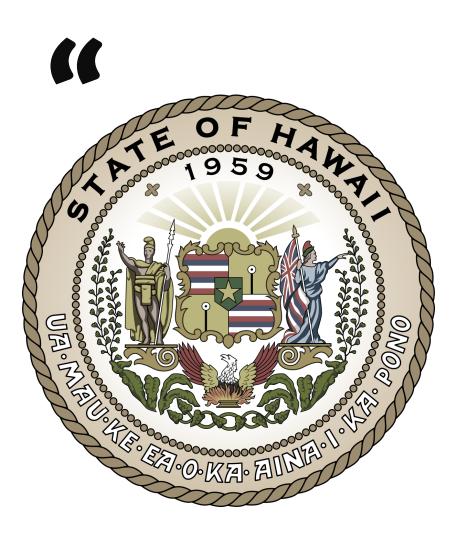
A PLAN FOR THE NEXT 100 YEARS

DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS



THE STATE AND ITS PEOPLE DO FURTHER Agree and declare

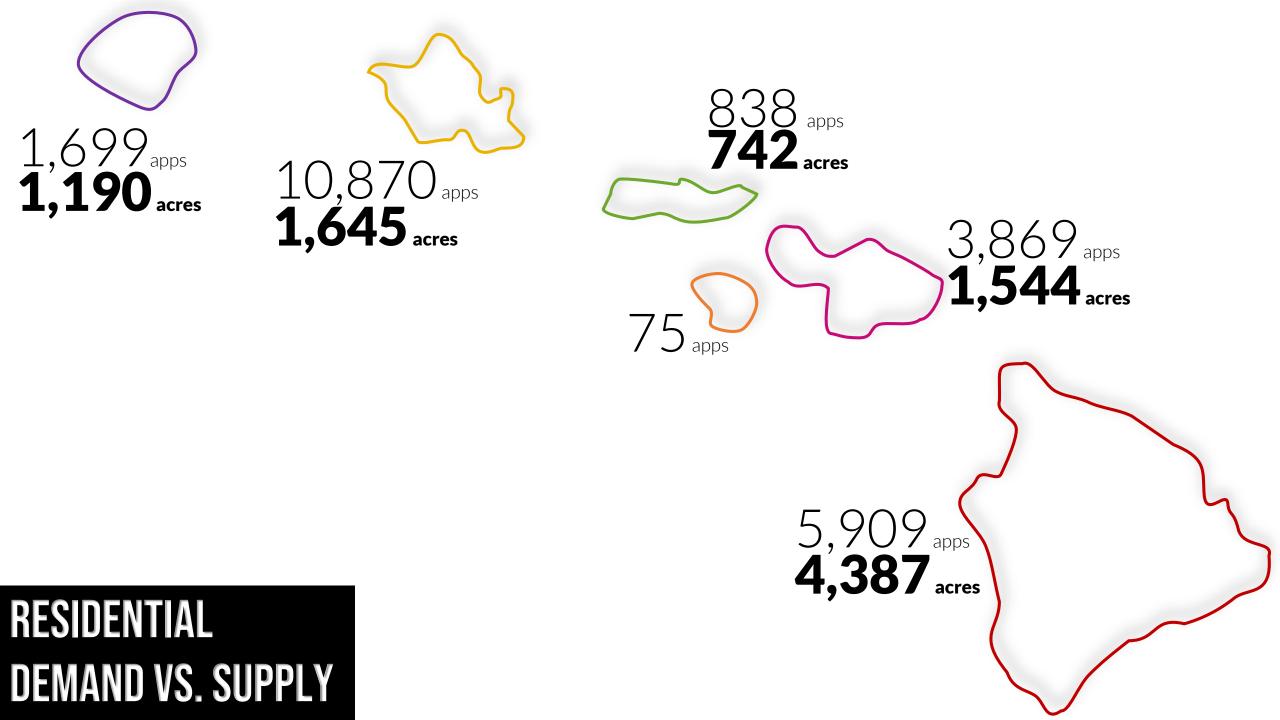
THAT THE SPIRIT OF THE Hawaiian Homes Commission Act

LOOKING TO THE CONTINUANCE OF THE HAWAIIAN HOMES PROJECTS

FOR THE FURTHER REHABILITATION OF THE HAWAIIAN RACE

SHALL BE FAITHFULLY CARRIED OUT. Hawai'i State Constitution

Article XII, Section 2











\$4.5 BILLION

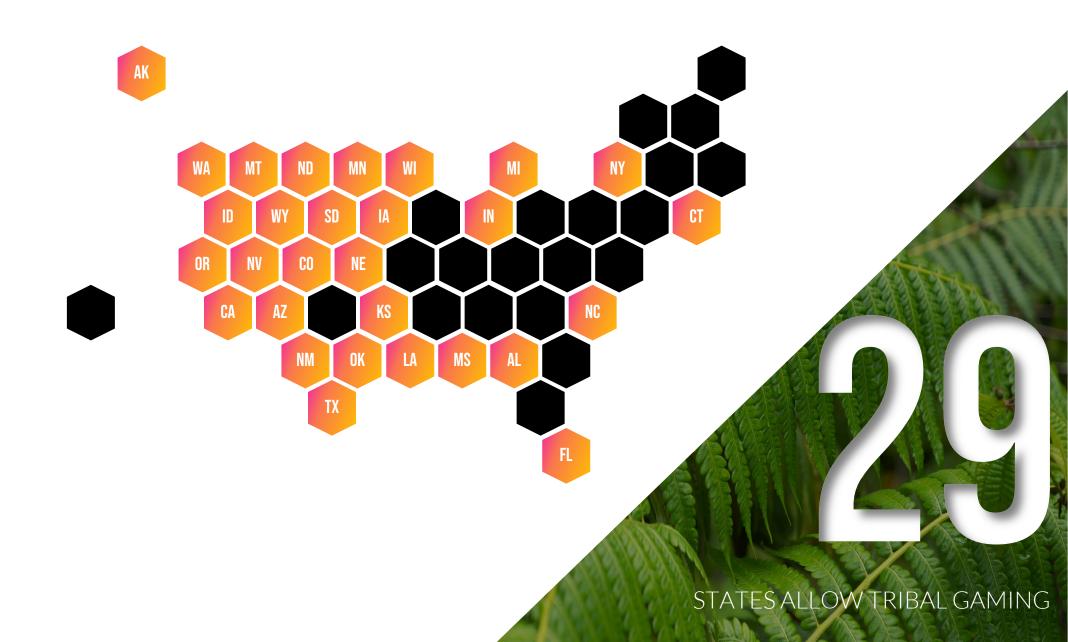
CONSERVATIVE ESTIMATE OF INFRASTRUCTURE COSTS ALONE TO DEVELOP 28,000 LOTS – NOT ACCOUNTING FOR NEW LAND ACQUISITION

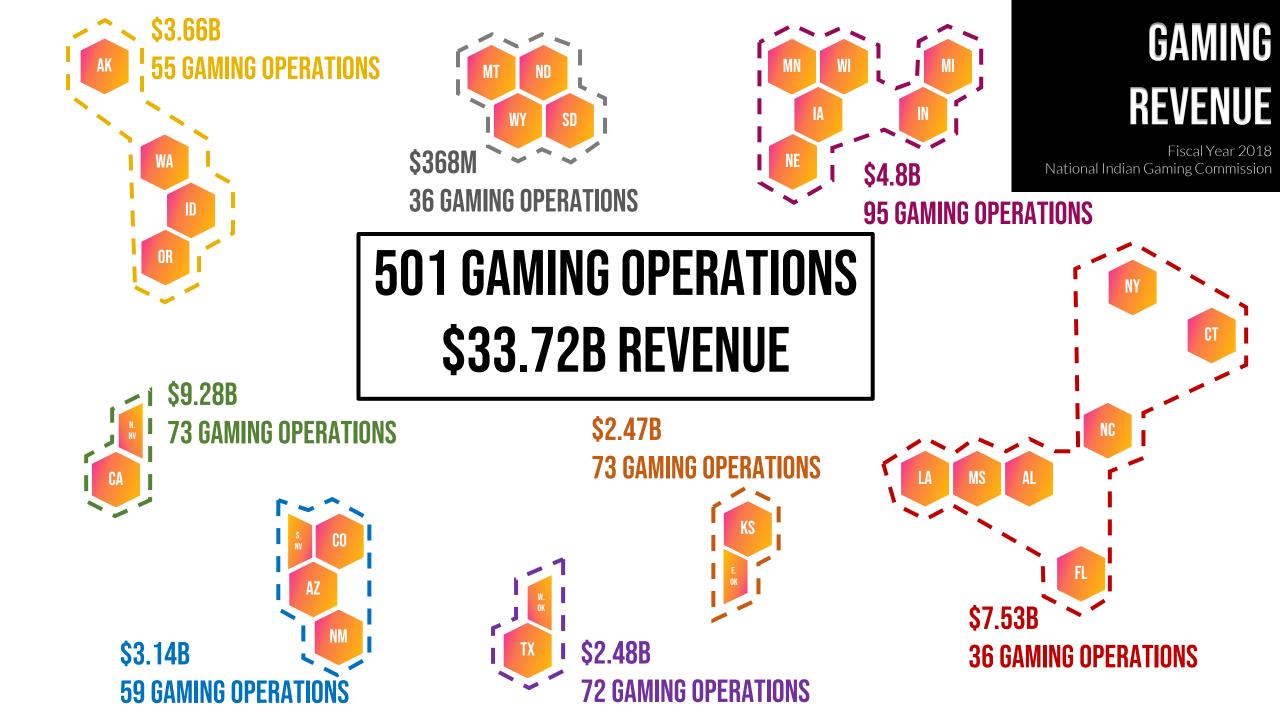


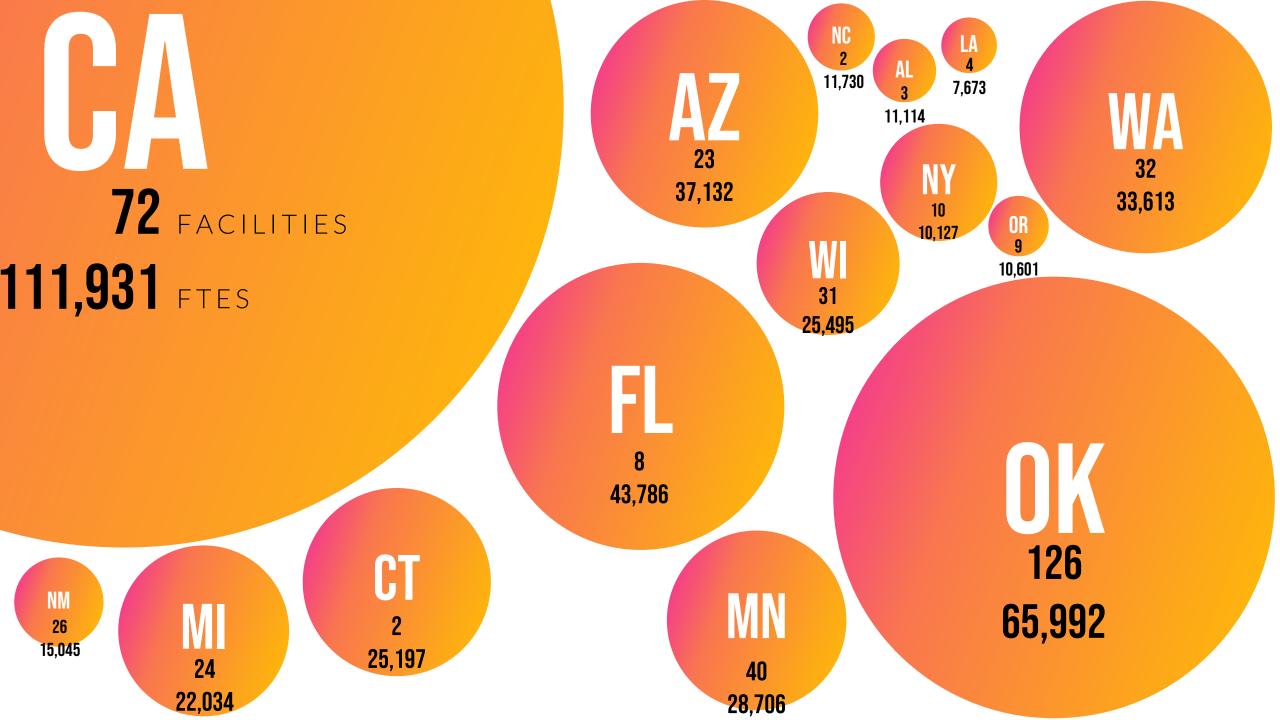
FY '22-'23 BUDGET REQUEST

\$20 MILLION

FY '21 ACTUAL APPROPRIATION







AL	\$181 M	
AZ	\$769 M	
CA		\$3.01 B
CT	\$828 M	
FL	\$1.09 B	
LA	\$156 M	
MI	\$696 M	TAX REVENUE
MN	\$781 M	Payments made by tribal governments to Federal, State, and Local government
NC	\$205 M	
NM	\$280 M	
NY	\$310 M	
OK		\$2.18 B
OR	\$181 M	
WA	\$1.19 B	
WI	\$477 M	



securities

Criminal

investigations

and law

enforcement

Legal and policy issue related to gaming

Regulatory native administration Hawaiian or industry under HHCA management

HAWAI'I GAMING COMMISSION

GOVERNOR

COMMISSION EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

ADMINISTRATION

ISSUANCE OF GAMING LICENSE COLLECTION OF TAXES ACCOUNTING OF REVENUE ADOPTION OF REGULATIONS

ENFORCEMENT

- INVESTIGATION OF VIOLATIONS
- IMPOSITION OF FINES
- INSPECTION OF RECORDS
- EJECTION OF INDIVIDUALS

ONE TWENTY-YEAR LICENSE

04

01

02

03

AUTHORIZATION OF LIMITED GAMING

ONE INTEGRATED RESORT

ON DHHL LAND

IN KAPOLEI

ON LAND DESIGNATED FOR COMMERICAL USE

HISTORY & EXPERIENCE

 HISTORY OF OR BONA FIDE PLAN FOR COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT OR INVESTMENT IN HAWAI'I

 VERIFIED SOURCES OF CAPITAL TO DEVELOP, CONSTRUCT, & MAINTAIN THE I.R. FACILITY

• UNBLEMISHED HISTORY OF CRIMINAL ACTIVITY, TAX ISSUES, OR BANKRUPTCY

DEVELOPMENT PLAN THAT PROVIDES
MAXIMUM REVENUE TO DHHL

COMMUNITY BENEFITS

TRAINING PLAN FOR NATIVE HAWAIIANS

ECONOMIC BENEFIT TO COMMUNITY &
PLAN FOR COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT OR
INVESTMENT

NO WAGERING ON HAWAII COLLEGIATE
ATHLETICS IN ANY OTHER JURISDICTIONS

 PLAN FOR CREATING PARTNERSHIPS WITH UH AND EXISTING EDUCATIONAL INSITUTIONS FOR TRAINING NATIVE HAWAIIANS FOR JOBS

LICENSE Application Requirements

DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT WITH DHHL

\$50M MIN. INVESTMENT FOR DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION

DHHLTO CONTRIBUTE \$5M TO FUND INITIAL OPERATIONS OF COMMISSION

03

01

02

LICENSEE TO REFUND DHHL THE \$5M BY THE FIRST DAY OF OPERATIONS

GROSS GAMING REVENUE

WAGERING TAX 45%

NET GAMING REVENUE 55%

WAGERING TAX

STATE GENERAL FUND 15% of Wagering Tax

NATIVE HAWAIIAN REHABILITATION FUND 5% of Wagering Tax

> FUNDS FOR HOME DEVELOPMENT & LAND ACQUISITION

HAWAIIAN HOME

OPERATING FUND 75% of Wagering Tax

STATE GAMING FUND

COMPULSIVE GAMBLERS PROGRAM & PUBLIC SAFETY

ROADS & INFRASTRUCTURE

NATIVE HAWAIIAN JOB TRAINING AT THE INTEGRATED RESORT

ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS FOR HAWAI'I GAMING COMMISSION

CONCERNS RELATED TO CRIME

An integrated resort will increase crime in the surrounding neighborhood.

WHAT THE DATA SAYS

The introduction of an integrated resort or casino lead to a statistically insignificant increase in violent street felonies, which evened out over time.

Vehicular crime decreased in studied casino areas.

Residential burglary and drug crime demonstrated a statistically insignificant decrease in studied casino areas.

Studies show that there is no direct link between gaming and crime. Research suggests that communities with casinos are equally as safe as communities without them. In fact, in some cases, the number of crimes and crime rates decreases after the introduction of casinos to a community.

When the number of visitors to gaming cities is taken into account, the risk and incidence of victimization actually decreases for residents.

The threat of illegal and unregulated gambling is greater than the introduction of a single integrated resort on O'ahu.

CONCERNS RELATED TO PROBLEM GAMBLING

An integrated resort will introduce problem gambling to Hawai'i

Hawaiʻi residents and native Hawaiians will develop gaming problems at alarming rates

Integrated resorts and casinos cause problem gambling

Local youth will become problem gamblers

WHAT THE DATA SAYS

Problem gambling prevalence, state to state, is between 1-2%, including in Hawai'i, where the problem gambling prevalence is 2.2%.

Momentary rise in problem gaming in initial rollout, but over time, the rate stabilizes at 1-2% of the population

Third-Party academic research fails to link disordered gambling rates to gambling expansion

Data shoes a decline in gambling among 80,000 public school students in Minnesota since 1992

"IN THEIR SPORTS AND GAMES THE HAWAIIANS DIFFERED FROM ALL OTHER BRANCHES OF THE POLYNESIANS IN THEIR PASSION FOR BETTING."

DR. KENNETH EMORY, BISHOP MUSEUM