ett	
	Jalua L - Annonian Herry Cimm Assac Salin Ka	
Ĺ	Made by Kres (1-509) *	
	Notary Signature	
	NOTARI CERTIFICATION STAND	

GL No. 245

DHHL-LMD

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS AMENDMENT NO. 1

THIS AGREEMENT, dated this day of JOLARY, ,2015, is made by and between the State of Hawaii, by its DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, hereinafter "PRIMARY RECIPIENT," whose principle place of business is 91-5420 Kapolei Parkway, Kapolei, Hawaii, 96707 and whose mailing address is P. O. Box 1879, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805, and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, hereinafter "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS," whose principal places of business and mailing addresses vary, to amend that certain:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, dated July 19, 2013, between the State of Hawaii, by its Hawaiian Homes Commission, as "PRIMARY RECIPIENT", and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, as "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS" unrecorded, but filed with the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands.

WHEREAS, "PRIMARY RECIPIENT" accepts "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS'" request to amend the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name changes as reflected in the Secondary Recipient list; and

WHEREAS, the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name amendments refer specifically to the following Associations:

ASSOCIATION NAME	AMENDED ASSOCIATION NAME PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE	
Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands		
Community Association		
Keaukaha / Panaewa Farmers	KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY	
Association	ALLIANCE	
Piihonua Community Association	PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD	
	COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION	

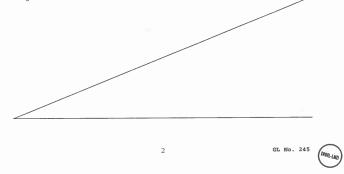
NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing now interprote, for and in consideration of the bryoning and mutual covenants, terms and conditions thereinafter provided, the parties hereto, for and on behalf of themselves, do hereby agree to amend this MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS as follows:

1. The Secondary Recipient list shall be amended and read in its entirety as follows:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
	Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of	30%	c20,000
1	Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Assocation	30%	\$30,000
2	Keaukaha Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers	29%	\$29,000
3	Association Keaukaha Community Association, Inc.	15%	\$15,000
4	Piihonua Hawaiian Homestead Community Association	8%	\$8,000
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn.	8%	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn.	5%	\$5,000
	Total	100%	\$100,000

All other terms and conditions of the MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS shall continue and remain in full force and effect.

This MOA Amendment may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute as one instrument.



IN AGREEMENT THEREOF, the parties have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement Amendment No. 1 on this _____ day of ______, 2015.

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON November 17-18, 2014

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

e ~ Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its Print Name

KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY Killer Killer ALLIANCE

By_ President Krhei A. Ahun Print Name

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

By____ Its `ri Print Name_

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Its Print Name_ By_____ Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Βv Its Print Name

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

By____ Its Its _____ Print Name_

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION

Вy Its Print Name_

SS COUNTY OF HAWAII /L+4 day of January____, 20_15, On this _____

STATE OF HAWAIT

who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the President and the person who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.

before me appeared Kihei A Munn, to me personally known,

98-5 AUB	71 1. C.	Mu Qu Notary Public, St Print Name My commission exp	
- Mannet	Document Date:	116-15 #	of Pages: 4
		Debra Totsuno	Tinked Circuit
	Doc. Description:	Debra Talsuno Amendment No I	
		Jaay Signature CERTIFICATION	98-571 98-571 98-571

GL No. 245 DHHL-LMD

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS AMENDMENT NO. 1

THIS AGREEMENT, dated this 21^{4} day of Jury, 2015, is made by and between the State of Hawaii, by its DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, hereinafter "PRIMARY RECIPIENT." whose principle place of business is 91-5420 Kapolei Parkway, Kapolei, Hawaii, 96707 and whose mailing address is P. O. Box 1879, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805, and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, hereinafter "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS," whose principal places of business and mailing addresses vary, to amend that certain:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, dated July 19, 2013, between the State of Hawaii, by its Hawaiian Homes Commission, as "PRIMARY RECIPIENT", and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, as "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS" unrecorded, but filed with the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands. of Hawaiian Home Lands.

WHEREAS, "PRIMARY RECIPIENT" accepts "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS'" request to amend the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name changes as reflected in the Secondary Recipient list; and

WHEREAS, the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name amendments refer specifically to the following Associations:

ASSOCIATION NAME	AMENDED ASSOCIATION NAME		
Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands	PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE		
Community Association			
Keaukaha / Panaewa Farmers	KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY		
Association	ALLIANCE		
Piihonua Community Association	PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD		
	COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION		

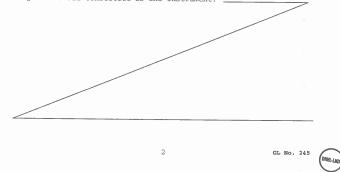
NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing NOW THERFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing and mutual covenants, terms and conditions hereinafter provided, the parties hereto, for and on behalf of themselves, do hereby agree to amend this MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS as follows:

1. The Secondary Recipient list shall be amended and read in its entirety as follows:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
1	Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Assocation	30%	\$30,000
2	Keaukaha Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers Association	29%	\$29,000
3	Keaukaha Community Association, Inc.	15%	\$15,000
4	Piihonua Hawaiian Homestead Community Association	8%	\$8,000
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn.	8%	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn.	5%	\$5,000
Į	Total	100%	\$100,000

All other terms and conditions of the MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS shall continue and remain in full force and effect.

This MOA Amendment may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute as one instrument.



IN AGREEMENT THEREOF, the parties have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement Amendment No. 1 on this _____ day of _____, 2015.

State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

By_____ Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON November 17-18, 2014

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

-e Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its Print Name_

KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its Print Name___

INC.

By_____ Its Pri Print Name_

By_ Its

ASSOCIATION

Print Name_

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, BY KARICK, EKAHAWAICIAN BA. Its Print Name

Its PREADERST) PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD

COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Its _ Print Name

COUNTY OF HAWAII)
on this 2/2/ day of Junny, 20/5 before me appeared the Kahar and to me personally known
who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the Markanne Kankaha Community Trans. and
the person who executed the foregoing instrument and
acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely and
Math Kacs Bocary Public, State of Hawaii 91-509 91-509 My commission expires: -19-1V
Document Date: Kn Knlend # of Pages:
Notary Name: Madalyn Kaeo 3rcfretht
Doc. Description: Mon Coheren Ason S
Rotary Signature
NOTARY CERTIFICATION

)) SS

STATE OF HAWAII

3

GL No. 245 (DHHL-LM

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN

EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS AMENDMENT NO. 1

THIS AGREEMENT, dated this **ZO'** day of **Interpretent**, 20 **E**, is made by and between the State of Hawaii, by its DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, hereinafter "PRIMARY RECIPIENT," whose principle place of business is 91-5420 Kapolei Parkway, Kapolei, Hawaii, 96707 and whose maiing address is P. O. Box 1879, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805, and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, hereinafter "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS," whose principal places of business and mailing addresses vary, to amend that certain:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, dated July 19, 2013, between the State of Hawaii, by its Hawaiian Homes Commission, as "PRIMARY RECIPIENT", and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, as "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS" unrecorded, but filed with the Department of Municipa Ware London of Hawaiian Home Lands.

WHEREAS, "PRIMARY RECIPIENT" accepts "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS'" request to amend the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name changes as reflected in the Secondary Recipient list; and "PRIMARY RECIPIENT" "SECONDARY

WHEREAS, the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name amendments refer specifically to the following Associations:

ASSOCIATION NAME	AMENDED ASSOCIATION NAME	
Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands	PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE	
Community Association		
Keaukaha / Panaewa Farmers	KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY	
Association	ALLIANCE	
Piihonua Community Association	PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD	
	COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION	

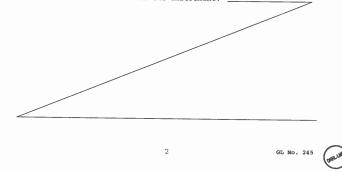
NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing and mutual covenants, terms and conditions hereinafter provided, the parties hereto, for and on behalf of themselves, do hereby agree to amend this MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS as follows:

The Secondary Recipient list shall be amended and read in its entirety as follows:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
1	Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Assocation	30%	\$30,000
2	Keaukaha Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers Association	29%	\$29,000
3	Keaukaha Community Association, Inc.	15%	\$15,000
4	Piihonua Hawaiian Homestead Community Association	8%	\$8,000
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn.	8%	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn.	5%	\$5,000
	Total	100%	\$100,000

All other terms and conditions of the MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS shall continue and remain in full force and effect.

3. This MOA Amendment may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute as one instrument.



IN AGREEMENT THEREOF, the parties have entered into Memorandum of Agreement Amendment No. 1 on this _____ da ______, 2015. this dav

State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

By_____ Jobie M. K. Masagatani

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

ASSOCIATION

Print Name

By____ Its____ Print Name_

ASSOCIATION

Its _____ Print Name_

Ву

Bv Its

Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON November 17-18, 2014

APPROVED AS TO FORM.

<u>_</u> ~e

Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its Print Name_

KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its `rj Print Name_

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

Βv

Print Name___

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD

PITHONUA HAWAITAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION By Journal J. Kona. Its Jracing T. Kedan, Print Name Kenneld T. Kedan,

GL No. 245

DHHL-LMD

) SS COUNTY OF HAWAII)
On this \underline{M} day of \underline{M} \underline{M} before me appeared \underline{K}
who, being by me duly sworn, did sax that he/she is the UCAMAT of Villonua tanaian tomagad ammunity Accounting and
the person who executed the foregoing instrument and
acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely and
voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.

STATE OF HAWAII

Document Date:	UNATO	1	# of Pages:	n	
Notary Name:	<u>F^CAKAIANI</u>	Khikahi		NA	Circuit
Doc. Description:	Ananana	HND.			
			STILL BAKALA	NI KUIA	11.
\$Aum	Eml)		NO PU Com		undunn,
	Notary Signature	TION	STATEO	FHAN	, WILL

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS AMENDMENT NO. 1

THIS AGREEMENT, dated this <u>15</u> day of <u>56 nvvy</u>, 2015, is made by and between the State of Hawaii, by its DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, hereinafter "PRIMARY RECIPIENT," whose principle place of business is 91-5420 Kapolei Parkway, Kapolei, Hawaii, 96707 and whose mailing address is P. O. Box 1879, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805, and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, hereinafter "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS," whose principal places of business and mailing addresses vary, to amend that certain:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, dated July 19, 2013, between the State of Hawaii, by its Hawaiian Homes Commission, as "PRIMARY RECIPIENT", and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIINN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, as "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS" unrecorded, but filed with the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands.

WHEREAS, "PRIMARY RECIPIENT" accepts "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS'" request to amend the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name changes as reflected in the Secondary Recipient list; and

WHEREAS, the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name amendments refer specifically to the following Associations:

ASSOCIATION NAME	AMENDED ASSOCIATION NAME	
Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands	PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE	
Community Association		
Keaukaha / Panaewa Farmer	KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY	
Association	ALLIANCE	
Piihonua Community Association	PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD	
_	COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION	

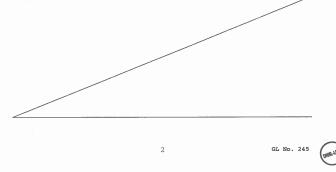
NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing and mutual covenants, terms and conditions hereinafter provided, the parties hereto, for and on behalf of themselves, do hereby agree to amend this MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS as follows:

1. The Secondary Recipient list shall be amended and read in its entirety as follows:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
1.	Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Assocation	30%	\$30,000
2	Keaukaha Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers Association	29%	\$29,000
3	Keaukaha Community Association, Inc.	15%	\$15,000
4	Pilhonua Hawaiian Homestead Community Association	8%	\$8,000
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn.	88	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn.	5%	\$5,000
	Total	1.00%	\$100,000

 All other terms and conditions of the MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS shall continue and remain in full force and effect.

This MOA Amendment may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute as one instrument.



IN AGREEMENT THEREOF, the parties have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement Amendment No. 1 on this _____ day of _, 2015

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON November 17-18, 2014

APPROVED AS TO FORM

-0

Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By______Its Print Name_

KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its Print Name_

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

Βv Its Print Name

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

By_____ Its ____ Print Name___

State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY

ASSOCIATION Kayjo Kauka Its Vice-President Print Name Kaypo Kauka By_

MAKULL FARMERS ASSOCIATION

Print Name

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION

Its Print Name

GL No. 245

DHHL-LMD

STATE OF HAWAII COUNTY OF HAWAII

SS

On this 15 day of Servery , 2015, before me appeared KPIPO KANKA , to me personally known, who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the Vice Versident of the Kaumana Hausian Homes Community Association and the person who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely and MATS: MA



Print Name michael 4 matsus My commission expires: 5/23/18

Document Date: 1/15/15	# of Pages:	4	
Notary Name: michael H Maturo		310	Circuit
Doc. Description: memorandum of as.	econset 1111	MAT	<i>,</i>
between east howan isona howoman	TA	+++, 107	
home community associations	No.1	0-120	
methoto	NO	- .o./	
Notary Signature	STATE	B	
NOTARY CERTIFICATION	none.	01000	

3

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS AMENDMENT NO. 1

THIS AGREEMENT, dated this 12 day of Julian, by its DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, hereinafter "PRIMARY RECIPIENT," whose principle place of business is 91-5420 Kapolei Parkway, Kapolei, Hawaii, 96707 and whose mailing address is P. O. Box 1879, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805, and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, hereinafter "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS," whose principal places of business and mailing addresses vary, to amend that certain:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, dated July 19, 2013, between the State of Hawaii, by its Hawaiian Homes Commission, as "PRIMARY RECIPIENT", and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, as "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS" unrecorded, but filed with the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands.

WHEREAS, "PRIMARY RECIPIENT" accepts "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS'" request to amend the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name changes as reflected in the Secondary Recipient list; and

WHEREAS, the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name amendments refer specifically to the following Associations:

ASSOCIATION NAME	AMENDED ASSOCIATION NAME
Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands	PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE
Community Association	
Keaukaha / Panaewa Farmers	KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY
Association	ALLIANCE
Piihonua Community Association	PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD
-	COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

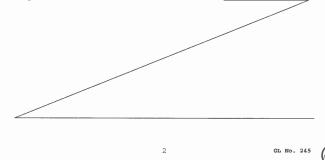
NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing and mutual covenants, terms and conditions hereinafter provided, the parties hereto, for and on behalf of themselves, do hereby agree to amend this MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS as follows:

1. The Secondary Recipient list shall be amended and read in its entirety as follows:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
	Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of		
1	Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community	30%	\$30,000
	Assocation	5	
	Keaukaha Panaewa Community Alliance on		
2	behalf of Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers	29%	\$29,000
	Association		
3	Keaukaha Community Association, Inc.	1.5%	\$15,000
4	Piihonua Hawaiian Homestead Community Association	8%	\$8,000
-			
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn.	8%	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn.	5%	\$5,000
	Total	100%	\$100,000

2. All other terms and conditions of the MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS shall continue and remain in full force and effect.

This MOA Amendment may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute as one instrument.



IN AGREEMENT THEREOF, the parties have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement Amendment No. 1 on this _____ day of 2015.

3

APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON November 17-18, 2014

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

<u>(</u>. -0

Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its Print Name_

KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its Print Name_

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC.

Bv Its

Print Name

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

By____ Its ____ Print Name_

State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

By_____ Its `ri Print Name_

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION By Abule R. Kekche Its _ Presdient Print Name Pauke R. Kekahuna

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION

Tts Print Name_

on this 1212 day of January, 2011, before me appeared Paular K. Kekahuk to me personally known,
who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the
the person who executed the foregoing instrument and
acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely and
voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth. Millow Kaes 91-599 *Brint Name <u>Madalyn Kaeo</u> 01-19-15

SS)

STATE OF HAWAII

COUNTY OF HAWATT

	Document Date: Knotaled # of Pages: 4	
	Notary Name: Madalyn Kaeo	
	Doc. Description: MOA Between Est	
7	stand Harris Homes Community Tesns Sparin Kylling	
	Mothy Kaco	
	Notary Signature	
	NOTARY CERTIFICATION	

GL No. 245

DHHL-LM

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS AMENDMENT NO. 1

THIS AGREEMENT, dated this 21^d day of Jakury, 2015, is made by and between the State of Hawaii, by its DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS, hereinafter "PRIMARY RECIPIENT," whose principle place of business is 91-5420 Kapolei Parkway, Kapolei, Hawaii, 96707 and whose mailing address is P. O. Box 1879, Honolulu, Hawaii 96805, and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, hereinafter "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS," whose principal places of business and mailing addresses vary, to amend that certain:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands' MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, dated July 19, 2013, between the State of Hawaii, by its Hawaiian Homes Commission, as "PRIMARY RECIPIENT", and RESPECTIVE EAST HAWAII HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS, as "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS" unrecorded, but filed with the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands.

WHEREAS, "PRIMARY RECIPIENT" accepts "SECONDARY RECIPIENTS'" request to amend the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name changes as reflected in the Secondary Recipient list; and

WHEREAS, the THREE (3) respective Hawaiian Homes Community Association name amendments refer specifically to the following Associations:

ASSOCIATION NAME	AMENDED ASSOCIATION NAME
Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands	PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE
Community Association	
Keaukaha / Panaewa Farmers	KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY
Association	ALLIANCE
Piihonua Community Association	PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD
	COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

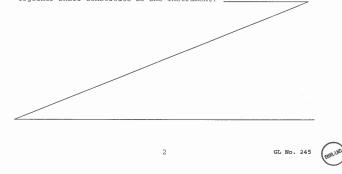
NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the foregoing and mutual covenants, terms and conditions hereinafter provided, the parties hereto, for and on behalf of themselves, do hereby agree to amend this MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS as follows:

The Secondary Recipient list shall be amended and read in its entirety as follows:

	Hawaiian Homes Community Association	Fund Allocation by %age	Fund Allocation by \$Dollars
	Panaewa Community Alliance on behalf of		
1	Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community	30%	\$30,000
	Assocation		
	Keaukaha Panaewa Community Alliance on		
2	behalf of Keaukaha/Panaewa Farmers	29%	\$29,000
	Association		
3	Keaukaha Community Association, Inc.	15%	\$15,000
4	Piihonua Hawaiian Homestead Community Association	8%	\$8,000
5	Kaumana Hawaiian Homes Community Assn.	8%	\$8,000
6	Makuu Farmers Association	5%	\$5,000
7	Ka'u Hawaiian Home Lands Assn.	5%	\$5,000
	Total	100%	\$100,000

2. All other terms and conditions of the MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT BETWEEN EAST HAWAII ISLAND HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATIONS shall continue and remain in full force and effect.

This MOA Amendment may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute as one instrument.



APPROVED BY THE HHC AT ITS MEETING HELD ON November 17-18, 2014

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

0 .

Deputy Attorney General State of Hawaii

PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

By_____ Its `rj Print Name_

KEAUKAHA PANAEWA COMMUNITY ALLIANCE

Print Name_

KEAUKAHA COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION,

BV The

Print Name_

PIIHONUA HAWAIIAN HOMESTEAD COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

By_ Its Print Name___ State of Hawaii DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

By______ Jobie M. K. Masagatani Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

KAUMANA HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION

Βv Its Print Name

MAKUU FARMERS ASSOCIATION

By_____ Its ~ri Its _____ Print Name_

KA'U HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS ASSOCIATION

y Affrey Kikon Its President Print Names Tillowy Kikon

GL No. 245

OHHL-LMC

STATE OF HAWAII)) COUNTY OF HAWAII on this 21 day

Neda

Richen, to me personally known, before me appeared /4 Hrung me duly sworn, did say that he/she is the have that un form lands Hoon, and when being by Tresedentand person who executed the foregoing instrument and the acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein set forth.

SS

Month Kae	
Notary Public, State of Hawaii	
* 91-599 * Print Name Madalyn Kaeo	
My commission expires: 8-19-15	
The of the second se	
Document Date: Katel # of Pages: 4	
Notary Name: Madalyn Kaeo Circuit	
Doc. Description: MOA Deforcer Desre.	
× 91-599 *	

PELBELIC,

nes

NOTARY CERTIFICATION

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24 & 25, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

FROM: Acting Land Management Division P. Kahana Albinio

SUBJECT: ITEM F-3 'Āina Mauna Legacy Program Updates

RELEVANT MATERIAL WILL BE DISTRIBUTED AT THE TABLE.

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION September 24-25, 2018 Keaukaha, Hawaii

G-ITEMS PLANNING PROGRAM DIVISION

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24-25, 2018

То:	Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
Thru:	M. Kaleo Manuel, Acting Planning Program Manager
From:	Andrew H. Choy, Planner A
Subject:	Declare a Finding of No Significant Impact for the Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Community Association & Panaewa Community Alliance Project Kamoleao Master Plan Final Environmental Assessment, TMK (3)2-2-047:075, Panaewa, Hilo,

Recommended Action

Hawaii Island

That the Hawaiian Homes Commission issue a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) declaration based on the Final Environmental Assessment (FEA) for the Panaewa Hawaiian Home Lands Association (PHHLCA) and Panaewa Community Alliance (PCA) Project Kamoleao Master Plan.

Discussion

In May 2018, DHHL staff presented the public review draft environmental assessment (DEA) of the PHHLCA and PCA Project Kamoleao Master Plan to the Hawaiian Homes Commission (HHC). The DEA assessed the potential environmental impact to the surrounding environment of the project area of the master plan. In summary, the DEA found that the proposed implementation of the master plan will have minimal impact to the surrounding environment (Exhibit A).

The DEA also addressed the proposed Project Kamoleao Master Plan for consistency with existing plans and applicable land use policies. The proposed master plan actions are consistent with existing plans and applicable land use policies in the region.

Based upon the analysis completed in the DEA, staff anticipated a finding of no significant impact (FONSI) for the implementation of the master plan. Per Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR) 11-200-11, the DEA and AFONSI are required to be published in the state Office of Environmental Quality Control "Environmental Notice" bulletin for a 30-day public review and comment period. The public comment period was from June 8, 2018 to July 9, 2018. DHHL also accepted comments from agencies after the close of the comment period.

FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT (SUMMARY)

Various government agencies at the federal, state, and county level as well local community groups and associations were asked to comment on the DEA. Revisions to the DEA were made based on the comments received during the public consultation period. These changes are reflected in the FEA Appendix G (Exhibit B).

A summary of the more important key substantive issues identified by other agencies during the public comment period and how those comments were addressed in the FEA are in the following table. A complete record of comments received and responses to those comments are included in FEA Appendix F of Exhibit B.

Agency	Comment/Summary	Response to Comment	
State Agencies	—	-	
DBEDT State Office of Planning County Agencie	DEA does not contain analysis on the project's alignment with State Functional Plans Part II of the Hawaii State Planning Act.	FEA will include analysis on the project's alignment with the State Functional Plans Part II of the Hawaii State Planning Act.	
	s In order to allow one		
Department of Water Supply	water meter to serve all phases of the project, the demand calculations will have to include the entire anticipated water demand. It would also be possible to meter each phase separately.	It may be preferable to meter each phase of Project Kamoleao separately rather than all with one.	
Planning Department	Neighboring parcel to Kamoleao was identified by in the State's TOD Plan as a proposed transit hub. Planning Department supports FONSI for Project Kamoleao.	Future conversations regarding TOD uses of the parcel should be directed toward DHHL and its beneficiary community and will need to be consistent with the HHCA. Project Kamoleao would not preclude TOD opportunities.	
Federal Agenci			
FEMA	Flood Insurance Rate Maps were updated for the County of Hawaii in 2017 and the County participates in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) which may require minimum building standards.	Project Kamoleao is located in Flood Zone X based on the updated 2017 maps. Areas in Flood Zone X have less than 0.2% annual flood likelihood and are not subject to NFIP standards. Also, the County confirmed that there are no special local building requirements associated with this site attributable to its floodplain status and/or FIRM designation.	

Criteria for a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI)

Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR) Section 11-200-12.2 establishes procedures for determining if an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) should be prepared for a project, or if a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) is warranted. HAR Section 11-200-12 lists the following criteria to be used in making the determination.

1. Involve an irrevocable loss or destruction of any natural or cultural resources.

Discussion: Project Kamoleao is not anticipated to involve any activity that may lead to a loss or destruction of any natural or cultural resource. The Project Site has been the subject of biological, archaeological, and cultural studies, and those studies have revealed the absence of any significant natural or cultural resources.

2. Curtail the range of beneficial uses of the environment.

Discussion: Implementation of Project Kamoleao will not curtail the range of beneficial uses of the environment, but instead promote beneficial uses of the environment, by providing a long-planned community center and other socially beneficial uses.

3. Conflict with the state's long-term environmental policies or goals and guidelines as expressed in Chapter 344 HRS, and any revisions thereof and amendments thereto, court decisions, or executive orders.

Discussion: The Project is not in conflict with the longterm environmental policies, goals, and guidelines of the State of Hawaii as discussed in Section 5.1 of the FEA (Exhibit A).

4. Substantially affects the economic or social welfare of the community or state.

Discussion: The Community Center and Certified Kitchen components of Project Kamoleao are seen to target the estimated 2,100 Pana'ewa Homestead residents on a preferential basis, but are expected to have capacity to also support and benefit from use by other area beneficiaries and residents. In the case of the Certified Kitchen, targeted users could also include start-up or small food-service related businesses from throughout the East Hawaii area that may utilize the six incubator-style kitchens that are proposed. These commercial facilities would benefit from Kamoleao's proximity to the Hilo airport, harbor and diversity of food product sources. In these respects, Project Kamoleao is seen to promote the economic and social welfare of the community, and thereby a portion of the State.

5. Substantially affects public health.

Discussion: There will be temporary impacts to noise and air quality levels during construction phases of the Project; however, these potential impacts will be shortterm and are not expected to substantially affect public health. It should be noted the current county zoning allows for industrial use, and the Proposed Action would likely present lesser long-term impacts to air and noise quality, compared to a plan that might be dominated by industrial uses. All construction activities will comply with applicable regulations and will implement appropriate mitigation measures. Rather, the various attributes of Project Kamoleao are envisioned to enhance the public health of the Panaewa Homestead community and neighboring communities.

6. Involves substantial secondary impacts, such as population changes or effects on public facilities.

Discussion: Project Kamoleao will not induce any increases or shifts in population and will not have a significant effect on any other public facilities.

7. Involves a substantial degradation of environmental quality.

Discussion: Construction activities associated with Project Kamoleao are anticipated to result in negligible short-term impacts to noise, air quality, and traffic in the immediate vicinity. With the incorporation of the recommended mitigation measures during the construction period, development of Project Kamoleao will not result in degradation of environmental quality. No long-term negative impacts are expected from implementation.

8. Is individually limited but cumulatively has considerable effect upon the environment or involves a commitment for larger actions.

Discussion: Although the implementation of Project Kamoleao has the potential to provide significant community and social benefits, it will have a cumulative impact on traffic (§0 above). Project Kamoleao will not contribute to nonpoint source pollution (§3.4 above). The Project is a stand-alone project, which does not involve a commitment for larger actions.

9. Substantially affects a rare, threatened or endangered species, or habitat.

Discussion: There are no known, threatened, or endangered species of flora, fauna, or associated habitats located on Kamoleao that could be adversely affected by the construction and operation of Project Kamoleao. However, according to the USFWS, it is possible that several endangered species may use or overfly Kamoleao. Mitigation measures will be specified and incorporated into the construction documents.

10. Detrimentally affects air or water quality or ambient noise levels.

Discussion: Construction activities for development of Project Kamoleao could potentially impact noise and air and water quality levels on Kamoleao. However, these impacts will be short-term and are not expected to be detrimental. All construction activities will comply with applicable regulations and will implement appropriate mitigation measures as necessary. After construction, the development is not expected to adversely impact ambient noise levels or water and air quality. There will be an increase in impervious surfaces compared to Kamoleao's current vacant state; however, any increase in runoff will be accommodated by proposed drainage improvements and will not detrimentally affect water quality. Operational noise levels would be similar to ambient noise levels. 11. Affects or is likely to suffer damage by being located in an environmentally sensitive area such as flood plain, tsunami zone, beach, or erosion-prone area, geologically hazardous land, estuary, fresh water, or coastal water.

Discussion: The development will not affect any environmentally sensitive area. The Project is located outside a FIRM-designated flood plain and inland from the coast. Project Kamoleao will be constructed in compliance with County of Hawaii building codes, and the drainage improvements will be designed to minimize any potential for localized flooding.

12. Substantially affects scenic vistas and view-planes identified in county or state plans or studies.

Discussion: Project Kamoleao will not alter the visual setting of the area, nor will it block any scenic vistas. The area is not listed as a scenic view plane or area of natural beauty by the County.

13. Require substantial energy consumption.

Discussion: Construction and operation of Project Kamoleao will not require substantial increases in energy consumption.

Mitigation Measures Identified in the FEA

- On-site drainage design includes vegetated buffer/filter strips, open vegetated channels, and infiltration, as appropriate.
- Erosion control measures such as temporary sediment basins to trap silt and/or temporary berms and/or straw bale barriers to trap silt could be utilized;
- Outdoor lighting will be in conformance to County Code to prevent impacts to seabirds;
- Barbed wire fence will not be used to prevent impacts to hoary bat;
- No night-time construction is anticipated to reduce impact to neighbors and endangered animals such as the hoary bat and Hawaiian Hawk;

- Avoid tree clearing during breeding seasons of hawk and hoary bat (March to September and June to September respectively);
- Prevent the spread of rapid ohia death disease, search for diseased trees on property should be conducted within two weeks prior to any tree cutting and consult with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service if diseased trees are found.
- Work will stop if any inadvertent discovery of human remains or historic sites are found during construction.

These mitigations measures will ensure that the project will have minimal impact natural and cultural resources in the vicinity.

Next-Steps

Should the HHC approve the recommended action, PHHLCA and PCA can proceed with the implementation of the Project Kamoleao Master Plan. PHHLCA and PCA can continue to fundraise for architectural, engineering, and construction costs of the proposed improvements.

While PHHLCA and PCA have been successful in obtaining grants from third parties such as the State Legislature for Project Kamoleao, another critical component to their fundraising success is to have the ability to <u>sub-lease</u> portions of the 12-acre parcel to interested third-party developers in order to implement Phase 1B. Currently, PHHLCA has a 30-year license agreement from DHHL. However, <u>PHHLCA will eventually need to convert their license to</u> <u>general lease</u> from DHHL in order for Project Kamoleao to become an economically self-sufficient project over time. General lease conditions could include requiring adherence to the mitigation measures articulated in the FEA.

Recommended Action

DHHL staff respectfully requests approval as recommended.

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

May 14-15, 2018

То:	Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
Thru:	M. Kaleo Manuel, Acting Planning Program Manager
From:	Andrew H. Choy, Planner K
Subject:	Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA) and Anticipated Finding of No Significant Impact (AFONSI) Project Kamoleao, Panaewa, Hilo, Hawaii

Recommended Action

For information only. No action required.

(TMK 3-2-2-047:075)

Purpose

The purpose of this informational briefing is to update the HHC on the status of the DEA for Project Kamoleao and provide the HHC an opportunity to provide comments on the DEA prior to publication in the Office of Environmental Quality Control's Environmental Notice Bulletin in June 2018.

Background

The implementation of Project Kamoleao was identified as a Priority Project in the 2017 DHHL Panaewa Regional Plan Update. The name "Kamoleao" means the young shoots of a kalo plant nurtured by the bright sun (ao), symbolizing "growing from the foundation of the elders." An excerpt from the 2017 Panaewa Regional Plan Update and summarizes the history of the Kamoleao parcel is attached (Exhibit C). Conceptualization of community programs and uses for the Kamoleao parcel began as early as 1986. Since that time several iterations of master plan concepts have been developed.

However, none of the previous efforts resulted in the development of an HRS Chapter 343 environmental assessment (EA) for the entire 12-acre parcel nor were any conceptual business plans developed to identify potential revenue sources to address initial development costs and long-term operation and maintenance costs. The completion of an HRS Chapter 343 EA for the entire parcel and incorporating a conceptual business plan as a component of the master plan are a part of this current effort and should increase the probability of this project's success.

DHHL staff presented an informational submittal to the HHC regarding the Project Kamoleao Master Plan in October 2017 (Exhibit B). In summary, the preferred alternative plan consists of three development phases and the following major components:

- Community Center & Certified Kitchen (Phase 1A)
- Commercial Retail (Phase 1B)
- Light Industrial (Phase 1B)
- Health & Wellness Complex (Phase 2)
- Future Community Uses and/or Commercial Uses (Phase 3)
- Forested Open-Space/Puuhonua Concept (Existing)

A graphic illustration of the preferred master plan including acreage amounts for each of the above components is included in Chapter 2 of the DEA (Exhibit A) as well as a brief description of each of the components' concepts.

DEA Summary

The DEA (Exhibit A) assesses the potential environmental impact of the Project Kamoleao. The following discussion summarizes the analysis of the DEA assessment of the project's impact to various resources.

Natural Resources

1104

A botanical survey conducted in 2009 of a portion of the project area identified no rare, threatened, or endangered plant species. Several common species of native plants were identified during the survey including: ohia, uluhe, kopiho, hala, kukui, hapuu, and popolo. The highest concentration of native plant species is in the center of the property. As such, the development scheme of the

Project Kamoleao Master Plan recommends siting development on the exterior of the property and keeping the center of the property in conservation. The center of the property will also serve as a "puuhonua" and quiet place of reflection.

Endangered faunal species such as the hoary bat and Hawaiian Hawk have been observed on occasion in the greater Hilo area, but not specifically at the project site. To mitigate potential disturbance to these species, the DEA recommends not cutting or removing trees larger than 15 feet during these animals breeding seasons (March thru September) as large trees could be potentially inhabited by these animals during that period.

Historic and Cultural Resources

An archaeological inventory survey (AIS) was conducted on the project site. The AIS found that the project site had been largely altered previously and that no existing cultural or historical sites were found on the property. A Cultural Impact Assessment (CIA) was conducted as part of the DEA study. The CIA contacted 11 individuals who may know of cultural practices that occur in the vicinity of the project area. Of the 11 individuals that were contacted, only two responded. Neither respondent noted ongoing cultural practices in the vicinity of or on the project site. Furthermore, Project Kamoleao is seen as an opportunity to allow native Hawaiians to gather and practice cultural activities as facilities such as the community center and conservation area in the middle of the property will help to facilitate cultural practices.

Infrastructure -- Traffic

The addition of project traffic to the intersections immediately adjacent to the site is not expected to result in any operational issues given the available capacity and limited extent and length of existing congestion. As noted under existing conditions, longer delays occur at the intersections along Kanoelehua Avenue during the peak commute periods. While project traffic is expected to be added to some of those intersections, the volumes are expected to have a minimal or negligible impact based on the project's total trip generation, the anticipated distribution focused on the adjacent neighborhood, and the

- 3 -

EL IDAT

options for traffic to access the site (e.g., to use Railroad Avenue to travel north and south vs Kanoelehua Avenue.) The site design will also encourage patrons to walk and bicycle to the site by providing multiple connections to fronting sidewalks, as well as bicycle parking at strategic locations close to the building entrances.

Infrastructure - Water & Wastewater

The County Department of Water Supply (DWS)also indicated that the current domestic water allocation for this parcel is 1-water unit, which is equivalent to 400 gallons per day (gpd). Additional water units are available and shall be based on the water demand calculations for the proposed improvements as required by the DWS. The projected water demand for the master plan is not expected to significantly impact the existing County water system and local water resources.

The nearest County sewer main is located in Makaala Street, located to the north of the parcel. The existing 8inch sewer main is over 1,000-feet away from the Kamoleao parcel. Because of the distance, the Kamoleao parcel is not required to connect to the County sewer system. Connecting to the existing sewer system would also significantly increase construction cost. Therefore, it is recommended that on-site individual wastewater systems be considered for wastewater treatment and disposal. Wastewater would be handled by an Individual Wastewater System (IWS) for each Phase or other sub-area of the plan. These wastewater systems shall be sized to accommodate the wastewater generated from each phase or area. The design of all IWS in all phases shall conform to the most current version of HAR 11-62 Wastewater Systems. Prior to construction of each septic tank and leach field, the design civil engineer will prepare an Individual Wastewater System permit and submit it to DOH, Wastewater Branch for approval.

DHHL Planning System Consistency

The 2002 DHHL Hawaii Island Plan land use designation of the project area is for community use. The proposed uses of the Project Kamoleao Master Plan is consistent with the community use land use designation. As mentioned previously, implementation of Project Kamoleao was

identified by DHHL beneficiaries as one of five priority projects in the 2017 update of the DHHL Panaewa Regional Plan.

Based upon the analysis completed in the DEA, staff anticipates a finding of no significant impact for the Project Kamoleao Master Plan. This determination is based upon the 13 criteria of significance that approving agencies must consider as specified in HAR 11-200-12.

(1) Involves an irrevocable commitment to loss or destruction of any natural or cultural resource;

Discussion: Project Kamoleao is not anticipated to involve any activity that may lead to a loss or destruction of any natural or cultural resource. The Project Site has been the subject of biological, archaeological, and cultural studies, and those studies have revealed the absence of any significant natural or cultural resources.

(2) Curtails the range of beneficial uses of the environment;

Discussion: Implementation of Project Kamoleao will not curtail the range of beneficial uses of the environment, but instead promote beneficial uses of the environment, by providing a long-planned community center and other socially beneficial uses.

(3) Conflicts with the State's long term environmental policies or goals and guidelines as expressed in Chapter
344, HRS; and any revisions thereof and amendments thereto, court decisions, or executive orders;

Discussion: The Project is not in conflict with the longterm environmental policies, goals, and guidelines of the State of Hawaii as discussed in Section 5.1 above.

(4) Substantially affects the economic or social welfare of the community or State;

Discussion: The Community Center and Certified Kitchen components of Project Kamoleao are seen to target the estimated 2,100 Pana'ewa Homestead residents on a preferential basis, but are expected to have capacity to also support and benefit from use by other area

Eduration 1

beneficiaries and residents. In the case of the Certified Kitchen, targeted users could also include start-up or small food-service related businesses from throughout the East Hawaii area that may utilize the six incubator-style kitchens that are proposed. These commercial facilities would benefit from Kamoleao's proximity to the Hilo airport, harbor and diversity of food product sources. In these respects, Project Kamoleao is seen to promote the economic and social welfare of the community, and thereby a portion of the State.

(5) Substantially affects public health;

Discussion: There will be temporary impacts to noise and air quality levels during construction phases of the Project; however, these potential impacts will be shortterm and are not expected to substantially affect public health. It should be noted the current zoning allows for industrial use, and the Proposed Action would likely present lesser long-term impacts to air and noise quality, compared to a plan that might be dominated by industrial uses. All construction activities will comply with applicable regulations and will implement appropriate mitigation measures. Rather, the various attributes of Project Kamoleao are envisioned to enhance the public health of the Panaewa Homestead community and neighboring communities.

(6) Involves substantial secondary impacts, such as population changes or effects on public facilities;

Discussion: Project Kamoleao will not induce any increases or shifts in population and will not have a significant effect on any other public facilities.

(7) Involves a substantial degradation of environmental quality;

Discussion: Construction activities associated with Project Kamoleao are anticipated to result in negligible short-term impacts to noise, air quality, and traffic in the immediate vicinity. With the incorporation of the recommended mitigation measures during the construction period, development of Project Kamoleao will not result in degradation of environmental quality. No long-term negative impacts are expected from implementation.



(8) Is individually limited but cumulatively has considerable effect on the environment, or involves a commitment for larger actions;

Discussion: Although the implementation of Project Kamoleao has the potential to provide significant community and social benefits, it will have a cumulative impact on traffic (§0 above). Project Kamoleao will not contribute to nonpoint source pollution (§3.4 above). The Project is a stand-alone project, which does not involve a commitment for larger actions.

(9) Substantially affects a rare, threatened or endangered species or its habitat;

Discussion: There are no known, threatened, or endangered species of flora, fauna, or associated habitats located on Kamoleao that could be adversely affected by the construction and operation of Project Kamoleao. However, according to the USFWS, it is possible that several endangered species may use or overfly Kamoleao. Mitigation measures will be specified and incorporated into the construction documents.

10) Detrimentally affects air or water quality or ambient noise levels;

Discussion: Construction activities for development of Project Kamoleao could potentially impact noise and air and water quality levels on Kamoleao. However, these impacts will be short-term and are not expected to be detrimental. All construction activities will comply with applicable regulations and will implement appropriate mitigation measures as necessary. After construction, the development is not expected to adversely impact ambient noise levels or water and air quality. There will be an increase in impervious surfaces compared to Kamoleao's current vacant state; however, any increase in runoff will be accommodated by proposed drainage improvements and will not detrimentally affect water quality. Operational noise levels would be similar to ambient noise levels.

(11) Affects or is likely to suffer damage by being located in an environmentally sensitive area, such as a flood plain, tsunami zone, beach, erosion-prone area,

- 7 -

Endra acoust 1

geologically hazardous land, estuary, fresh water, or coastal waters;

Discussion: The development will not affect any environmentally sensitive area. The Project is located outside a FIRM-designated flood plain and inland from the coast. Project Kamoleao will be constructed in compliance with County of Hawaii building codes, and the drainage improvements will be designed to minimize any potential for localized flooding.

(12) Substantially affects scenic vistas and view planes identified in County or State plans or studies;

Discussion: Project Kamoleao will not alter the visual setting of the area, nor will it block any scenic vistas. The area is not listed as a scenic view plane or area of natural beauty by the County.

(13) Requires substantial energy consumption.

Discussion: Construction and operation of Project Kamoleao will not require substantial increases in energy consumption.

Next-Steps

The following is a list of next-steps for the completion of the master-plan and EA contract as well as estimated timeline for master plan Phase 1 completion.

- June 2018: DEA published OEQC Environmental Notice
- July 2018: 30-day public comment period
- August 2018: Revise DEA per public comments received
- Sept. 2018: HHC Approve FEA and FONSI
- 2018-2019: General Lease Discussions with DHHL
- 2018-2019: Pursue Funding/Grants
- 2019: Developer Contracting, Financial Analysis
- 2020: Secure Funding & Permits
- 2021-2022: Construction & Opening

Recommendation

For information only. No action required.

- 8 -

Endre namel To

ITEM G-1 EXHIBIT B

PLEASE SEE PDF OF PROJECT KAMOLEAO FINAL ENIVRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT REPORT AT:

http://dhhl.hawaii.gov/po/environmental-review/

West Maui Water Intergovernmental Agreement

July 28, 2018 Beneficiary Consultation Meeting Notes

Q = Question, A = Answer, C = Comment, DWS = Department of Water Supply

Q: Wells are limited. Why is Honokowai only having a well instead of surface water? Unknown. I don't like wells. Honokowai should have surface water as well.

A: Mahinahina TP (Treatment Plant) is surface water. 200,000 [GPD] (Gallons per Day) is treated surface water.

Q: Agreement is in process?

A: No decision has been made. Still working w/ DWS (Department of Water Supply). DWS made request in 2017. HHC (Hawaiian Homes Commission) said see if we can get water instead of \$.

Q: Expedites water for HHL (Hawaiian Home Lands)?

A: 200,000 GPD is for HHL

C: Don't want to end up like Launiupoko. No more water there. Built a well – homes taking water from other places.

Q: Mock build up for Leialii. Model home - who pays for the water meter?

A: DHHL (Department of Hawaiian Home Lands) doesn't build model homes. Developers have plans/models.

A: When DHHL purchased Leialii, infrastructure was already there. Improvements made to meet County code. Normally DHHL does overall system infrastructure. Lessee does water meter installation.

Q: How many ag. (agriculture) lots proposed in Honokowai?

A: 2004 MIP (Maui Island Plan) – 41 res. (residential) lots, 15 5-acre ag. lots. Leialii took up lots of res. demand. During reg. (regional) plan process, demand for ag. Dept. started looking at ag. Looking at replanning Honokowai for all ag. lots. Opportunities- R1/surface water use for ag.

Q: Dual water system?

A: Will need potable for domestic uses. Non-potable for ag.

DWS: Mixed system for Lahaina. Mahinahina is combo of SW (surface water)/wells. Lahaina system is wells.

C: Water in the streams – not abundant anymore.

A: CWRM (Commission on Water Resources Management) setting IIFS (Interim Instream Flow Standards) for W. Maui.

Q: What is left for DWS?

A: Working w/ agencies to determine water – DWS & CWRM.

DWS: 200,000 [GPD] does not affect IIFS, existing capacity w/ reliable well backup to surface water.

C: I was never asked if I wanted ag. over res. People wanting ag. probably have homes. Go down list of people who need homes.

A: Since 1990s, HHC focused on res., no ag. Push for refocus on ag. Balance. 5 year beneficiary surveys, HHC mtgs. – discussion on balance comes up. Need beneficiary mana'o and advocacy. Participate in planning process.

Q: Ag. lots can be occupied w/ homes?

A: Yes.

Q: Tanks are for potable water. Tanks better than reservoirs?

DWS: Reservoir is for untreated surface water before it goes into Mahinahina. Proposed tank is for potable water from DWS/DHHL tanks.

Q: Rainy season vs dry season

A: Wells are backup to surface water. DWS' job is to manage the utility.

C: Kihei built out w/out reliable water. Lots of runoff.

Q: Are you considering lay of the land (contours)?

A: Planning process involves suitability analysis of land. We do what makes sense for the 'āina & community. Eg. Honokowai. We will look at what we see and what we hear. HHC supports this project - \$.

Q: Preparation. You're giving us awareness. Re old wells – Honokowai is not a place for wells (eg. sewer) 5 live streams in Honokowai. Sugarcane/ranching created reservoirs. Need new technology these days. Honokowai wet – surface water/streams. Cultural Impact Assessment (Cultural Impact Assessment) done?

A: Agreement is for DWS system – mixed surface/ground water. DHHL well can provide 1.0 MGD (Million Gallons per Day) once it's in production. No proposals for new wells. Well was dug for Leialii. Honokowai – developed our own source w/ State funds. CIA will be done as part of EA (Environmental Assessment) process for well – including reaching out to kuleana land owners. Honokowai was acquired – we don't know what happened on land. CIA/AIS (Archaeological Inventory Survey) will be done for research.

Q: How will you connect your land - where will line go?

A: Looking at alternative alignments. Eg. Existing siphon. Going thru EA process looking at alignments.

A: EA process end of year – would be good to get comments. Looking at flora/fauna, archaeology. Need to go over valley – owned by KLMC (Kaanapali Land Management Corporation). Trying to stay on HHL as much as possible.

Q: DHHL has 1st rights to water per CWRM IIFS process/State constitution. Why do we need deal w/ DWS when it's part of constitution?

A: 4 public trust uses of water (inc. DHHL) – all equal. Also includes public domestic uses, natural state, TCR (traditional and customary rights) of NH (Native Hawaiians). CWRM obligation to balance uses before private uses.

A: DHHL has no money, DWS has resources and expertise. We work w/ the experts.

A: We have a right to water from source, but how we get it (trans. (transmission) system) costs money. DWS already has system on DHHL lands. They manage system, makes sense that we partner.

Q: Why not ask them [DWS] to pay in <u>infrastructure rather than water</u> since DHHL has rights to water? A: We calculated water demands for Honokowai lands – but where does water come from. DWS wells/system is theirs. Cost to provide infrastructure. DWS improvements are infrastructure to benefit DHHL.

DWS: <u>200,000 GPD is readily available water.</u> DHHL just needs to provide infrastructure to bring it to end users. DWS/DHHL wells cost money to develop.

Q: DHHL consider monetary payment instead?

A: DWS offered \$400,000 for license originally. DHHL/P.O. (Planning Office) recommended that that wasn't enough. Staff advocated to work w/ DWS to get water. Infrastructure benefits also included. [Hawaiian Homes] Commission/[Maui County] Council can still deny, this is staff recommendation.

Q: Is infrastructure costs included in deal?

A: Land for infrastructure in exchange for water. Infrastructure will allow development of DWS/DHHL wells.

A: This agreement is 1st of 3 steps. 200,000 GPD is enough to service Leialii and still allow DWS to serve public.

Q: Where does 200,000 GPD come from?

A: Mixed sources, 8 wells and surface water.

DWS: Opportunity to partner – allows reliability of water.

Q: What is wet water/what is conservation notice?

DWS: When wells need to be repaired, we ask public to conserve/be better stewards.

A: Wet water is readily available water rather than just an agreement.

C: Would like to not be limited – more water if needed.

C: DWS has license to sell water/DHHL no license. Come straight down from Puukolii w/ new bypass and put water in Wahikuli [reservoir].

A: DHHL can sell water per HHCA (Hawaiian Homes Commission Act). 4 systems – subsidized by DHHL.

A: Looking at Wahikuli as an option. Cost of transmission is extreme. Systems operations cost is extreme.

C: Honokowai \rightarrow Napili line is in the middle of Honoapiilani Hwy. Old lines/lots of maintenance costs in <u>future</u>. Wahikuli filled via pump. Look at this as an option. Bypass.

DWS: We will maintain.

Q: Who are other institutions? Kuleana LCA (Land Commission Award) awardees?

A: Focus in on advocating for beneficiaries. Kuleana awardees in [Honokowai] valley. We are aware of exclusions/awardees. We honor awardees. Need to figure out how to contact.

DWS: Request is only for areas on HHL. No impact on known kuleana awards.

Q: Who are other stakeholders?

A: <u>Beneficiaries first</u>, then larger community. Other large landowners, State and County agencies, neighbors.

C: DWS will receive ~22.5 acres in exchange of 200,000 GPD to DHHL.

Q: County has been there, what do they pay now? In order to continue they need a license? A: Correct. We are trying to finalize this agreement.

Q: DHHL didn't have Honokowai until 2004, who had it before?

A: DLNR, they gave ROE (Right of Entry) for plant. DHHL received lands, been working on agreement.

Q: 200,000 GPD only for HHL. What about other developments eg. Pulelehua?

A: Focused on DHHL. State agencies slower than private developers.

DWS: Pulelehua has source requirement. 200,000 GPD is guaranteed once agreement is approved.

- Q: Where is Leialii Association? They should be here.
- Q: DWS will maintain system?

A: Existing system will provide 200,000 GPD.

Q: Council needs to approve?

A: Yes, water agreements need to be approved by Council.

Q: [Leialii] 1B will come up once water is given?

A: Still need to work on sewer, road (Leialii Pkwy.). Kuleana is to develop pkwy. to service 1B.

Comments from July 24, 2018 Telephone Conversation with Gilbert Paoa

- DHHL/DWS should be mindful about the power grid and look into solar panels, like the one above Lahainaluna [High School], to assist with the water system energy.
- Hawaiian Airlines has a license at Kapalua Airport and they lease from Bishop Estate and should be considered as a stakeholder in the region.
- Water being supplied by Pu'ukoli'i well, people don't understand how much it costs; on the ag side, like at Waikapu, the small village is set up for tourists; my sister lives by Wai'ehu Golf Course and she's still able to build a home near/on ag land.
- The State of Hawai'i and Unions should help with house construction.
- Everything near the coastline including Marriott and Hyatt have big lawyers that can set up contracts/licenses.
- In the November election there will be items that will affect DHHL.
- People don't know how precious water is; my main focus last night was on the was on water meters: who pays for purchasing them and who pays for installation.
- We live in Honokōwai.

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24-25, 2018

To:	Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
Thru:	M. Kaleo Manuel, Acting Planning Program Manager 🥰
From:	Halealoha Ayau, Water Resource Management Specialist Andrew H. Choy, Planner Ac
Subject:	For Information Only East Hawaii Regional Update

Recommended Action

For information only. No action required.

to the Hawaiian Homes Commission

Background

Per the directive of the Chairman, Planning Office will be providing the Hawaiian Homes Commission (HHC) with updates of the respective DHHL geographic region in which the HHC conducts its monthly community meeting. The purpose of the monthly update is to provide the HHC with information related to prior policies and/or plans specific to that previously adopted by the HHC specific to that particular geographic region.

A status report of DHHL's progress in implementing these policies/plans is also included for the HHC's consideration.

For September 2018, Planning Office will be providing an update to the HHC for East Hawaii.

Discussion

EXISTING PLANS & IMPLEMENTATION STATUS

Hawaii Island Plan Policies Related to East Hawaii.

The purpose of each DHHL Island Plan is to (1) assign land use designations for land holdings on each island, (2) establish land use goals and objectives of the General Plan

specific to each island, and (3) identify island-wide needs, opportunities, and priorities. The Hawaii Island Plan was adopted by the HHC in 2002. The 2002 Hawaii Island Plan delineated five planning regions on Hawaii Island, North, East, South, West, and Central. (see maps, Exhibit A). For the purposes of this informational submittal, Planning Office will be focusing on the lands in the East and South regions.

Land Use Designation	Acres	Percent of Total
Residential	1,001	4.5%
Subsistence Agriculture	1,968	9.1%
Supplemental Agriculture	3,019	13.8%
Pastoral	7,832	35.7%
Community Use	90	0.4%
General Agriculture	4,970	22.7%
Commercial	346	1.5%
Industrial	364	1.6%
Conservation	240	1.2%
Special District	2,058	9.5%
TOTAL	21,888	100%

Hawaii Island Plan Implementation Status

There have been no land use amendments made to the island plan in the East and South Regions since the adoption of the plan in 2002. The Hawaii Island Plan identified seven priority tracts for homestead development across the entire island. The priority tracts were further broken down into two development phases, a Phase I (priority) and Phase II. In the East and South Region, only the Lower Piihonua tract was identified as a Phase I priority for new homestead development. The Panaewa tract in the East Region and the Wailau tract in the South region were identified as Phase II priorities for new homestead development.

DHHL has initiated the planning and development process for new agriculture homesteads in its Honomu Tract. A Honomu Master Plan & EA is expected to be completed in 2019. The Island Plan designated Honomu for supplemental agriculture. However, the master plan is also looking at the feasibility of subsistence agriculture lots as well as community uses. Depending upon the outcome of the Honomu Master Plan's final recommendations, changes to the existing supplemental agriculture land use designation in the Hawaii Island Plan may be warranted. Completion of engineering, design, and actual award of lots to waitlist applicants is anticipated in 2019. Planning Office will be requesting funding in FY 19 to undergo this planning update.

The 2002 Hawaii Island Plan is due for a review and update. Island Plans are intended to have a 20-year outlook and we are close to that time horizon. Furthermore, new circumstances over the last 15 years such as changes in overall population growth on the island of Hawaii, changes in County plans, changes in waitlist beneficiary preferences, as well as the occurrence of significant legal precedents such as the Nelson case and adoption of new administrative rules related to subsistence agriculture homesteads necessitate a re-look at the existing island plan.

Keaukaha Regional Plan

The Keaukaha Regional Plan was adopted by the HHC in December, 2010. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified one priority project, the Keaukaha Hawaiian Community Pavilion.

Makuu Regional Plan

The Makuu Regional Plan was adopted by the HHC in December, 2010. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified the following priority projects:

- (1) Makuu Farmers' Association Community Center
- (2) Makuu Offsite Water System Phase 2
- (3) Sustainability & Renewable Energy Initiatives
- (4) Farm Plans, Capacity Building & Promotion of Agriculture
- (5) Lease Enforcement Provisions

Panaewa Regional Plan

The Panaewa Regional Plan Update was adopted by the HHC in January, 2017. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified the following priority projects:

- (1) Project Kamoleao (12-acre community parcel)
- (2) Panaewa Park & Family Center Management
- (3) Agricultural Capacity Building Marketing & Training Center
- (4) Traffic Calming & Safety Improvements on Railroad Avenue and Auwae Avenue
- (5) Hawaii Island Plan Update for East Hawaii

Kau Regional Plan

The Kau Regional Plan was adopted by the HHC in May 2012. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified the following priority projects:

- (1) Create a Kau Homestead Community Association
- (2) Obtain Additional Water for Homestead Lots in Kamaoa, Puueo, and Waiohinu
- (3) Protect and Preserve Cultural Sites & Natural Resources in Kamaoa
- (4) Agriculture Homestead Leases at Waiohinu and Pursue Partnership with DLNR for Hawaiian Homesteading

Kaumana-Piihonua Regional Plan

The Kaumana-Piihonua Regional Plan was adopted by the HHC in May, 2017. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified the following priority projects:

- (1) Kaumana-Piihonua Community Center
- (2) Agriculture Sustainability Community Pasture
- (3) Community Tool Shed and Work Days

(4) Pest-Control Mitigation and Removal (Kaumana Only)

East Hawaii Regional Plan Implementation Statuses

Tables 2-6 below identify the "project champion" as well as summarizes the status of each regional plan priority project.

Table 2: KEAUKAHA	PROJECT	STATUS
REGIONAL PLAN PRIORITY	CHAMPION	
PROJECT		×
Keaukaha Hawaiian	KCA	In-Progress. Conceptual
Community Pavilion		design and drawings have
		been completed. Draft EA is
		being prepared.

Table 3: MAKUU REGIONAL PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT	PROJECT CHAMPION	STATUS
Makuu Farmers' Association Community Center - Site Preparation	MFA	In-Progress. Completed HRS 343 EA in 2011. Fundraising for community center construction.
Makuu Offsite Water System Phase 2	DHHL	Project no longer being pursued because of 2015 lava flow.
Sustainability and Renewable Energy Initiatives	MFA	Not started.
Farm Plans, Capacity Building, and Promotion of Agriculture	MFA	CTAHR technical assistance is available to Makuu lessees via a CTAHR Extension Agent.
Lease Enforcement Provisions	DHHL	Not Started. Makuu community leaders have made repeated requests to DHHL to begin enforcement of non-compliant lessees. The unoccupied lots are becoming a huge safety concern.

Table 4: PANAEWA REGIONAL PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT	PROJECT CHAMPION	STATUS
Project Kamoleao	PHHLCA	In-Progress. Seeking HHC FONSI approval on FEA September 2018. Looking to pursue funding for design work.
Panaewa Park & Family Center	PHHLCA /DHHL / County Parks	In-Progress. HHC approved issuance of license with County Parks and Recreation in 2016 subject to the County working out a park use agreement with PHHLCA. County, DHHL, and PHHLCA held initial meeting in March 2017 to discuss agreement.
Agricultural Capacity Building Marketing and Training Center	KPFA / DHHL	In-Progress. KPFA completed its strategic plan in 2017. UH-CTAHR CES agent has provided technical assistance and training to Panaewa agriculture homestead lessees.
Traffic Calming & Safety Improvements on Railroad Avenue and Auwae Avenue Hawaii Island Plan	DHHL / County / KPFA DHHL	KPFA conducted a meeting with County DPW-Traffic Division to assess options in addressing issue.
Update for East Hawaii		

Table 5: KAU	PROJECT	
The approximation of the second second		STATUS
REGIONAL PLAN	CHAMPION	
PRIORITY		
PROJECT		
Create a Kau	Kau	Completed. The Kau Hawaiian
Homestead	Beneficiaries	Homestead Association was created
Community		in 2013 and received IRS 501c3
Association	4	status.
Obtain	DHHL	In-Progress. DHHL completed Kau
Additional		Water Assessment. DHHL received
Water for		\$1.5 million in CIP funds from
Homestead Lots		legislature for plan, design, and
in Kamaoa,		construction. DHHL has proposed
Puueo, and		phase 1 improvements including
Waiohinu		100,000-gallon storage tank, new
		pressure reducing valves, and
_		transmission pipes to provide
		water to Kamaoa Pastoral homestead
		lots. Next step is designing
		improvements and then determining
		- 0
Protect and	DIIII /Kasa	management of system once built.
	DHHL/Kau	In-Progress. South Point
Preserve		Resources Management Plan was
Cultural Sites		adopted October 2016. HHC
and Natural		approved FONSI for plan May 2018.
Resources in		HHC approved \$300k for South Point
Kamaoa		management in FY 19 budget.
Agriculture	DHHL	In-Progress. The BLNR approved
Homestead		transfer of 380-acre Waiohinu
Leases at		parcel to DHHL via executive order
Waiohinu		in February 2018. DHHL has been
		following up with DLNR staff to
		complete transfer paperwork.

Table 6: KAUMANA- PIIHONUA REGIONAL PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT	PROJECT CHAMPION	STATUS
Kaumana-Piihonua Community Center	Kaumana & Piihonua Associations and DHHL	In-progress. Kaumana and Piihonua communities looking at pursuing funding opportunities.
Agriculture Sustainability - Community Pasture	Kaumana & Piihonua Associations and DHHL	Not Started.
Community Tool-Shed and Work Days	DHHL	Not Started.
Pest-Control Mitigation and Removal (Kaumana Only)	Kaumana Association	Not Started.

Recommendation

For information only. No action required.

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24-25, 2018

To: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
Thru: M. Kaleo Manuel, Acting Planning Program Manager
From: Bryan Esmeralda, AICP, Planner
Subject: Acceptance of Beneficiary Consultation Report for Proposed DHHL Intergovernmental Agreement with the County of Maui, Department of Water Supply Related to the Mahinahina Treatment Plant; Honokōwai, Lahaina, Maui; TMK (2) 4-4-002:018 (por.)

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

That the Hawaiian Homes Commission (HHC) accept this Beneficiary Consultation report as the official record of beneficiary issues, questions, concerns, and comments regarding a proposed intergovernmental agreement with the County of Maui, Department of Water Supply (DWS) for the continued operation of the existing Mahinahina Surface Water Treatment Plant (SWTP), designation of access, utility, and grading easements, and other planned water system improvements on the subject parcel at Honokōwai, Lahaina, Maui.

Acceptance of this report does not indicate concurrence or approval of any staff recommendations that may appear herein.

DISCUSSION

Background

The Department of Hawaiian Home Lands (DHHL) acquired the subject parcel, which is part of the DHHL's Honokōwai tract (also comprised of TMKs (2) 4-4-002:003 and 008), from the Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) in 1995. The Mahinahina SWTP was constructed via Right of Entry granted by the DLNR and put into service in 1995, and has been in operation since this time. When DHHL acquired the subject properties, no

HHC Item G-2

disposition was granted to the DWS for the operation of the Mahinahina SWTP.

In 2017, the DWS approached the HHC and requested a land use license for the Mahinahina SWTP in exchange for a cash payment equivalent to the appraised value of the requested lands. The HHC, recognizing the need for water to support planned development on DHHL lands at Honokōwai and Leiali'i Phase I-B, requested that the DHHL and DWS work towards an agreement wherein the DWS would provide a water allocation to the DHHL from the Mahinahina SWTP in exchange for the license. Through negotiations, the DWS determined that an allocation of 200,000 Gallons Per Day (GPD) was within the existing capacity of the Mahinahina SWTP and could be provided to the DHHL as part a the proposed intergovernmental agreement. In exchange for the 200,000 GPD allocation, the DWS would receive a license for the uses described in **Table 1** and **Figure 1** below.

USE	ACREAGE
Existing Mahinahina SWTP	11.603
Future Mahinahina SWTP Expansion Area	2.316
500,000-gallon Control Tank Site for DWS and DHHL	1.224
Wells	
Grading and Drainage Easement for 500,000-gallon	0.567
Control Tank Site	
Access and Utility Easement	5.488
Future 2 Million-gallon Tank Site	1.373
TOTAL ACREAGE	22.571

Table 1. Requested Licenses Uses and Acreages

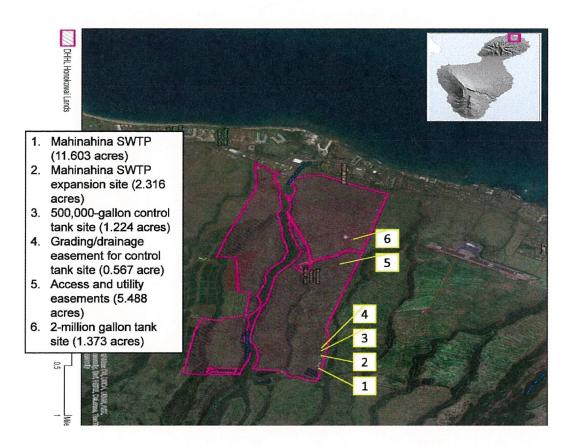


Figure 1. Map of Proposed License Uses

The DHHL Maui Island Plan (2004) designates the Honokōwai tract for Residential, General Agriculture, Community, Industrial, commercial, and Supplemental Agriculture uses. See Figure 2.

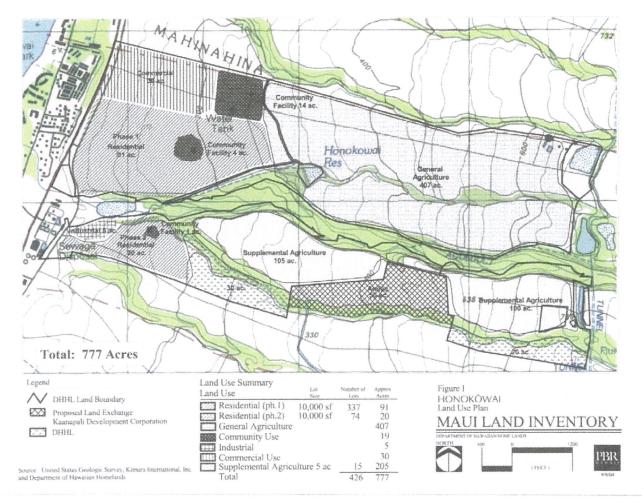


Figure 2. Honokōwai Tract

Source: Maui Island Plan

BENEFICIARY CONSULTATION ON THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT AND PROPOSED LICENSE

Pursuant to the DHHL's Beneficiary Consultation Policy, prior to any long-term land disposition, beneficiaries must be consulted with in order to submit a report of findings to the HHC to ensure that beneficiary concerns are properly documented, compiled, and reported. Beneficiary Consultation Reports are transmitted to the HHC in advance of decision-making on proposed land dispositions.

Consultation Topic

The DWS is requesting a perpetual license as part of the proposed intergovernmental agreement for the uses as listed in **Table 1** above including the continued operation of the existing Mahinahina SWTP, designation of access, utility, and grading easements, and other planned water system improvements on the subject parcel at Honokōwai, Lahaina, Maui in exchange for a 200,000 GPD water allocation to DHHL.

Notification

On July 5, 2018 DHHL mailed an invitation letter (see **Exhibit A**) to existing Leiali'i residents (101 lessees) and applicants on the Maui Agriculture Waiting List who reside in Lahaina (196 applicants), for a total of 297 invitations. In addition, staff notified all Maui homestead association leaders via email about the meeting and opportunity to attend and provide comments.

Beneficiaries were invited to attend a consultation meeting to share their thoughts on the terms of the proposed intergovernmental agreement.

Beneficiary Consultation Meeting

The Beneficiary Consultation meeting was held on July 23, 2018 at 6:00pm at the Lahaina Civic Center Social Hall in Lahaina, Maui. A total of 16 participants registered on the provided sign in sheets, including two (2) DHHL Maui District Office Staff Members and three (3) staff members from DWS. See **Exhibit B**. Of the 11 Beneficiaries, three (3) identified as applicants. A comment sheet was offered to all attendees so that they may provide written comments if desired. In addition, a copy of the PowerPoint presentation was also provided to the meeting attendees.

DHHL staff gave a short presentation (see Exhibit C) which covered the purpose of the meeting, an overview of the Beneficiary Consultation process, and an informational presentation regarding the subject parcel, terms of the proposed intergovernmental agreement, and its compliance with DHHL plans (Villages of Leiali'i and Honokōwai Regional Plan (2009), Water Policy Plan (2014), and State Water Projects Plan (2017)). DWS staff was available and answered questions related to the operation and maintenance of the Lahaina region's water systems. As part of the presentation, staff also discussed the benefits of the proposed agreement, which include expedited water for DHHL lands in West Maui which would help meet some of the total demand for planned development at Leiali'i and Honokōwai, compensation to the Hawaiian Home Lands Trust, an opportunity to partner with the County of Maui, and system improvements which would also serve DHHL's Honokōwai well, once operational.

At the close of the presentation, the group was asked to provide input on three (3) discussion questions:

- What are your thoughts on the DHHL's proposed intergovernmental agreement with the DWS for a water allocation in West Maui in exchange for a land license? Are there any alternatives that DHHL should consider?
- 2. What are your thoughts on the perpetual term of the license request?
- 3. What other partnership opportunities are there for the DHHL and beneficiaries in this region related to water?

Consultation Findings

This section summarizes information and feedback received from the meeting including oral comments and comment emails. No comment sheets were returned by meeting attendees.

The meeting yielded a mostly positive discussion. Overall, the consensus was that the group supported the proposed intergovernmental agreement. There were no comments or remarks in opposition of the proposed action. One phone call from a Beneficiary (Gilbert Paoa) was received on July 24, 2018 by staff.

Staff transcribed written notes taken on the testimony received at the meeting. The transcribed notes are provided as **Exhibit D**. Notes from the telephone conversation with Gilbert Paoa are also included. The discussion at the meeting centered around four (4) major themes: Benefits, DHHL Honokōwai Lands, Intergovernmental Agreement/Process, and DWS Water Systems. A summary of the comments within these themes is provided below.

Benefits

• The comments and questions related to Benefits included a request for clarification that the 200,000 GPD allocation would be strictly for Hawaiian Home Lands, and whether this will allow Leiali'i I-B to be developed, to which staff explained that there are other issues to be resolved before Leiali'i I-B can be built, including needed wastewater and roadway infrastructure improvements.

• A question was also asked about whether DHHL would accept a monetary payment or infrastructure in lieu of water. Staff reiterated the HHC's position of obtaining water for planned development in the region instead of a monetary payment from the DWS. In addition, staff also explained that part of the proposed agreement includes lands on which the DWS plans to construct improvements and additional storage for the Mahinahina Water System. These improvements and the Mahinahina Water System will accept water from DHHL's Honokōwai Well and will serve planned development at Honokōwai and Leiali'i. In addition, because the system belongs to DWS, they will be responsible for maintenance of the system. In this regard, water is a much more valuable form of compensation.

Honokōwai

- The comments and questions related to Honokōwai included questions regarding the number of lots to be developed at Honokōwai, whether or not homes could be constructed on agricultural lots, and from whom DHHL acquired the Honokōwai lands in 1995.
- A question was also asked about whether staff takes into account the contours of the land when preparing development plans. Staff explained that DHHL's planning process involves a suitability analysis of the land wherein we look at existing conditions and identify development constraints so that we can ensure our developments are appropriate for the 'āina and surrounding community.
- A comment was made that DHHL should consider residential development at Honokōwai rather than agricultural homesteading as there is a dire need for housing. Staff explained that since the 1990's, the HHC's focus was on residential development. Currently, the HHC is focused on balancing development of both residential and agricultural communities. It was also explained during staff's presentation that Honokōwai was envisioned for residential development in the Maui Island Plan, however, after the adoption of the Maui

Island Plan, DHHL acquired Leiali'i, which became the focus of residential development in West Maui. As such, the vision for Honokōwai is being considered for agricultural uses.

Intergovernmental Agreement/Process

- The comments and questions related to the proposed intergovernmental agreement and the process currently underway between the DHHL and DWS included questions regarding the timing and next steps to get the agreement in place. Staff explained that the DHHL and DWS are still working out the terms of the agreement, however staff wanted to gain Beneficiary input on the proposed 200,000 GPD allocation in exchange for a perpetual land use license. Staff further explained that once the agreement is prepared, it will need to be reviewed and approved by both the HHC and the Maui County Council.
- A question was also asked to clarify the fact that the County is currently operating the Mahinaihina SWTP without a disposition from the DHHL, and that the proposed agreement seeks to remedy this.
- Furthermore, a question was asked regarding DHHL's rights to water per the State Water Code and State of Hawai'i Constitution, and whether these inherent rights preclude having to enter into the proposed intergovernmental agreement. Staff explained that reservations of water for DHHL is one of four public trust purposes that the Commission on Water Resources Management (CWRM) must weigh equally. Staff explained further, that while we may have water reservations, the cost of the infrastructure required to convey the water to users is high, and since DWS has existing infrastructure in Honokōwai, there is an opportunity to partner with DWS.

DWS Water Systems

- The comments and questions related to the DWS' Mahinahina SWTP included questions about the type of system it is, capacity of the system and how the 200,000 GPD allocation for DHHL will affect overall system capacity, system source, maintenance responsibilities, and system distribution.
- One meeting attendant provided alternative waterline routes for consideration. DWS staff present at the meeting provided responses to these questions.

Other comments and questions offered by meeting attendees were related to:

- concern over use and development of wells in comparison with use of surface water
- decreased water flows in West Maui streams and the CWRM's process of setting Instream Flow Standards
- purchase of water meters and who bears this cost for Hawaiian Home Lands development
- suggestion for DHHL and DWS to look into the feasibility of utilizing solar power for the Mahinahina Water System
- increasing the list of regional stakeholders to include Hawaiian Airlines, who operates at the nearby Kapalua Airport, and landowner Bishop Estate

In general, as previously stated, the group in attendance was supportive of the proposed intergovernmental agreement in light of the benefits to the DHHL and Hawaiian Home Lands Trust.

RECOMMENDED ACTION

DHHL staff respectfully requests approval as recommended.

LIST OF EXHIBITS

- Exhibit A: Invitation Letter
- Exhibit B: Meeting Sign-In Sheets
- Exhibit C: Meeting Presentation
- Exhibit D: Transcribed Notes

DAVID Y. IGE GOVERNOR STATE OF HAWAII

DOUGLAS S. CHIN LT. GOVERNOR STATE OF HAWAII



JOBIE M. K. MASAGATANI CHAIRMAN HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION

WILLIAM J. AILA, JR. DEPUTY TO THE CHAIRMAN HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

P. O. BOX 1879 HONOLULU, HAWAII 96805

July 2, 2018

Aloha Hawaiian Home Lands Beneficiaries,

The Department of Hawaiian Home Lands (DHHL) and the County of Maui, Department of Water Supply (DWS) have been in discussion regarding proposed licensing of land within the DHHL Honokōwai tract to the DWS for the continued operation of the existing Mahinahina Surface Water Treatment Plant and other planned improvements. In exchange for this license, the DHHL and DWS would enter into an intergovernmental agreement allocating water credits to DHHL. A map and list of the proposed license areas are attached for your information.

DHHL will be sharing information and accepting comments regarding the proposed license and intergovernmental water credit agreement at a Beneficiary Consultation Meeting on:

Monday, July 23, 2018 Lahaina Civic Center Social Hall 1840 Honoapi'ilani Highway, Lahaina, Hawai'i, 96761 6:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m.

The Beneficiary Consultation Meeting will provide you with an opportunity to share your mana'o regarding the proposed license and intergovernmental water credit agreement. Your comments will be presented to the Hawaiian Homes Commission to assist in their decision-making process. As a beneficiary on the island of Maui, your input is important and we encourage you to attend.

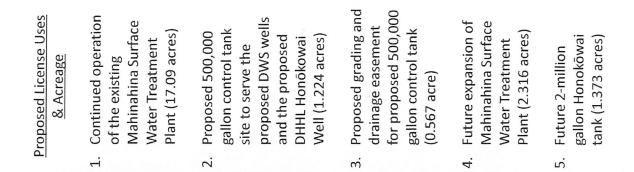
If you have any questions, please contact Kaleo Manuel, Acting Planning Program Manager, at (808) 620-9481 or via email at dhhl.planning@hawaii.gov.

Mahalo,

walf be

Jobie M.K. Masagatani, Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

Attachment





3	2			
-		-	1	
	1	1		
		1		

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS SIGN-IN SHEET

EVENT West Maui Water Agreement Beneficiary Consultation Meeting DATE Monday July 23 2018

BENEFICIARY	NAME	MAILING ADDRESS	E-MAIL	TELEPHONE
ALBO	Hans-Emeli Michel	Hans-Emeli Michel 1404 OLOna Pliladiai 10	0	6622623
АОВО	Sean J. Gordon	72 Aipuri St.	Sgordon 12@hotmail.com 276-2936	276-2936
А (Д В О	Hud Michal Bunnard	1724 Hooli St.		661-0716
A B O	Kailani	Bx 10611 Lahaine	Kailani, Ross Camail. com	nil. com
АГВО		1037 Wainee St Lahain	a thiaber 1 BT ama	7 400-892
АГВО	Leona Nahooi Kaika	10 pur wai leve #103 Lik.		2402-50C (208)
АЬВ	B OS MM Kapakh	1440		
АГВО	Same Burdon	DHF1		
	Jackie Hala	P.0BOX 12493 Law		276-7712
A L B O		PARAN 109 NZ	1.1. a) 10/1 () (mail) (208 - 2 64 2 m)	404.2 64 2 m



DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS SIGN-IN SHEET

DATE EVENT West Maui Water Agreement Beneficiary Consultation Meeting

Monday, July 23, 2018

(A=Applicant, L=Lessee, Both=Applicant and Lessee, O=Other)

BENEFICIARY	NAME	MAILING ADDRESS	E-MAIL	TELEPHONE
а г в 🌀	Thomas Ochurat	200 S. High st whitele	thomas. Ochwal O CO. MALLI, HI, US	270-7835
АГВО	WENDY TAOMOTO	SANE or ABOUR	20	276.7835
АГВ	6 ladys Baisa	Same as adove.	L'us	274-2763
A D B O	Sterman Baisa	143 Auo 1; Dr. Makacino 96768		A811-492
Агво	B. What K. Roma	52-1LANGSCIT PL.		276-8974
АВО	Bruk Z. Cloyd	34 West Depen: \$1	langer in the production 269/607	209/692.
ALBO	0			
АГВО				
ALBO				
ALBO				
Page ${\cal I}$ of ${\cal V}$	14			

HHC Item G-2 Exhibit B

3

2

HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

DHHL – County of Maui DWS West Maui Water Intergovernmental Agreement

Beneficiary Consultation Meeting July 23, 2018 6:00 p.m. – 8:00 p.m. Lahaina, Maui

Presentation Outline

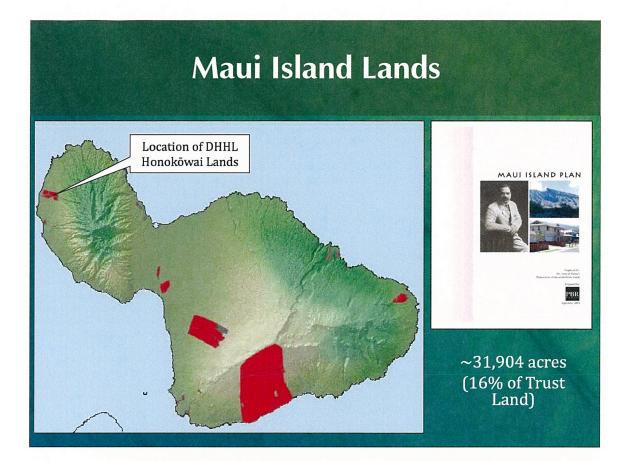
- Pule & Introductions
- Purpose of Meeting
- Beneficiary Consultation Process Overview
- Presentation on Proposed Intergovernmental Agreement
- Discussion and Q&A
- Closing & Next Steps

Purpose of Meeting

- Share information regarding the proposed intergovernmental agreement with the County of Maui, Department of Water Supply (DWS) as well as on DWS' proposed water system improvements in West Maui.
- Consult with DHHL Beneficiaries regarding proposed agreement for a license to DWS in exchange for a water allocation for the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands (DHHL).
- Obtain comments from Beneficiaries on proposed agreement.

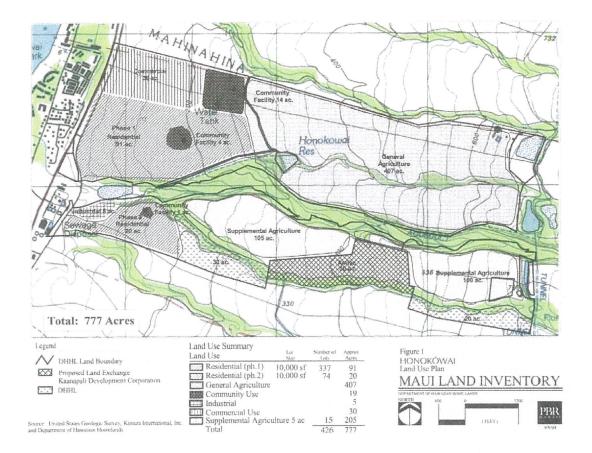
Beneficiary Consultation Process

- HHC Policy of Consulting with Beneficiaries for:
 - Land use projects, long term licenses/leases
- Consultation Meeting
 - What's being proposed?
 - Will the use provide benefits for Beneficiaries?
 - Record Beneficiary input
- One-Month Consultation Period
 - Beneficiaries provide written comments (via mail or email)
- Beneficiary Consultation Report to HHC
 - Summarize main points and provide full record of comments for use in decision making

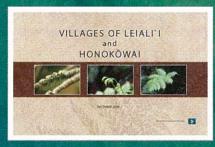




HHC Item G-2 Exhibit C



Villages of Leiali'i and Honokōwai Regional Plan (2009)



- Priority Project: Water Source Development
 - DHHL is in the planning process for the development of a new Honokōwai well.
- Priority Project: Preliminary Review of Honokowai Lands
 - DHHL will be starting the master planning process for the Honokōwai lands in 2018.

Water Policy Plan (2014)

HAWAHAN HOMES COMMISSION WATER POLICY PLAN July 22, 2014

Our values is that there will be adequate amounts of \underline{gggg} and supporting infrastructure so that homesteel lands will always be usable and accessible, to evalue to return to our lands to high uppart to estimation of the support to estimate the second secon

In a manner consistent with our <u>splues</u>, the Hawelen Homes Constitution (HHC) and Department of Hawakien Home Lands (OHHL) shall strive to ensure the availability of adequate, <u>suality <u>water</u></u> by working concentitively to:

- Understand our trust <u>water</u> askets;
- Plan for our <u>water</u> needs:
- Aggressively understand, exercise and assert our <u>subparts</u> as stewards of <u>unders</u>
 Develop and postert <u>under</u> sources, and
- -

Waiwai <u>Mobale is used to many the passes</u> Unfolded by the water are the focus of the focuers. The availability of <u>users</u> to our lands and people is integral to the trust and our resson. Wailabase (is independent to many and is integral to many and wailabase).

- Walterer: Usublicities association backness to descent a statistical descenting of the Neurosci and the Accounted Backness to the statistical descenting our Neuroledge Accounted to the statistical descent backness. The statistical descent and the statistical descent an
- App_reversions passion of a cancer regioner, nun and passing passing and the mat the share in reached. We are none panels who now hare Hawai will will achers. DBSL is only one of namy Hawaian serving institutions. We will assert our tights while considering our larger labul drive and the larger world in which we five.

Page 1 of 6

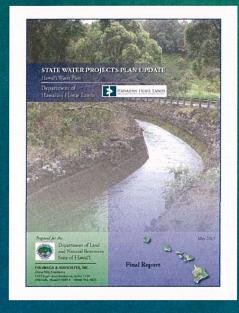
- Adopted by Hawaiian Homes Commission (HHC) on July 22, 2014
- Aimed at the pono use and management of water for the benefit of Beneficiaries
- Plan values include laulima, or cooperation amongst other institutions in asserting the rights of Beneficiaries.

Water Policy Plan (2014)

Relevant Policies:

- Expressly determine and plan for future water needs and actively participate in broader water management, use and protection efforts in Hawai'i in order to secure water.
- Aggressively exercise, reclaim, and protect Hawaiian home land water kaleana.
- Affirmatively communicate our decisions, our reasoning, and our performance in managing, stewarding, and using water before and after making major water decisions.
- Educate beneficiaries, the DHHL, HHC, and other stakeholders continually on our water kuleana.
- Foster self-sufficiency of beneficiaries by promoting the adequate supply of water for homesteading when developing or managing water.
- Explicitly consider water availability and the costs to provide adequate water when developing new homestead areas, designating land uses, issuing land dispositions, or exchanging properties.

State Water Projects Plan



- Adopted by Commission on Water Resource Management in May 2017
- Identifies DHHL water needs over the next 20 years
- Calculates potable and nonpotable water demands based on DHHL plans

State Water Projects Plan

• Honokōwai and Leiali'i I-B potable water demands:

Area	Long-Term Demand
Honokōwai	617,900 GPD
Leiali 'i I-B	151,700 GPD
TOTAL POTABLE:	769,600 GPD
Non-Potable:	2,080,800 GPD

- Proposed to be provided by DWS system
- Projected in the long-term (2026 and beyond) based on available plans (e.g. 2004 Maui Island Plan)

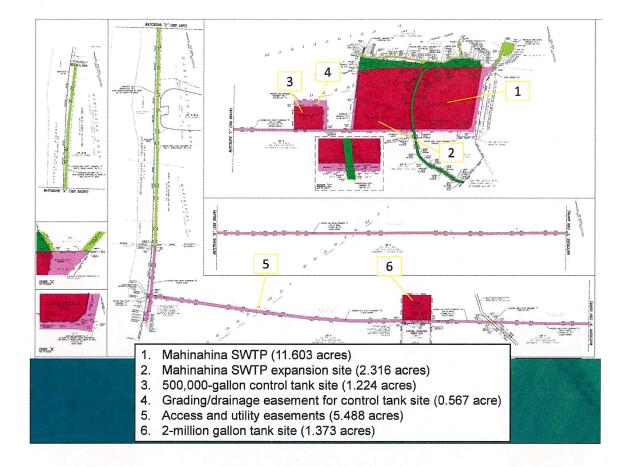
Summary of Proposed Intergovernmental Agreement

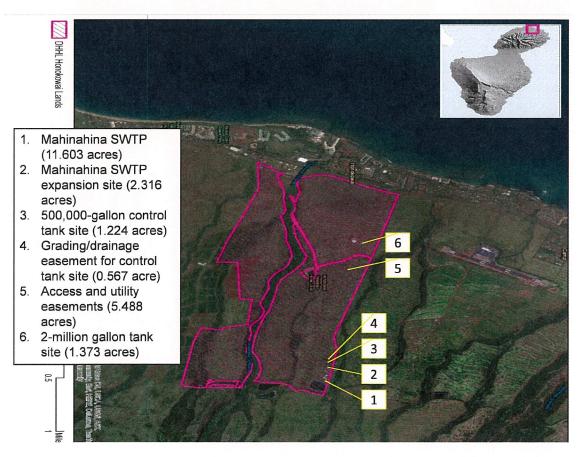
DWS requests from DHHL a perpetual land use license for the following:

- 1. Continued operation of the existing Mahinahina Surface Water Treatment Plant (11.603 acres)
- 2. Future expansion of Mahinahina Surface Water Treatment Plant (2.316 acres)
- 3. Proposed 500,000-gallon control tank site to serve the proposed DWS wells and DHHL Honokōwai Well (1.224 acres)
- 4. Proposed grading and drainage easement for proposed 500,000-gallon control tank (0.567 acre)
- 5. Access and utility easement (5.488 acres)
- 6. Future 2-million gallon Honokōwai tank (1.373 acres)
- Total acreage request: 22.571 acres
- DHHL requests from DWS 200,000 gallons per day water allocation

Summary of Proposed Intergovernmental Agreement

- DWS previously offered DHHL payment for land license based on appraised land value
- HHC in September 2017 asked DWS to work with DHHL to see if water could be provided in exchange for a land license in lieu of monetary payment
- Through negotiations with DWS, a 200,000 GPD allocation is still within existing available capacity of the Mahinahina SWTP and would not create significant impacts
- Average SF water usage is 600 GPD per unit. 200,000 GPD could support approximately 330 units.





Benefits

- Expedites getting water for Hawaiian home lands
- Provides water to Hawaiian home lands
 - 200,000 GPD will help meet some of the total West Maui water demands (769,600 GPD as specified in the SWPP); enough for build-out of Leiali'i I-B
 - Honokōwai Well will help meet remaining water demands
- Alternative compensation to the Trust
- Opportunity to partner with County of Maui
- System improvements will also serve DHHL's planned Honokōwai well

Discussion Kuleana

- Maintain an open and positive attitude
- Cell phones off or on silent
- Everyone gets a turn to speak
- Listen to understand
- Disagreement is okay as long as we are respectful of each other

Discussion and Q&A

- 1. What are your thoughts on the DHHL's proposed intergovernmental agreement with the DWS for a water allocation in West Maui in exchange for a land license? Are there any alternatives that DHHL should consider?
- 2. What are your thoughts on the perpetual term of the license request?
- 3. What other partnership opportunities are there for the DHHL and beneficiaries in this region related to water?

Closing and Next Steps

- 30-day Comment Period Ends August 22, 2018
- Beneficiary Consultation Report to HHC September 17-18, 2018 (Hilo, Hawai'i)
- HHC Consideration of Proposed Agreement October 15-16, 2018 (Paukūkalo, Hawai'i)

DHHL Contact Information

Send Written Comments to DHHL Planning Office:

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Attention: Planning Office P.O. Box 1879 Honolulu, HI 96805

DHHL.Planning@Hawaii.gov

Questions? Please Contact:

Bryan Esmeralda (DHHL Planning Office) Bryan.K.Esmeralda@Hawaii.gov (808) 760-5125 / (808) 265-2382

West Maui Water Intergovernmental Agreement

July 28, 2018 Beneficiary Consultation Meeting Notes

Q = Question, A = Answer, C = Comment, DWS = Department of Water Supply

Q: Wells are limited. Why is Honokowai only having a well instead of surface water? Unknown. I don't like wells. Honokowai should have surface water as well.

A: Mahinahina TP (Treatment Plant) is surface water. 200,000 [GPD] (Gallons per Day) is treated surface water.

Q: Agreement is in process?

A: No decision has been made. Still working w/ DWS (Department of Water Supply). DWS made request in 2017. HHC (Hawaiian Homes Commission) said see if we can get water instead of \$.

Q: Expedites water for HHL (Hawaiian Home Lands)?

A: 200,000 GPD is for HHL

C: Don't want to end up like Launiupoko. No more water there. Built a well – homes taking water from other places.

Q: Mock build up for Leialii. Model home - who pays for the water meter?

A: DHHL (Department of Hawaiian Home Lands) doesn't build model homes. Developers have plans/models.

A: When DHHL purchased Leialii, infrastructure was already there. Improvements made to meet County code. Normally DHHL does overall system infrastructure. Lessee does water meter installation.

Q: How many ag. (agriculture) lots proposed in Honokowai?

A: 2004 MIP (Maui Island Plan) – 41 res. (residential) lots, 15 5-acre ag. lots. Leialii took up lots of res. demand. During reg. (regional) plan process, demand for ag. Dept. started looking at ag. Looking at replanning Honokowai for all ag. lots. Opportunities- R1/surface water use for ag.

Q: Dual water system?

A: Will need potable for domestic uses. Non-potable for ag.

DWS: Mixed system for Lahaina. Mahinahina is combo of SW (surface water)/wells. Lahaina system is wells.

C: Water in the streams – not abundant anymore.

A: CWRM (Commission on Water Resources Management) setting IIFS (Interim Instream Flow Standards) for W. Maui.

Q: What is left for DWS?

A: Working w/ agencies to determine water – DWS & CWRM.

DWS: 200,000 [GPD] does not affect IIFS, existing capacity w/ reliable well backup to surface water.

C: I was never asked if I wanted ag. over res. People wanting ag. probably have homes. Go down list of people who need homes.

A: Since 1990s, HHC focused on res., no ag. Push for refocus on ag. Balance. 5 year beneficiary surveys, HHC mtgs. – discussion on balance comes up. Need beneficiary mana'o and advocacy. Participate in planning process.

Q: Ag. lots can be occupied w/ homes?

A: Yes.

Q: Tanks are for potable water. Tanks better than reservoirs?

DWS: Reservoir is for untreated surface water before it goes into Mahinahina. Proposed tank is for potable water from DWS/DHHL tanks.

Q: Rainy season vs dry season

A: Wells are backup to surface water. DWS' job is to manage the utility.

C: Kihei built out w/out reliable water. Lots of runoff.

Q: Are you considering lay of the land (contours)?

A: Planning process involves suitability analysis of land. We do what makes sense for the 'āina & community. Eg. Honokowai. We will look at what we see and what we hear. HHC supports this project - \$.

Q: Preparation. You're giving us awareness. Re old wells – Honokowai is not a place for wells (eg. sewer) 5 live streams in Honokowai. Sugarcane/ranching created reservoirs. Need new technology these days. Honokowai wet – surface water/streams. Cultural Impact Assessment (Cultural Impact Assessment) done?

A: Agreement is for DWS system – mixed surface/ground water. DHHL well can provide 1.0 MGD (Million Gallons per Day) once it's in production. No proposals for new wells. Well was dug for Leialii. Honokowai – developed our own source w/ State funds. CIA will be done as part of EA (Environmental Assessment) process for well – including reaching out to kuleana land owners. Honokowai was acquired – we don't know what happened on land. CIA/AIS (Archaeological Inventory Survey) will be done for research.

Q: How will you connect your land - where will line go?

A: Looking at alternative alignments. Eg. Existing siphon. Going thru EA process looking at alignments.

A: EA process end of year – would be good to get comments. Looking at flora/fauna, archaeology. Need to go over valley – owned by KLMC (Kaanapali Land Management Corporation). Trying to stay on HHL as much as possible.

Q: DHHL has 1st rights to water per CWRM IIFS process/State constitution. Why do we need deal w/ DWS when it's part of constitution?

A: 4 public trust uses of water (inc. DHHL) – all equal. Also includes public domestic uses, natural state, TCR (traditional and customary rights) of NH (Native Hawaiians). CWRM obligation to balance uses before private uses.

A: DHHL has no money, DWS has resources and expertise. We work w/ the experts.

A: We have a right to water from source, but how we get it (trans. (transmission) system) costs money. DWS already has system on DHHL lands. They manage system, makes sense that we partner.

Q: Why not ask them [DWS] to pay in <u>infrastructure rather than water</u> since DHHL has rights to water? A: We calculated water demands for Honokowai lands – but where does water come from. DWS wells/system is theirs. Cost to provide infrastructure. DWS improvements are infrastructure to benefit DHHL.

DWS: <u>200,000 GPD is readily available water.</u> DHHL just needs to provide infrastructure to bring it to end users. DWS/DHHL wells cost money to develop.

Q: DHHL consider monetary payment instead?

A: DWS offered \$400,000 for license originally. DHHL/P.O. (Planning Office) recommended that that wasn't enough. Staff advocated to work w/ DWS to get water. Infrastructure benefits also included. [Hawaiian Homes] Commission/[Maui County] Council can still deny, this is staff recommendation.

Q: Is infrastructure costs included in deal?

A: Land for infrastructure in exchange for water. Infrastructure will allow development of DWS/DHHL wells.

A: This agreement is 1st of 3 steps. 200,000 GPD is enough to service Leialii and still allow DWS to serve public.

Q: Where does 200,000 GPD come from?

A: Mixed sources, 8 wells and surface water.

DWS: Opportunity to partner – allows reliability of water.

Q: What is wet water/what is conservation notice?

DWS: When wells need to be repaired, we ask public to conserve/be better stewards.

A: Wet water is readily available water rather than just an agreement.

C: Would like to not be limited – more water if needed.

C: DWS has license to sell water/DHHL no license. Come straight down from Puukolii w/ new bypass and put water in Wahikuli [reservoir].

A: DHHL can sell water per HHCA (Hawaiian Homes Commission Act). 4 systems – subsidized by DHHL.

A: Looking at Wahikuli as an option. Cost of transmission is extreme. Systems operations cost is extreme.

C: Honokowai \rightarrow Napili line is in the middle of Honoapiilani Hwy. Old lines/lots of maintenance costs in <u>future</u>. Wahikuli filled via pump. Look at this as an option. Bypass.

DWS: We will maintain.

Q: Who are other institutions? Kuleana LCA (Land Commission Award) awardees?

A: Focus in on advocating for beneficiaries. Kuleana awardees in [Honokowai] valley. We are aware of exclusions/awardees. We honor awardees. Need to figure out how to contact.

DWS: Request is only for areas on HHL. No impact on known kuleana awards.

Q: Who are other stakeholders?

A: <u>Beneficiaries first</u>, then larger community. Other large landowners, State and County agencies, neighbors.

C: DWS will receive ~22.5 acres in exchange of 200,000 GPD to DHHL.

Q: County has been there, what do they pay now? In order to continue they need a license? A: Correct. We are trying to finalize this agreement.

Q: DHHL didn't have Honokowai until 2004, who had it before?

A: DLNR, they gave ROE (Right of Entry) for plant. DHHL received lands, been working on agreement.

Q: 200,000 GPD only for HHL. What about other developments eg. Pulelehua?

A: Focused on DHHL. State agencies slower than private developers.

DWS: Pulelehua has source requirement. 200,000 GPD is guaranteed once agreement is approved.

- Q: Where is Leialii Association? They should be here.
- Q: DWS will maintain system?

A: Existing system will provide 200,000 GPD.

Q: Council needs to approve?

A: Yes, water agreements need to be approved by Council.

Q: [Leialii] 1B will come up once water is given?

A: Still need to work on sewer, road (Leialii Pkwy.). Kuleana is to develop pkwy. to service 1B.

Comments from July 24, 2018 Telephone Conversation with Gilbert Paoa

- DHHL/DWS should be mindful about the power grid and look into solar panels, like the one above Lahainaluna [High School], to assist with the water system energy.
- Hawaiian Airlines has a license at Kapalua Airport and they lease from Bishop Estate and should be considered as a stakeholder in the region.
- Water being supplied by Pu'ukoli'i well, people don't understand how much it costs; on the ag side, like at Waikapu, the small village is set up for tourists; my sister lives by Wai'ehu Golf Course and she's still able to build a home near/on ag land.
- The State of Hawai'i and Unions should help with house construction.
- Everything near the coastline including Marriott and Hyatt have big lawyers that can set up contracts/licenses.
- In the November election there will be items that will affect DHHL.
- People don't know how precious water is; my main focus last night was on the was on water meters: who pays for purchasing them and who pays for installation.
- We live in Honokōwai.

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24-25, 2018

To: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

Thru: M. Kaleo Manuel, Acting Planning Program Manager

From:

Julie-Ann Cachola, Planner (\mathcal{I})

Subject: For Information Only--Draft Environmental Assessment for the DHHL Honomū Subsistence Agricultural Homestead Community, Honomū, District of South Hilo, Hawaii Island and Anticipated Finding of No Significant Impact (AFONSI) TMKs (3)2-8-011:009, 011, 019, and 999

Recommended Action

None; for information only.

Discussion

PURPOSE

The purpose of this informational briefing is to update the HHC on the status of the Honomū Subsistence Agricultural Homestead Community; to present summary highlights of the Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA); and to provide an opportunity for Commissioners to provide comments on the Draft Environmental Assessment (DEA) prior to publication in the Office of Environmental Quality Control's Environmental Notice Bulletin.

The DEA is attached as Exhibit A and will be posted on DHHL's website at:

http://dhhl.hawaii.gov/po/honomu-subsistence-agriculturalhomestead-community/

BACKGROUND

In February 2017, the Hawaiian Homes Commission approved amendments to the Hawai'i Administrative Rules, Title 10, to allow small-lot agricultural homestead leases that are programmatically being administered as "Subsistence Agricultural" homestead leases. The site characteristics of

ITEM NO. G-3

various DHHL tracts were assessed and Honomū was selected as the ideal location to implement the first Subsistence Agricultural Homestead community. Located in the Honomū and Kūhua ahupua'a in the South Hilo District of Hawai'i Island, DHHL's Honomū tract was selected because it has characteristics that can support successful agricultural ventures, including:

- Accessibility: Access to the entire property is from 'Akaka Falls Road which connects to existing unimproved cane haul roads that provide complete access to all corners of the property.
- Rainfall: With an annual range of 150 to 250 inches, rainfall is significant, allowing natural irrigation of crops.
- Soil Quality: Honomū has high quality soils that support agricultural cultivation.
- Close proximity to agricultural support networks, including the University of Hawai'i's College of Tropical Agriculture and Human Resources (CTAHR), Cooperative Extension Service and the Soil and Water Conservation District (SWCD).

The purpose of the Honomū Subsistence Agricultural Homestead Community ("the Project") is to award agricultural lots to beneficiaries on the Hawai'i Island Agricultural Homestead Waitlist. Beneficiary demand for agricultural homestead opportunities is very high; 48% of all Hawai'i Island homestead applications are for an Agricultural homestead lease. The Agricultural Waitlist is the longest of the three Waitlists. There are currently 7,193 applications for an Agricultural homestead lease on Hawai'i Island. The first 500 applicants on the Hawai'i Island Agricultural Waitlist have been on the waitlist since between 1952 and 1985. It has been 20 years since the last award of agricultural leases on Hawai'i Island.

DHHL's Honomū lands consists of three parcels, TMK: (3) 2-8-011:009, 011, 019, and 999, that straddle 'Akaka Falls Road, totaling 766 acres. Honomū was not part of the original HHCA; it became part of the Hawaiian Home Lands trust in 1994 when the State included it as part of its payment due for the State's breaches of the HHCA trust. The land is currently being used for pasture by two short-term licensees. A small portion of the property is in small-scale vegetable cultivation and about onequarter of the property is unlicensed and fallow.

The project is proposed on DHHL lands and it will likely involve the use of state funds which triggers the preparation of an environmental assessment as prescribed by Hawai'i Revised Statutes, Chapter 343.

DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT (DEA) SUMMARY

The DEA (Exhibit A) assesses the potential environmental impact of the proposed subsistence agricultural homestead community, as described below:

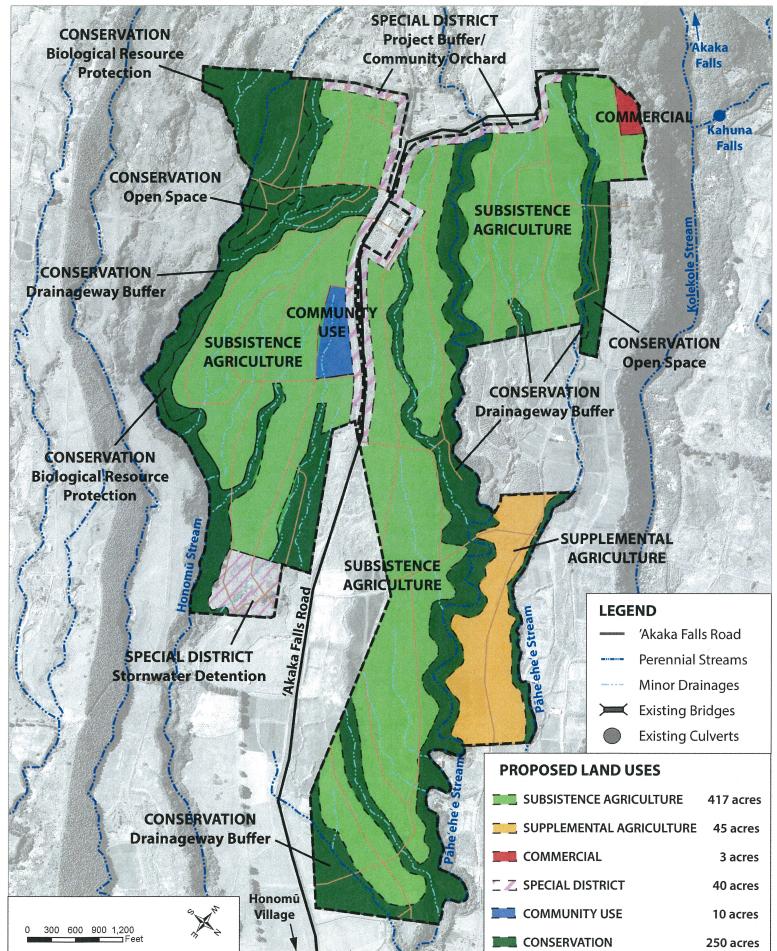
	Summary of Proposed Land Uses	
Subs	istence Agriculture	417 acres
•	Lots no larger than three acres in size.	(55응)
•	Lessees are required to actively cultivate subsiste	ence
	agriculture OR reside and cultivate subsistence agr	iculture
	on their lot.	
۲	Crops are expected to provide food to be consumed i	n the
	home or provide supplemental household income.	
Supp	Lemental Agriculture	45 acres
۲	Larger-lots for supplement subsistence agriculture	(6%)
		hese
	larger lots would be for Subsistence Agricultural 1	
	who have fully cultivated their lot and have the de	sire and
~	capability to cultivate more.	
•••••••	ercial	3 acres
•	Land uses that are complementary to 'Akaka	(0.4%)
	Falls State Park, that could include parking,	
0.0000	scenic lookout, education kiosks, fruit stand, etc. unity Use	10
		10 acres
	To provide a central gathering place for	(1%)
	community-building land uses to be determined by the homestead community.	е
6	Possible uses include parks, community-based econom	
•	development, utilities, other facilities and amenit	
Spec	al District	40 acres
-	Areas requiring special attention because of	(5%)
•	unusual opportunities and/or constraints.	(5%)
	Physical and visual buffers between 'Akaka Falls	
·	Road and the Project.	
	Stormwater management.	
	rvation	250 acres
	Environmentally sensitive areas, that include: (33	
•	steep slopes, areas for biological resource protect	,
	drainageway buffers, and open space.	- UII <i>I</i>
TOTA		

The enclosed illustration (Figure 1-3, page 5 in the DEA) depicts the spatial layout of the proposed land uses. A more detailed description of the entire project and its potential impact to the surrounding environment and planned mitigation measures can be found in the DEA. In summary, these proposed land uses are not anticipated to have a significant impact on the surrounding environment. However, the lack of action will lead to an agricultural waitlist that continues to grow.

Infrastructure will provide for the health and safety of residents and visitors, but be appropriate for the rural nature of the Project:

	Proposed Infrastructure
Roads	and Access
•	Rural standard roads: 10-foot travel lanes with 4-
	foot wide grassed swale and shoulder on each side of
	the road.
•	Not dedicable to the County.
•	Road right-of-way of 50-feet will be established to
	allow for future upgrades.
Grad	ng and Runoff, Drainage, and Erosion Control
	Adherence to County drainage requirements.
•	Development of a Master Drainage Plan in coordination
	with the Soil and Water Conservation District.
•	Streams and gulches designated as conservation areas.
Wate	Supply
۲	Irrigation water supplied by natural rainfall (mean
	annual rainfall of 205 inches per year)
	Domestic water supplied by water catchment tanks to
	be constructed by the lessee.
Waste	water Disposal
	Individual wastewater systems to be constructed by
	the lessee, if they want to reside on the lot
	l Waste
•	Solid waste disposal to be the responsibility of each
	lessee.
	crical Power
٩	Electrical power will be provided by DHHL via
0	overhead electrical lines along internal roads.
	inications
•	Communications, such as telephone and internet
	service, will be the responsibility of each lessee.





Natural Resources

Due to its long history of intensive sugarcane cultivation, a biological survey found the site to be dominated by non-native vegetation, with just a few native species present in certain areas of the site. A dozen native plant species and the native Hawaiian hawk ('io) were observed and it was assumed that the 'ōpe'ape'a (Hawaiian hoary bat) are present in the area. No endangered animals were observed in the project area during the study.

Historic and Cultural Resources

A literature review and site inspection found that the majority of the Project area has been extensively modified by historic sugar cultivation and subsequent agricultural and ranching activities. No pre-Contact archaeological features were observed, although pre-Contact features may still be present within portions of the stream gulches that could not be accessed during the field inspection.

Historic transportation and sugarcane-related features were identified, such as 'Akaka Falls Road, Pāhe'ehe'e Mauka Bridge, unpaved cane roads, culverts, minor bridges, and plantation field berms. While no surface remains of the several known historic workers' camps were observed, associated subsurface deposits may still be present.

A Cultural Impact Assessment found that 'Akaka Falls is an important landmark, situated adjacent to the Project area, with historical, cultural, ecological, economic, and spiritual value to the people of Honomū. The existing agricultural community at Honomū is tight-knit and ethnically diverse, with a small, declining Hawaiian population. Cultural practices recalled by kūpuna included hunting, particularly for wild pigs, in the mountain areas above 'Akaka Falls and within the Project area. Honomū residents also gathered 'ōpae from the streams that flowed from 'Akaka Falls, but the practice has declined with new settlements and developments restricting access to streams and invasive freshwater prawns preying upon the 'ōpae.

All participants consulted in the Cultural Impact Assessment perceived the proposed Hawaiian Homestead as a positive development that will bring many benefits to Honomū, such as increasing the population of native Hawaiians in a town where the native Hawaiian population has been in decline. This, in turn, might bring back many Hawaiian cultural practices, beliefs, and values to the area. In the long term, this project might facilitate the revitalization of Hawaiian culture in Honomū.

Hydrology and Drainage

The three perennial streams located near the project area have been listed by the National Park Service as candidates for designation as a Scenic River under the National Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968 which is meant to "preserve certain rivers with outstanding natural, cultural, and recreational values in a free-flowing condition for the enjoyment of present and future generations." Due to the high rainfall in the area, runoff and drainage is a concern for local residents of Honomū.

The Project will meet or exceed County drainage requirements by preparing a Master Drainage Plan in cooperation with the Soil and Water Conservation District. In addition, it the Project will set aside property for storm water retention; it will utilize grassed swales to control and convey runoff; and it will protect streams, gulches, and drainageways.

Infrastructure

The Project site has no centralized wastewater service and individual wastewater systems will be the responsibility of the lessee. There is also no public water system, although Honomū Village, located makai of the DHHL property, has County water service. Water will be provided by natural irrigation and water catchment tanks that will be the responsibility of each lessee.

Vehicular access to DHHL's Honomū lands is via 'Akaka Falls Road, which is accessed from Old Māmalahoa Highway, Honomū Road, and Māmalahoa Highway, also known as the Hawai'i Belt Road (State Route 19).

There are existing joint power and communication poles along the south side of 'Akaka Falls Road, which may serve as the main power and communications trunk for the project area. Hawaiian Telcom also has facilities along 'Akaka Falls Road, but their service capacity is very minimal due to the existing landscape of homeowners in the area.

DHHL Planning System Consistency

The DEA also addresses the proposed project uses for consistency with existing plans and applicable land use

policies. The DHHL Hawai'i Island Plan, completed in 2002, identified Lower Pi'ihonua as the priority tract for Subsistence Agriculture use on that island. Since then, additional site development planning revealed inadequate access. The improvements that would be required to allow for access were determined to be cost-prohibitive. DHHL evaluated its other lands on Hawai'i Island and concluded that the Honomū tract was ideal for a subsistence agricultural homestead community.

Anticipation of a Finding of No Significant Impact

Based upon the analysis completed in the DEA, staff anticipates a finding of no significant impact for the Honomū Subsistence Agricultural Homestead Community. This determination is based upon the 13 criteria of significance that approving agencies must consider as specified in Hawai'i Administrative Rules 11-200-12. An analysis of the 13 criteria of significance is presented below:

1. Involve an irrevocable loss or destruction of any natural or cultural resources.

The proposed Project is not expected to adversely impact any natural or cultural resource. Technical studies have been conducted to assess the potential impact of the proposed Project on fauna and flora, as well as cultural and archaeological resources on DHHL's Honomū lands. These studies have found that the property was previously under long-term, intensive sugar cultivation and has since been used for farming and pasture, limiting the expectation of finding pre-Contact archaeological or cultural features, or significant native habitats.

Any negative impacts may be mitigated through management protocols developed with the lessees; continued coordination with the State Historic Preservation Division; and designation of streams, gulches, and biologically promising areas as conservation.

2. Curtail the range of beneficial uses of the environment.

The proposed Project is not expected to curtail the range of beneficial use of the environment by placing native Hawaiians on the land and by designating streams, gulches, and areas with the potential for native habitat restoration as conservation. 3. Conflict with the state's long-term environmental policies or goals and guidelines as expressed in Chapter 344 HRS, and any revisions thereof and amendments thereto, court decisions, or executive orders.

This proposed project does not conflict with the state's long-term environmental policies or goals and guidelines. Potential adverse impacts are associated with short-term construction activities that will be mitigated through compliance with regulatory guidelines and use of best management practices. In the long term, the Project conserves natural resources by protecting potentially sensitive environments on the property and provides an opportunity for native Hawaiians to improve their quality of life through agricultural subsistence.

4. Substantially affects the economic or social welfare of the community or state.

The proposed project will be beneficial to the economy and social welfare of the state by providing opportunities for native Hawaiian beneficiaries to obtain homestead leases at \$1.00/year for 99-years, and to receive other programmatic supports that increase crop production and build capacity for homesteaders to engage in subsistence agricultural activities and to possibly reside on the lot. The lessees provide an additional customer base for the existing commercial businesses within Honomū Village and other nearby towns.

5. Substantially affects public health.

The proposed project will have short-term constructionrelated impacts on noise and air quality, but they will be mitigated by compliance with Department of Health regulations. Long-term impacts on public health will be mitigated through wastewater disposal accommodated by individual wastewater disposal systems that are approved by the DOH, surface water runoff managed by a Master Drainage Plan, and streams and gulches protected as conservation-designated areas. DHHL is also providing an agricultural extension agent to work with its Hawai'i Island agricultural lessees on crop selection and agricultural practices on a long-term basis.

6. Involves substantial secondary impacts, such as population changes or effects on public facilities.

The Project will increase the population of Honomū, but based on the experience of previous DHHL agricultural homesteads, only 50% of the lots are expected to result in residences. However, all of the lessees, regardless of whether or not they ultimately reside in Honomū, will be required to pay property taxes on their lot, which will contribute toward public facilities and services.

Traffic improvements will be necessary and DHHL will work with the State DOT and County Department of Public Works to determine the appropriate mitigation necessary. Wastewater will be managed through DOH-approved individual wastewater systems so there will be no impact on public wastewater treatment facilities. Similarly, water will be supplied by individual catchment systems, so that the current County water system will not be impacted.

7. Involves a substantial degradation of environmental quality.

Construction activities will cause some impacts to air quality, noise, and traffic in the area of the project, but these are temporary in nature and will be mitigated by best management practices in accordance with State and County regulations. Potential impacts to surface water and drainage will be mitigated by a master drainage plan that is being developed to minimize erosion and manage runoff. Furthermore, roughly 30 percent of the project site will be dedicated to conservation uses in order to protect streams and drainageways and to provide areas for surface water detention/retention during high rainfall events.

8. Is individually limited but cumulatively has considerable effect upon the environment or involves a commitment for larger actions.

The proposed Project is not expected to have a significant negative cumulative effect upon the environment. Rather, the project will reestablish farming on the property, which was previously in intensive. large-scale sugar cultivation. DHHL does not have any

other projects in the vicinity and this project does not commit DHHL or others to additional actions.

9. Substantially affects a rare, threatened or endangered species, or habitat.

Other than a pair of endangered Hawaiian hawks that were observed circling overhead, there are no known threatened or endangered species or associated habitats on or near the property. Even then, the stream gulches and southwestern corner of the property, which has the potential for native plant habitat restoration, is proposed for conservation. Additionally, best practices will be carried out to protect against potential impacts to the Hawaiian hoary bat, Hawaiian hawk, and seabirds that may fly over the property.

10. Detrimentally affects air or water quality or ambient noise levels.

Construction activities will cause some impacts to air quality, noise, and surface water in the area of the project, but these are temporary in nature, will follow appropriate regulations, and will be mitigated by best management practices in accordance with State Department of Health and County of Hawai'i guidance. Potential impacts to surface water quality will be mitigated by a master drainage plan that is being developed to minimize erosion and manage runoff.

After construction, the Project is not expected to have a detrimental impact on air quality or noise levels. There may be a slight increase in impervious surfaces due to the construction of roads, houses, and community facilities, but any additional runoff will be contained on-site through drainage features identified during the development of a master drainage plan. This master drainage plan will identify features and practices to minimize erosion. DHHL is also providing an agricultural extension agent to work with its Hawai'i Island agricultural lessees on crop selection and agricultural practices on a long-term basis.

11. Affects or is likely to suffer damage by being located in an environmentally sensitive area such as flood plain,

tsunami zone, beach, or erosion-prone area, geologically hazardous land, estuary, fresh water, or coastal water.

The Project is not located in an environmentally sensitive area. It is located outside of the flood plain, tsunami zone, beach area, geologically hazardous land, estuary and coastal water. While there are perennial streams that run through and near the property and there is the potential for some erosion on-site and in the gulches, a master drainage plan is being developed to manage both runoff and erosion. Conservation areas have also been designated around the gulches.

12. Substantially affects scenic vistas and view-planes identified in county or state plans or studies.

The site is not located in an area that has been identified as a scenic view plane or area of natural beauty by the County or State and it contains no significant geographical points, such as pu'u. The area was previously under intensive sugar cultivation and is proposed for subsistence agriculture. Lessees may choose to build a house on their lots, but they will be restricted to single family homes. An open space buffer is proposed to shield views from 'Akaka Falls Road to the subsistence agricultural lots.

13. Require substantial energy consumption.

The new agricultural activities and homes will increase energy consumption but is not anticipated to require substantial energy requirements when compared with other similar projects.

NEXT STEPS FOR EA COMPLETION

The following is a list of anticipated next steps and milestones in the completion of the EA.

- DEA anticipated to be published in the October 8, 2018 OEQC bi-monthly bulletin
- 30-day public comment period on the DEA ends November 7, 2018;

- 11 -

- Revise DEA per public comments and complete Final Environmental Assessment (FEA) (November 2018);
- Present FEA to HHC; HHC issues Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) declaration for the project (November 2018)
- HHC FONSI declaration for the project and FEA submitted to OEQC for publication in OEQC bi-monthly bulletin. (December 2018)

NEXT STEPS FOR OVERALL PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION

In addition to the completion of the FEA and HHC declaration of FONSI for the project in accordance with Hawaii Revised Statutes Chapter 343 and HAR 11-200, the following actions will need to be implemented:

- Complete Master Plan and lot layout.
- Obtain Agricultural Project District and lot TMKs from the County of Hawai'i.
- Complete Master Drainage Plan with the Soil and Water Conservation District
- Coordinate with various State and County agencies:
 - State Department of Transportation traffic mitigation and access points to the Project site.
 - State Historic Preservation Division ensure compliance with historic preservation laws.
 - o State Department of Health wastewater disposal
 compliance.
 - o U.S. Department of Agriculture rural development loans.
- Continue to coordinate with the existing Honomū community.

Sufficient budget will need to be allocated by the HHC and DHHL to implement the Project. Furthermore, a willingness by current and future decision-makers to follow through with various aspects of the Honomū Subsistence Agricultural Homestead Community will be needed to ensure successful implementation.

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24-25, 2018

To:	Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
Thru:	M. Kaleo Manuel, Acting Planning Program Manager 🥰
From:	Halealoha Ayau, Water Resource Management Specialist Andrew H. Choy, Planner Ac
Subject:	For Information Only East Hawaii Regional Update

Recommended Action

For information only. No action required.

to the Hawaiian Homes Commission

Background

Per the directive of the Chairman, Planning Office will be providing the Hawaiian Homes Commission (HHC) with updates of the respective DHHL geographic region in which the HHC conducts its monthly community meeting. The purpose of the monthly update is to provide the HHC with information related to prior policies and/or plans specific to that previously adopted by the HHC specific to that particular geographic region.

A status report of DHHL's progress in implementing these policies/plans is also included for the HHC's consideration.

For September 2018, Planning Office will be providing an update to the HHC for East Hawaii.

Discussion

EXISTING PLANS & IMPLEMENTATION STATUS

Hawaii Island Plan Policies Related to East Hawaii.

The purpose of each DHHL Island Plan is to (1) assign land use designations for land holdings on each island, (2) establish land use goals and objectives of the General Plan

specific to each island, and (3) identify island-wide needs, opportunities, and priorities. The Hawaii Island Plan was adopted by the HHC in 2002. The 2002 Hawaii Island Plan delineated five planning regions on Hawaii Island, North, East, South, West, and Central. (see maps, Exhibit A). For the purposes of this informational submittal, Planning Office will be focusing on the lands in the East and South regions.

Land Use Designation	Acres	Percent of Total
Residential	1,001	4.5%
Subsistence Agriculture	1,968	9.1%
Supplemental Agriculture	3,019	13.8%
Pastoral	7,832	35.7%
Community Use	90	0.4%
General Agriculture	4,970	22.7%
Commercial	346	1.5%
Industrial	364	1.6%
Conservation	240	1.2%
Special District	2,058	9.5%
TOTAL	21,888	100%

Hawaii Island Plan Implementation Status

There have been no land use amendments made to the island plan in the East and South Regions since the adoption of the plan in 2002. The Hawaii Island Plan identified seven priority tracts for homestead development across the entire island. The priority tracts were further broken down into two development phases, a Phase I (priority) and Phase II. In the East and South Region, only the Lower Piihonua tract was identified as a Phase I priority for new homestead development. The Panaewa tract in the East Region and the Wailau tract in the South region were identified as Phase II priorities for new homestead development.

DHHL has initiated the planning and development process for new agriculture homesteads in its Honomu Tract. A Honomu Master Plan & EA is expected to be completed in 2019. The Island Plan designated Honomu for supplemental agriculture. However, the master plan is also looking at the feasibility of subsistence agriculture lots as well as community uses. Depending upon the outcome of the Honomu Master Plan's final recommendations, changes to the existing supplemental agriculture land use designation in the Hawaii Island Plan may be warranted. Completion of engineering, design, and actual award of lots to waitlist applicants is anticipated in 2019. Planning Office will be requesting funding in FY 19 to undergo this planning update.

The 2002 Hawaii Island Plan is due for a review and update. Island Plans are intended to have a 20-year outlook and we are close to that time horizon. Furthermore, new circumstances over the last 15 years such as changes in overall population growth on the island of Hawaii, changes in County plans, changes in waitlist beneficiary preferences, as well as the occurrence of significant legal precedents such as the Nelson case and adoption of new administrative rules related to subsistence agriculture homesteads necessitate a re-look at the existing island plan.

Keaukaha Regional Plan

The Keaukaha Regional Plan was adopted by the HHC in December, 2010. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified one priority project, the Keaukaha Hawaiian Community Pavilion.

Makuu Regional Plan

The Makuu Regional Plan was adopted by the HHC in December, 2010. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified the following priority projects:

- (1) Makuu Farmers' Association Community Center
- (2) Makuu Offsite Water System Phase 2
- (3) Sustainability & Renewable Energy Initiatives
- (4) Farm Plans, Capacity Building & Promotion of Agriculture
- (5) Lease Enforcement Provisions

Panaewa Regional Plan

The Panaewa Regional Plan Update was adopted by the HHC in January, 2017. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified the following priority projects:

- (1) Project Kamoleao (12-acre community parcel)
- (2) Panaewa Park & Family Center Management
- (3) Agricultural Capacity Building Marketing & Training Center
- (4) Traffic Calming & Safety Improvements on Railroad Avenue and Auwae Avenue
- (5) Hawaii Island Plan Update for East Hawaii

Kau Regional Plan

The Kau Regional Plan was adopted by the HHC in May 2012. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified the following priority projects:

- (1) Create a Kau Homestead Community Association
- (2) Obtain Additional Water for Homestead Lots in Kamaoa, Puueo, and Waiohinu
- (3) Protect and Preserve Cultural Sites & Natural Resources in Kamaoa
- (4) Agriculture Homestead Leases at Waiohinu and Pursue Partnership with DLNR for Hawaiian Homesteading

Kaumana-Piihonua Regional Plan

The Kaumana-Piihonua Regional Plan was adopted by the HHC in May, 2017. Outreach with beneficiaries in the region through the planning process identified the following priority projects:

- (1) Kaumana-Piihonua Community Center
- (2) Agriculture Sustainability Community Pasture
- (3) Community Tool Shed and Work Days

(4) Pest-Control Mitigation and Removal (Kaumana Only)

East Hawaii Regional Plan Implementation Statuses

Tables 2-6 below identify the "project champion" as well as summarizes the status of each regional plan priority project.

Table 2: KEAUKAHA	PROJECT	STATUS
REGIONAL PLAN PRIORITY	CHAMPION	
PROJECT		×
Keaukaha Hawaiian	KCA	In-Progress. Conceptual
Community Pavilion		design and drawings have
		been completed. Draft EA is
		being prepared.

Table 3: MAKUU REGIONAL PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT	PROJECT CHAMPION	STATUS
Makuu Farmers' Association Community Center - Site Preparation	MFA	In-Progress. Completed HRS 343 EA in 2011. Fundraising for community center construction.
Makuu Offsite Water System Phase 2	DHHL	Project no longer being pursued because of 2015 lava flow.
Sustainability and Renewable Energy Initiatives	MFA	Not started.
Farm Plans, Capacity Building, and Promotion of Agriculture	MFA	CTAHR technical assistance is available to Makuu lessees via a CTAHR Extension Agent.
Lease Enforcement Provisions	DHHL	Not Started. Makuu community leaders have made repeated requests to DHHL to begin enforcement of non-compliant lessees. The unoccupied lots are becoming a huge safety concern.

Table 4: PANAEWA REGIONAL PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT	PROJECT CHAMPION	STATUS
Project Kamoleao	PHHLCA	In-Progress. Seeking HHC FONSI approval on FEA September 2018. Looking to pursue funding for design work.
Panaewa Park & Family Center	PHHLCA /DHHL / County Parks	In-Progress. HHC approved issuance of license with County Parks and Recreation in 2016 subject to the County working out a park use agreement with PHHLCA. County, DHHL, and PHHLCA held initial meeting in March 2017 to discuss agreement.
Agricultural Capacity Building Marketing and Training Center	KPFA / DHHL	In-Progress. KPFA completed its strategic plan in 2017. UH-CTAHR CES agent has provided technical assistance and training to Panaewa agriculture homestead lessees.
Traffic Calming & Safety Improvements on Railroad Avenue and Auwae Avenue Hawaii Island Plan	DHHL / County / KPFA DHHL	KPFA conducted a meeting with County DPW-Traffic Division to assess options in addressing issue.
Update for East Hawaii		

Table 5: KAU	PROJECT	
The second		STATUS
REGIONAL PLAN	CHAMPION	
PRIORITY		
PROJECT		
Create a Kau	Kau	Completed. The Kau Hawaiian
Homestead	Beneficiaries	Homestead Association was created
Community		in 2013 and received IRS 501c3
Association	4	status.
Obtain	DHHL	In-Progress. DHHL completed Kau
Additional		Water Assessment. DHHL received
Water for		\$1.5 million in CIP funds from
Homestead Lots		legislature for plan, design, and
in Kamaoa,		construction. DHHL has proposed
Puueo, and		phase 1 improvements including
Waiohinu		100,000-gallon storage tank, new
		pressure reducing valves, and
_		transmission pipes to provide
		water to Kamaoa Pastoral homestead
		lots. Next step is designing
		improvements and then determining
		- 0
Protect and	DIIII /Kasa	management of system once built.
	DHHL/Kau	In-Progress. South Point
Preserve		Resources Management Plan was
Cultural Sites		adopted October 2016. HHC
and Natural		approved FONSI for plan May 2018.
Resources in		HHC approved \$300k for South Point
Kamaoa		management in FY 19 budget.
Agriculture	DHHL	In-Progress. The BLNR approved
Homestead		transfer of 380-acre Waiohinu
Leases at		parcel to DHHL via executive order
Waiohinu		in February 2018. DHHL has been
		following up with DLNR staff to
		complete transfer paperwork.

Table 6: KAUMANA- PIIHONUA REGIONAL PLAN PRIORITY PROJECT	PROJECT CHAMPION	STATUS
Kaumana-Piihonua Community Center	Kaumana & Piihonua Associations and DHHL	In-progress. Kaumana and Piihonua communities looking at pursuing funding opportunities.
Agriculture Sustainability - Community Pasture	Kaumana & Piihonua Associations and DHHL	Not Started.
Community Tool-Shed and Work Days	DHHL	Not Started.
Pest-Control Mitigation and Removal (Kaumana Only)	Kaumana Association	Not Started.

Recommendation

For information only. No action required.

STATE OF HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS SEPTEMBER 24-25, 2017

То:	Chairperson and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission
Thru:	M. Kaleo Manuel, Acting Planning Program Manager
From:	E. Halealoha Ayau, Water Resource Management Specialist
Subject:	For Information Only – Update on East and South Hawai'i Water Issues and Projects

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ ACTION

None; for information only.

DISCUSSION

This submittal to the Hawaiian Homes Commission (HHC) provides an overview update of water issues and projects significant to beneficiaries and the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands (DHHL) on the island of Hawai'i. Significant East and South Hawai'i water projects and issues involve water resource management and development. The DHHL planning regions and tracts discussed are: (1) Honomū-Kuhua; (2) Pana'ewa-Keaukaha; (3) Lower Pi'ihonua; (4) Maku'u-Keonepoko; (5) 'Ōla'a; and (6) Ka'ū.

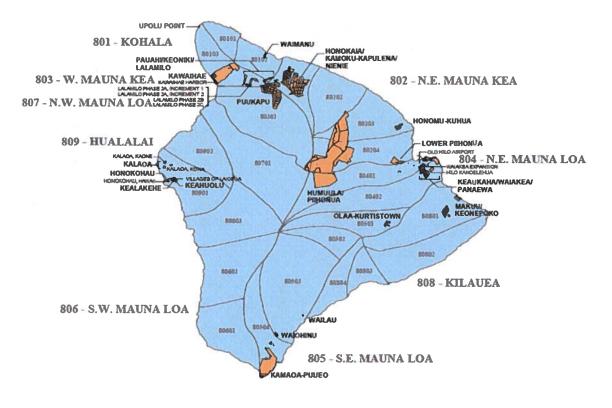


Fig. 1. Existing DHHL Tracts on Hawai'i island in relation to groundwater aquifers

Priority tracts in East Hawai'i are located in Pana'ewa and Lower Pi'ihonua. In South Hawai'i, Wailau (part of the Ka'ū planning region) is the priority tract. See, DHHL, <u>Hawai'i Island Plan (2009)</u> (HIP).

1) Honomū-Kuhua tract water needs

The Honomū -Kuhua tract is the northernmost DHHL tract in East Hawai'i. It consists of 766 acres adjacent to Akaka Falls State Park in South Hilo. HIP at 18. Long-term potable water needs consist of 0.0832 mgd, which can be supplied by the the County of Hawai'i Department of Water Supply (HDWS) Honomū Water System. See, 2017 DHHL Update to the State Water Projects Plan (SWPP), which calculated medium estimations for long-term demands until the year 2031 for all DHHL tracts. Ambient rainfall is sufficient for long-term non-potable water needs of 2.261 mgd.

2) Pana'ewa and Keaukaha planning regions and water systems

DHHL holds approximately 3,717 acres in the Pana'ewa planning region, located in the Waiākea ahupua'a, South Hilo District, Island and County of Hawai'i in close proximity to urban services. Land use designations are as follows: Residential Homestead (425 acres), Supplemental Agriculture Homestead (1,500 acres), Subsistence Agriculture Homestead (446 acres), Community Use (40 acres), Commercial (235 acres), and industrial (365 acres).



Fig.2. Pana'ewa tracts map & potable water infrastructure, DHHL Pana'ewa Regional Plan at 18.

In addition, DHHL holds 1,670 acres in the Keaukaha area, which are divided into the Keaukaha Tract-1 and the King's Landing Tract-2. HIP at 19.



Fig. 3. Keaukaha & King's Landing tracts and potable water infrastructure, Keaukaha Regional Plan at 18.

Both the Pana'ewa and Keaukaha tracts are serviced by the HDWS Hilo system. DHHL Keaukaha Regional Plan at 17. The long-term potable water demand for the Pana'ewa-Keaukaha area is 1.688 mgd. The long-term non-potable water demand is 1.3838 mgd. Ambient annual rainfall in Pana'ewa is approximately 160 inches, which is sufficient to satisfy non-potable irrigation requirements for this subsistence agricultural homestead area. SWPP at 4-31.

3) Lower Pi'ihonua tract water issues and developments

DHHL's Lower Pi'ihonua tract is comprised of 1,882 acres located in South Hilo on the lower slopes of Mauna Kea. The long-term potable water demand is 0.14 mgd and long-term non-potable demand is 1.5946 mgd. Land use designations consist of Residential and Subsistence Agriculture, the potable needs of which will be supplied by the HDWS Hilo Water System and the non-potable needs will be met through ambient annual rainfall. The Lower Pi'ihonua tract is adjacent to Ho'okele gulch, the Waiau gulch, and the Wailuku River. HIP at 18. Hawai'i Electric & Light Company (HELCO) owns and operates the Waiau hydroelectric plant on the Wailuku River. Two registered diversions convey surface waters to an offsite ditch system which has a total declared use of 9.6 mgd. SWPP at 4-32.

Lower Pi'ihonua became a test site for exercising DHHL rights in water. HELCO currently holds an easement over DHHL lands for access purposes only to its

hydroelectric plant. In January 2016, HELCO contacted DHHL because it planned to propose to the Board of Land and Natural Resources ("BLNR") conversion of its revocable permit for water resource use to a sixty-five year general lease per HRS § 171-58. DHHL discussed with HELCO how to structure the proposed water license to comply with the Native Hawaiian Rehabilitation Fund ("NHRF") obligations and entitlements per the State Constitution which requires that thirty-percent of proceeds from state-issued water licenses be deposited into the NHRF fund. Discussions with HELCO expanded to consider methods for determining appropriate water license payment amounts. DHHL advocated for a costs-avoided method whereby charge for the license would be a function of the amount HELCO saves by using hydroelectric sources rather than another source.

On August 15, 2017, a Beneficiary Consultation Meeting was held in Hilo to discuss HELCO's desire to continue to use the water to operate the two hydroelectric plants at lower Pi'ihonua. Pursuant to HRS § 171-58(g), the DLNR and DHHL are required to jointly develop a "reservation" of water as part of the leasing process. A water reservation set aside is a set aside of water for current and foreseeable development and use, in this case by DHHL. The Water Leasing Process is as follows:

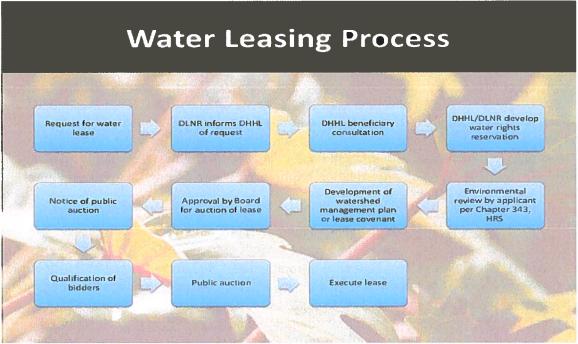


Fig. 4. Water Leasing Process

Consultation with DHHL beneficiaries focused on DHHL's water needs for lands at lower Pi'ihonua for purposes of establishing a water reservation. Information provided included the Hawai'i Island Plan, Kaūmana-Pi'ihonua Regional Plan and the SWPP regarding water demands. The potential DHHL water reservation for lower Pi'ihonua potable and non-potable water needs are as follows: Potable (140,000 gpd) + Non-Potable (1,600,000 gpd) = DHHL Lower Pi'ihonua combined water needs of 1,740,000 gpd. Questions discussed with beneficiaries included:

- (1) Should DHHL's water reservation include both potable and non-potable water needs for Lower Pi'ihonua? Why?;
- (2) Where should this water come from to meet those water needs? Wailuku River? Aquifer? Rainfall?; and
- (3) Are there any water needs that DHHL did not account for? If so, what are they?

The Beneficiary Consultation Report & Recommendations for DHHL's water reservation was approved by the HHC at its October 2017 meeting. The reservation is being worked on by the Planning Office and should be ready soon.

4) Maku'u-Keonepoko Planning Region water needs and issues.

The Maku'u planning region consists of 2,000 acres split into a 1,500 acre mauka section and a 500 acre makai section. The makai parcel is recommended for non-priority general agricultural use and the mauka tract has been developed into agricultural homestead lots. Current potable needs of 0.056 mgd for the mauka tract are expected to increase to 0.660 mgd by 2031. Similarly, the Non-potable water demand is expected to grow to 3.383 mgd in that same time. SWPP at 4-33. Ambient annual rainfall within this region is approximately 120 inches and sufficient to satisfy the non-potable irrigation requirements of Subsistence and Supplemental Agricultural lands uses.

The Maku'u Farm and Agricultural lots (Maku'u Subdivision) require additional water. Existing reservoir facilities can provide adequate water through the HDWS Pāhoa system at or below the 523-foot elevation. For higher elevation lots, new water system improvements have been proposed. Maku'u Regional Plan at 18. The proposed water system will include an exploratory and production well, and a 1.0 million gallon reservoir.

Delays in water improvements construction is partly attributed to land ownership issues. Pursuant to Executive Order 4143, DLNR had set aside over 3.7 acres of lands for Maku'u water system improvements to the Water Board of the County of Hawai'i (WBCOH).¹ In 2006, the HDWS agreed to cancel E.O. 4143 so that DHHL could continue with its infrastructural improvements for the proposed Maku'u development. In 2009, BLNR approved the E.O. cancellation with support from DHHL.² The USDA and DHHL attempted a joint venture agreement to develop a new Maku'u well and waterline to connect to the existing HDWS Pāhoa system, which would be dedicated to HDWS, but funding for the project has been de-obligated. SWPP at 4-33. Lastly, the latest lava threat in Puna came within feet of the exploratory well, so any future use is pending.

¹ Dep't of Water Supply, Hawai'i Island, Water Board Meeting Item 5.A "Cancellation Of Governor's Executive Order No. 4143 (Setting Aside Lands; Situated At Halona, Puna, Island Of Hawai'i, Hawai'i) Tax Map Key 1-5-008: Portion 001" (Dec. 16, 2008).

² Board of Land and Natural Resources, State of Hawai'i, Meeting Item No. D-1 "Cancellation of Governor's Executive Order No. 4143 and Reset-Aside to Department of Hawaiian Home Lands for Maku'u Well and Reservoir Site and Access and Utility Easement Purposes, Kaohe, Puna, Hawai'i, TMK: (3) 1-5-008:001 por." (April 24, 2009). Darrell Yagodich from DHHL said that the well will provide water to their existing subdivision in Puna and the planned 800 homestead unit and add to the County's existing system. *Id.* at 3. Item D-1 was unanimously approved.

5) <u>'Õla'a tract water needs</u>

DHHL's 'Ōla'a tract is a 708-acre parcel located in the district of Puna that is recommended for homestead pastoral use. HIP at 21. Potable water demand for domestic use is 0.0252 mgd. The non-potable demand is 0.0125 mgd, which will provide for stock pastoral land uses. No public or private water systems exist in the vicinity and extending the nearest HDWS 'Ōla'a-Mountain View system would not be feasible. SWPP at 4-33. Area residents meet their potable water needs with catchment and ambient rainfall which is adequate. Proposed new DHHL development in 'Ōla'a will likewise rely on supplies from individual rainwater catchment systems. SWPP at 4-33.

6) Ka'ū Planning Region water issues and needs

The Ka'ū planning region includes the Kamā'oa Pu'u'eo, Wailau, Wai'ōhinu, and Discovery Harbor tracts located in South Hawai'i. DHHL Ka'ū Regional Plan (May 2012).

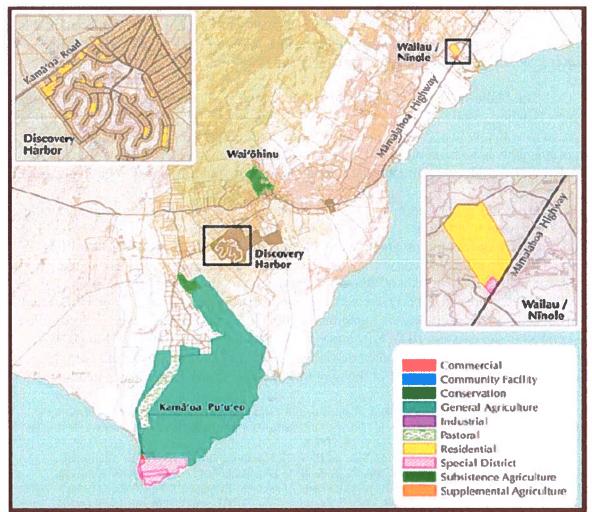


Fig. 5. Ka'ū planning region land use designations. DHHL Ka'ū Regional Plan at 12.

a. Wailau water needs

Wailau is a 65-acre Residential and Special District use priority tract located above Māmalahoa Highway in Ka'ū. Future long term potable water demand is 0.005 mgd. No HDWS systems are located in the area. Sea Mountain Resort operates a private, Punalu'u water system nearby. However, development of a new DHHL system was recommended to ensure DHHL's full control over the water supply. SWPP at 4-34.



Fig. 6. Proposed DHHL Wailau water system. SWPP at 4-34 (Appendix G, Figure G.5).

b. Wai'ohinu and Discovery Harbor water systems

Wai'ōhinu is a 262-acre tract recommended for Homestead Subsistence Agricultural use. Discovery Harbor consists of 40 scattered lots (approximately 13 acres) within a planned residential community. Ka'ū Regional Plan at 12. The long term potable water needs for Wai'ōhinu are 0.0304 mgd and the long term non-potable water needs are 0.7752 mgd. SWPP at 4-35. Potable water needs for Wai'ōhinu and Discovery Harbor tracts are supplied by HDWS Wai'ōhinu-Nā'ālehu system, however households outside these areas either use water catchment or haul water to their residences. Ka'ū Regional Plan at 22. The HDWS acquired the Wai'ōhinu-Nā'ālehu system via dedication from a former sugar plantation. Hawai'i Water Use & Development Plan Update, 805-16 (Aug. 2010) (Hawai'i WUDP). This water system primarily depends on the New Mountain House Tunnel Spring and Hā 'ao Spring for its supply. The Nā 'ālehu Well supplements the tunnel and spring sources during dry weather. Hawai'i WUDP at 805-16.

c. Kamā'oa Pu'u'eo water needs and issues

Kamā'oa Pu'u'eo is an 11,031-acre tract recommended for Homestead Pastoral, General Agricultural and Special District Use. HIP at 24. The long term potable water need for Kamā'oa Pu'u'eo is 0.1046 mgd and long term non-potable need is 0.4701 mgd. SWPP at 4-35. Although a water main connects Kamā'oa Pu'u'eo to the HDWS Wai'ōhinu-Nā'ālehu system, HDWS believes it is too small to accommodate additional connections without affecting service to existing water users. The southerly portion of the HDWS Wai'ōhinu-Nā'ālehu Water System passes through lands owned by DHHL. None of the 12 agricultural homestead lots at Kamā'oa Pu'u'eo have water service and only four meters service a portion of the 25 existing pastoral lots.

DHHL is working with G70 on a Ka' \bar{u} Water Assessment Study to finalize recommendations for water systems to serve DHHL landholdings in Ka' \bar{u} . G70 developed the following figure showing the DWS water lines extending southward away from South Point Road, passing through DHHL lands and towards an Army-built water tank at the tip of Ka Lae. The HDWS 20-Year Water Master Plan recommends a new well to service the South Point area, but did not specify location or capacity. SWPP at 4-34.

G70's water assessment study also references a 4"/ 6" transite transmission line along South Point Road installed by the Army to feed the South Point Barracks Tank. The HDWS has since took over management of this line. Ka'ū Water Assessment at 13. G70 recommends supplying the 25 Kamā'oa pastoral lots, which has a total current potable and non-potable demand of 45,000 gpd with water from the HDWS line that otherwise overflows daily to the South Point Mauka tank. Ka'ū Water Assessment at 5. The four existing water meters in the Kamā'oa parcel are already receiving some of these waters. Improvements to the HDWS Wai'ōhinu-Nā'ālehu System may be the only feasible alternative to satisfy the irrigation requirement of 0.4701 mgd for the Kamā'oa-Pu'u'eo tract. SWPP at 4-34.

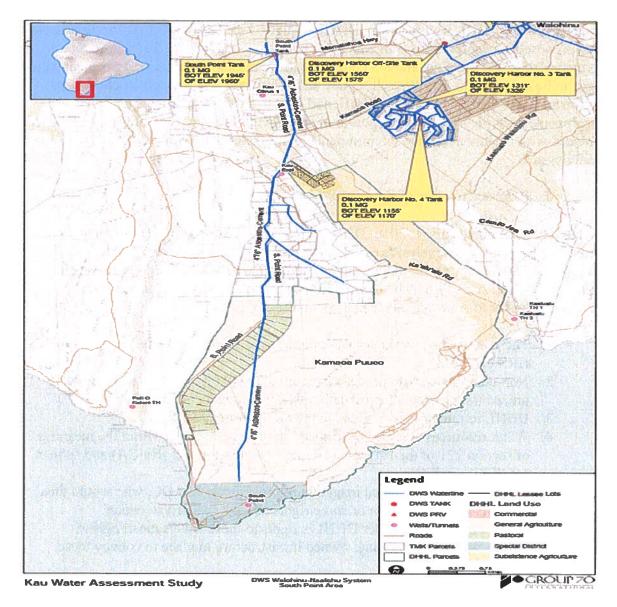


Fig. 7. G70 Ka'ū Water Assessment Study diagram (2013)

DHHL received \$1.5 million in CIP funds to plan, design and construct the Ka'ū Water System. These funds lapse on June 30, 2020. This is an opportunity for both the HDWS and DHHL to improve the water infrastructure in the Ka'ū region for the benefit of existing users and future developments. DHHL's immediate plan is to upgrade the County water system then assume operation and maintenance of approximately 4.5 miles of water main near the lower portion of South Point Road, as it crosses into DHHL lands just below the existing pressure regulation station #4 and ends at the existing 0.5 MG South Point Makai Tank. At the beginning of this segment, DHHL plans to install a new 0.10 MG minimum sized tank and a master meter. DHHL will own and operate the water system from this point onward and the existing lessees and any future lessees will be sub-

metered off the DHHL water system. DHHL requested the HDWS formal concurrence to this proposed conceptual plan and received it by letter date March 6, 2018. At a recent September 6, 2018 meeting, HDWS confirmed that a master meter water agreement would need to be entered into. HDWS will review and approved proposed construction plans following a site visit with HDWS, DHHL and G70 to confirm the conceptual plan improvements at the project site. Upon final agreement of the conceptual plan, DHHL will proceed with the any necessary environmental compliance and engineering design of the water system.

d. Proposed transfer of Ka'ū irrigation systems to ADC.

By letter dated June 1, 2016, DHHL wrote to DLNR and objected to its proposed grant of a perpetual non-exclusive easement to the Agribusiness Development Corporation (ADC) for an irrigation water system and a transfer of various revocable permits.³ DHHL stated it may be required to call for a contested case against the proposed transfer to ADC and identified six objections:

- 1. The proposed conveyances were not being executed by BLNR, in violation of HRS §171-58;
- 2. Non-compliance with processes required by HRS §171-58 meant obviating procedural protections provided to DHHL and its beneficiaries;
- 3. DHHL has unmet water needs in the South Point area;
- 4. Water resources at issue constituted "state owned" water within the meaning of section 221 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act (HHCA) and subject to DHHL's rights;
- 5. "[s]elling the state-owned irrigation improvements to ADC, who would then presumably convey them or some rights to them to a private water cooperative, would render DHHL's rights to these waters meaningless. DHHL would have no state-owned infrastructure in place to convey these waters to its lands;" and
- 6. The proposed conveyance to ADC at no cost impermissibly delegates the state's fiduciary duties to ADC.

Month to month water users of the New Mountain House and Hā'ao System requested conversions to long term water licenses similar to the one being requested by HELCO for Wailuku River. Coordination of all water users of this system is essential in DHHL's efforts to assert its rights to water for the benefit of its beneficiaries. Last October 2017 via item G-3, the HHC authorized the Chairman to assert DHHL's rights to water to protect the interests of its land holdings in Ka'ū.

³ See Letter from Jobie M. K. Masagatani, Chairman, HHC to Kevin E. Moore, State Lands Ass't Administrator, Land Division, Dep't Land and Natural Resources (Jun. 1, 2016).

III. CONCLUSION

East and South Hawai'i continue to face significant water issues that must be addressed in order for the goals of the Hawai'i Island Plan to be fulfilled. The Lower Pi'ihonua tract in East Hawai'i merits particular attention both because it is a HHC priority tract and because it is the site of current precedent-setting negotiations over the nature of DHHL rights in water licenses and methods for enforcing those rights (HELCO Wailuku River water reservation).

In addition, the Ka'ū planning region is also an important site due to the dispute with DLNR over proposed transfers of leases and administrative authority to ADC which negatively impact DHHL water rights and the ongoing efforts to improve the existing HDWS Wai'ōhinu-Nā'ālehu water system in order to deliver water to meet the potable and non-potable needs of the 25 pastoral lots at Kamā'oa Pu'u'eo with the potential to provide additional water for the needs for the general ag lots in the area.

V. RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

None; for informational only.

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION September 24-25, 2018 Keaukaha, Hawaii

H-ITEMS ADMINSTRATIVE SERVICES OFFICE

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

riom. Rouney R. M. Dau, Ruminiscrative Services Officer

SUBJECT: Transfer of Hawaiian Home Receipts Money at the End Of the First Quarter, FY 2019

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

That the Commission approve the transfer of the entire receipts deposited in the Hawaiian Home Receipts Fund as of September 30, 2018 to the Hawaiian Home General Loan Fund.

DISCUSSION

Section 213 (g) of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as amended, reads in part as follows:

"(3) Hawaiian home receipts fund. All interest moneys from loans or investments received by the department from any fund except as provided for in each respective fund, shall be deposited into this fund. At the end of each quarter, all moneys in this fund may be transferred to the Hawaiian home operating fund, the Hawaiian home administration account, the Hawaiian home trust fund, and any loan fund in accordance with rules adopted by the department."

Section 10-3-52(b) of Title 10, DHHL Administrative rules, provides that:

"If the Commission fails to approve a plan for transfer, all moneys in the Hawaiian home receipts fund shall be transferred at the end of that respective quarter as follows:

- (1) Nine per cent to the operating fund; and
- (2) Ninety-one per cent to the general loan fund."

As of September 30, 2018, the estimated balance in the Hawaiian Home Receipts Fund will be approximately \$630,000. Based on the on-going loan requirements for fiscal year 2019, it is

recommended that cash receipts in the Hawaiian Home Receipts Fund for the quarter ending September 30, 2018 be transferred to the Hawaiian Home General Loan Fund.

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 25, 2018

- TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission Money Au FROM: Rodney K. M. Lau, Administrative Services Officer
- SUBJECT: Approval of DHHL Biennium Budget Requests for Fiscal Biennium 2019-2021 (Sufficient Sums Budget)

RECOMMENDED MOTION/ACTION

- 1. That the Commission approve the FB 2019-2021 Operating and Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budget request (Sufficient Sums Budget) presented below to the Governor for consideration in the Administration's Executive Budget requests to the 2019 Legislature.
- That the Commission approve the FB 2019-2021 Operating and Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budget request (Sufficient Sums Budget) be presented to the 2019 Legislature.
- 3. That the Commission authorize the Chairman to adjust the Operating and CIP budget request to make technical adjustments due to minor errors before it is incorporated into the Administration's Executive Budget.

DISCUSSION

For your information is a chronology of DHHL's biennium budget request for FB 2019-2021.

Article XII, Section 1 of the State Constitution states "The legislature shall make sufficient sums available for the following purposes: (1) development of home, agriculture, farm and ranch lots; (2) home, agriculture, aquaculture, farm and ranch loans; (3) rehabilitation projects to include, but not limited to, educational, economic, political, social and cultural processes by which the general welfare and conditions of native Hawaiians are thereby improved; (4) the administration and operating budget of the department of Hawaiian home lands..." On October 19, 2007, several beneficiaries filed a lawsuit against the State and the Hawaiian Homes Commission claiming that the State violated its constitutional duty to sufficiently fund the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands.

On March 9, 2012, the Supreme Court affirmed the Intermediate Court of Appeals judgment in part that the courts can determine what constitutes "sufficient sums" for the DHHL's administrative and operating expenses to carry out the purposes of the Hawaiian Homes Commissions Act, 1920, as amended.

The Supreme Court also determined that "sufficient sums" for (1) development of lots, (2) loans, and (3) rehabilitation projects are political in nature and could not be judicially determined.

On November 17, 2015, the First Circuit Court entered its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order concerning Plaintiffs' claim that the State of Hawaii failed to make sufficient sums available to the DHHL as required by article XII, section 1 of the Hawaii Constitution.

Judge Castagnetti declared in her order that:

"1. The State of Hawaii has failed to provide sufficient funds to the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands for its administrative and operating budget in violation of the State's constitutional duty to do so under article XII, section 1 of the Hawaii Constitution.

...3. Although what is "sufficient" will change over the years, the sufficient sums that the legislature is constitutionally obligated to DHHL's appropriate in general funds for administrative and operating budget (not including significant repairs) is more than \$28 million for fiscal year 2015-16.

4. Prior to 2012, the DHHL Defendants breached duties by failing to take all their trust reasonable efforts - including filing suit - to all funding it needs for its obtain the administrative and operating budget. The defendants shall prospectively fulfill 5. their constitutional duties and trust

responsibilities. They are enjoined from violating these obligations."

Final Judgment was entered on December 14, 2015.

On December 21, 2015, the State Defendants filed a Motion for Reconsideration of, or to Alter or Amend, the Judgment and Order.

On February 29, 2016, the court orally granted in part the Motion stating that:

"...paragraphs 3 and 5 of the Order previously entered on November 27, 2015 shall be AMENDED to read as follows:

Although what is sufficient will change 3. over the years, the amount of general funds appropriated to DHHL for its administrative and operating budget for fiscal vear 2015-16 (\$9,632,000) is not sufficient. The State is required to comply with the Hawaii Constitution fund DHHL's and must administrative and operating expenses by making sufficient general funds available to DHHL for its administrative and operating budget for fiscal year 2015-16.

5. The defendants must fulfill their constitutional duties and trust responsibilities.

The remaining paragraphs of the Order issued November 27, 2015 shall remain in full force and effect."

Plaintiffs filed a motion for reconsideration asking the circuit court to add into its revised order a statement saying that "Sufficient sums for DHHL's (A&O) budget (not including significant repairs) is more than \$28 Million for fiscal year 2015-16." The motion was denied. State Defendants files a notice of appeal, and Plaintiffs filed a notice of cross-appeal. The appeal and cross-appeal were filed in the Intermediate Court of Appeals. Briefing in both appeals is completed, and the Legislature was allowed, and filed an amicus curiae support of the State Defendant's positions on February 23, 2017.

On March 8, 2017, in response to the DHHL Defendant's application for transfer, the Hawaii Supreme Court transferred

the appeal and cross-appeal from the Intermediate Court of Appeals to the Hawaii Supreme Court.

On February 9, 2018, the Hawaii Supreme Court ruled that the Circuit Court exceeded its mandate in Nelson I when it determined the "sufficient sum" amount actually needed for DHHL's administrative and operating expenses.

The case is remanded back to the Circuit Court to determine whether the Legislature provided "sufficient sums" for DHHL's administrative and operating budget for FY 2016 using the only "judicially discoverable and manageable standard in Nelson I; the 1978 baseline of \$1.3 million, adjusted for inflation."

Based on the Article XII, Section I, the Hawaiian Homes Commission, the head of the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands, has a fiduciary responsibility to ask for amounts the Commission considers "sufficient sums" for the Department's administrative and operating expenses.

The Hawaiian Homes Commission request is formulated in two parts:

- a) Administrative and Operation costs relating to the Supreme Court ruling regarding purpose no. 4 of Article XII, Section I. This part also includes existing infrastructure projects with a long-standing history of operational, maintenance, and repair issues that have become capital improvement issues.
- b) Costs aligned with purposes numbers 1, 2 and 3, of Article XII, Section I, of the Hawaii State Constitution relating to: ...(1) development of home, agriculture, farm and ranch lots"; (2) home, agriculture, aquaculture, farm and ranch loans; and (3) rehabilitation projects to include, but not limited to, educational, economic, political, social and cultural processes by which the general welfare and conditions of native Hawaiians are thereby improved..." which the Supreme Court ruled as political in nature and could not be judicially determined.

DHHL Biennium Budget Requests - Fiscal Years 2020 and 2021

Administrative and Operating Costs: Purpose 4 of Article XII, Section I

The proposed biennium budget request for administrative and operating costs total \$45,783,188 and \$45,783,188 for fiscal years 2020 and 2021, respectively.

In the Nelson case I decision, the Circuit Court determined that more than \$28 million was the "sufficient sums" amount for fiscal year 2015-2016. "Personal Services" category costs were based on 260 (FTE) positions which was used to determine the "sufficient sums" amount in the court decision. Fringe benefit costs were to be absorbed by a separate Department of Budget and Finance general fund appropriation. The funding of general fund fringe benefit costs separately in a Department of Budget and Finance appropriation is a policy consistent with all other State general funded programs.

The 260 "sufficient sums" positions were kept intact as provided by the Circuit Court in Nelson I, except for those positions affected by actual and projected position variances. The annual personnel costs request represents an aggregate of the annual base salaries.

In the proposed FB 2019-2021 request, the DHHL's fiscal year 2019 budget for the "Other Current Expenses" category was used as a base line and adjusted to exclude costs related to development of homestead lots, loans, and rehabilitation projects. Consequently, the base budget was adjusted for debt service costs, loans, grants in aid and grants. The annual "Other Current Expenses" category totaled \$17,503,591. Attachment A-1 provides the "Other Current Expenses" category approved by the Commission relating to the Administrative and Operating Costs, with adjustments, to determine the "sufficient sums" amount.

Ongoing repairs and maintenance for existing infrastructure on Hawaiian home lands totaled \$3,613,000 annually for fiscal years 2020 and 2021 and is requested as a separate general fund "Repair and Maintenance" request in the "Other Current Expenses" category (See Attachment B-2).

DHHL's initial CIP general obligation bond request relating to existing infrastructure is made as a lump sum request under the title of "Hawaiian Home Lands Development, Statewide"

totaling \$10,000,000 and \$10,000,000 for fiscal years 2020 and 2021, respectively (See Attachment B-1). The existing infrastructure projects have a long-standing history of operational, maintenance and repair issues that have become capital improvement issues.

. <u>.</u> .

Attachments "A" provides a summary recap of the discussion.

Total HHC Administrative and Operating Budget Request Means of Financing: (A)= General Fund; (C) = General Obligation Bond	\$45,783,188	\$45,783,188	
CIP Budget: Repairs and Maintenance of Existing Infrastructure	\$10,000,000	\$10,000,000	(C)
Operating Budget: Repairs and Maintenance of Existing Infrastructure	\$3,613,000	\$3,613,000	(A)
Administrative and Operating Budget Request	\$32,170,188	\$32,170,188	(A)
	(260.00)	(260.00)	
	FY 2020	FY 2021	
Hawaiian Homes Commission Budget Request: Purpose no. 4 - State Constit	tution, Article XII, S	Section 1	

Hawaii State Constitution: Purposes 1, 2, 3 of Article XII, Section I; Lot Development, Loans and Rehabilitation Projects

The proposed biennium budget request for Purposes 1, 2, 3 of Article XII, Section I (Lot Development, Loans and Rehabilitation Projects) total \$214,918,100 and \$224,169,100 for FY 2018 and 2019, respectively. Details of the request are shown in Attachments "C" (Lot Development), "D" (Loans), and "E" (Rehabilitation Projects).

L, 2, 3, State Constitution, Artic	le XII, Section 1	
FY 2020	FY 2021	
\$74,775,000	\$79,975,000	(C
\$73,100,000	\$73,100,000	(C
\$52,524,000	\$56,440,000	(C
\$14,519,100	\$14,654,100	(A
\$214,918,100	\$224,169,100	
	FY 2020 \$74,775,000 \$73,100,000 \$52,524,000 \$14,519,100	\$74,775,000 \$79,975,000 \$73,100,000 \$73,100,000 \$52,524,000 \$56,440,000 \$14,519,100 \$14,654,100

Means of Financing: (A) = General Fund; (C)=General Obligation Bond

In August 2018, DHHL participated in a Puwalu discussion in Maui that brought native Hawaiian beneficiary leaders state-wide together regarding priorities in their communities and programmatic needs. These needs provided by the beneficiaries were identified and sorted according to the purposes provided by

- 6

Article XII, Section 1 of the State Constitution and included in the FB 2019-2021 request. These projects are identified in Attachment "E".

Separate from the "sufficient sums" request, that is also included in Attachment "E", are grants-in-aid (GIA) projects that were brought up in the Puwalu discussion. DHHL will provide information to the Administration and the Legislature on GIA projects that may be coming forward. The GIA requesters will still need to go through the normal GIA process to secure funding.

CIP Budget: HHC Federal Fund Request

...

Separate from the "sufficient sums" request is a request for authorization to expend \$2 million in Federal funds for fiscal years 2020 and 2021 as provided by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) under the Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act (NAHASDA) program.

Also separate from the "sufficient sums" request is a request to fund four (4) (FTE) positions and two (2) temporary positions funded by the Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act (NAHASDA) program.

The Commission's approval of the above recommended motion is respectfully requested.

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Purpose 4: Administrative and Operating Costs FY 2020 and FY 2021 Budget Request Summary

	FY 2020 Budget Request to HHC	MOF	FY 2021 Budget Request to HHC	MOF
Constitution, Article XII, Section 1, Purpose 4: inistrative and Operating Costs				
Personnel Costs	\$14,666,597	Α	\$14,666,597	A
 Other Current Expenditures	\$17,503,591	Α	\$17,503,591	A
Subtotal Administrative and Operating Costs	\$32,170,188		\$32,170,188	
 Repair and Maintenance of Existing Infrastructure	\$3,613,000	A	\$3,613,000	A
 Repair and Maintenance of Existing Infrastructure	\$10,000,000	С	\$10,000,000	C
Subtotal R&M of Existing Infrastructure	\$13,613,000		\$13,613,000	
 Total Administrative and Operating Costs	\$45,783,188		\$45,783,188	

<u>Means of Financing:</u> A	\$35.783.188	٨	\$35,783,188	Å
C = General Obligation Bonds	\$10,000,000		\$10,000,000	
Total	\$45,783,188		\$45,783,188	

	Executive Budget	for FY 201	her Current	ved by th	e HHC or	<u></u> 1 .lune 19	2018	
		Ad	ministration and	Operating Co	osts	loune 10,	2010	TOTAL
Object		General	Administration	Operatir	, 1g Fund	Operating Fu	nd (Non App)	Other Current
Code		Fund	Account	Operating Portion	Development Portion	Operating Portion	Development Portion	Expenditures
2900	Other Personal Services	704.000	100.000	25,000	0	0	0	829,000
3010	Operating Supplies - Gas & Oil	68,300	8,000	0	0	20,000	0	96,300
3020	Supplies Operating Supplies - Fuel & Oil Other	2,450	3,000	1,500	0	25,000	0	31.950
3030	Operating Supplies - Janitorial	24,380	0	1,048	0	500	0	25,928
3040	Operating Supplies- Medical	0	0	0	0	15,000	0	15,000
3090	Operating Supplies - Others	24,000	850	2,084	0	0.000	0	26,934
3100	Maintenance Materials Supplies & Parts	11,800	0	0	0	130,000	0	141,800
3200	Office Supplies	142,400	0	0	0	800	0	143,200
3400	Other Supplies	25,066	0	0	0	1,500	0	26,566
3500	Dues and Subscriptions	19,562	0	0	0	300	0	19,862
3600	Freight and Delivery Charges	5,770	1,200	0	0	4,000	0	19,862
3700	Postage	179,490	0	550	0	4,000	0	184,040
3800	Telephone	130,210	0	400	0	4,000	0	130,610
3900	Printing and Binding	108,700	84,000		0	0	0	192,700
4000	Advertising	106,200	04,000	0	0	0	0	106,200
4100	Car Mileage	23,500	0	0	0	0	0	23,500
4200	Transportation, Intrastate	375,700	0	0	0	15,000	0	390,700
4300	Subsistence Allowance, Intra-State	211,970	0	0	0	5,000	0	216,970
4400	Transportation, Out of State	78,000	0	0	0	0,000	0	78,000
4500	Subsistence Allowance, Out of State	72,500	0	0	0	0	0	72,500
4600	Hire of Passenger Cars	85,356	94	0	0	3,000	0	88,450
5000	Electricity	754,000	225,000	63,000	0	428,100	0	1,470,100
5200	Water	138,200	200,000	50,000	0	200,000	0	588,200
5500	Rental of Land and Bldg.	22,800	0	0	0	0	0	22,800
5600	Rental of Equipment	83,400	36,500	0	0	1,000	0	120,900
5700	Other Rentals	1,449,750	0	0	0	0	0	1,449,750
5810	Repairs- Data Processing	14,000	0	0	0	0	0	14,000
5815	Maintenance - Data Processing	130,000	0	0	0	0	0	130,000
5820	Repairs- Equipment, Building, etc.	77,910	52,000	4,800	0	20,000	0	154,710
5825	Maintenance- Equipment, Building, etc.	337,100	23,050	10,500	0	11,500	0	382,150
5830	Repairs- Motor Vehicles	35,450	3,000	0	0	10,000	0	48,450
5835	Maintenance- Motor Vehicles	27,000	5,000	0	0	5,000	0	37,000
5840	Maintenance-Unencumbered Lands & Othr	75,000	615,900	0	0	0,000	0	690,900
5895	Maintenance-Other Miscellaneous	81,684	0	0	0	10,000	0	91,684
5900	Insurance	75,000	0	0	0	0,000	0	75,000
7110	Services Fee Basis	897,050	2,584,115	2,620,295	936,885	802,450	350,000	8,190,795
7230	Training Costs	138,500	30,000	10,000	0	12,000	0	190,500
7290	Other Current Expenditures	44,700	8,000	0	0	2,500	0	55,200
6500	Grant-in-Aid	0	0	0	0	50,000	0	50,000
7700	Equipment	30,800	475,000	14,472	0	0	0	520,272
7700	Motor Vehicle	0	80,000	0	0	0	0	80,000
7900	Construction in Progress	0	290,000		0	Ō	0	290,000
	Current Expenditure & Equipment	6,811,698	4,824,709	2,803,649	936,885	1,776,650	350,000	17,503,591

.

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Purpose 4: Administrative and Operating Costs Repair and Maintenance of Existing Infrastructure FB 2019 - 2021 Budget Request

ISLAND	AREA or SUBDIVISION	MAINTENANCE COMPONENTS- PURPOSE	FY 2020	FY 2021
Hawaii	Kawaihae	Water System Operation and Maintenance	120,000	120,000
Hawaii	Laiopua Villages	Brush Clearing and Fire Breaks	50,000	50,000
Hawaii	Puukapu	Water System Operation and Maintenance	255,000	255,000
Kauai	Anahola	Water System Operation, Maint, Emerg Call	75,000	75,000
Kauai	Piilani MKK and Anahola	Maintenance	75,000	75,000
Lanai	Lanai City	Maintenance	75,000	75,000
Maui	Kula	Maintenance	200,000	200,000
Maui	Leialii	Leialii Parkway Maintenance	85,000	85,000
Maui	Waiehu Kou	Detention Basins and Ditches	125,000	125,000
Maui	Waiehu Kou	Sewage Pump Station	80,000	80,000
Oahu	East Kapolei II	Detention Basins (2)	30,000	30,000
Oahu	Kapolei	Maluohai, Kaupea, Kanehili Maintenance	75,000	75,000
Oahu	Nanakuli	Princess Kahanu Road Repairs	30,000	30,000
Oahu	Oahu	Sewage Spill Response and Repair	150,000	150,000
Oahu	Oahu	Street Light Replacement	375,000	375,000
Oahu	Oahu	Scattered Location Repair and Maintenance	1,200,000	1,200,000
Oahu	Oahu	Albizia Control	290,000	290,000
Oahu	Waimanalo	Drainage Channel and Tree Trimming	38,000	38,000
Oahu	Waimanalo	Detention Basin	30,000	30,000
State	Statewide	Sign Replacement	255,000	255,000
		Total	\$3,613,000	

Means of Financing: General Fund

Ň

U,

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Purpose 1: Lot Development Purpose 4: Administrative and Operating Costs FB 2019-2021 Sufficient Sums Budget Request

PROJECT DESCRIPTION	Lots	PHASE	FY 2020	FY 2021
PURPOSE 1: Lot Development				
<u>Hawaii</u>				
Kau Water System		DC	2,000,000	2,000,000
Kau Farm and Ranch Lots Site Improvements		DC		2,000,000
Honomu Agricultural Lots, Phase 1	15	DC	5,000,000	
Hilo Community College Model Home	1 .	С	225,000	225,000
Kaumana Subdivision Lot Rehabilitation	4	DC	500,000	
Honokaia Water System		С	1,300,000	· · · · ·
Lalamilo Phase 1 Kawaihae Road Improvements		DC	1,000,000	···· ·
Lalamilo Septic System Improvements		DC	500,000	
Lalamilo Phase 2A	151	DC		6,000,000
Puukapu Roadway Improvements		DC	2,000,000	
Puukapu Pastoral Lots Electrical Facilities		DC	2,100,000	
Kawaihae Water Production, Storage & Transmission		PD	750,000	· · ·
North Kona Exploratory Well		PD	2,000,000	
Laiopua Utility and Infrastructure Changes	·····	С	500,000	
Laiopua Village 4 (Hema)	103	DC	14,300,000	
UXO Mitigation and Construction Support (Island-wide)		PDC	1,000,000	
Kauai				
Anahola Fire Station		PD	50,000	
Anahola Farm Lots, New Backup Well		DC	1,000,000	2,000,000
Piilani Mai Ke Kai III, Drainage & Subdivision Improvements	40	DC	500,000	4,000,000
Moloaa Farm Lots	47	PD		1,000,000
Wailua Residential Lots Masterplan	200	PD	1,000,000	
Wailua Second Well exploration	200	PD	1,000,000	
Hanapepe Residential Subdivision Phs 2 Offsite Development	50	PD	1,500,000	7,500,000
Lanai				· · · · ·
Lanai Residence Lots, Phase 2 Off-site Development and Lots	40	ΡD	3,000,000	
Maui				
Keokea Agricultural Off-site Water System Feasibility Study		Р	2,000,000	
Keokea Archaeological Preservation			1,000,000	
Keokea Farm Lots Drainage System Improvements		DC	2,000,000	
Keokea-Waiohuli, Phase 2 Site Improvements	76	DC		12,500,000
Keokea-Waiohuli Phase 3 Site Improvements	27	D		750,000
Honokowai Master Plan		Р	1,000,000	
Honokowai Water System Improvements		DC		4,000,000

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Purpose 1: Lot Development Purpose 4: Administrative and Operating Costs FB 2019-2021 Sufficient Sums Budget Request

PROJECT DESCRIPTION	Lots	PHASE	FY 2020	FY 2021
Leialii Parkway & Highway Improvements		DC		10,000,000
Villages of Leialii Ph1B, Increment 1, Subdivision Design	75	DC	500,000	8,000,000
Molokai				
Hoolehua Water System Improvements		DC	2,000,000	2,000,000
Kanakaloloa Cemetery Improvements		С	1,500,000	
Hoolehua Pasture Lot Development	30	DC		1,000,000
Naiwa Subdivision Site Improvements	· · ·	DC		1,000,000
Hoolehua Scattered Agriculture Lots	8	DC	1,000,000	
Kalamaula Farm Lots Site Improvements	40	DC		1,000,000
Kalamaula Water & Drainage System Improvements		D	1,000,000	
Kalamaula & Kapaakea Aquaculture Development Plan		Р	250,000	
<u>Oahu</u>		- <u>-</u> · ·		
Voice of America, Ph I Infrastructure	72	DC	800,000	10,000,000
East Kapolei Transit Oriented Development	150	PDC	2,000,000	
Waimanalo Agricultural Lots	50	DC	1,500,000	
Statewide				
Acquisition: Land and/or Building Purchase		L	10,000,000	
Statewide Lot Development		DC	5,000,000	5,000,000
Environmental Mitigation and Remediation on HHL		PDC	2,000,000	2,000,000
R & M of Utilities in Existing Homestead Subdivisions		PDC	2,000,000	2,000,000
Total Purpose 1	1,379		\$74,775,000	\$79,975,000
PURPOSE 4: Administrative and Operating Costs				
Repair and Maintenance of Existing Infrastructure				
R&M Sewer/ Wastewater Infrastructure			5,000,000	5,000,000
R&M Existing Infrastructure			5,000,000	5,000,000
Total Purpose 4			\$10,000,000	\$10,000,000
Grand Total			\$84,775,000	\$89,975,000
Phase: P = Planning				
D = Design				
C = Construction				
L = Acquisition				
Means of Financing: General Obligation Funds (C)				

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Purpose 2: Loans FB 2019 - 2021 Budget Request

Purpose	FY 2020	FY 2021
Mortgage Capitalization for Gap Group and Low to Moderate Income Families	37,500,000	37,500,000
Interim Financing (for Turnkey)	32,400,000	32,400,000
Debt Service - Revenue Bonds	3,200,000	3,200,000
Total	\$73,100,000	\$73,100,000

•

			FB 2019-2021 Budget Request	Request					
			•		FY 2020			FY 2021	
				тнна	IL	GIA	рнн	L L	GIA
ISLAND	AREA	PROJECT COMPONENTS	PHASE	OPERATING	CIP		OPERATING	CIP	
Hawaii	Kaumana	Community Center	Planning					100,000	
Hawaii	Piihonua	Community Pasture	Planning	25,000					
Hawaii	Panaewa	Kamoleao Infrastructure & Bldg	Construction			4,500,000			
Hawaii	Keaukaha Panaewa	Agricultural Education Center	Planning					425,000	
Hawaii	Makuu	Community Center	Construction			6,000,000			6,000,000
Hawaii	Keaukaha	Community Pavilion	Planning		.	1,500,000			
Hawaii	Kamaoa Puueo	Water Master Plan Implementation	Construction		5,000,000				
Hawaii	Kamaoa Puueo	Cultural & Natural Resource Land Mgmt Implementation			3,000,000				
Hawaii	Waiohinu	Agriculture Homestead Leases	Planning					100,000	
Hawaii	Kau	Discovery Harbor Res Lots, Scattered Lots (38)					-	500,000	
Hawaii	Waimea	WHHCC Ag Complex Infrastructure	Construction			1,000,000			
Hawaii	Waimea	WHHCC Cemetery	Design			200,000			
Hawaii	Waimea	Finalizing Access Road to Lalamilo Phase I			2,500,000				
Hawaii	Waimea	WHHC Operations				180,000			
Hawaii	Waimea	Research and develop criteria for unpermitted		75,000					
		structures							
Hawaii	Kailapa	Community Resource Ctr/Emergency Shelter				1,000,000			
Hawaii	Kailapa	Emergency Access Road	Planning and EA		134,000				
Hawaii	Kailapa	Community Assn Operations				50,000			
Hawaii	North Kona	Test Well for Gianulias site	Design and Construction		2,500,000				
Hawaii	North Kona	Well for Gianulias site	Design and Construction					13,000,000	
Hawaii	Laiopua	Laiopua 2020 Operation Funding				520,000			
Hawaii	Laiopua	Renewable energy project	Planning and EA					280,000	
Hawaii	Laiopua	Internal driveway to connect L2020 community parcel to Ane Keohokalole Hwy	Planning and Design					300,000	
Kauai	Puu Opae	Refurbish existing irrigation system				250,000			
Kauai	Puu Opae	Farm equipment for education program				200,000			
Kauai	Puu Opae	Training, processing, storing and repair facility							500,000
Kauai	Puu Opae	Road Improvements			200,000				
Kauai	Puu Opae	Temporary lodging							100,000

ITEM NO. H-2 Attachment E

Page 1 of 4

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Purpose 3: Rehabilitation Projects FB 2019-2021 Budget Request

		FE	FB 2019-2021 Budget Request	Request					
					FY 2020			FY 2021	
				DHHL		GIA	DHHC	L	GIA
ISLAND	AREA	PROJECT COMPONENTS	PHASE	OPERATING	CIP		OPERATING	CIP	
Kauai	Anahola	Irrigation System (\$1,000,000)	Planning & Design						
Kauai	Wailua	Access to surface/ground water			100,000			6,000,000	
Kauai	Kekaha	Ag with homestead		10,000					
Kauai	West Kauai	Multi-Purpose: Evacuation & Education Ctr			250,000				
		Study drug rehab facilities within the community							
Kauai Kanai		Edurational nrograms					100.000		nnn'nnc
Kauai Kauai	Hanapepe	bring assn's together to collaborate (>100,000) Ag land			250,000				
Lanai		Award remaining 16 residential homestead lots			100,000				
Lanai		Establish homestead community association		50,000					
Lanai		Interim Use of Undeveloped Land					50,000		
		Acquire additional lands for ag and pastoral						5 000 000	
		Community Beautification: clean-up debris and		_					
Maui	All Homesteads	abandoned vehicles		200,000			200,000		
Maui	All Homesteads	Lot Development & Road Repair	Equipment		2,500,000		400,000		
Maui	All Homesteads	Maui Homeowner Financial Education		250,000			250,000		
Maui	Keokea	Farmers Marketplace & Community Center	Planning and EA		550,000			550,000	600,000
Maui	Keokea	Water sourced infrastructure for potable and nonpotable water	Planning, EA &Construction		4,750,000			4,750,000	
Maui	Keokea-Waiohuli	Community Based Planning for Cultural Preserves	Survey, Research, Planning & Dev		150,000			500,000	
Maui	Keokea-Waiohuli	Safety Awareness Program		200,000			200,000		
Maui	Keokea-Waiohuli	Speed humps on Ahulua St.			100,000				
Maui	Waiohuli UI	Acquire Lands for Community Development			150,000			500,000	
Mauī	Paukukalo	Armory Site Development	Planning, Design and EA		150,000			500,000	
Maui	Paukukalo	Pihana Heiau Restoration	Planning and EA					100,000	
Malii	Pautkukalo	Park Beautification and Upgrades	Playground equipment, courts		500,000				
Maui	Waiehu Kou	Community Center & Bus Stop			•			500,000	
Maui	Waiehu Kou	Landscaping Maintenance Contract		150,000			150,000		

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Purpose 3: Rehabilitation Projects FB 2019-2021 Budget Request

ISLAND A ISLAND A Maui Waiehu Kou Maui Waiehu Kou Maui Kahikinui Maui Kahikinui Maui Kahikinui Maui Kahikinui Maui Kahikinui	AREA				FY 2020			FY 2021	
Q	AREA					•			
Q.	AREA			DHHI	HL	GIA	DHHL	HL	GIA
	L. V	PROJECT COMPONENTS	PHASE	OPERATING	CIP		OPERATING	CIP	
	nov nui	Community Garden - Water Development			30,000			1,500,000	
	Waiehu Kou	Drainage Basins - siltation clean up (\$3,500,000)					:		
	ćinui	Community Center/Pavilion			1,000,000			1,000,000	
	dinui	Community Economic Center and Hale Pili	Planning & EA	250,000					
	dinui	Road Construction and Repair			5,000,000			5,000,000	
	tinui	Road Development and Repair	Equipment		400,000		100,000		
	kinui	Fog Catchment System: Phase 2	Distribution System		750,000				
Maui Kahikinui	cinui	Water Storage (water tanks)			150,000				
Maui Kahikinui	kinui	Community Pasture Paddocks/Fencing	Design & Construction	250,000			250,000		
Maui Kahikinui	kinui	Stewardship Economy			250,000			500,000	
Maui Kahikinui	kinui	Ungulate Removal and Reforestation		60,000			60,000		
Maui Leialii		Neighborhood Park	Planning & Design		100,000			500,000	
Maui Hono	Honokowai	Community Subsistence Ag Program Development	Education, Training, Ag	50,000					
			hi cêrai						
Maui Hono	Honokowai	Ag Education and Training	Facility and Program Dev		50,000				
Maui Hono	Honokowai	R-1 Water for Ag Irrigation	Research, Planning and Dev		1,500,000				
Maui Pule	Pulehunui	Community-Based Economic Dev			15,000,000				
Molokai		Transition Cespools to Septic Systems			1,500,000				
Molokai Mala	Malama Park	Land Use Designation & Master Plan			500,000				
Molokai Kiow	Kiowea Park	Complete Pavilion Project				750,000			
Molokai		Deer management plan	Planning		500,000				
Molokai		Cross fencing/deer fencing							200,000
Molokai Hool	Hoolehua	Playground and youth center						100,000	
Molokai		Tiny homes						80,000	
Molokai Kalaı	Kalamaufa Mauka	Passive Park	Planning					150,000	
Molokai Kapa	Kapaakea	Temporary residence shelter						125,000	
Molokai		Renovate Ahupuaa o Molokai Hale						250,000	

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Purpose 3: Rehabilitation Projects

ITEM NO. H-2 Attachment E

,

		FE	FB 2019-2021 Budget Request	: Request					
					FY 2020			FY 2021	:
				DHHG	HL I	GIA	ІННО	. –	GIA
ISLAND	AREA	PROJECT COMPONENTS	PHASE	OPERATING	CIP		OPERATING	CIP	
Molokai	Kapaakea	Remodel/renovate kupuna hsg in flood zone						300,000	
Molokai		Transitional home						80,000	
Oahu	Papakolea	Address Abandoned Homes		150,000			150,000		
Oahu	Papakolea	Kupuna Supportive Living Ctr Feasibility Study			250,000				
Oahu	Papakolea	Operate Kupuna Community Care Network				400,000			400,000
Oahu	Papakolea	Puowaina EA			250,000				
Oahu	Papakolea	Basketball Complex Improvements				5,000,000			
Oahu	Papakolea	Education/Health Programs				850,000			850,000
Oahu	Nanakuli	Ocean safety & Cultural education	Planning		250,000				
Oahu	Princess Kahanu	Traffic calming			60,000				
Oahu	Princess Kahanu	Community center expansion	Land acquisition						1,500,000
Oahu	Waianae Valley	Coumbarium with large area for cultural uses	Plng and Dsgn		300,000				
Oahu	Waianae Valley	Kaupuni Park Development							3,500,000
Oahu	Kapolei	Kapolei Heritage Center Phase II				2,500,000			
Oahu	Kanehili	Park Development			300,000				
Oahu	Kaupea	Perimeter wall at Kamaaha/Kapolei Pkwy (\$500,000)	i		-				
Oahu	Kapolei	Safety/Drug coalition with NSW		50,000					
Oahu	Kapolei	NSW equipment		5,000					
Oahu	Kapolei	Maintenance/Repair for dedication of roads (\$125,000)							
Oahu	Kapolei	Place of worship & place of rest/cemetery						250,000	
Oahu	Waimanalo	Emergency Evacuation and Street Extension			1,500,000			13,500,000	
			Puwalu: Subtotal	\$1,775,000	\$52,524,000 \$24,900,000	\$24,900,000	\$1,910,000 \$56,440,000	56,440,000	\$14,150,000
	Homeowner Affordability Initiative	y Initiative		5,000,000			5,000,000		
	Lease Cancellation Prevention/Financial Literacy	intion/Financial Literacy		5,000,000			5,000,000		
	Native Hawaiian Development Program Plan	oment Program Plan							
			Total	,100	\$52,524,000 \$24,900,000	\$24,900,000	1,100	\$56,440,000	\$14,150,000
	Means of Financing:			(A)	(c)		(Y)	(c)	
	(A) General Funds								T
	(C) General Obligation Bonds	Bonds							
	* Projects are funded in other budgets	other budgets							

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Purpose 3: Rehabilitation Projects FB 2019-2021 Budget Request ITEM NO. H-2 Attachment E

Page 4 of 4

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS

September 24 & 25, 2018

TO: Chairman and Members, Hawaiian Homes Commission

- FROM: Administrative Services Officer Rodney Lau
- SUBJECT: ITEM H-3 DHHL Budget Requests for Fiscal Biennium 2019-2021 (Sufficient Sums Budget) (relative to H-2)

*MATERIAL USED FOR WORKSHOP ITEM H-2

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION September 24-25, 2018 Keaukaha, Hawaii

J-ITEMS GENERAL AGENDA

EXHIBIT	<u>J-1</u>
---------	------------

From:	
Sent:	
То:	
Subiect:	

Pat Kahawaiolaa <kcaiprez@gmail.com> Tuesday, August 21, 2018 9:41 AM Burrows-Nuuanu, Leatrice W Address Commission

Aloha Leah, this is Unco Pat Kahawaiolaa from KCA and I want to request to put on the agenda for the upcoming HHC meeting slated for September 17-18, 2018 in East Hawaii. If need be I'd be more then happy to provide some background on issues I'd like to see resolved then in my opinion has been lingering far to long. I will put pen to paper and send a copy to you to share with the Commission. Thanking you in advance for all your help to me and KCA. 'Owau

Keaukaha Smiles 'Owau me ka ha'aha'a Patrick L. Kahawaiolaa Sent from my iPhone



From: Sent: To: Subject: Attachments: paula kekahuna <makuufarmersassociation@gmail.com> Tuesday, September 11, 2018 8:36 AM Burrows-Nuuanu, Leatrice W REQUEST TO BE ON THE COMMISSIONERS AGENDA 091718 comissioners D agenda request.pdf

Aloha,

Lauae here from Maku'u to request a spot on the September commissioners agenda. Attached you will find a letter of request for decision making agenda.

Please contact me should you have any questions.

mahalo nui,

Lauae Kekahuna Treasurer/secretary Maku'u Farmers Association 15-2131 Pahoa-Keaau Hwy Pahoa,Hi 96778 (c) (808)989.1136

Makkuufarmersassociation@gmail.com



EXHIBIT

Lot # 26 TMK 1-5-120-009; Jason Keahilihau (decd.) over 3 years ago. brother to lot #27

- 12+ abandoned dogs on lot
- repordly attacking other dogs in the area
- dog poop on the road ways
- dead puppies every so often of starvation
- constantly chasing cars
- reported to humane society, local police and DHHL constantly for over 5 years and no action or reply to remove dogs.
- Jasons wife drops by from time to time and she has been told by Paula Kekahuna (president of MFA) to take care of her dogs and lock them up and many failed attempts of the wife to actually do so.

Lot # 9 TMK 1-5-121-009; Clyde Malani (decd). 3months ago

- illegal drug opperations
- constant growing traffic to Lot #9
- eye withnesses to multiple X-convicts residing on lot #9
- Half white and half black honda (license plate #ZDR 614) known x-convicts.
- No known relatives to Clyde Malani at the time on lot #9.

All Maku'u lessees stresses a safety concern and request and demand for immediate action for these people do not belong residing on these lots and strees a great threat to our safety. All Maku'u members did our dudiliginces to the best of our ability and at this point we need action from our comissioners.

If you have any further questions for us please feel free to contact Lauae Kekahuna (808)989-1136 on my cell or e-mail at the makuufarmersassociation@gmail.com.

Mahalo, Lauae Kekahuna

Treasurer/Secrtary of MFA



Maku'u Farmers Association 15-2131 Keaau Pahoa Highway Pahoa, HI 96778 Phone: (808) 896-5537 E-mail: makuufarmersassociation@gmail.com

<u>"THE SECRET OF SUCCESS IS THE CONSTANCY OF PURPOSE"</u> Mission: To promote and perpetuate Native Hawaiian values and traditions, to provide educational and employment opportunities while also developing small businesses. To become self-sufficient as established by the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920

September 10, 2018

Department of Hawaiian Homes Commission

Re: Request to be placed on the "CONSENT AGENDA" line II ITEMS FOR DECISION MAKING Homestead Services Division.

Aloha,

On behalf of the Maku'u Farmers Association, Lauae Kekahuna and Paula Kekahuna would like to address the comissioners on September 17, 2018 pretaining to the immediate decision making to remove certain individuals who are illegally occuping lots in Maku'u and also running illegal drug opperations and gun violance also increasing as unwanted traffic moves 24/7 to these specific lots.

The Maku'u Farmers Association members are starting to feel the drug impacts on these individuals and need help with DHHL and law enforcements to maintain a safe community.

Lot # 94B TMK 1-5-118-014; Jerome Schweitzer:

- Food truck vendors selling on land
- · Opperation of a non-permited propane business (years without proper county permits)
- illegally 3rd party leaseeing
- breaching of his merchantile license for many many years

Lot # 27 TMK 1-5-120-010; Jolan Keahilihau (decd.) over 3 years ago.

- Occupied by non-relative; Kekai (Jay) Olsen, Violate Olsen and recent relative evacuees of the lava flow.
- illegal drug opperations all hours of the night
- stolen and broken cars parked on the roads during the day and sometimes at night (video proof)
- Eye witness to a Silver brand new tachoma that comes from Honoka'a to drop off drugs 2 times perweek. seen doing drug deals on the top of the homestead right off HWY 130.
- · constantly calling cops and one way communication with DHHL and no reply returned.
- (9/9/18) reported to officer Rapoza of Pahoa. Kekai Harassed Lauae, Haili and present two children in vechile (Azelia 8 and Anuhea 6).
- Kekai and Violet both caught snooping around on the Kekahuna residents lot. when approached they claimed to be looking for a tire pump.
- Drug family members with guns present on lot. reported shots fired from lot and growing.

From:
Sent:
To:
Subject:

PHHLCA <phhlca@aol.com> Thursday, September 06, 2018 8:13 AM Burrows-Nuuanu, Leatrice W COMMISSION MEETING

Aloha Leah i would like to be on the J agenda for the 17th and/or 18th for the schedule meeting in Hilo, the subject will be on Kamoleao.

William "Bill" Brown President, PHHLCA





From:	Bo Kahui <bokahui@laiopua.org></bokahui@laiopua.org>
Sent:	Wednesday, August 29, 2018 3:02 PM
То:	Burrows-Nuuanu, Leatrice W
Cc:	Dora Aio
Subject:	VOLA President attend Comm. Mtg

Aloha Lea,

PLease be advised that Dora Aio-Leamons will be representing the Villages of Laiopua and is requesting to testify before the Commission at its next meeting in Hilo Sept 17th and 18th.

Please send confirmation to Dora who is copied on this email Mahalo Nui Craig "Bo" Kahui Executive Director Laiopua 2020 808-327-1221

NOTICE: The information contained in this electronic mail transmission is intended by the sender for the sole use of the named individual(s) or entity(ies) to which it is directed and may contain information that is privileged or otherwise confidential. Please do not copy it or use it for any purpose or disclose its contents to any other person. To do so could violate state and federal privacy laws. If you have received this electronic mail transmission in error, please delete it from your system without copying or forwarding it and notify the sender of the error by reply email or by telephone so that the sender's address records can be corrected. Thank you for your cooperation.



EXHIBIT

EXHIBI

From:	Bo Kahui <bokahui@laiopua.org></bokahui@laiopua.org>
Sent:	Thursday, August 16, 2018 6:08 PM
То:	Burrows-Nuuanu, Leatrice W
Cc:	Bo Kahui; Avery Kramer; Diana Akao; Dora Aio; J Porter DeVries Esq.; Julie Lawrence;
Subject:	Leah Debina; Iwalani tsai; Kapua Baker; Karleen Cox; Maring Gacusana Request to Address the Commission Sept 17th & 18th
Subject.	Request to Address the commission sept that & toth

Aloha Lea,

On behalf of laiopua 2020 amd Villages of Laiopua Homestead Association, I would like to be placed on the DHHL Commission J-Agenda for Sept. 17th and 18th in Hilo.

Please send me your confirmation at your earliest convenience. Mahalo Nui Craig "Bo" Kahui Executive Director Laiopua 2020 808-327-1221

NOTICE: The information contained in this electronic mail transmission is intended by the sender for the sole use of the named individual(s) or entity(ies) to which it is directed and may contain information that is privileged or otherwise confidential. Please do not copy it or use it for any purpose or disclose its contents to any other person. To do so could violate state and federal privacy laws. If you have received this electronic mail transmission in error, please delete it from your system without copying or forwarding it and notify the sender of the error by reply email or by telephone so that the sender's address records can be corrected. Thank you for your cooperation.



EXHIBIT

Subject:

FW: J Agenda Request - Monday, September 24, 2018

From: Rodney Biven <rodneybivenjr@gmail.com>
Sent: Monday, September 17, 2018 4:18 PM
To: Burrows-Nuuanu, Leatrice W <leatrice.w.burrows-nuuanu@hawaii.gov>
Subject: Re: J Agenda Request - Monday, September 24, 2018

Aloha Lea

I am asking to be on the J agenda for September 24 2018 to answer any questions that the DHHL Commission has for me regarding the transfer between Ethel Andrade and Rodney Biven Mahalo

Sent from my iPhone



Subject:

FW: Request to be on Commission J Agenda

-----Original Message-----From: Olani Lilly <olani@kaumeke.net> Sent: Tuesday, September 11, 2018 1:11 PM To: Yee Hoy, Louise K <louise.k.yeehoy@hawaii.gov> Subject: Request to be on Commission J Agenda

Aloha my name is Olani Lilly and I am the Po'okumu of Ka 'Umeke Kā'eo a Hawaiian language immersion charter school located in Keaukaha. We are currently purchasing a site that sits on DHHL lands and would like to request to lease Hawaiian Homelands near this site for the creation of a permanent campus. My phone number is 808-960-5732.

This message is the property of Ka 'Umeke Kā'eo and any attachments are confidential to the intended recipient at the e-mail address to which it has been addressed. If you are not the intended recipient, you may not copy, forward, disclose or use any part of this message or its attachments.

If you received this transmission in error please notify the sender immediately by e-mail or contact Ka 'Umeke Kā'eo at its@kaumeke.net <mailto:its@kaumeke.net> and then delete this message from your system.



Subject:

FW: "J"agenda

From: KepaKekoa kaeo <<u>kepakekoa@gmail.com</u>> Sent: Monday, September 17, 2018 1:18 PM To: Yee Hoy, Louise K <<u>louise.k.yeehoy@hawaii.gov</u>> Subject: "J"agenda

Aloha ! The "BTC" mokuOkeawe will be talking about the Aina Mauna legacy for the beneficiaries. Mahalo nui loa kepa

